De Valera Today
Free State leader's tactics appear to contradict earlier pledges. An article by Liam Lenihan—Page 7.

The Washington Post

The Weather
Today and tomorrow—Occasional rain, rising temperature today; colder tomorrow afternoon or night. Yesterday—High, 39; low, 32. Details on Page 17.

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THREE CENTS

Roosevelt Asks Supreme Court 'to Do Its Part;' Arms Ship Escapes as Congress Votes Embargo

Fight Delays Bill; Paris Volunteers Rush to Loyalists

Farmer-Laborite Blocks Speedy Action on Measure.

Fliers' Attachment Is Served on Craft

New Control Will Ban Future Shipments to Belligerents.

By Robert C. Albright.

A fleet race between Congress and a licensed shipment of munitions to loyalist Spain was lost yesterday in a tangle of legislative controversy that unraveled only after the arms-bearing vessel, Mar Cantabrico, was safely out of United States waters.

Hours too late for pursuit, the House at 5:30 p. m. adopted a joint resolution forbidding munitions shipments to Spain, after the usually deliberative Senate earlier in the day had voted unanimous approval.

Even then, formal enactment of the emergency embargo waited upon legislative technicalities which may prevent the President from attaching his necessary signature until tomorrow.

Future Shipments Blocked.

The resolution, designed to stop shipment by Robert Cuse of $2,777,000 in planes and motors to the Spanish government, fell short of that purpose, but nevertheless will block future consignments, including $4,507,000 of airplanes, arms and ammunition, for which Richard Dineley, of San Francisco, has obtained a license.

Although further shipments might be made until the bill is signed, Dineley said last night the Congressional action "appears to wash out the business as far as we are concerned."

The objection of a single House freshman, Representative John T. Bernard, Minnesota Farmer-Laborite, blocked immediate House approval of the Spanish embargo, after the Senate, by a vote of 80 to 0, had voted approval. Bernard, a native Corsican, who still has an accent, said he "hated war," but objected to such haste in legislation.

His objection sent the resolution back to the House Rules Committee, which brought out a rule enabling the chamber to add its approval to that of the Senate after an hour of loud debate and ineffectual efforts at amendment. The final vote was 404 to 1. The lone "no" ballot was cast by Bernard.

Even before the House began acrimonious consideration of the resolution, the freighter Mar Cantabrico, carrying the eight planes and one motor sent ahead by Cuse, had left her New York dock at 1:45 p. m.

Papers Served

As it passed Sandy Hook at 3:44, it was overtaken by the Coast Guard patrol boat Icarus, bearing two United States marshals and a writ of attachment obtained by Bert Acosta and Gordon Berry, American aviators. After brief delay the squat vessel headed seaward again, and at 4:15 passed outside United States jurisdiction.

The plan to rush the embargo resolution through the House with speed reminiscent of early New Deal legislation of 1933 was conceived only 24 hours before Chairman Key Pittman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee arose in the Senate yesterday at 12:30 p. m. and called up his resolution.

"I wish to have it distinctly understood," Pittman said, "that the resolution is mandatory because it is not a delegation of discretion or authority. * * *

"I readily understand that there is sympathy among our own citi-

Continued on Page 5, Column 1.

Burning Ship Asks Help Off Key West

New York (Thursday) Jan. 7 (AP). The Radio Marine Corporation here this morning reported receiving a distress call from the S. S. El Occidente, whose operator reported the vessel afire.

The distress message read:

"On fire Lat. 26 16; Lon. 86 16. Ships in vicinity please answer."

The message was received at 12:32 a. m., Eastern standard time.

The indicated position would be approximately 250 miles west of Key West, Fla.

El Occidente sailed January 2 from New York, bound for Galveston and Houston, Tex.

Owned by the Southern Pacific Lines, she is a motor ship of 6,006 gross tons and 406.6 feet long.

Thousands Pour Over French Border to Battle Rebels.

Huge War Stores Sent to Barcelona

France, England Hint Blockade of Spain in Nazi Activity.

By the United Press.

Paris, Jan. 6.—Thousands of troops and great quantities of military equipment moved from France into Spain tonight to bolster the loyalist armies.

These sinews of war went forward as diplomats in Paris pondered over nonintervention plans and French naval officials grew worried over the massing of German ships in Spanish waters.

Politicians talked of an Anglo-French blockade of Spain if Germany and Italy do not agree to a rigid program of non-intervention.

France May Send Troops.

France was reported ready to send troops to the Spanish frontier to defend the Nation against the implied threat of massed volunteers in Spain.

Two thousand volunteers of mixed nationalities crossed the Spanish border at Perpignan and entrained for Barcelona to don the loyalist uniform. About 1,300 others—mostly Poles—went into Spain through Perthus.

A complete ambulance unit, including one American, was assembled at Toulouse and departed for Barcelona.

Forty Russian anti-aircraft guns entered Catalonia by way of Cerbere. From there they will be sent to Bilbao. Nine truck loads of machinery, to be used in a munitions plant, went to Albacete.

Race to Aid Armies.

Other recent shipments into Spain include 70 American tractors, two Pratt and Whitney airplane motors and one observation balloon.

Thus a mad race is going on to bolster the armies of Spain. Friends of loyalists and rebels are attempting to "beat the gun" and give their favorites all the aid possible before the possible European agreement on non-intervention.

German and Italian embassies indicated tonight that their replies to the Anglo-French suggestion for keeping "volunteers" out of Spain will go to London or Paris Thursday.

Reich to Halt Troops.

Berlin, Jan. 6 (U.P.)—The German government tonight decided to hold up dispatch of more troops to aid the Spanish rebels until it answers the Anglo-French neutrality proposal and Adolf Hitler makes his expected statement on German foreign policy.

It is understood that the rank and file of the Army as well as the general staff are opposed to further participation in the Spanish adventure. But some enthusiastic Nazi leaders are putting pressure on Hitler to continue it.

The Army's attitude was evidenced by a report that no soldiers in a garrison town in southeastern Germany stepped forward when the regiment commander requested volunteers to fight for Spain. After this demonstration the officers clearly indicated their satisfaction with the lack of enthusiasm among their men.

President Roosevelt Addressing the 75th Congress

Associated Press Photo.

The President pictured as he delivered his first message to the new Congress.. Speaker Bankhead and Vice President Garner shown seated behind him. James Roosvelt seated at right.

Cuse Is Defiant As Ship Sails, Planes in Hold

Freighter, Once Halted, Heads to Sea Carrying Craft for Spain.

By the Associated Press.

New York, Jan. 6.—A squat freighter carrying $2,700,000 worth of planes and war materials to the Spanish loyalist government headed out to the open sea tonight in defiance of the President of the United States and all the power of the American Government—put in movement too late to stop her.

An obscure New Jersey arms broker, Robert Cuse, had won a strange and dramatic race with the Congress of the United States.

Cuse was the owner of the war cargo—a cargo that President Roosevelt was asking Congress to try to keep on this side of the water almost at the same moment the freighter, the Mar Cantabrico, was speeding out of her Brooklyn dock.

It was an anxious afternoon of backing and filling for Capt. Jose Santa Maria and his zealous crew of 40.

Turned Back at Sea.

The Mar Cantabrico got clear of Sandy Hook once only to be halted by the Coast Guard and turned back—on a libel action that turned out to have been not against the ship itself but against the cargo. The Coast Guard, learning of the misunderstanding about the nature of the libel, then released her again—and for a second time she passed Sandy Hook.

This time, she made good, and at 4:15 p. m., (E. S. T.) she rode by Ambrose Light and out of United States territorial waters.

"She is now beyond the limit of territorial waters recognized in international law," Coast Guard Commander John Baylis said, in reluctant farewell.

The loading of the cargo was begun yesterday, but halted last night for fear a crate might be dropped in the hurry and tension. Bright

Continued on Page 5, Column 2.

U. S. Official Leads Parleys To End Strike at Motor Plants

Dewey, Labor Department Conciliator, Sees Progress in Negotiations; Unions Seek to Impeach Injunction Judge as Stock Owner.

By the Associated Press.

Detroit, Jan. 6.—Action toward peace in the automobile industry was believed near tonight as leaders of the United Automobile Workers of America and executives of the General Motors Corporation began discussions through a Federal intermediary.

Authoritative sources said only one obstacle—evacuation of General Motors plants by more than 50,000 sit-down strikers—remained to prevent opening of direct negotiations between the opposing factions.

This progress was announced after James F. Dewey, United States Department of Labor conciliator, conferred with William S. Knudsen, executive vice president of General Motors, and with Homer Martin, international president of U. A. W. A.

Seeks to Impeach Judge.

The announcement climaxed a day which saw the union petition the Michigan Legislature to impeach Judge Edward D. Black, of Genesee County, for "corrupt practices and misdemeanor." On Saturday Black granted an injunction forbidding sit down strikers to occupy two Fisher Body Co. plants—subsidiary of General Motors—in Flint, Mich. The union contended Black owned $219,000 worth of General Motors stock and therefore was disqualified to sit in the case. The Flint strikers ignored the injunction and still occupied the plants tonight.

Dewey said tonight he will resume his conference tomorrow morning, the first probably being

Continued on Page 9, Column 1.

National Guard Units Excluded From Parade

Grayson Refuses Requests for Inaugural March Outside Army, Navy.

Reiterating its announcement that the inaugural parade will be limited to regular military units, the inaugural committee yesterday sent "regrets" to civilian military groups which wished to march.

The inaugural will break another precedent, it was announced, by having Vice President Garner take the oath of office with President Roosevelt on the platform in front of the Capitol.

Heretofore, the Vice President and newly elected senators were sworn in at a ceremony in the Senate chamber on March 4. As the new Senators were sworn in Tuesday, it was decided that Vice President Garner should take the oath on Inauguration Day with the President.

Gov. Landon Invited.

This was announced by Senator Neely (Democrat), West Virginia, chairman of the Congressional Committee on Inaugural Arrangements, who also said that invitations to the ceremonies have been sent to Gov. Alfred M. Landon and Mrs. Landon.

In repeating the committee's decision on the military character of the parade, Rear Admiral Cary T. Grayson, general chairman of arrangements, said that such groups as the District National Guard, High School Cadets, Marine and Naval Reserve will be excluded from the line of march. To include them, he added, would extend the parade beyond the established two-hour limit.

This stand was taken, Chairman Grayson said, to conform with the President's wishes after numerous outside groups had applied for permission to join the procession. If local civilian groups were admitted,

Continued on Page 9, Column 4.

British Vessels' Move to Spain Called 'Routine'

17 Men-of-War Shifted to Troubled Waters of Mediterranean.

By the Associated Press.

London, Jan. 6.—Britain's mighty men of war were ordered to strategic maneuvers in the Mediterranean tonight and there were reports of a decisive move to stop the flow of foreign men and arms to Spain.

The admiralty ordered 172,000 tons of warships into mass demonstrations after demanding that Germany and Italy answer by Saturday the request to ban volunteer enlistments in the civil war.

Troubled by announcement a British contingent would sail this week to join Spanish socialists, the British government was reported to have made strong representations over the delayed Italian decision.

"Instructions" to Rome.

"Certain instructions" indicating Britain's future course, were impressed upon Rome officials in a communication by Sir Eric Drummond, the British Ambassador, reliable informants said.

What these instructions were a spokesman would not divulge, but many believed they set forth a definite course of action contemplated by Britain.

There were indications the Italian and German replies would be forthcoming shortly, but would be couched in noncommittal terms.

The 17 British warships were ordered to change their bases in the Mediterranean to relieve others—between Malta, Gibraltar, Palma, Valencia and "Spanish waters." The shifts would be made, it was indicated, so that for an unspecified period all the warcraft would be in the area at the same time.

The admiralty described the shift as "routine" but it was interpreted as "significant" because of the tense

Continued on Page 5, Column 4.

Railroads Open I.C.C. Hearings To Raise Rates

Increased Material Costs Cited in Plea to Revise Freight Tariffs.

Railroads of the country yesterday opened before the Interstate Commerce Commission their drives for an upward revision of freight rates.

Deprived of emergency surcharges which brought them about $120,000,000 yearly and which expired December 31, the roads presented data on increased costs of material and fuel which they held necessitated additional revenue.

With scores of shippers' representatives present to resist the increase, there were indications the hearings would continue for some weeks.

Dr. Julius H. Parmelee, director of the Bureau of Railway Economics of the Association of American Railroads, told the commission increased prices had boosted the cost of materials and supplies, including fuel, approximately $140,865,000 over the cost in May, 1933. Increases of costs of such items as crossties, iron and steel products, copper pipe and wire, paint, acetylene, creosote oil and others, were said to range from 19 to 42 per cent over the 1933 costs.

Returns Still Low.

Dr. Parmelee testified that while there was an improvement in freight traffic and revenue in 1936, the railroads' returns are still considerably below 1930. Class 1 railroads in 1935, he said, had a net railway operating income of $499,619,118, a return of only 1.93 per cent. The same roads in 1934 had income from the same source of $462,652,379, a return of 1.78 per cent. In the first 11 months of 1936, the return amounted to $597,012,422, which was at the annual rate of re-

Continued on Page 20, Column 2.

Hitler's Message Clears Up Clouds at Juliana's Wedding

By the Associated Press.

The Hague, Jan. 6.—A cordial telegram from Reichsfuehrer Hitler to Queen Wilhelmina tonight was interpreted as removing any threat of a German-Netherlands quarrel clouding the wedding tomorrow of Crown Princess Juliana and Prince Bernhard Zu Lippe-Biesterfeld.

Hitler in his message to the Netherlands ruler wished the Crown Princess happiness in her marriage.

Because of this, intimates of the couple said, the royal pair may revive their original plan to spend their honeymoon in the Austrian Tyrol.

They had abandoned this plan following alleged German discourtesies because they would have had to travel through Germany.

The church in which the couple will wed was prepared tonight, but in conformity with Queen Wilhelmina's desire for "a family wedding" it remained almost as plain as for an ordinary Sunday service.

Discourtesy Protested.

Two tapestry covered armchairs were placed for the couple before the elevated pulpit of the "Groote Kerk" ("Great Church"), where the religious ceremony will be held.

Behind an appearance of happy anticipation, the government awaited apprehensively a reply to its sharp protest to Berlin against alleged German discourtesies. Officials indicated the reply is expected tomorrow—after the wedding.

The Dutch government had complained to Germany about delays in connection with passports for three German princesses who are to be Princess Juliana's bridesmaids.

Despite rain thousands flocked to The Hague today, by automobiles, carts, almost every means of conveyance. A queue of men, women and children more than a mile long silently passed in front of the queen's palace in the downpour.

Cafes and motion picture theaters arranged to remain open all night to provide shelter for those unable to find lodgings.

With Prince Bernhard at their head 76 royal guests made an ex-

Continued on Page 9, Column 6.

President Views New Amendment As Unnecessary

Permanent Committees to Halt Government Duplication Asked.

Reorganization Unit Also Urged

President to Recommend 'Overhauling' of Administrative Setup.

Creation of permanent standing committees of House and Senate to maintain constant surveillance over Government duplications and overlappings, and a joint reorganization committee of both houses, with staff experts and inquisitorial powers, was asked yesterday by Chairman James P. Buchanan, of the House Appropriations Committee.

Submitting a report as chairman of the House Reorganization Committee, Buchanan asked that his own temporary reorganization group be continued until the permanent standing committees can be authorized.

On the other side of the Capitol, Senator Harry Flood Byrd, of Virginia, chairman of the special Senate Reorganization Committee, said he had conferred with Buchanan, and the Texan's proposals were largely "acceptable" to him.

The House reorganization report came in advance of a basic survey made by the Brookings Institution, and a message the President will send to Congress based on recommendations of his own committee on administrative management, headed by Louis Brownlow.

President Urges "Overhauling."

"I find that this task of executive management has reached the point where our administrative machinery needs comprehensive overhauling," the President told Congress yesterday in his address on the state of the Union. "I shall therefore shortly address the Congress more fully in regard to modernizing and improving the executive branch of the Government."

Although no specific reorganization proposals were made by the House group, the Buchanan report yesterday cited "lack of uniformity" in rates charged in commercial power operations of the Federal Government. The report said these rates are now so diverse "that the Government either is, or, in the long run will be, competing with itself."

It was learned the committee considered recommending that Congress legislate immediately to enforce the use in Federal power rate making and power accounting of "definite methods to determine original costs, and the amortization thereof, and the other charges such as depreciation, which are to be covered by the rates determined on."

A memorandum which the House committee has ordered prepared, but decided not to include in its report, said the Government's present investment in Federal projects involving electric power facilities is now $700,000,000, and existing plans call for expenditure of a like amount to complete the projects.

Government Unprotected.

"The Government has been engaged in commercial power operations for 30 years with no policy yet evolved to provide adequate protection for the national investment or definite guides to be followed by administrative agencies,"

Continued on Page 20, Column 1.

Extension of RFC and Power to Devalue Dollar Sought.

Gallery Crowded For His Message

Stabilization Fund Also Urged, Idle Problem Is Stressed.

Text of the President's Address —Page 4

By Franklyn Waltman.

Contending that the vital need of the times is not amendment of the Constitution, "but an increasingly enlightened view with reference to it," President Roosevelt in his annual address to Congress yesterday declared that "means must be found to adapt our legal forms and our judicial interpretation to actual present national needs" of the American people."

The President, enthusiastically cheered during and after his speech by a joint session of the House and Senate, made these declarations in a speech which was sharply critical of the judicial branch of the Federal Government, which he called on, in the name of the people, "to do its part in making democracy successful."

It was the first time the President had publicly criticized the Supreme Court which has held unconstitutional a number of major New Deal measures. This he did, although he did not name the Supreme Court. But he directed his pleas for a more liberal interpretation of the Constitution to the judicial branch of the Government, which is under the control of the Supreme Court.

Mr. Roosevelt's remarks yesterday were comparable to those he uttered in the now famous "horse and buggy" press conference which he held after the high tribunal had invalidated NRA. But on that occasion the President's observations could not be directly quoted.

Marked Difference.

There was one marked difference between his pronouncements yesterday and those which he made in June, 1935. On the latter occasion the President left the impression that he believed a constitutional amendment might be necessary to end the impasse which had developed between the New Deal and the Supreme Court. He rejected that idea yesterday, causing general surprise, and proceeded on the theory that the existing Constitution would do if it received the "liberal and not narrow interpretation" which its framers intended it should have.

"With a better understanding of our purposes and a more intelligent recognition of our needs as a Nation," Mr. Roosevelt asserted in what was regarded by some as a warning, "it is not to be assumed that there will be prolonged failure to bring legislative and judicial action into closer harmony."

But he made no specific explanation of what he meant or what "means" he had in mind for adapting legal forms and interpretation to present day needs. Indeed, the President's message on the state of the Union—usually devoted to outlining the program for the new congressional session—was barren of specific recommendations. These, the President indicated, he was reserving for his Inaugural address and for subsequent special messages to Congress.

Court Dining at Time.

As the President by implication arraigned the Supreme Court and Federal judiciary as the obstacle to full functioning of American democracy, members of the high tribunal were in the private dining room of the temple of justice across Capitol Plaza. If what was transpiring in the House chamber reached their ears, they gave no indication of it. The members of the Cabinet, with the exception of Secretaries Cordell Hull and Claude Swanson, however, were present.

Speaking before galleries crowded

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

Admiral Gleaves, Commander Of Transports in War, Is Dead

Admiral Albert Gleaves, who built a bridge of ships across the U-boat-infested Atlantic during the World War and successfully accomplished the transportation of 1,000,000 American soldiers to France without losing a ship, died yesterday at his home in Haverford, Pa. He was 79 years old and had been in retirement since 1921.

To Admiral Gleaves came the grateful tribute of the Allied world during and at the conclusion of the conflict for his remarkable achievement as a World War commander.

His record was cited as one of the greatest naval victories in history, and one of the most bloodless. The mothers of Tennessee presented the admiral with a jeweled sword, perhaps the first time such an award has been made for the saving of life, rather than taking it.

Admiral Gleaves attained the honor of third-ranking admiral in 1919, after he had supervised the return of the American soldiers from Europe. At this time he was placed in command of the Asiatic Station, a post he held until his retirement.

For his war services, the admiral was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal and praised by President Wilson.

A native of Nashville, Tenn., Admiral Gleaves was descended, on his mother's side from Revolutionary War heroes. Two of his ancestors were John Wilkins, first quartermaster general of the Continental Army, and Capt. William Dewees, who served with Washington at Valley Forge.

He entered the Naval Academy in 1873, and graduated in the class of 1877.

His widely diversified service brought him an intimate knowledge of all branches of seamanship and ordnance. He saw service on the U. S. S. Hartford, Farragut's old flagship, in days when the seas were full of sails, and navies had not undergone the great change which was, in the day of his greatest fame, to make them modern.

During the Spanish-American War he commanded the U. S. S. Cushing, a torpedo boat assigned

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Cummings Asks U. S. to Register All Revolvers

Other Short Cuts Urged to Speed Up Action in Federal Court.

Federal registration of all firearms and elimination of legal technicalities which make the task of prosecuting attorneys difficult were called for yesterday by Attorney General Cummings in his annual report.

Extension of the Federal registration law covering machine guns and other heavy arms to pistols and revolvers, Cummings said, would "place a potent weapon against crime in the hands of law-enforcement officers."

Pointing out that some of the country's most notorious criminals had been captured in the fiscal year ended June 30, the Attorney General reported that there had been a "gratifying decrease" in kidnapings."

Other Recommendations.

Cummings urged Congress to enact laws which would speed up criminal procedure by:

Permitting a defendant to waive indictment and be prosecuted "by information."

Requiring notice of an alibi defense before trial.

Permitting comment on the failure of a defendant to testify.

Abolishing appeals in habeas corpus proceedings which arise from removal of a defendant from the district in which he was arrested to that in which he was indicted.

Permitting use of depositions in criminal cases, "subject to safeguarding the defendant's rights to be confronted with the witnesses against him."

Declaring one spouse a competent witness against the other in criminal cases.

Assistant Attorney General John Dickinson, in charge of the antitrust division, urged that an economic staff be created to dig up possible antitrust violations.

Dickinson, whose resignation is effective February 1, suggested information gathered by the economic staff could be turned over to the Federal Bureau of Investigation without waiting for complaints to be filed by interested parties.

Under existing procedure, he pointed out, complainants agree to settlements with antitrust law violators and become "cold and unwilling witnesses" when the case is brought to court.

Sanford Bates, director of Federal prisons, revealed that despite the reported decrease in the crime rate an increase of 1,000 Federal prisoners was reported during the year.

Overcrowding Danger Seen.

He warned against dangers of overcrowding existing prisoners, but added he thought completion of three new institutions authorized by Congress last year would take care of the increased prison population for the time being.

J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reported that Department of Justice fingerprint records led to identification of 5,731 fugitives as compared with 4,403 in 1935. The number of foreign countries agreeing to exchange criminal data with the United States, he said, increased to 73.

Thirty-one kidnapers were convicted during the year on evidence gathered by Federal agents, Hoover said.

High Court Denies Stay For Two Doomed Men

By the Associated Press.

Associate Justice Van Devanter of the Supreme Court yesterday refused stays of execution to Peter Chrisoulas and Joseph Rappaport, under sentence of death for separate slayings in Chicago.

Chrisoulas was convicted last March 14 of killing Irving Fehlberg, a theater manager. He was sentenced to die October 3, but a State court stayed execution pending an insanity hearing.

Rappaport was convicted of the killing of Max Dent near his Chicago home October 8, 1935. He is under sentence to die January 15.

Hoovers Send Regrets To Inauguration Bid

Palo Alto, Calif., Jan. 6 (AP).—Former President and Mrs. Herbert Hoover today sent a formal note of regret that they would be unable to attend the inauguration of President Roosevelt January 20.

Bernice Miller, his secretary, said Mr. Hoover had "other engagements."

The invitation was from the inaugural committee of Congress.

Rep. Woodruff Seeks To Revise Sugar Act

Roy O. Woodruff (Republican), Michigan, introduced yesterday the first of an expected series of bills to revise the existing sugar stabilization program.

The measure, revived from last session, provides for removal of limitation on the production of continental beet and cane sugar, while continuing quotas for Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the Philippines and Cuba.

O'Mahoney to Discuss Courts Setup Tonight

Senator Joseph O'Mahoney, of Wyoming, will speak at the Cosmos Club tonight on "Congress and the Courts." His address will be broadcast.

O'Mahoney will be introduced by Dr. Charles A. Beard, noted sociologist. Among those who will lead the discussion are Representative Byron Scott, of California, and John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers.

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Politics and People

Supreme Court Criticism in Roosevelt Message Surprises His Closest Followers in Congress.

By Franklyn Waltman

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT in his message on the state of the Union sprang another surprise on the country and again demonstrated to the Washington correspondents that it is dangerous to make predictions about his activities or frame of mind. He derives a huge delight, incidentally, out of taking people by surprise.

WALTMAN.

The opinion was general that the President would save any remarks he had to make about the impasse between the Administration and the judicial branch of Government for his Inaugural address. Few believed he would be so sharp in publicly criticizing the judiciary or that he would go so far in frowing on a constitutional amendment as the way out of this impasse.

Certainly Senate Democratic Leader Joe T. Robinson, Speaker Bankhead and Senate Judiciary Chairman Ashurst had no premonition that Mr. Roosevelt would turn thumbs down, at least for the present, on a constitutional amendment. They got themselves out on a limb on that question within the last four days. You should have seen the look on Senator Robinson's face when the President declared: "The vital need is not an alteration of our fundamental law but an increasingly enlightened view with reference to it." It was a cross between incredulity and pain.

At all events, Mr. Roosevelt on this occasion did not break any precedents. He created one, because no other President has delivered a message on the state of the Union two weeks before his term ended. Mr. Roosevelt suggested that this occasion hereafter be used to "review the existing state of our national affairs and outline broad future problems," and that specific recommendations be left for the inaugural address.

* * *

Aside from the President's contention of the adequacy of the Constitution to serve the Nation in its present difficulties, the most important part of his address was his assertion that "it is not to be assumed that there will be prolonged failure to bring legislative and judicial action into closer harmony," followed immediately by these words:

"Means must be found to adapt our legal forms and our judicial interpretation to the actual present national needs of the largest progressive democracy in the modern world."

Read within the context of the President's message those words generally were regarded as a warning to the Supreme Court and the Federal judiciary to uphold legislation which President Roosevelt wishes. Some envisioned the President as the spokesman for the people of the country, serving an ultimatum on the Supreme Court to do his bidding or suffer the consequences.

* * *

It was without doubt an extraordinary lecture which the President read to a co-ordinate branch of the Government, especially since only a few minutes previously he frowned on the one certain way of getting an expression of the popular will—through the submission of a constitutional amendment.

But exactly what did the President mean to convey in this pronouncement, quoted here? His sentences were vague, probably deliberately vague in order that the warning he implied would keep the Supreme Court on uneasy seats. And yet, until it becomes clear what Mr. Roosevelt has in mind, the merit of his thesis before Congress cannot be intelligently appraised.

Did Mr. Roosevelt mean, as some on Capitol Hill supposed, that the power of the Supreme Court should be curbed through legislative action or that its membership should be enlarged to assure that "liberal and not narrow interpretation" of the Constitution of which he spoke.

If that is what Mr. Roosevelt has in mind it goes without saying that his proposal will meet with serious protests and it should—for that is the undemocratic way of seeking to end the present impasse between the desires of the Administration and the judicial power.

On the other hand, if the President intended to convey the thought that obnoxious conditions in industry should be curbed or eradicated through Federal legislation, devised and drafted in such a manner as to meet the approval of a majority of the Supreme Court, along such lines, for instance, as that opened by the unanimous decision in the prison-made goods case this week, then Mr. Roosevelt is on sound ground.

There was a suggestion in the message that the President may have something of this sort in mind, for he referred to the need for "Federal laws supplementing State laws to help solve the problems which result from modern invention applied in an industrialized nation which conducts its business with scant regard to State lines." Supplementary Federal legislation is different from such enactments as NRA and AAA which undertook to control from Washington without respect to the wishes of the States.

Even though he has turned his back, for the present, on amending the Constitution, Mr. Roosevelt has not yet demonstrated that such enactments as the NRA and the AAA were within Constitutional limits nor has he proved that validation of such enactments would not be precedents for destroying the fundamental basis of the American system of government. That is a thought which should not be forgotten in this discussion.

* * *

Big business and industrial and financial leaders yesterday heard or read one Presidential speech which did not make them his whipping boy. In that respect, yesterday's message was in strong contrast to the address of a year ago. It must have been a pleasant experience for the tycoons of business and finance.

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Owen D. Young Is Reappointed

Philadelphia and Boston Heads Also Renamed by Federal Board.

By the Associated Press.

The Federal Reserve Board yesterday reappointed Owen D. Young, of New York, as deputy chairman of the New York Federal Reserve Bank. In this capacity Young has been serving as acting chairman.

R. L. Austin, of Philadelphia, was reappointed chairman and Federal Reserve agent of the Philadelphia bank and F. H. Curtiss, of Boston, was reappointed chairman and Federal Reserve agent at Boston.

Appointment of directors included:

Baltimore branch of Richmond Bank—Charles P. McCormick, of Baltimore, 3-year term; W. Frank Thomas, of Westminster, Md., for unexpired term ending December 31, 1938, and W. Frank Roberts, of Baltimore, for unexpired term ending December 31, 1937.

The board appointed A. O. Stewart, of San Francisco, chairman of the Federal Reserve Bank in the West Coast city for 1937. Stewart, a member of the bank board, succeeded W. N. Moore.

A. P. Welch, San Francisco, also a board member, was named dupty chairman; E. S. Burke, jr., of Cleveland, was chosen for another term as chairman, and G. C. Brainard, of Youngstown, Ohio, to fill the vacant deputy chairmanship of the Cleveland bank.

Directors named included Charlotte Branch, of Richmond bank; Christie Benet, of Columbia, S. C., three-year-term; George S. Harris, of Charlotte, unexpired portion of term ending December 31, 1938, and George M. Wright, of Great Falls, S. C., unexpired portion of term ending December 31, 1937.

Civil Service Bill.

Chairman Ramspeck (Democrat), Georgia, of the House Civil Service Committee, introduced a bill yesterday to bring first, second and third class postmasters under civil service.

The measure would allow the Postmaster General to reappoint incumbent postmasters if they passed a non competitive examination.

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Wagner Named To Head Senate Banking Group

Adams Becomes Chairman of Lands Committee; Glass Retains Post.

By the Associated Press.

Senator Wagner, of New York, was chosen by the Democratic steering committee of the Senate yesterday to head the powerful Senate Banking Committee.

The New Yorker was named after Senator Glass, of Virginia, the committee's ranking Democrat, decided to retain the chairmanship of the Appropriations Committee.

Wagner's change will make Senator Adams, of Colorado, chairman of the Public Lands Committee. Senator Russell, of Georgia, probably will head the Immigration Committee, succeeding Senator Coolidge, of Massachusetts, who did not seek re-election.

Senator Robinson, Democratic leader, announced the steering committee had approved a flexible committee ratio worked out by him and Senator McNary, Republican leader, which would permit incumbent Republicans to retain important committee posts.

The flexible ratio will allow seven Republicans to stay on the Foreign Relations Committee, including Senators Vandenberg (Republican), Michigan, and White (Republican), Maine, who would have lost out by any fixed ratio agreement.

He announced appointment of the following steering committee for the Democrats to handle committee assignments: Senator Byrnes, South Carolina; Ashurst, Arizona; Sheppard, Texas; King, of Utah; Harrison, of Mississippi; Glass, of Virginia; McKellar, of Tennessee; George, of Georgia; Barkley, of Kentucky; Wheeler, of Montana, Tydings, of Maryland; Lonergan, of Connecticut, and Guffey of Pennsylvania.

To the policy committee, which co-operates with a similar group from the House on policy, Robinson named: Pittman, Nevada; Walsh, Massachusetts; Copeland, New York; Wagner, New York; Connally, Texas; Bulkley, Ohio; Smith, South Carolina; McAdoo, California; Byrd, Virginia; Neely, West Virginia; Van Nuys, Indiana, and Schwellenbach, of Washington.

Farley Invited to Discuss Civil Service At N. Y. Town Hall

James A. Farley, Postmaster General and generalissimo of Administration organization, has been invited to participate in a discussion of civil service before the Town Hall meeting in New York City on January 14. The invitation to Mr. Farley was extended by George V. Denny, manager of the Town Hall organization, at the request of Mrs. Eugene Meyer, who will also appear on the program, as will Harold L. Ickes, Secretary of the Interior, and Thurman Stoner, dean of the law school at Buffalo University.

The program is being sponsored by the Civil Service Reform League and the subject to be discussed will be "Should All Federal Employes Be Under Civil Service?" The program will be broadcast from 9:30 to 10:30 p. m., on the night of January 14.

Lehman's Speech Backs New Deal

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 6 (AP).—President Roosevelt's one-time "strong right arm" stood today before the New York State Legislature in the person of Gov. Lehman and echoed the New Deal philosophy voiced in Washington at about the same time by the President.

Gov. Lehman, Lieutenant Governor during two administrations of Mr. Roosevelt as Governor of the Empire State, proposed to a closely divided Legislature the enactment of State social security relief laws and legislation protecting women wage earners.

Referring to action of the United States Supreme Court in ruling unconstitutional a State law establishing a minimum wage for women, Gov. Lehman proposed an amendment, if necessary, to both the State and National Constitutions.

Gold Bloc Nations 'Speculate' in U. S.

London, Jan. 6 (AP).—Importance is attached to what is called speculative purchases of United States securities by gold-bloc countries in 1935-36 by the League of Nations review of balance of payments for 1936, issued today.

The survey says that during the first three-quarters of 1936 the capital market of the United States "continued to be dominated by the influx of foreign funds."

As a result, adjustment of trade balances may not, warns the survey, prove elastic.

Power Firm Sale Approved.

The Federal Power Commission announced yesterday approval of the sale of the Folkston Power Co., Folkston, Ga., to the Georgia Power and Light Co., Valdosta, Ga., effective for accounting purposes December 31, 1936. Approval was sought by both companies.

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Mae West Tops Film Pay Roll In 1935; Sloan Heads Business

Blonde Screen Siren Draws $480,833; Hearst Leads National List With $500,000; Brisbane Collected $200,500 for Year.

By the Associated Press.

A peek into the pay envelopes of some of the Nation's big men and women, afforded by a Treasury Department report to Congress, showed yesterday top salaries went to movie stars and captains of industry.

The voluminous document, made public by the House Ways and Means Committee, answered at least some of the questions concerning what

William Randolph Hearst, the publisher, maintained his position as "the other fellow" made in 1935. Salaries of more than $15,000 were listed.

the country's leading wage earner, with pay checks of $500,000.

Mae West, the throaty-voiced siren of the screen, ran him a close second with earnings of $480,833. She topped all film stars, including Janet Gaynor, last year's highest paid actress, whose 1935 income totaled $169,750.

Charlie Chaplin's salary was listed at $260,000. The late Will Rogers earned $258,000. Fred Astaire received $127,875; Ginger Rogers, frequently co-starred with him, $74,483; Katharine Hepburn, $121,572; Bing Crosby, $318,907; Marlene Dietrich, $268,000, and Joe E. Brown, $173,438.

The lugubrious film humor of Stan Laurel netted him $156,266, while the income of his co-star, Oliver Hardy, was only $85,316.

Nickels and dimes poured into the cash registers of the F. W. Woolworth Co. gave its president, B D. Miller, an annual compensation of $309,880. Soups put $118,750 into the pay envelope of Arthur O. Dorrance, president of the Campbell Soup Co.

Knox Collects $75,000.

A. I. Appleton, Chicago, president of Appleton Electric Co., earned $85,000. The meat-packing industry put $64,200 into the pockets of R. H. Cabell, Chicago, president of Armour & Co., and $75,040 into the purse of E. A. Cudahy, jr., president of the Cudahy Packing Co.

Frank Knox, president of the Chicago Daily News, Inc., and the Republican Vice Presidential candidate, earned $75,000.

The national trade in teas and spices of the Jewel Tea Co. was worth $105,596 to M. H. Karker, president, Barrington, Ill. L. J. Rosenwald, chairman of the board of Sears, Roebuck & Co., had an income of $69,519.

G. A. Wood, president of Gar Wood Industries, Inc., earned $50,000, while the Nation's smokers swelled the purse of C. W. Toms, president of Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co., by $80,504.

H. S. Firestone, chairman of the Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, earned $82,713.

The list revealed the late Arthur Brisbane, writer and editor of the Hearst newspapers, earned $200,500 during the year. Sidney Smith, the late cartoonist and creator of "Andy Gump," had an income of $119,130.

Sloan Gets $374,505.

W. S. Gifford, president of American Telephone & Telegraph Co., earned $209,850; Bruce Barton, advertising executive, $50,000; William S. Paley, president of Columbia Broadcasting Co., $169,097; Edward J. Bowes, executive director of Edmar Enterprises, Inc., $135,642; O. D. Young, chairman, and Gerard Swope, president, General Electric Co., $96,000 each; C. K. Davis, president of the Remington Arms Co., Inc., $64,000.

General Motors Corporation paid President Alfred P. Sloan, jr., $374,505, and William S. Knudsen, director and executive vice president, $325,869. Ten other officials drew more than $200,000.

Edsel Ford got $100,376 as president of the Ford Motor Co. Walter P. Chrysler, Chrysler Corporation chairman, received $185,543.

One of the highest paid women executives listed was Blanche Green, president of the Spencer Corset Co., Inc., of New Haven, Conn., who received $57,629.

Compensation of some of the captains of heavy industry included $166,786 to Myron C. Taylor, chairman of the board of United States Steel Corporation.

Lammot du Pont, president of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Co., received $100,199. Thomas J. Watson, president of the International Business Machines Corporation, was paid $296,028.

Filene Draws $80,000.

Seymour Weiss, one-time treasurer of the late Huey Long's political organization, drew $92,396 as vice president of the Win or Lose Corporation, a Louisiana oil concern. Former Gov. James A. Noe of Louisiana, received a similar sum as president.

Merchant princes were relatively high in the salary brackets. Edward A. Filene, of Boston, drew $80,000; J. L. Hudson Co. of Detroit, paid Oscar Weber, general manager, $179,183, and Morton J. May, president of the May Department Stores Co., of St. Louis, got $100,000.

Among those in the movie industry who drew in excess of $100,000 were W. R. Sheehan, vice president, Twentieth Century-Fox Film Corporation, $344,230; Samuel Goldwyn, president, Goldwyn, Inc., Los Angeles, $127,000; Harold C. Lloyd, the comedian, listed as president of Harold Lloyd Corporation, Hollywood, $125,000; Warner Baxter, suave Twentieth Century-Fox leading man, $208,000; John Boles, $117,416; Ronald Colman, $108,916.

Claudette Colbert had an income of $100,000, and the dimpled Shirley Temple earned $69,999. Anna Sten received $96,833 and Ann Harding received $60,000.

The tingling tunes of Irving Berlin, listed as an RKO libretist, put $150,000 into his pockets.

Some other principal screen salaries:

Gary Cooper, $50,000, from Goldwyn, Inc., California corporation, and $261,000 from Paramount Productions, Inc., New Jersey corporation.

Sidney Franklyn, director, Goldwyn, Inc., $60,000; Myron Selznick, president, Joyce-Myron Selznick, Ltd., Beverly Hills, $52,000; George O'Brien, actor, $68,191; Richard Dix, actor, $60,000; Miriam Hopkins, actress, $86,250; Rouben Mamoulian, director, $86,666; William Powell, actor, $66,666; Barbara Stanwyck, actress, $80,833; Edward Arnold, actor, $51,854; Wallace Beery, actor, $75,000; Fredric March, actor, $85,000; Victor McLaglen, actor, $50,000; Slim Summerville, actor, $70,833; Sylvia Sidney, actress, $63,425.

Salaries listed above $50,000 included, in Maryland:

Paul Patterson, president, A. S. Abell Co., Baltimore, $81,304; L. Blaustein, Baltimore, director and chairman, American Oil Co. of Maryland, $54,200; Daniel Willard, Baltimore, president, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, $60,000; Alten S. Miller, Princeton, N. J., vice president, Bartlett Hayward Co., Baltimore, $79,815; A. E. Duncan, Baltimore, chairman, Commercial Credit Co., $65,000; Herbert A. Wagner, Chatolanee, Md., president, Consolidated Gas, Electric Light & Power Co., $66,675; Albert D. Graham, chairman, First National Bank of Baltimore, $57,700.

In Virginia:

Bradford H. Walker, president, Life Insurance Co. of Virginia, Richmond, $65,000; H. L. Ferguson, president, Newport News Shipbuilding & Dry Dock Co., Newport News, $60,095; A. C. Needles, president, Norfolk & Western Railway, $60,000.

In Congress

YESTERDAY.

Senate.

Met at 12:30 p. m.

Recessed to convene jointly with House to tally electoral votes and to hear President's annual message.

Reconvened in Senate chamber and passed neutrality resolution.

Adjourned at 3:30 p. m. until noon Friday.

House.

Met at noon.

Recessed until 1 p. m., then reconvened to ratify electoral vote.

Heard President Roosevelt deliver annual message on the state of the Union.

Considered and passed neutrality resolution.

Adjourned at 5:33 p. m. until noon Friday.

TODAY.

Senate.

In recess.

House.

In adjournment.

Post Ad-Writers will be glad to assist you in preparing a good, result-producing ad when you call National 4200.

Swanson Recovered From Sudden Attack

By the Associated Press

Archibald Oden, an aide to the Secretary of the Navy, said yesterday Secretary Swanson was "in fine condition" and intended to accompany President Roosevelt to the Capitol yesterday afternoon when the Chief Executive delivered his annual message to Congress.

Oden refused to discuss his chief's illness Tuesday night at a White House dinner beyond asserting it was "nothing unusual" and required no special medical attention.

SPECIAL NOTICES

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THE NEXT EXAMINATION IN OPTOMETRY will be held February 25, 26 and 27, 1937, in Washington D. C. All persons desiring to take this examination will file their application with the secretary before January 20. THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BOARD OF OPTOMETRY. DR. M. LUTHER DICUS, Secretary.

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Woman Mayor's Ouster Is Revoked

Tallahassee, Fla., Jan. 6 (AP).—Branch Cone, secretary of Gov. Fred P. Cone, announced late today the Governor had revoked an order issued by former Gov. Dave Sholtz January 1 ousting Daytona Beach officials.

Sholtz sought to remove Mayor Irene E. Armstrong and all but one of the city commissioners. The housewife mayor fought back, filling the City Hall with policemen and refusing to turn over the administration to Harry Wilcox and a slate of officials named by Sholtz.

She obtained a temporary injunction halting the ouster. She withdrew the guard from City Hall yesterday as soon as Cone was inaugurated.

James Roosevelt Begins New Job

By the Associated Press.

The White House announced yesterday James Roosevelt, 29-year-old son of the President, will become a full-fledged Presidential secretary next July 1. Meanwhile he has taken over secretarial duties, starting yesterday, under the title of an administrative officer.

Stephen T. Early, press secretary, said there would be three full secretaries with the beginning of the new fiscal year, including himself and Marvin H. McIntyre, who now holds the rank of assistant secretary.

The late Louis McHenry Howe was "Secretary to the President" until his detah. The office has been vacant since.

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$60	Now	$47.50
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$75	Now	$59.50
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$40 Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats	$32
$45 Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats	$36
$50 Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats	$40
$55 Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats	$44
$60 Suits, Topcoats and Overcoats	$48
$65 Suits	$52
$70 Suits	$56
$75 Suits	$60
$40 Reversible Topcoats	$32
$45 Reversible Topcoats	$36
$50 Reversible Topcoats	$40
$75 Full Dress Suits	$60

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U. S. Planning Tighter Control Of Agriculture

End of State Compacts and Solution to Tenancy to Be Sought.

By Russell Smith.

The Supreme Court decision a year ago invalidating AAA rang out that form of Federal control of agriculture only to ring in a new, it became apparent yesterday on the anniversary of the ringing Hoosac Mills ruling.

Administration officials will request Congress not only to appropriate a sum approximating the half billion expended this year under the soil conservation act, but also will seek authorization to defer or abandon the much-advertised State compact sections of that act.

As these phases of the Administration farm program were outlined at one end of Pennsylvania avenue, at the other a new strand in the net of Federalization was being woven with receipt by committees of both houses of Congress of the Jones-Bankhead farm tenancy bill and with President Roosevelt's call for a solution to the tenancy problem.

Further emphasizing the AAA budget requirements for the year was the announcement during the day that rate of payment to farmers under the current act will be increased 7 per cent in the North Central and Western regions and 5 per cent in the East Central. These increases amount to 3,000,000, $4,000,000 and $1,500,000, respectively. No deductions will be made in other sections to meet the increases.

Total benefits distributed for 1936 will be $470,000,000 when payments are complete, it was said.

Proposals Outlined.

Proposals of the Administration for the year were outlined to The Post yesterday by M. L. Wilson, Undersecretary of Agriculture, as he left to conduct hearings at Indianapolis, Lincoln and San Francisco under auspices of the farm tenancy commission, coincidental with similar hearings in the South.

There will be no attempt on the part of the department, Wilson made clear, to amend the present soil conservation act insofar as such action would involve a direct challenge to the Hoosier Mills decision.

"Farmers, however," Wilson went on, "appear to be opposed in large part to attempts to control crops by means of State compacts. They unquestionably tend to look to Washington and to have little faith in dealing with crop restriction by State action.

"Proposals to meet these wishes are now being discussed by leaders of these organizations with chairmen of House and Senate committees and the probability is there will be an amendment to the soil conservation act which would defer the transfer to the States of complete control.

In Two Categories.

"These proposals fall into two categories, chiefly. One is that authorization for transfer to the States of such control, now effective in 1938, be deferred to 1940.

"The other is that the provision be amended so that unless, by a referendum within the State affected, the farmers vote for State control, such authority shall remain vested in the Federal Government."

It was learned the American Farm Bureau Federation, through its representatives here, has taken a leading part in the movement. Congressional leaders already have discussed the form of such legislation with farm bureau and other agriculture organization leaders. These discussions have proceeded to such an extent that tentative legislation, to be used as a basis for hearings, is expected to be introduced soon.

Wilson added that other than "clarifying amendments," no other important change in the soil conservation act is contemplated.

"Our only big request," he went on, "will be for money. To say that we will ask for a flat $500,000,000 would not be accurate, however. That was the figure last year but budgetary juggling made it only a tentative figure.

May Top $500,000,000.

"I have not seen the precise figure carried in the budget this year, but it may exceed that sum slightly."

His statement as to plans of the Administration followed and was somewhat in contrast to recent speeches of E. E. Elliott, of the planning division, and H. R. Tolley, AAA administrator. Even in Secretary Wallace's public statements, there has been open insistence that further machinery for control of production is essential.

The present system, Elliott said, is ill-adjusted, soil conservation programs tending to defeat production control programs and vice versa, while Wallace has declared "the only thing that will permit farmers to meet the surplus problem will be real, effective power to balance production with demand."

As these aspects of the Administration program were being outlined, members of House and Senate Agriculture Committees turned to study of the Jones-Connally tenancy bill, designed as a major phase of President Roosevelt's agricultural policy in his second term.

U. S. Aid for Purchases.

Under the bill, identical in each house, $50,000,000 would be appropriated annually for ten years to enable tenants to buy farms of their own, payment for which would be spread over a 40-year period during which the tenants would not be permitted to resell the land so long as any balance was owed upon it.

County committees, each composed of a farmer, a business man and a credit expert, would select tenants for assistants and a Farmers Home Corporation would be set up to buy land for lease or sale.

The tenant buyer would lease his land for five years on annual payment of a minimum of 3 per cent of the purchase price. Thereafter he could exercise an option to buy the land and rentals paid up to that time would apply on the purchase price.

Ala. Floods Subside.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 6 (AP).—Flood danger from Alabama rivers subsided again today when intermittent showers failed to add materially to streams which have overflowed their banks and spread out over lowland sections.

First Lady at Opening of Conference on Youth Problems

Photo by WPA

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, shown here with Aubrey Williams, executive director of the National Youth Administration, chatting with Mrs. Mary McLeod Bethune, NYA director of Negro activities, was the principal speaker yesterday morning at the opening session of the National Conference on Problems of the Negro and Negro Youth. The conference is being held under the auspices of the NYA in the auditorium of the Department of Labor and will continue through Friday.

Regents Told Frank Failed As School Head

Critics List Many Charges as Trial of Wisconsin U. President Opens.

By the Associated Press.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 6.—Glenn Frank, president of the University of Wisconsin, went on trial for his job today on charges described by his chief accusers as "simply overwhelming."

The 49-year-old educator sat silent as Chairman Harold M. Wilkie told fellow university regents that:

Frank no longer had the confidence of his faculty and State officials, the university had made no progress under him, Frank had not lived up to the prestige the university gave him, Frank spent much of his time on outside interests, Frank permitted the State to pay unreasonable household expenses of his family, and Frank dodged responsibility in acute administrative problems.

Frank was ready with a detailed defense of his 11-year tenure.

The regents and Legislature frequently have investigated university conditions in recent years, but the hearing was without precedent. Other presidents have gone, but never after a public trial.

The hearing room—the president's office—was jammed to the doors. Several State Senators were present, as unofficial observers. One said he would discuss the case on the Senate floor next week.

Students crowded the corridor and massed about the windows, peering in on the proceedings. Sometimes they cheered. Sometimes they booed.

Wilkie said he and other regents informed Frank of their dissatisfaction with his administration several weeks ago. Frank asked them to say nothing publicly about it, Wilkie continued, then had his friends stir up protests on the representation he was being made the victim of politics.

"He should have been wise enough to resign," Wilkie declared, "but he considered by publicity he could put enough pressure on the regents to retain his position."

Dr. Frank late today denied flatly all charges against him.

He said the accusations were generalities. He declared if they were not a smoke screen to hide the purposes of his opponents "that may not be expressed openly," the board should be interested in a fully factual analysis of his administration.

He asked for time to prepare one.

Selznick Silent On 1-Punch 'Bout'

Hollywood, Jan. 6 (AP).—The movie colony heard today that David O. Selznick, film producer, introduced Hollywood's favorite type of fisticuffing—the one-punch variety—at the Idaho winter resort, Sun Valley, New Year's Day.

Selznick himself was silent on the subject.

"Absolutely nothing to say," he said. He declined even to say whether he had seen a man named Charles Glore, said to be socially prominent in Chicago, whom Selznick, Hollywood folk maintain, put to sleep with one punch.

Present at the party were Claudette Colbert and her husband, Dr. Joel Prtssman; Joan Bennett and her husband, Scenarist Gene Markey; Madeleine Carroll, blonde English actress; Robert Ryskind, scenarist, and a number of studio executives.

Cold Wave Hailed As Flu Fight Ally

Denver, Jan. 6 (AP).—Physicians hailed a below-zero cold wave as an ally tonight in their fight against an epidemic of influenza and pneumonia which has taken 129 lives in the Rocky Mountain region in less than a month.

Denver, where 20,000 cases of influenza and pneumonia were reported today, stoked furnaces against a predicted 10-below tonight.

Physicians haxe expressed belief cold weather would help combat the diseases.

Aviatrix Faces Trial.

London, Jan. 6 (AP).—Mme. Marie Schemeder, French woman accused of shooting a pilot in midair and then flying across the Channel to England, was ordered extradited to her homeland today to face a charge of attempted murder.

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Mrs. Roosevelt Urges Study Of Modern Youth Problems

Conference on Needs of Colored Race Leads First Lady to Stress Necessity for Improved Living Standards.

Mrs. Roosevelt placed a new accent on youth yesterday in a personal appeal for an intensive study of the effects of present housing and recreational facilities on colored young people in a talk at the opening session of the three-day national conference on the problems of the colored race and its youth.

Stressing the importance of studying the subject, not just as it pertains to the youth of one race or one class, but for all youth, she said, "Wherever an underprivileged class exists, wherever the standard of living of one class is lower than that of another, the whole community is affected, and the progress of the whole section will be retarded."

Projects of the N. Y. A., as she has observed them in many parts of the country, have convinced the First Lady that much good work is being done in the field of education. "But," she said, "we must consider the problems of youth as they begin in the home, and as they develop through the years before children start to school. We must take into account the need for improved housing, because this is the basis of standards of living. Proper home surroundings, proper medical care, proper disposal of leisure will help to solve the problems of youth not only in families of low income, but in all families."

Problem for All Races.

Concluding her brief speech, Mrs. Roosevelt pointed out that in evolving any sort of youth program, "we must think of the child's life as a whole, and we must remember that the social and economic problems of any race are ones for which every citizen in the United States must feel equal responsibility with every other citizen.

"It is the duty of each of us," she said, "to think of the lives of all our children as a whole, to give them a chance to come into their citizenship with no sense of handicap whatsoever."

Secretary of Commerce Daniel C. Roper was another speaker at the opening session. Declaring that "with the return to normal economic conditions, youth seeks only that help which will broaden his opportunity to earn a decent living and to become a good citizen," Secretary Roper said that any program designed to help colored youths should stimulate initiative in thought and action. "Such a program should look to the proper training of youth to accept their obligations in co-operating with all to safeguard our Nation and its institutions."

Opportunity in Music.

He said that one of the greatest opportunities for colored people lies in the cultivation of gifts in music, song and literature, and mentioned instances in which achievements along these lines had proved of special benefit for the country as a whole.

"In studying the Negro youth problem I would recommend that you give renewed consideration to the program advanced by that great leader, Booker T. Washington," he said in conclusion. "He advocated as one of your worthiest ideals the fact that the Negro has as much right to cultivate race pride as has any other people. According to his contention, supported by sound reason, the Negro should take special pride in his accomplishments and so encourage patriotism, loyalty, tolerance, and a balanced philosophy of life."

Mrs. Mary McLeod Bethune, founder of the Bethune-Cookman College, Daytona Beach, Fla., and director of the Division of Negro Affairs of the NYA, read a message from the President in which the Chief Executive expressed regret that he could not attend the meeting. Mrs. Bethune presided and introduced a number of distinguished guests.

Fechner Is Speaker.

Speakers at the afternoon meeting were Robert Fechner, emergency conservation director, and John W. Studebaker, commissioner of education. Among those active in discussions were T. Arnold Hill, of the National Urban League, of New York; John W. Davis, of the West Virginia State Teachers College; Aubrey Williams, executive director of the NYA, and Richard R. Brown, deputy executive director of the NYA.

Guest speakers scheduled to appear before the conference today are Miss Josephine Roche, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury and chairman of the executive committee, NYA, and Gov. John G. Winant, chairman of the Social Security Board.

All meetings of the conference are being held in the auditorium of the Department of Labor.

Nazi Guards Halt Migrating Czechs

Praha, Czechoslovakia, Jan. 6 (AP). Eleven Czech citizens, asserting they were forced to return home by German officials, charged tonight Nazi authorities were arresting Czechs en route to France on suspicion they were going to Spain to fight for the Socialist government.

The 11 declared they were held for a week at Keil, Germany, and then were brought to the Czech border under guard. Sixty more of their countrymen still were detained at Keil, they said.

All the men asserted their passports were in order and all but two denied they intended to go to Spain. Their passports and their money were seized by German authorites, they declared.

The foreign office announced it would protest to Berlin.

British Army Drafting Declared Unnecessary

Glascow, Jan., 6 (AP).—Sir Thomas Inskip, minister for co-ordination of defense, predicted tonight voluntary recruiting would continue to be sufficient for Great Britain's military needs.

"We are very closely wedded to maintenance of the voluntary system," he said in an address before the City of Glasgow Territorial Army and Air Force Association. He emphasized that the United Kingdom is exposed to the menace of air raids due to increasing range and speed of aircraft. Few places are left in the country, he warned, that might rasonably be described as free from menace from the air.

Judge, Clerk Shift.

Suffield, Conn., Jan. 6 (AP).—The probate judge and his clerk changed places today. E. Joseph Claudell, who for 14 years was clerk of the court under Judge William M. Cooper, took the bench and named Cooper his clerk.

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Jealous Suitor Arrested in Fire In Which 2 Died

Farm Laborer Confessed Starting Fire, Police in Pa. Assert.

Special Dispatch to The Post.

Chambersburg, Pa., Jan. 6.—Mystery that had veiled a New Year's Day tragedy at Marion, in which Mrs. Hazel Gelwix, 39, widow, and her daughter, Helen, 15, were burned to death, and the woman's older daughter, Catherine, 20, was seriously injurged, was dispelled early today by Ralph Hawk, 20, farm laborer, who said, according to State police, that he fired the Gelwix bungalow. Jealousy was said to have been the motive.

Hawk, described as Catherine's suitor, was held in Franklin County Jail. No charges have been preferred pending investigation of other angles of the case. Hawk was said to have confessed he set fire to the Gelwix home after having struck Catherine on the head with a flashlight and saturated her clothing and the bed, in which her mother and sister lay asleep, with kerosene.

Hawk was said to have gone to the Gelwix home on New Year's Eve and found Catherine asleep.

Hawk allegedly said he struck Catherine on the head, poured kerosene over her clothing and returning to her mother's bedroom applied a match to the bed clothes. He then fled through a window. The window from which Hawk allegedly jumped was found open by early arrivals at the fire.

They dragged Catherine from the building, but efforts to rescue Mrs. Gelwix and Helen were balked by smoke and fire.

Liquor Licenses Must Be Obtained By End of Month

Unless Washington liquor, wine and beer dealers apply for license renewals within the next few days, they are apt to find themselves temporarily out of business after the end of this month, the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board warned yesterday.

Approximately 1,600 licenses—covering all classes of establishments—must be renewed within the next 20 days, Mrs. Agnes K. Mason, acting chairman of the board, said. Heretofore, the board has mailed notices to each license holder in ample time for renewal applications.

This year, however, the procedure has been changed and individual dealers must apply in person at the A. B. C. board office in the District Building. Since Monday, when renewals first began, a total of 220 applications have been approved, Mrs. Mason said.

Dealers were warned that their establishments will be closed on Feburary 1 unless they take immediate steps to renew present licenses.

Vast Cattle Ranch Center of Dispute

Houston, Tex., Jan. 6 (AP).—Heirs to the King Ranch, the Nation's largest cattle domain and a pioneer in the successful breeding of fine stock, are wrangling in court over the millions of dollars' worth of property.

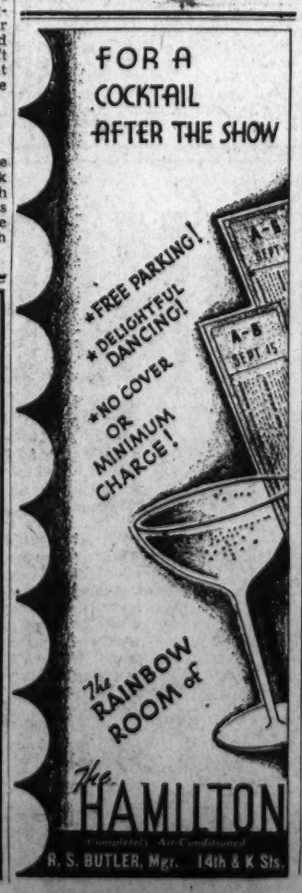
Charging mismanagement by the trustees, Edwin K. Atwood and Alice B. Atwood, of Chicago, grandchildren of the late Capt. Richard King, founder of the vast ranch in south Texas, petitioned Federal Court to appoint a receiver.

Spokesmen for the trustees said the ranch was in better condition than at any time since Capt. King, steamboat pilot and Civil War blockade runner, established it in 1852.

French Seize Suspect As Assassin of King

Metz, France, Jan. 6 (AP).—Police tonight held a prisoner who they said resembled a man long hunted as a suspect in the assassinations of King Alexander, of Yugoslavia, and Foreign Minister Louis Barthou, of France, in 1934.

Seized aboard the Basel express as police checked passports at the Thionville station, the man was reported to have given several names and addresses and to have admitted his passport was false.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Gov. Lehman Saves 3 of 6 Men Doomed to Die in N.Y. Murder

By the Associated Press.

Ossining, N. Y., Jan. 6.—Three of the six men sentenced to die in the electric chair at Sing Sing Prison tomorrow night for the murder of a Brooklyn subway collector were saved by executive clemency today.

Gov. Herbert H. Lehman commuted to life imprisonment the sentences of Eugene Bruno, 23; Sam Kimmel, 22, and Dominick Zizzo, 27.

The others—Joseph Bologna, 24, the alleged "trigger man;" Salvatore Scata, 19, and Theodore Didonne, 31—were left to die.

Deliriously happy, the three whose convictions were questioned by two of the seven court of appeals judges, were transferred immediately from the death house to another part of the prison.

The high court had voted unanimously against their companions.

By his action, Gov. Lehman broke up what would have been the State's largest mass execution in a quarter century.

"Thank God! Oh, thank God!" cried Bruno when Warden Lewis E. Lawes conveyed the news to him. Bruno, blind in one eye, testified he did not know there was a gun in the crowd when they set out to rob Edwin Esposito of a small bag of coins on September 2, 1935.

Kimmel was almost speechless with joy. Zizzo kept repeating "it's wonderful—wonderful."

The other three waited in vain for the warden to stop at their cells.

Unless some further word comes from Albany by tomorrow night they will leave the death house, too, but through a different door.

Scouts May Get Boats Seized in Liquor Raids

By the Associated Press.

Boats seized from rum runners during national prohibition may be turned over to the sea scout department of the Boy Scouts for training purposes.

Congress was asked yesterday in a bill submitted by Chairman Mead (Democrat), New York, of the House Postoffice Commttee to authorize the transfer.

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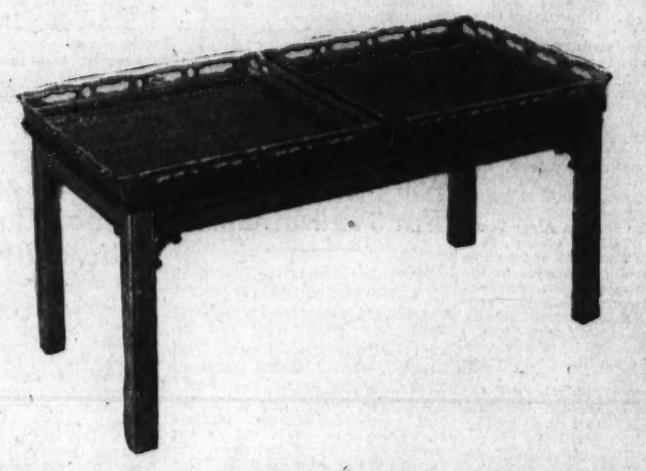
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SO convenient—so smart is the Cocktail Table when guests come—that you will wonder how you ever did without one. The Chinese Chippendale Style Table illustrated possesses Solid Honduras Mahogany legs and pierced mahogany glass trays (2 of them for gracious serving—both removable)—the top is Mahogany veneered and so's the apron. Top size 36x17½ inches—height 17 inches. An unusually attractive Table specially priced now at $19.75
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Roosevelt Asks Supreme Court 'To Do Its Part'

Constitutional Change Is Held Unnecessary; RFC Extension Urged.

Continued from Page 1.

with fashionably dressed Washington notables, including Mrs. Roosevelt, and under bright klieg lights as a dozen motion picture sound cameras recorded the inflections of his voice and his animated gestures, the President delivered an address which drew both bi-partisan praise and criticism. In general the Democrats lauded the speech in the highest terms while the Republicans were condemnatory or satirical.

Exceptions to this general expression, however, came from Republican House Leader Bertrand H. Snell, who conceded it was "a pretty good speech," but promised to say more about it subsequently, and Senator Alva B. Adams (Democrat), of Colorado, who asserted "the Supreme Court should not be asked to amend the Constitution." He added that "it seems to me he asks for an undue liberality in construction."

Cheer Wildly.

Turning of the Presidential thumbs down on a constitutional amendment, at least for the present, caused general surprise. It apparently caught completely unawares Democratic Senate Leader Joe T. Robinson, Speaker Bankhead and Senate Judiciary Chairman Henry F. Ashurst, who during the last week came out for a constitutional amendment as the best way to deal with current national social and economic problems.

Mr. Roosevelt, in a gray frock coat, entered the House chamber, where a few minutes previously he was officially declared to have been re-elected President for the next four years, on the arm of his frock-coated son, James. He was loudly cheered. He left 30 minutes later as even louder cheers resounded through the chamber.

Mr. Roosevelt made only three specific recommendations. He asked immediate consideration for measures extending life and powers of RFC, the stabilization fund and the statute authorizing him to devalue the dollar, which expire this month; amendment of the neutrality act prohibiting arms shipments to Spain and prompt action on a deficiency appropriation bill to take care of relief requirements.

Hardly had the President returned to the White House when the Senate, by a vote of 80 to 0, passed the prohibition against arms shipments to Spain, with the House completing action on the measure with only one adverse vote several hours later. It was the first action taken by the Seventy-fifth Congress and demonstrated the speed of the legislative machine when necessity demanded it.

The President, other than citing the need for further arms embargo legislation as a result of the "unfortunate civil strife in Spain," made no reference to that conflict which threatens the peace of Europe and the world. Contrary to general expectations, the President devoted only a small part of his message to the world stage.

Peace Parley Cited.

He interwove his remarks on the scene abroad with his contention that he and the Democratic Congresses of the last four years had made this country's democracy function successfully in a critical period.

The President contrasted the maintenance of the democracy in this country with the failure of other governments to respond adequately to the needs of their people and the establishment of oligarchies where "militarism has leapt forward, while in those nations which have retained democracy, militarism has waned."

He cited the Buenos Aires Peace Conference, which he opened, as a symbol of the durability of the democratic form of government in the western hemisphere and declared that the 21 American Republics represented at the conference table in the Argentine capital were "an example which must have a wholesome effect upon the rest of the world."

Mr. Roosevelt declared the Buenos Aires conference sent forth "a message on behalf of all the democracies in the world to those nations which live otherwise." He added that "because such other governments are perhaps more spectacular, it was high time for democracy to assert itself. The United States, he said, "within itself, must continue the task of making democracy succeed."

The President told Congress the return of a large degree of economic recovery did not mean that the task of democracy in this country had been completed. Much remained to be done, he asserted, to bring "greater satisfaction in life for the average man."

He cited the necessity for suitable housing and slum clearance. He pointed to the plight of thousands of tenant farmers and suggested financial assistance to help them own the land they farm. He stressed the need for frequent amendment of the social security measures to keep them abreast of developing conditions.

Unemployment Is Issue.

Holding that "the most far-reaching and most inclusive problem of all is that of unemployment," not only in its immediate relief aspects but from a long-range view of seeking to prevent the fluctuations in production and distribution which throw men and women out of work.

Both Republicans and Democrats cheered when Vice President Garner announced his re-election. Representative William Lemke, of North Dakota, presidential candidate of the Union Party, sat in the last row, grimly watching the proceedings.

Text of President Roosevelt's Address to Congress

Text of President Roosevelt's annual message to Congress on the state of the Union:

For the first time in our national history a President delivers his annual message to a new Congress within a fortnight of the expiration of his term of office. While there is no change in the Presidency this year, change will occur in future years. It is my belief that under this new constitutional practice, the President should in every fourth year, in so far as seems reasonable, review the existing state of our national affairs and outline broad future problems, leaving specific recommendations for future legislation to be made by the President about to be inaugurated.

At this time, however, circumstances of the moment compel me to ask your immediate consideration of: First, measures extending the life of certain authorizations and powers which, under present statutes, expire within a few weeks; second, an addition to the existing neutrality act to cover specific points raised by the unfortunate civil strife in Spain; and, third, a deficiency appropriation bill for which I shall submit estimates this week.

In March, 1933, the problems which faced our Nation and which only our national Government had the resources to meet, were more serious even than appeared on the surface.

It was not only that the visible mechanism of economic life had broken down. More disturbing was the fact that long neglect of the needs of the underprivileged had brought too many of our people to the verge of doubt as to the successful adaptation of our historic traditions to the complex modern world. In that, lay a challenge to our democratic form of government itself.

Adaptation of Democracy.

Ours was the task to prove that democracy could be made to function in the world of today as effectively as in the simpler world of a hundred years ago. Ours was the task to do more than to argue a theory. The times required the confident answer of performance to those whose instinctive faith in humanity made them want to believe that in the long run democracy would prove superior to more extreme forms of government as a process of getting action when action was wisdom, without the spiritual sacrifices which those other forms of government exact.

That challenge we met. To meet it required unprecedented activities under Federal leadership—to end abuses—to restore a large measure of material prosperity—to give new faith to millions of our citizens who had been traditionally taught to expect that democracy would provide continuously wider opportunity and continuously greater security in a world where science was continuously making material riches more available to man.

In the many methods of attack with which we met these problems, you and I, by mutual understanding and by determination to co-operate, helped to make democracy succeed by refusing to permit unnecessary disagreement to arise between two of our branches of Government. That spirit of co-operation was able to solve difficulties of extraordinary magnitude and ramification with few important errors, and at a cost cheap when measured by the immediate necessities and the eventual results.

I look forward to a continuance of that co-operation in the next four years. I look forward also to a continuance of the basis of that co-operation—mutual respect for each other's proper sphere of functioning in a democracy which is working well, and a common-sense realization of the need for play in the joints of the machine.

On that basis, it is within the right of the Congress to determine which of the many new activities shall be continued or abandoned, increased or curtailed.

On that same basis, the President alone has the responsibility for their administration. I find that this task of executive management has reached the point where our administrative machinery needs comprehensive overhauling. I shall, therefore, shortly address the Congress more fully in regard to modernizing and improving the Executive branch of the Government.

That co-operation of the past four years between the Congress and the President has aimed at the fulfillment of a twofold policy—first, economic recovery through many kinds of assistance to agriculture, industry and banking; and, second, deliberate improvement in the personal security and opportunity of the great mass of our people.

The recovery we sought was not to be merely temporary. It was to be a recovery protected from the causes of previous disasters. With that aim in view—to prevent a future similar crisis—you and I joined in a series of enactments—safe banking and sound currency, the guarantee of bank deposits, protection for the investor in securities, the removal of the threat of agricultural surpluses, insistence on collective bargaining, the outlawing of sweat shops, child labor and unfair trade practices, and the beginnings of security for the aged and the worker.

Federal Social Duties.

Nor was the recovery we sought merely a purposeless whirring of machinery. It is important, of course, that every man and woman in the country be able to find work, that every factory run, that business as a whole earn profits. But Government in a democratic nation does not exist solely, or even primarily, for that purpose.

It is not enough that the wheels turn. They must carry us in the direction of a greater satisfaction in life for the average man. The deeper purpose of democratic government is to assist as many of its citizens as possible—especially those who need it most—to improve their conditions of life, to retain all personal liberty which does not adversely affect their neighbors, and to pursue the happiness which comes with security and an opportunity for recreation and culture.

Even with our present recovery we are far from the goal of that deeper purpose. There are far-reaching problems still with us for which democracy must find solutions if it is to consider itself successful.

For example, many millions of Americans still live in habitations which not only fail to provide the physical benefits of modern civilization, but breed disease and impair the health of future generations. The menace exists not only in the slum areas of the very large cities, but in many smaller cities as well. It exists on tens of thousands of farms, in varying degrees, in every part of the country.

Another example is the prevalence of an un-American type of tenant farming. I do not suggest that every farm family has the capacity to earn a satisfactory living on its own farm. But many thousands of tenant farmers—indeed most of them—with some financial assistance and with some advice and training, can be made self-supporting on land which can eventually belong to them. The Nation would be wise to offer them that chance, instead of permitting them to go along as they do now, year after year, with neither future security as tenants nor hope of ownership of their homes nor expectations of bettering the lot of their children.

Broader Social Security.

Another national problem is the intelligent development of our social security system, the broadening of the services it renders, and practical improvement in its operation. In many nations where such laws are in effect, success in meeting the expectations of the community has come through frequent amendment of the original statute.

And, of course, the most far-reaching and the most inclusive problem of all is that of unemployment and the lack of economic balance of which unemployment is at once the result and the symptom. The immediate question of adequate relief for the needy unemployed who are capable of performing useful work, I shall discuss with the Congress during the coming months. The broader task of preventing unemployment is a matter of long-range evolutionary policy. To that we must continue to give our best thought and effort. We cannot assume that immediate industrial and commercial activity which mitigates present pressures justifies the national Government at this time in placing the unemployment problem in a filing cabinet of finished business.

Fluctuations in employment are tied to all other wasteful fluctuations in our mechanism of production and distribution. One of these wastes is speculation. In securities or commodities the larger the volume of speculation the wider become the upward and downward swings and the more certain the result that in the long run there will be more losses than gains in the underlying wealth of the community.

And as is now well known to all of us the same net loss to society comes from reckless overproduction and monopolistic underproduction of natural and manufactured commodities.

Overproduction, underproduction and speculation are three evil sisters who distill the troubles of unsound inflation and disastrous deflation. It is to the interest of the Nation to have Government help private enterprise to gain sound general price levels and to protect those levels from wide, perilous fluctuations. We know now that if early in 1931 Government had taken the steps which were taken two and three years later the depression would never have reached the depths of the beginning of 1933.

Problems of NRA Remain.

Sober second thought confirms most of us in the belief that the broad objectives of the national recovery act were sound. We know now that its difficulties arose from the fact that it tried to do too much. For example, it was unwise to expect the same agency to regulate the length of working hours, minimum wages, child labor and collective bargaining on the one hand and the complicated questions of unfair trade practices and business controls on the other.

The statute of NRA has been outlawed. The problems have not. They are still with us.

That decent conditions and adequate pay for labor, and just return for agriculture, can be secured through parallel and simultaneous action by 48 States is a proven impossibility. It is equally impossible to obtain curbs on monopoly, unfair trade practices and speculation by State action alone. There are those who, sincerely or insincerely, still cling to State action as a theoretical hope. But experience with actualities makes it clear that Federal laws supplementing State laws are needed to help solve the problems which result from modern invention applied in an industrialized Nation which conducts its business with scant regard to State lines.

During the past year there has been a growing belief that there is little fault to be found with the Constitution of the United States as it stands today. The vital need is not an alteration of our fundamental law, but an increasingly enlightened view with reference to it. Difficulties have grown out of its interpretation; but rightly considered, it can be used as an instrument of progress, and not as a device for prevention of action.

Need for Liberal Views.

It is worth our while to read and reread the preamble of the Constitution, and Article I thereof which confers the legislative powers upon the Congress of the United States. It is also worth our while to read again the debates in the Constitutional Convention of 150 years ago. From such reading, I obtain the very definite thought that the members of that convention were fully aware that civilization would raise problems for the proposed new Federal Government, which they themselves could not even surmise; and that it was their definite intent and expectation that a liberal interpretation in the years to come would give to the Congress the same relative powers over new national problems as they themselves gave to the Congress over the national problems of their day.

In presenting to the convention the first basic draft of the Constitution, Edmund Randolph explained that it was the purpose "to insert essential principles only, lest the operation of Government should be clogged by rendering those provisions permanent and unalterable which ought to be accommodated to times and events."

With a better understanding of purposes, and a more intelligent recognition of our needs as a Nation, it is not to be assumed that there will be prolonged failure to bring legislative and judicial action into closer harmony. Means must be found to adapt our legal forms and our judicial interpretation to the actual present national needs of the largest progressive democracy in the modern world.

That thought leads to a consideration of world problems. To go further back than the beginning of this century, men and women everywhere were seeking conditions of life very different from those which were customary before modern invention and modern communications had come into being. The World War, for all of its tragedy, encouraged these demands, and stimulated action to fulfill these new desires.

Foreign Inadequacies.

Many national governments seemed unable adequately to respond; and, often with the improvident assent of the masses of the people themselves, new forms of government were set up with oligarchy taking the place of democracy. In oligarchies, militarism has leaped forward, while in those nations which have retained democracy, militarism has waned.

I have recently visited three of four sister Republics in South America. The very cordial receptions with which I was greeted were in tribute to democracy. To me the outstanding observation of that visit was that the masses of the peoples of all the Americas are convinced that the democratic form of government can be made to succeed and do not wish to substitute for it any other form of government. They believe that democracies are best able to cope with the changing problems of modern civilization within themselves, and that democracies are best able to maintain peace among themselves.

The Inter-American Conference, operating on these fundamental principles of democracy, did much to assure peace in this hemisphere. Existing peace machinery was improved. New instruments to maintain peace and eliminate causes of war were adopted. Wider protection of the interests of the American republics in the event of war outside the Western Hemisphere was provided. Respect for, and observance of, international treaties and international law were strengthened. Principles of liberal trade policies, as effective aids to the maintenance of peace were reaffirmed. The intellectual and cultural relationships among American republics were broadened as a part of the general peace program.

Manifestation of Peace.

In a world unhappily thinking in terms of war, the representatives of 21 nations sat around a table, in an atmosphere of complete confidence and understanding, sincerely discussing measures for maintaining peace. Here was a great and a permanent achievement directly affecting the lives and security of the 250,000,000 human beings who dwell in this Western Hemisphere. Here was an example which must have a wholesome effect upon the rest of the world.

In a very real sense, the conference in Buenos Aires sent forth a message on behalf of all the democracies of the world to those nations which live otherwise. Because such other governments are perhaps more spectacular, it was high time for democracy to assert itself.

Because all of us believe that our democratic form of government can cope adequately with modern problems as they arise, it is patriotic as well as logical for us to prove that we can meet new national needs with new laws consistent with an historic constitutional framework clearly intended to receive liberal and not narrow interpretation.

The United States of America, within itself, must continue the task of making democracy succeed.

In that task the legislative branch of our Government will, I am confident, continue to meet the demands of democracy, whether they relate to the curbing of abuses, the extension of help to those who need help or the better balancing of our interdependent economies.

So, too, the executive branch of the Government must move forward in this task, and, at the same time, provide better management for administrative action of all kinds.

The judicial branch also is asked by the people to do its part in making democracy successful. We do not ask the courts to call nonexistent powers into being, but we have a right to expect that conceded powers or those legitimately implied shall be made effective instruments for the common good.

The process of our democracy must not be imperiled by the denial of essential powers of free government.

Your task and mine is not ending with the end of the depression. The people of the United States have made it clear that they expect us to continue our active efforts in behalf of their peaceful advancement.

In that spirit of endeavor and service I greet the Seventy-Fifth Congress at the beginning of this auspicious new year.

9 Hotels to Stage 'Birthday Balls'

Miss Ollie Floyd, secretary to Assistant FHA Administrator Arthur Walsh and social secretary to District division of the Young Democratic Clubs of America, will introduce Mrs. Roosevelt if she appears at the President's Birthday Ball in Wardman Park Hotel.

It is there that the Young Democrats will hold their celebration of the President's birthday, funds from which are to go to the benefit of infantile paralysis sufferers.

Eight other Washington hotels will be the scenes of similar affairs, and birthday parties for the Chief Executive will be held throughout the entire Nation.

Construction Firm Head Asks Divorce in Reno

Leslie Earl Vaughn, president-treasurer of the ABC Construction Co., of this city, yesterday filed suit for divorce from Christine Virginia Vaughn, also of this city, at Reno, Nev., according to an Associated Press dispatch.

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Warrant Is Issued For 3 in Kidnaping

Warrants charging the kidnaping of a Washington taxicab driver were issued yesterday for William Reed, Lawrence Gingell and Joseph Kirby, it was learned from Leslie C. Garnett, United States attorney.

All three, Gingell and Kirby being in custody of West Virginia authorities, are implicated in the murders of Elwood Matthews, Silver Spring farmer, and W. Earl Dollman, Charleston salesman.

The three are charged with stopping a colored taxi driver, William E. Brown, in Washington after the Matthews murder, and at pistol point forcing him to drive them to Richmond, Va.

Italian Societies Honor New Envoy

More than 1,000 members of Washington's Italian community gathered at the Hotel Mayflower last night for a reception to Fulvio Suvich, new Italian Ambassador to the United States.

Representatives of 18 Italian societies and organizations in the District were present at the reception, the largest of its kind ever held in the District.

"The unity here tonight is similar to the unity in Italy under Mussolini," the ambassador said during the course of an address "and would be helpful to Italo-American relations."

Morgan Treasures Among Collection Given by Mellon

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—The art collection recently presented to the Nation by Andrew W. Melon, former Secretary of the Treasury, will mark another step in the transfer of masterpieces formerly owned by J. P. Morgan from private to public hands, it was disclosed today.

The Knoedler Galleries here announced that the Mellon collection included three paintings which it had sold to Mellon for Morgan. The gradual breaking up of Morgan's collection in recent years has come to light from time to time with announcements of several other sales.

The three paintings acquired by Melon were "Portrait of a Man," by Andrea Del Castagno; "Rest During the Flight Into Egypt," by Gerard David, and the "Holford Landscape," by Meindert Hobbema.

The Castagno work is the only portrait among 28 of his pictures known to art experts, and is one of three of his works owned in the United States.

The Hobbema Landscape is signed and dated 1663. Exhibited with six other works of the same artist in New York in 1909, it was acclaimed by critics as the most important of the group.

Mapes Again Asks '60-40' Act Repeal

While the District anxiously awaited the report of the President's special committee on fiscal relations, Representative Mapes (Republican), of Michigan, reintroduced his old measure to repeal the inopertative 60-40 law governing Federal contributions.

Mapes also reintroduced the four local tax measures which have been hanging fire since the last fiscal relations investigation and report was made several years ago.

The tax bills would establish an income levy, increase the gasoline tax from 2 to 4 cents, impose a motor vehicle weight tax and set up an inheritance levy.

Martha Raye Engaged.

Hollywood, Jan. 6 (AP).—Martha Raye, the comedienne with the large mouth, forgot to remove her ring, and the secret is out in Hollywood today. "Yes, I'm engaged," she said. "But nobody was supposed to know until the formal engagement.' The man, she said, is Jerry Hopper, cousin of Glenda Farrell and an assistant in the music department at a major studio.

Pope 'Extremely' Weary; Pulse Rate Far Above Normal

Vatican City, Jan. 6 (AP).—Italian newspapers said today Pope Pius' heart-beats have speeded up greatly during the illness which has brought him close to unconsciousness several times recently.

The press said the 79-year-old pontiff had refused to permit his physician, Dr. Aminta Milani, to feel his pulse, but that the doctor, taking out his watch without the Holy Father's notice, counted the pulsation in an artery in his throat.

He found the Pope's heart was beating 120 times to the minute, far above the average of 72.

The aged pontiff suffered a period of prostration during the day—the Feast of the Epiphany, marking the visit of the three wise men to the Christ child.

N. C. Legislature Opens.

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 6 (AP).—North Carolina's biennial legislature opened today against a backdrop of record appropriation requests, a party pledge to reduce the general sales tax, and a proposal for a system of liquor control.

Bandits Get $200 From Drug Stores

Washington's "drug store" bandits struck twice last night, obtaining more than $200 in two holdups that occurred within 20 minutes.

Entering the pharmacy of Nathan Reiskin, at No. 87 Florida avenue northeast, the unmasked, well-dressed hoodlums held up two clerks and two patrons, took more than $80 from the cash register and $12 from the customers, tore out the telephone and vanished.

They next robbed the liquor store of William B. Wilcox, in the 3200 block of Georgia avenue, where they took $128 from the cash register and an undetermined amount from a customer and a clerk.

Police believe the robbers are the same pair who held up a drug store in the 1800 block of K street northwest, New Year's night, and escaped with nearly $400.

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Many of those gnawing, nagging, painful backaches people blame on colds or strains are often caused by tired kidneys—and may be relieved when treated in the right way.
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Arms Ship Sails As U. S. Passes Embargo Bill

Measure Delayed in House After Speedy Action in Senate.

Continued from Page 1.

zens for one side or the other in the contest in Spain, the same as there is sympathy among some of the great governments and their nationals throughout the world for one side or the other side in that great contest. I hope and believe that as far as we are concerned, we are not, either mentally or physically or commercially, taking either side."

An attempt was made to adopt the resolution before Senators moved over to the House at 1 p. m. to tally electoral ballots and listen to the President's address. Failure of quorum attendance forced postponement.

When the Senate returned from the House, the drive for passage was renewed, and ran head on into a verbal scuffle over failure to extend the embargo to all present and future civil wars, and the verbose preamble of "whereas" clauses.

To salvage the embargo, Pittman agreed, on insistence of Senator Arthur Vandenberg (Republican), Michigan, to scrap the preamble, and the resolution was adopted by 3:30.

Resolution Text.

It provided:

"That during the existence of the state of civil strife now obtaining in Spain it shall, from and after the approval of this resolution be unlawful to export arms, ammunition, or implements of war from any place in the United States, or possessions of the United States, to Spain or to any other foreign country for transshipment to Spain or for use of either of the opposing forces in Spain. Arms, ammunition, or implements of war, the exportation of which is prohibited by this resolution, are those enumerated in the President's Proclamation No. 2163 of April 10, 1936."

Another clause, striking directly at the Cuse and Dinely shipments, canceled licenses already issued for the exportation of arms, ammunitions or implements of war to Spain, and imposed penalties of $10,000 fine or five years imprisonment, or both, for violation of the embargo.

The President was given authority to end the embargo at any time by proclaiming that conditions which gave rise to it have "ceased to exist."

The Mar Cantabrico had been seaward bound for nearly an hour, when Chairman Sam. D. McReynolds, of the House Foreign Affairs Committee, called up the resolution in that chamber.

Immediately, bedlam broke loose on the floor. Representative Hamilton Fish, jr., of New York, ranking Republican member of McReynolds' committee, objected to the haste and insisted no action be taken under "gag rule."

"Only yesterday," Fish said, "the Speaker assured us this chamber was one of the great deliberative bodies of the world, and here you start off with a 'gag.'"

Two Shout Objections.

There was shouted opposition to immediate passage from Representative Maury Maverick, liberal Texas Democrat; Gerald J. Boileau, Wisconsin Progressive, and Thomas O'Mally (Democrat), Wisconsin.

When a unanimous consent motion, failing to provide time for debate, was put to a vote, Maverick and Boileau shouted objections.

McReynolds, insisting the haste was prompted by a real emergency, and that full time for debate will be allowed on later permanent neutrality legislation, agreed to one hour's debate, with half an hour on each side of the House.

This question was put, and Bernard shouted his single objection. Speaker Bankhead hammered the resolution to passage over the objection, but reversed himself on protest.

Hurriedly, Chairman John J. O'Connor called a meeting of his Rules Committee to iron out the dilemma.

During the debate, word reached the House that the Mar Cantabrico had sailed from port, and Boileau informed the members.

"I know it," retorted McReynolds, "but we want to catch them before they pass the 3-mile limit. * * * If they are not over three miles we can get them."

Asks Co-operation.

In a speech that drew some applause from the galleries, McReynolds declared his sole purpose was "to keep this country out of war," and called for co-operation from members.

As several members shouted, Speaker Bankhead ordered the aisles and rear of the chamber cleared, and asked members to take their seats. Minority Leader Snell called: "The boat's on its way; you'd better get after it pretty quick."

Rule Approved.

Following a short recess, a rule came back from the committee providing for one hour debate, with the right of amendment. The rule was approved by a voice vote, and once again the House plunged into debate.

Two amendments were offered, and both defeated or withdrawn on points of order. Representative Maverick sought by amendment to stop all shipments of munitions abroad, while Representative William P. Connery (Democrat), of Massachusetts, moved to apply the ban to all nations engaged in civil war, rather than to Spain by name.

Maverick declared that "American money" may cause another revolution in Mexico, and if this country was forbidden by law to ship munitions to either party in civil strife, the Mexican government could receive no aid in this country.

In heated exchanges, Representative Harry Sauthoff, Wisconsin Progressive, charged delays and "blunders" by the Foreign Affairs Committee had created the emergency, claiming the committee had allowed no amendments to the neutrality act when it passed last session. McReynolds replied that Sauthoff had not offered his advice to the committee when it held open neutrality hearings.

Simple Amendment Favored.

When the resolution was called up in the Senate, Senator Bennett Champ Clark, of Missouri, a member of the old Munitions Committee, asked why a simple amendment was not made in the general law, making the embargo applicable to civil strife, rather than "singling out one nation." Pittman said he at first favored such a plan, but learned some Senators objected to opening up the whole neutrality question at this time.

Senator Vandenberg, another member of the Munitions Committee, said he agreed with Clark it would have been best to "have met a general situation, instead of inviting specific prejudices."

It was Vandenberg who moved that the long preamble stating the emergency which exists be stricken from the bill, because, he said, "the fewer words we use the better, because the fewer we shall then have to quarrel about or explain, or perhaps some day take back."

"The 'whereases' contain numerous statements which might prove to be equivocal and embarrassing," said Vandenberg.

Pittman said he had no objection to eliminating the preamble, although he believed the "whereas" clauses gave a "true" statement of the emergency. With his consent the preamble was stricken from the Senate measure and later from the resolution which passed the House.

Questioned by Borah.

Senator William E. Borah, Idaho Progressive, questioned whether the resolution "was inspired by a desire to co-operate with some governments in Europe."

"If this resolution is inspired by any such policy as that," said Borah, "it is not a resolution of neutrality at all; it is participating in a controversy in Europe. And I do not understand that the joint resolution has any such objective. I am no more desirous of co-operating with Great Britain than I am with Italy."

Interrupting to say he shared Borah's view, Senator Gerald P. Nye, of North Dakota, former chairman of the munitions committee, said that from what he had seen, felt and heard, "we must recognize that there has been that desire for cooperation."

This drew a sharp denial from Pittman that the resolution was prompted by any but strict neutrality motives.

"I resent the complicated, ambiguous, verbose insinuations of the Senator from North Dakota, who assumes to be himself a peace advocate," snapped Pittman.

The Senate had recessed until Friday when the House passed the resolution. As the signature of the Vice President, as well as the Speaker, is required before an act of Congress can be signed by the President, and the Senate normally must be in session when the Vice President signs, complications arose last night as to whether the bill can become law before the Senate returns tomorrow.

Dineley, who is licensed to ship $4,507,000 in planes and munitions to Spanish Loyalists, had informed reporters he needed only 24 hours to get his goods out of the country, projecting the possibility of another race with legislative processes.

Arms Shipments Listed.

By the Associated Press.

The National Munitions Control Board reported to Congress arms valued at $26,568,722 had been shipped from this country from November 6, 1935, to November 30, 1936, and that 4,205 licenses to export munitions had been issued to 149 persons and corporations.

Some of the firms listed in the board report and the value of their munitions exports follow:

The American Armament Corporation, $1,210,710; Amtorg Trading Corporation, $451,552; Curtis-Wright Export Corporation, $3,213,805; Douglas Aircraft Corporation, $2,760,638; Inter-Continent Corporation, $5,891,540; Glenn L. Martin Aircraft Co., $2,383,582; United Aircraft Exports Corporations, $3,066,591.

The Vimalert Co., Ltd., of Jersey City, headed by Cuse, whose application for a license to ship reconditioned airplanes and airplane engines to Spain first gave rise to demands for immediate strengthening of the neutrality laws, shipped $6,050 worth of munitions.

'Half Way' Neutrality Measure Doesn't Please Rep. Bernard

Associated Press Photo.

REPRESENTATIVE JOHN T BERNARD.

Farm-Laborite Hates War, But Balks at Present Bill Because It Was Being 'Railroaded Without Discussion' and Is 'Discriminatory.'

John Toussaint Bernard hates war.

The newly elected Farm-Laborite Representative from Minnesota, who uttered a solitary "No" in the House yesterday to hold up the country's action against the exporting of munitions to Spain, explained last night that he had served 15 months with the United States Army in France.

"I am against war," he declared. "I will absolutely vote for neutrality, but let us be for neutrality in its entirety."

Bernard voted against the neutrality resolution, he said, because he felt it was being "railroaded without discussion" and that it was discriminatory.

"If we want a neutrality bill," he declared, "we should include all countries and not apply this just to Spain. If we are going to have neutrality, let's have neutrality and not discriminate."

The freshman Farmer-Laborite who battled the entire House of Representatives the day after he was sworn into office has a record that has taught him about war—and about work.

A native of the island of Corsica, birthplace of Napoleon, Bernard is not unlike the Little Corporal in physical appearance. Short, stocky, black-haired—he looks as determined as his conduct yesterday on the floor of the House showed him to be. He is 43 years old.

After attending public schools in France, Bernard moved to Eveleth, Minn., attended schools there and became a city fireman. Later he became a mine worker and interested himself in the cause of labor. He was for a time an organizer for the International Union of Mine, Mill and Smelter Men and president of his district local.

During the World War Bernard served 25 months with the United States Army, seeing overseas service for 15 months of that time.

Bernard came into office by defeating William Pittenger, Republican incumbent, for the seat from the Eighth Minnesota District. Married and the father of one child, Bernard makes his home here at 1133 Thirteenth street northwest.

Cuse Is Defiant As Ship Sails, Planes in Hold

Continued from Page 1.

and early today it was resumed, as the pier space near the vessel went under guard.

A band of Spanish Loyalist sympathizers wanted to help, but was turned away. So great was the hurry that five minutes after the last crate was aboard the ship was under way.

Not one of her eight planes was lashed down. Foodstuffs and medicine were included in the hold cargo.

Coast Guard Follows.

The Mar Cantabrico's manifest indicated she was bound for Vera Cruz—a matter that gave rise to some speculation in view of the Mexican government's assurance to this country that transshipment of arms originating in America would not be permitted there.

The suit that brought the libel action against the cargo was by two American fliers, Bert Acosta and Gordon Berry, who claim they were not paid for their recent flying services for the Loyalist government.

"Yankee" Fliers Quit.

Paris, Jan. 6 (AP).—Four disillusioned American aviators announced today they were through with Spain, and furthermore, they were through with civil wars.

The quadrumvirate—Bert Acosta, Frederick Lord, Gordon Berry and Eddie Schneider—had led the Spanish Socialist government's "Yankee Squadron" on the Basque front in the far north.

But, they said, they were not paid, and money was their only reason for joining up.

The venture, said Schneider, "was purely business."

U. S. Plans Inquiry.

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—The Federal District Attorney's office indicated today Bert Acosta, American aviator, will be questioned on his arrival on the liner Paris concerning news stories from abroad that he enlisted in New York for service with the Spanish loyalist forces.

British Vessels' Move to Spain Called Routine

French, English Blockade Expected If Troop Flow Continues.

Continued from Page 1.

Spanish crisis. (French reports were that Britain and France were considering a naval blockade of the Spanish coast.)

Archibald Fenner Brockway, secretary of the Independent Labor party, announced impending departure of Englishmen to fight with the Socialists.

"We have no objection to stating these men are going to Spain as volunteers," Brockway said. All are men of military experience." He did not say how many were going.

Observers estimated that there are 15,000 Italians and 10,000 Germans fighting with Fascist Gen. Francisco Franco and that about 1,000 British Nationals are with Socialist troops.

The foreign office, admittedly embarrased by the British enlistments while nonintervention negotiations are under way, is without legal means to halt them, informed sources said.

Moscow Denounces Reich.

Moscow, Jan. 6 (AP).—A Soviet government spokesman charged today Germany is "deliberately provoking a conflict with the Spanish republic," and will not cease her activities unless Great Britain and France intervene.

The spokesman, writing under the name of "Vigilis" in the government newspaper, Izvestia, declared German seizure of Spanish ships in reprisal for the capture of the passengers and cargo of the Nazi freighter Palos was an attempt by the Nazis to measure the amount of German intervention that would be permitted.

Germany, he wrote, wants to have a "pretext for a blockade and direct military action."

He asserted: "Southwestern Europe has been converted into a cellar of dynamite, the explosion of which momentarily may shake the world."

The budget commission, meanwhile, announced tentative defense appropriations for the year were $540,000,000 greater than in 1936.

Loyalist Port Shelled.

Gibraltar (Thursday), Jan. 7 (U.P.). More than 800 persons were killed or injured when rebel warships bombarded the loyalist port of Santander on the Biscay coast, the insurgent radio at Teneriffe said today.

The station said 30 planes bombed Bilbao, east of Santander, and set on fire a ship unloading war materials at Portugalute, 8 miles up the Nervion River from Bilbao.

It was claimed that two recent attempts were made upon the life of Ruiz Aguirre, president of the Basque government. He was said to have been injured in the last attempt.

Heaviest Shelling of War.

Madrid, Jan. 6 (AP).—The Feast of the Epiphany—Spanish children's equivalent for Christmas—was a day of terror for Madrid today as Fascist artillery subjected the city to the heaviest shelling of the civil war.

About 50 shells went crashing into the heart of the capital, a first bombardment coming between 1 and 1:45 o'clock and a second between 4 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon. No one was reported killed but a few were wounded.

Throughout the day Madrid heard an ominous heavy cannonading in the northwest, where the Fascist insurgents reported important successes yesterday, placing them in command of the vital line of communications between Madrid and Socialist forces in the Guadarrama Mountains.

Today, however, the defenders' junta claimed its militia was slowly gaining ground "against massed Germans" in the insurgent ranks. The battle line extended roughly from Pozuelo to Las Rozas, 10 miles northwest of Madrid.

Protest to League.

Geneva, Jan. 6 (AP).—Spain's Socialist government protested to the League of Nations again today against alleged violation of its territory and its waters by Germany and Italy.

The Valencia note also protested against Italy's alleged dispatch of additional volunteers to aid the Spanish Fascists.

Body of Druggist Is Found in Creek

Shelbyville, Ind., Jan. 6 (AP).—State police found the body of William F. Bright, 36, Indianapolis druggist missing since Monday, in Sugar Creek near here today.

The body was taken from the stream shortly after officers had noted blood stains on the railing of a bridge over the creek.

Bright's automobile, stripped of license plates and its interior stained with blood, was found abandoned in Madison, Ind., early Tuesday morning.

The druggist was last seen alive Monday evening at the store in Indianapolis where he was employed as a pharmacist.

State Police Capt. Matt Leach said it was apparent Bright had been murdered but he said he had no clews to the slayer and had been unable to develop a motive for the killing.

Drug Dealers Flee In New China Drive

Peiping, Jan. 6 (AP).—The government war against narcotics passed by thousands of addicts today and concentrated its full force against dealers who supply the habit-forming drugs.

Still delaying definite action under their warning to addicts to "be cured by New Year's or die!" officials were reported considering a new course:

Rounding up the addicts and putting them to work in isolation camps, where they would be treated for the habit.

Arrest and execution of all dealers.

Reports caused scores of narcotics sellers to flee into the demilitarized zone south of the Great Wall, where Japanese influence dominates.

(Chinese authorities have charged Korean dealers—most of them unlicensed—are responsible for the spread of the narcotic traffic.)

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Thursday, January 7, 1937.

Civil Service Recommendations.

A legislative employe in the House of Representatives was recently turned out of a job. In itself, this would not normally stir a ripple in Washington. But this particular case is noteworthy because the man had a record of 47 years of steady service behind him and, further, because he was ousted by the Republicans, though he had originally been a Republican appointee. The reason given for his dismissal was that a certain group of Republicans had agreed on another man for the job. Incidents of this sort are arousing public resentment. This may explain in part the welcome note of aggressiveness in the annual report of the Civil Service Commission, just published.

The commission calls in forthright fashion for an extension of the merit system to all nonpolicy-making positions in Government offices. "The public service cannot thrive on a half-merit, half-patronage basis," it declares. At present, approximately 40 per cent of the Federal service is outside the civil service system, which means that some 325,000 Government employes received their jobs by the mere nod of a head, generally an important head politically. Recommending their early transfer to civil service classifications, the commission also suggests innovations within the service itself. Of outstanding interest are its sensible arguments for a civil service court of appeals and a transfer agency, for revisions in the retirement policy, and for creation of an adequate statistical bureau. Even without extension of the merit system, these are necessary developments of the service.

Utopia, however, will not be reached by simply listing all Federal employes on civil service rolls. Aware of this, the commission further pledges itself to the establishment of a career service. Security and opportunities for advancement together with adequate increases in pay the commission recognizes as essential to an efficient public service.

But a career service could not be installed overnight; still less could it be expected to operate successfully without more than a declaration of intent to install it. Commissioner White has estimated that it would be ten years before a career service could be set up in working order. Time would be needed to introduce a program of progressive advancement in administrative offices first. From these it could be gradually extended throughout the service.

Even at that, more than enthusiasm for the idea is needed. As Dr. W. W. Stockberger, of the Department of Agriculture, has pointed out, successful personnel administration hinges on the attitude of line supervisors. Careful training of every man in such positions would be a prerequisite to a career service worthy of the name.

The extent to which the commissioners can bring their ideas to fruition depends largely on the funds put at their disposal. Yet, whatever the extra cost, dividends in terms of heightened efficiency and brightened morale should more than justify the investment.

A Study In Contrasts.

While executive heads of railways and representatives of the railway unions are gathering for a conference in Washington, maritime labor and shipping operators on the West Coast remain locked in a struggle that has been in progress for more than two months and is adding daily to the huge losses sustained by industries dependent upon water-borne transportation.

This week Mayor Rossi of San Francisco broadcast an appeal to the public, urging that pressure be brought to bear upon the Administration to force decisive intervention and put an end to the long-drawn-out conflict. To date the mediatory efforts of the Labor Department have been unsuccessful and, in the opinion of the mayor, the outlook for a settlement is as remote as ever despite repeated assurances to the contrary.

The contrast between the profound suspicion and hostility pervading the shipping world and the co-operative spirit shown by railway management and labor certainly emphasizes the need for an impartial Federal agency ready to intervene in shipping disputes just as the National Mediation Board does when differences arise between the railway carriers and their employes. "The outstanding manner in which peace has been maintained on the railroads," the board states in its second annual report, "would be no credit to the industry if serious differences did not constantly arise between the carriers and their employes similar to the disputes that break out in strikes in other industries." Indeed, during a two-year period over 200 disputes have called for the board's mediation services. The value of the adjustment machinery is attested by the fact that, except for one strike on a small industrial railroad, all differences were settled peacefully either through direct negotiation or through the agencies provided under the railway labor act.

Given comparable facilities, there is good reason to conclude that maritime labor disputes could be settled with equal expedition without resort to strikes that paralyze commerce, throw thousands out of work and end in a truce of exhaustion likely to be but a prelude to renewal of hostilities.

The President's Message.

Although some of the most significant parts of President Roosevelt's message to Congress are couched in vague and uncertain terms, it can be interpreted only as a vigorous challenge to the Supreme Court. The President made no specific threats. Nor did he outline a program of action to overcome the impediments which the Court has left in the path of the New Deal. But he very positively told the Court that it has not satisfactorily performed its function of interpreting the Constitution.

The President attributes much of the progress that has been made during the last four years to co-operation between himself and Congress. He looks forward, with perhaps too much optimism, to "a continuation of that co-operation in the next four years." But harmony between the Executive and the Legislature is not sufficient to the attainment of his objectives. In addition, he asks that the Supreme Court be made a partner in the New Deal enterprise of recovery and reform.

As to how the Supreme Court is to be brought into line the President is silent. There are strong intimations in the message that the Court may be expected to see the error of its ways and change its course. For example, the President says: "With a better understanding of our purposes, and a more intelligent recognition of our needs as a Nation, it is not to be assumed that there will be a prolonged failure to bring legislative and judicial action into closer harmony." But such language, presumably aimed by the Executive at a co-ordinate branch of the Government, is more likely to arouse resentment than a spirit of co-operation.

The President has made a special point of re-reading the preamble of the Constitution and Article I which confers the legislative power upon Congress. If he had continued his perusal, he might have discovered that there is nothing in the historic document conferring upon the President the duty of telling the Supreme Court how to interpret the organic law.

It is pleasing to note the President's approval of the founding fathers' decision to include within the Constitution "essential principles only." That decision offers the most convincing proof of their wisdom. The difficulty is that Mr. Roosevelt has not been content to use the flexible machinery provided by the Constitution, but in some instances has sought to change the fundamentals which the founding fathers wished to stand for all time.

The weakness of the President's speech lies in his failure to recognize the essential nature of the Supreme Court's task. He speaks of adapting "legal forms and our judicial interpretation of the actual present national needs of the largest progressive democracy in the modern world" as if legerdemain on the bench could make the charter of 1787 cover any act his Administration deems necessary. To the everlasting credit of the Supreme Court it has refused to take such an attitude.

There is widespread sympathy with the Administration because of the predicament in which it has been placed. The President had the alternative of asking for a constitutional amendment or impugning the Supreme Court. At best the process of amending the organic law is slow. Moreover, it would be extremely difficult to frame an amendment giving the Federal Government power to regulate working conditions, farming, etc., without tending to undermine the powers of the States. Such an amendment might commit the Administration to more responsibilities than it is ready to assume. Rather than risk this uncertain means of attaining desired power, the President decided upon an inexcusable attempt to intimidate the Supreme Court.

The difficulties confronting the President ought to be clearly recognized, but they do not justify the course he seems to have taken. He lays great stress upon his thesis that "the process of our democracy must not be imperiled by the denial of essential powers of free government." He makes a convincing plea for the triumph of democracy through adjustments to cope with modern problems as they arise. Virtually every citizen will applaud those general principles. But, since the ascendency of law over personal will is the very essence of democracy, these points become a powerful argument against any attempt to remove constitutional restrictions by cracking down on the Supreme Court.

Definite conclusions as to the Administration's legislative program cannot be drawn from the message. But the President has asked Congress to continue "balancing our interdependent economies" as needs arise, and he has indicated a belief that there is no "vital need" to change the Constitution. If this means the enactment of a new series of measures that cannot be reasonably sustained by the Supreme Court a national crisis might easily be precipitated. And further recovery efforts would certainly be frustrated.

Before any such course is launched Congress as well as the President ought to discard the vague phrases of the message and face this gigantic problem with full appreciation of the effect their decision may have upon the future of American government.

A Significant Decision.

The decision upholding the Ashurst-Sumners act, forbidding the shipment of prison-made goods into States banning their sale in the open market, has been widely hailed as a precedent for extending Federal control over conditions of labor within the States, without resort to a constitutional amendment.

If the Federal Government can legislate to restrict interstate commerce in prison-made goods, it is argued, might it not likewise prohibit shipment of goods made by child labor into States forbidding the employment of children? And might it not go still farther and forbid the movement of goods made by underpaid labor, or labor working long hours, into States with approved minimum-wage and maximum-hour laws?

While upholding the conditional ban upon interstate shipments of prison-made goods, the Supreme Court is careful to point out that its decision is in no sense a reversal of the stand taken in invalidating the child labor act, which was an unconstitutional effort to place local production under Federal control. The Ashurst-Sumners act seeks only to "aid the enforcement of valid State laws" and hence does not raise a constitutional issue. Precedents for upholding this legislation are to be found in the Federal laws designed to assist the States in enforcing prohibition measures.

States that choose to sell prison-made goods, however, and those willing to buy them, are not and could not be prevented from so doing. Neither could Congress legislate to prevent shipments of goods made by child labor into States that do not ban such goods. Laws of the Ashurst-Sumners type would merely put indirect pressure upon States to pass protective labor legislation if they faced a loss of outside markets for the products of their mills and factories. And it is by no means certain that the pressure would be as great or as efficacious as some of our Congressmen profess to believe.

Certainly, there are many types of activity in which children can engage that have no connection whatever with interstate commerce, such as employment in local grocery stores. Federal legislation could not reach these groups either directly or indirectly. Consequently there is no reason to suppose that advocates of the child labor amendment already accepted by 24 States will abate their efforts to secure the three-fourths majority required for its ratification.

There is another serious objection to back door methods of regulating labor relationships by Federal law. That is the interference with a free flow of trade between the States—an advantage upon which we pride ourselves and one that the Constitution intended to guarantee. Nobody can reasonably object to the incidental obstruction to trade created by attempts to curb the evils of competition of prison-made goods with the products of free labor. But a very different situation would arise if Congress were to pass legislation which resulted in cutting off interstate sales of goods because a 40-hour week or a 30-hour week had been exceeded, or because wages had been below certain fixed rates.

The enforcement machinery required to restrain the movement of goods shipped out of States failing to conform to such standards would doubtless break down of its own weight. But while it functioned it would assuredly have a retarding effect upon industry and commerce.

If the people favor Federal regulation of industry within the several States, the Supreme Court has plainly indicated that it can be achieved on a nation-wide scale only by amendment of the Constitution. There is nothing in the decision upholding the Ashurst-Sumners law to warrant concluding that the court has changed its attitude.

With A Grain Of Salt.

Even the blackest cloud has its fleck of silver and so with Hitler's pitiful *ersatz* program now forcing Germany to exist on a war-time diet. An order has been handed down from the Braunhaus, forbidding the use of lettuce leaves or tomato slices as decorative garnishes. The foods thus used are wasted, is the Nazi reasoning. Pickles, irresistible to Teuton palates, are prescribed as a substitute.

What bliss! No limp, browning and impalatable leaves to mar the plate of a freshly-cut sandwich; no mal-ripened bit of tasteless tomato to encroach upon the succulence of a sizzling broiled steak. These Fascists are not without their virtues. If there were any guarantee that a dictator here would not only order these reforms, but would also interdict the drug store custom of sloshing whipped cream around chocolate malted milk glasses, the Nation might well look to its barricades.

An easy way to make a slave of yourself is to belong to several luncheon clubs and civic organizations and work hard on committee assignments.

Let's Harmonize!

Letters to the Editor

All communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the Editor's discretion. In fairness to other correspondents, brevity is requested. Letters are subject to condensation.

The Two Philip Nolans.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Truth, they say, is stranger than fiction. It is not unusual, therefore, that the story, "The Man Without a Country," by Edward Everett Hale, and the main character in it, Philip Nolan, should have been and are still believed by many people to be taken from the pages of American history. But such is not the case. The tragic Philip Nolan, "the man without a country" of the book of the same title, was wholly a creature of the author's imagination. Before writing the book, however, Dr. Hale read, among other works, Wilkinson's "Memoirs," and from it he accidentally and unfortunately adopted the name Philip Nolan.

It was unfortunate because there really existed a man bearing the name Philip Nolan, but an entirely different person from the one described by Dr. Hale. Upon discovering his mistake Dr. Hale immediately sought to free the name of the real Philip Nolan from any connection with the one of his story. The following excerpts are taken from Dr. Hale's writings, "Philip Nolan's Friends, A Story of the Change of Western Empire" and "The Man Without a Country and Its History:"

In the year 1801 Philip Nolan, a citizen of Kentucky, had organized a company of nearly 20 Southwestern men to go into Texas on a commission from the Spanish Governor of Orleans. On the 22d of March, 1801, this same Philip Nolan was killed by the Spanish Governor of Texas, who knew that he had a pass of the Spanish Governor of Orleans. His comrades were taken prisoner and languished in New Mexico for the next ten years. . . . In Wilkinson's correspondence are two or three references to Nolan, and it was from this correspondence that I accidentally took his name for the hero of "The Man Without a Country."

. . . It was not for a year after, that, in looking at Wilkinson's "Memoirs" again, I found, to my amazement, not to say my dismay, that Wilkinson's partner was named Philip Nolan. We had, therefore, two Philip Nolans, one a living historical character, who was shot by the Spaniards on the 21st of March, 1801, at Waco, in Texas; the other a purely imaginary character invented by myself, who appears for the first time on the 23d of September, 1807, at a court-martial at Fort Adams. T. BRAUN.

Washington, Jan. 5.

The Old Guard.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The recent death of Senator Fess of Ohio calls attention to a distinguished group of Republican Senators who flourished under the administrations of Harding, Coolidge and Hoover, and who have since been removed from the stage of action by the progress of political events. During the 12 years of the Republican regime these Senators held the fortune of the Republican Party in the hollow of their hands.

Senators Moses of New Hampshire, Bingham of Connecticut, Reed and Pepper of Pennsylvania, Watson of Indiana, Fess of Ohio, Smoot of Utah and Shortridge of California were shining stars in this galaxy of American statesmen. These distinguished Senators were advocates of the doctrine of protective tariff, which constituted the basic creed of the Republican faith. Their sway was complete and their word was law.

Then came the gospel of the New Deal according to President Franklin D. Roosevelt. The old bottle would not hold the new wine and was suddenly burst asunder. In a brief quadrennium the old leadership was thrust aside by the new industrial-economic and political philosophy beyond the hope of a comeback. No group of equally distinguished leaders in our political history has been so suddenly and sharply discounted and discarded.

It was only the progressive bloc of Republican Senators who had the sagacity to discern and heed the signs of the times who continue to exert potent influence upon public thought and opinion.

There are scarcely enough of the old guard of Republican orthodoxy left to second a motion in the Senate.

The integrity, ability and patriotism of these once distinguished but now disregarded statesmen are not to be impugned or questioned. They followed the light of their leading, which pointed in the direction of reaction rather than progress. But, alas, their pathetic fate but illustrates the lot of the overthrown leadership of a lost cause.

KELLY MILLER.

Washington, Jan. 1.

Labor And Politics.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: It worries decent citizens no little whether of the professional, non-professional or the respectable manual laboring classes to observe and contemplate the insidious contempt which the political and excessively-paid so-called labor leaders periodically exhibit toward the welfare of our common country.

After all, as Theodore Roosevelt sagely observed, "America is a Nation; not a polyglot boarding house." Yet, some 25 years afterward, when the country which has given labor every free choice and free opportunity of good or evil, the American people are slowly confronted with a threatening and substantial impediment to our domestic peace.

Labor unions as such, when under the guidance of men like Samuel Gompers, a true patriot and a loyal American, are an asset and a need today no less than they were when Gompers died. But labor combines under men so avowedly individualistic and politically avid as John L. Lewis, and the lesser "politico" but more tolerant politician, William Green, will and can produce naught but disillusionment for the man or woman allied with so-called professional labor.

The strikes of the thousands in the General Motors industry and the plants that supply their necessities are most distinctly not a demonstration of true American labor against the people or the Government; but a loud-speaking uprising of a few inflated so-called labor leaders who hope they may fool labor, capital and all the rest of us and ride to political glory.

G. L. GIVEN.

Washington, Jan. 5.

"Pay Attention To The War."

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: As I read your interesting supplement, "The Annual Review of Business and Finance," I wondered why you omitted any review of employment, wages or the condition of labor. Was it an oversight?

If it is assumed that the businessman's problems of stocks, bonds, profits, taxes, excess bank reserves and the unbalanced budget are also the problems of wage-earners and salaried employes, may it not with equal truth be said that the workers' problems of excess labor reserves, unemployment, irregular employment, wages, hours of labor, collective bargaining, child labor, sweated labor and social security are also the problems of businessmen and financiers?

Before the election there may have been some reason for believing that the people of this country were primarily interested in business and financial economics, and only incidentally concerned about labor economics and social welfare. But is it not plain now that the vast majority of the American people consider the human problems of industry and commerce of primary importance and the financial and technical problems secondary? Why, then, the emphasis in your annual review on money and property values and the neglect of labor and social values?

One is reminded of Charlie Chaplin's war film, "Shoulder Arms," in which the army chieftain tells the crown prince to "pay attention to the war" and to forget his love affairs. Would it not be wiser now for our newspapers to pay more attention to the war against the human ills revealed by the depression and less to the affairs of the money marts?

W. M. LEISERSON.

Washington, Jan. 4.

Eulogy For The G. O. P.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: It is not a change in name that is necessary to the future success of the Republican Party. Rather it is for the party to get rid of malcontents within its ranks who have betrayed the party to follow false gods, or for some selfish purpose, or from ignorance of what the Republican Party has accomplished through a long period of years.

The Republican Party has an honorable record, covering three-quarters of a century. The party came into power as the champion of human freedom and the preservation of the Union. Forced into a civil war almost immediately upon assuming power, it preserved the Union, abolished chattel slavery and placed the National Government upon a firm, and let us hope, lasting foundation. No true American citizen need apologize for being a member of the Republican Party.

Under various Republican administrations the country enjoyed unusual prosperity, with but occasional periods of depression which were soon overcome and the country resumed its ordinary course. To attempt to blame the Republican Party for conditions which followed the panic of 1929 is far afield and can have little weight with thinking people. Prosperous conditions under Republican rule were real, not fictitious, nor was the Federal Treasury taxed heavily to bring about better conditions.

The Republican Party has stood, and still stands, for the great principles of human freedom and the liberty of the individual. The Republican Party believes in our free institutions and an enlightened citizenship. It is in principle and in practice an American party. This cannot be too strongly emphasized now that the Democratic Party has disappeared within the "New Deal." That the Republican Party, in the November election, should have received the hearty support of former leaders of the Democratic Party cannot be considered other than a high compliment to Republican Party leadership.

The Republican Party—the party of Lincoln and Grant and other distinguished Americans, whose services to their country down to the present time were of the highest value—has no occasion to change its name. Its brilliant past portends a still more brilliant future, which will be realized when political sophistry has run its course.

W. H. P.

Washington, Jan. 5.

On Securing Auto Tags.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: A letter recently published in these columns criticizes quite bitterly the system of issuing automobile licenses in the District. The author signed it "License No. 0000," and after reading same I can understand the reason for his pen name being full of zeros. It is so easy destructively to criticize any system or procedure, in fact, it is one of the easiest things we Americans do. But constructive criticism is quite another thing. Now, if Brother Zero would propose a better way, then his letter would mean something.

The present system has been worked out over a period of years, no doubt after a certain amount of "trial and error." I for one believe it is O. K. and I think that fully 95 per cent of the motorists here believe the same thing. Why, you don't even have to go to the traffic office—just send 10 cents extra and they mail the plates to you.

Why all this talk about waiting in line for days at a time? Of course, if Brother Zero is one of the minority who (1) waits until December 30, (2) who fails to report a change of address, (3) or who fails to pay his overtime parking fines, then, of course, he will be subjected to the ordeal of standing in line and other inconveniences, like paying his traffic tickets (which he should have paid in the first place.)

G. R. C.

Washington, Jan. 15.

Leisure And Labor

There are times, admitted Gran'pa when my thinking is every bit as desultory as my reading; lazy days on which I stick to no subject long. And this is a natural penalty, or privilege, of increase of years and leisure; and I don't mind it in the least. My avocations are few and light and I have begun to develop a distinct but, I trust, unobtrusive interest in other people's business. I personify the hard-working man who sits at his ease at the close of the day and looks back with satisfaction on the work he has done.

He also thinks of the work he is going to do; but why bring that up?

Moreover, I am blessed with a loving wife who never lets on how well she knows me; sons who have reached an age when they are willing to admit that the old man knows something after all; dutiful daughters who shamefully spoil me; granddaughters I shamelessly spoil, and grandsons who are not yet old enough to think me other than a wonder and a blessing. What more can man desire?

And now that we have a little time on our hands (continued Gran'pa) let's consider Leisure; and since words have different meanings to different persons we'll pick out the definitions that please us, so that we may know what Leisure is and what it isn't.

Work, then, is physical or intellectual effort directed toward a definite end; toil is irksome, fatiguing effort with no definite end that isn't servile; and leisure is lack of necessity for either work or toil.

* * * *

Having gone so far it is quite possible to quarrel with the definitions; to modify them; even to abolish them or use them interchangeably. But we'll do none of these things. We'll simplify them. We'll consider all work done under the spur of necessity as labor; and all time, busy or idle, that lacks that spur as leisure.

Mankind has always looked askance at Leisure, while Labor, Leisure's twin, has always won respect. And this is understandable. Men who had to work through all their waking hours to keep themselves alive, with food and clothing and shelter, could have no sympathy for those who loafed. Small wonder that men who toiled confounded leisure with laziness and that wise men preached the virtue of constant labor. Dionysius the Elder, according to Plutarch, on being asked whether he was at leisure, replied, "God forbid that it should ever befall me!" . . . the answer of a snob. And it didn't seem to occur to Mr. Plutarch that the world might have been a better place to live in if Mr. Dionysius hadn't been so infernally busy. Not all the cheap fussiness of this ward politician who became a bloody tyrant can compare in real value to the world with the brief leisure spent by Newton under an apple tree and by Watts before a steaming kettle.

It is a safe bet that the first wheel was not invented by some earnest-plodding worker but by some leisurely cuss who sought an easy way of doing things.

Because I have known Labor, delegate to Life's convention, I have the right to laud Leisure, Labor's alternate. The leisure that is rest has to be earned before it can be enjoyed. But Leisure at its best is a working partner of Labor; together providing mental and physical exercise. Old Man-Labor-Do-Too-Much may go stale; Sweet-Do-Nothing-Leisure may go sour; but throw 'em together like a Seidlitz powder, and you get joyous exhilaration.

And it is right here (and here Gran'pa shook an admonitory finger) it is right here that our political and social planners begin to fall down. They tell us that we are on the verge of an era of abundant leisure; and may be so. At the moment the civilized world has abundant unemployment but no leisure. Abundant leisure may be somewhere in the offing; and assuredly it must be captured if civilization is to endure.

* * * *

And what do the wise men suggest for the employment of that leisure? Culture; appreciation of things beautiful; music; painting; literature. To which I unhesitatingly say Tish, tush and pooh! Admittedly they are all good things, but they don't begin to solve the problem that will face a leisurely world. It is not enough to appreciate the good, the true and the beautiful. People must do things. Sweeter than rest, better than play, greater than cultural appreciation, is the Labor-Leisure that produces things, finds out things, assembles things and gives them understanding; and takes joy in the work it involves. Mind you, I'm not saying there isn't virtue in these strictly "cultural" plans; I merely declare, positively, that there is more effective preparation for the good time coming in the work of the boys who are fussing around on an old automobile, experimenting with the radio and making toy flying machines.

Some of these days some doddering old man with a rake and hoe will produce more food in a kitchen garden than is now produced by experts on teeming acres. Some of these days remedies will be found for all the diseases that affect us—save the passing of time. And then, of course, we'll discover a few more we have not yet dreamed of. Some of these days . . .

But, shoo! Be off with you! Gran'pa's tired and is going to rest his old bones. Go ahead and make as much noise as you want to. I love it. GRIF ALEXANDER.

Fair Enough

By *Westbrook Pegler.*

Fr. Parsons' Theory.

John Donahue, editor of Columbia, the national magazine of the Knights of Columbus, sends me a proof of an article on communism and fascism with reference to this country, by Father Wilfrid Parsons, the Jesuit writer. It is troublesome business to attempt to summarize a story on which the author has spent thought and care, and I will not try. But it seems to me fair to report that Father Parsons says, in conclusion, that fascism is the reaction of the middle class to the menace of communism, not an end sought in itself.

"If there were no communism," Father Parsons writes, "there would never be any cry for fascism, for fascism is nothing more than the instinctive demand of the middle class, threatened in its security, for a strong central authority to curb its enemy. Take away that enemy and you will never have that demand."

From Mr. Donahue's having sent me this proof I take it that he invites me to discuss the case, for such is usually the purpose of magazine editors in sending advance copies of their material to newspaper writers. On this assumption I would go Father Parsons one better and point out that communism, in turn, is the reaction to poverty, oppression and the exploitation of the masses by the few, and represents the demand of the masses for a strong central authority to curb their enemy.

• • • •

Father Parsons himself has written that the masses in Spain were driven to apostasy and that the blame for this apostasy goes back to those friends of the church who neglected to remedy their condition. That would mean to me that the downtrodden Spanish people are more to be pitied than slaughtered and that a small but privileged element of Spaniards who are now represented by fascism were the real enemies of Christianity, not only in their resort to war but in their original betrayal of a solemn responsibility. That responsibility was a grave thing, and I cannot understand any reasoning by which it may now be atoned with the blood of the betrayed.

Perhaps it is now being atoned otherwise elsewhere, but, unfortunately, as under fascism, the sentence of the court is not made public.

As to whether godlessness of itself is deplorable there is difference of opinion. My own view is that every man's soul is his own concern, and that if he does not believe in a hereafter or God, that is his right, if also his hard luck. The Christian religion, however, takes the position that the faith of the individual who does have faith should be guarded by those appointed and sworn to this duty. Father Parsons has not condoned the failure of the shepherds, but fascism undertakes to redeem their crime against Christianity by killing the flock.

Granting that each human being represents a soul, I see no distinction between the killing of a desperate man driven wild by oppression and want and the killing of a member of a religious order. But if there is any distinction, obviously the consecrated person, being in a state of grace, is better prepared to die than the frantic infidel. And, so far as one may judge by the early accounts of savage atrocity in Spain, the methods of killing were as vicious on one side as on the other. But in the slaughter of priests and nuns in Spain the blame again seems to me to go back to the original offenders, and I think their offense needs elaboration as to names, titles, official position and practices.

• • • •

If we knew who were the friends of Christianity who threw down their solemn duty, and just what they did and failed to do, we could consider that phase of the case more intelligently. Up to now we have details of the terror which caused the Fascist reaction, but only generalities as to the oppression which caused the Communist reaction.

It is said that communism breaks out in its violent form, as in Spain, only when the people have been prepared for it by exploitation, poverty and ignorance inflicted on them by their masters. Communism is like a souffle. The timing and ingredients must be absolutely perfect or the revolution will flop, and the result is fascism.

Father Parsons views with alarm the propagation of communism in this country. My own alarm is less active, but I agree that the movement is insidious and persistent. I do not agree, however, that there is a choice between the evils of communism and fascism, and I view with almost equal alarm his contention that there is.

I doubt that the souffle is very high in this country, but I do know how to turn off the heat, obviating both communism and the reaction of fascism. There are too many $35,000 fur coats in the audiences of the New York theaters, too many women whose jewels glitter and clank and mock the misery of people, like the trappings on old Franz Josef's horses. No man, least of all one who has never worked, nor his father before him, deserves enough income to pay one of his divorced wives a million dollars a year, and the rich should have better sense, if not more human conscience, than to squander from $50,000 to $100,000 on a debut party for a child.

Correct this condition and the oppression and denials which it represents and there will be no menace of communism.

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The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Clinical Note From Detroit.

That apprehensive expression you see on motorists' faces these early days of the new year is due to the news that Hank Ford has patented a car with the rear end where the front used to be, or vice versa.

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Henry's patent takes the engine from under the hood and places it far astern. Lizzie has had her operations, but putting her lungs and heart under her bustle is the biggest surgical project of her career.

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It will seem mighty strange to pull into a pumping station and watch the attendant go around to the back end of the bus to see if you need any water or oil. Or have the service station man crawl under the rear wheels to see if your fan belt is squeaking again.

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And imagine not knowing that the radiator is boiling over until some fellow a block behind you yells that you are steaming up his windshield!

• • • •

Henry says he is just protecting a patent, but the motor world has been agog ever since the recent announcement. When Ford starts juggling with the vital organs of the automobile it comes under the head of first-class clinical news. All the other auto makers leap into their white coats at once as a matter of preparedness.

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Making every motor car in the country old-fashioned with one vivisection would be about the biggest boost the industry could get.

• • • •

Henry's patent puts the motor lengthwise beside the right rear wheel. One of the main arguments for it is that it shoves the driver farther up front and gives him a better view of his victims. The slogan of the speed maniacs may soon become: "Don't honk until you see the whites of their eyes!"

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When the new car hits a pole the motor is so far away that it is practically absent from the scene of the crash.

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If the driver hears any funny motor sounds he can always assume they are from a car behind him.

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And one of the great arguments in favor of the rear-end engine will be that (with respectful apologies to the wife) it concentrates all the annoying noises in the rear.

• • • •

We trust that the new model doesn't call for putting the suitcases under the hood. There would be nothing more embarrassing in a forgetful moment than to grease the handbags, grind the satchels and fill the suitcase with water.

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De Valera Today

Irish Leader's Tactics In Directing Free State Appear To Contradict His Earlier Pledges For A Republic.

By Liam Lenihan.

EVER SINCE the abdication winds that swept hot and cold throughout the Commonwealth have subsided, the British have been taking inventory. Needless to say they rubbed their eyes and smiled when they read the news of the constitutional window-dressing and shedding of royal symbols that had taken place across the Irish Sea. For although the Dail Eireann had reduced the trade mark of the Crown and the office of the Governor General as the King's deputy to such shadowy dimensions that both had ceased to count it had preserved, with characteristic adroitness, the slender external Empire link to keep the Irish Free State within the Commonwealth.

Possibly a decade ago it would have been different. President Eamonn de Valera, then leader of the Opposition, was turning the siege guns of his Fianna Fail (Band of Destiny) party on the protagonists of the Anglo-Irish treaty that had given Ireland dominion status. Tall, lantern-jawed and bespectacled, he had stood out then as the symbol of rebellion for a free Ireland just as he had on that Easter morning in the long ago when, pale, blood-stained and white with fervor, his long face lit by a city's doom, he stepped out of Boland's Mills in Dublin to surrender to his British captors. "I am De Valera," he had said then. "Shoot me, but spare my men."

Responsibility tempers even revolutionaries. And Eamonn de Valera, who ten years ago would gladly have seized such an opportunity as England's recent "constitutional crisis" to hasten the march toward a republic, is today too astute a realist and has too great a sense of responsibility to take an irrevocable step that might conceivably inflict incalculable economic harm on his country.

Has Eamonn de Valera deviated then from his sworn pledge to shear the last vestige of British rule from Ireland? Has he forgotten the days of terror and the nights of fear that brought a tornado of flame and steel upon the "most distressful" land? We must go back over the years to find an answer.

Irishmen Remember History Of The Past.

THE STRONG HAND of the past is still an obsession to a good many Irishmen. "They talk," an English writer remarked at one time, "as if Cromwell had just finished slaughtering in Drogheda and taken last night's boat to Holyhead." And Eamonn de Valera, though born in New York of Irish and Spanish parents, is no exception to this nearness to "yesterday's seven thousand years."

April, 1916, saw a small group of purposeful, sincere men stage a coup d'etat in Dublin and proclaim a republic. Their act, however hopeless, was not a rash one, for they knew full well that martyrdom would fire the Irish people.

They had waited long. For years they had listened to British promises. They had heard the flattering applause that greeted Irish members in Westminster . . . patient Honorable Member from Ireland denouncing his country's wrongs, her centuries-old chains, then going back to preach the gospel of a tireless waiting to the children of the slums . . . until at last they—a few men with tired eyes and hearts heavy with waiting—discovered the incontrovertible truth; the need for action, and once again the hills re-echoed with their thunder and the old fight was on.

Eamonn de Valera was one of them. And he flashed dramatically out of the uprising into the hearts of an excited, strife-torn people. People heard how, though outnumbered more than 100 to 1, his band held off the British assault for days and took a heavy toll of the khaki-clad soldiers who tried to storm his position in close formation. They knew that he was the last of the rebel commanders to surrender; they prayed outside the prison where he awaited execution, and they rejoiced when a question of citizenship staved off the death penalty. His release, election for East Clare, rearrest, dramatic escape, endeared him to the Irish people, and there was not one among them who would betray him as he hid out in the misty hills—a hunted man with a price on his head.

De Valera Slipped Twice Through Lines.

TWICE Eamonn de Valera, now head of the Sinn Fein, or independence movement, slipped through the lines of his hunters, once to appear in Paris to plead for Irish freedom before the peace conference, and again to slip away to this country for a spectacular tour that netted $2,500,000 to the treasury of his cause.

Meanwhile grim events were developing in Ireland. With characteristic muddle-headedness England had underatken to crush the independence movement and raids, arrests, reprisals, bombings and firing squads were the order of the day. The turbulence had reached a crescendo of hate when De Valera returned from America in December, 1920.

The bitter struggle continued until the next summer, then negotiations were started which ended with the treaty of December, 1921, establishing the Free State. De Valera refused to recognize it; the nation split. And a nation in arms when split proceeds normally to civil war.

We are perhaps too close to those events to judge them objectively. De Valera, at that time was accused of plunging the country into futile civil war. People threw his address at Thurles with hate and score in his face. They called it incitement to civil war when he said then that if the treaty were accepted and "if the volunteers of the future tried to complete the work the volunteers of the last four years had been attempting they would have to complete it not over the bodies of foreign soldiers but over the dead bodies of their own countrymen. They would have to wade through Irish blood, through the blood of the soldiers of the Irish government and through, perhaps, blood of some members of that government in order to get Irish freedom."

Strong words you might say. Even a recent biographer remarked "one must be staggered by such outbursts." And yet de Valeria, we can only hope, will be dealt with more kindly by future history. He had opposed the treaty on the grounds that the Irish plenipotentiaries had signed it against their own written instructions and their own promises. And he had proposed the famed Document No. 2 as an alternative in order to give the pro-treaty supporters and the signatories a way out of their tragic blunder. Document No. 2 was drafted in similar terms to the treaty but for one exception. It preserved absolutely the independence and unity of Ireland. And it was hoped that the Dail would reject the treaty, adopt Document No. 2, and by offering it unitedly to England, close the sundered ranks and avert civil strife.

Leader's Failing Declared His Idealism.

PERHAPS De Valera's greatest failing is that he is an idealist. Opponents have jeered at him, but they have ever respected his sincerity of purpose. But human nature is not so idealized as he had then believed. Document No. 2 failed in its purpose and after two more attempts were made to prevent a final break the first shot was fired and men who had been brothers in arms for Ireland were shooting one another.

Peace finally came, but not before Eamonn de Valera had seen the interior of an Irish prison. And though elected to the Dail, he refused for six years to take the oath of allegiance to the British crown.

Then suddenly in 1927 he declared the oath but "an empty formula," qualified for his seat and in five years built up a parlimentary opposition that won him the presidency of the Irish Free State executive council in 1932.

He was now at the helm. And after his triumph he explained his stand in these words: "Ireland is not a British colony. It is one of the oldest nations in the world, older than any British law or the British nation itself. At this moment British statesmen have a great opportunity. All they need is the courage to abandon the insane ambition to dominate the Irish. That ambition has been the curse of Great Britain and of this country for 750 years."

But Eamonn de Valera did not repudiate the treaty then though there were forces within his ranks who urged him to do it. And those very forces he ailenated within a short time and he found himself being sniped at by the left and the right.

True, he got rid of the oath of allegiance, he had the Dail pass the abolition bill which gave the Senate (a conseravtive house) a legislative funeral. But moderation was his watchword though it lost him the support of the extremists and his program of self-sufficiency has brought down on his head the wrath of the right.

His Fire Tempered By Responsibilities.

WHY this metamorphosis then? Has responsibility tempered fire?

To a great extent it has. His Fianna Fail party bitterely denounced the Cosgrave public safety act, which set up military tribunals to try "dangerous agitators." And yet he resurrected the measure after a year of repeal when the extremists he alienated endangered the state.

But Eamon de Valera has not abandoned his earlier vision—the establishment of a republic. He has given up the idea of force but the goal is the same and he shall get there by legislative stages.

Off the Record.

By Ed Reed

"I'm afraid Junior won't stick it out at G. W.—he's homesick!"

Fogbound

By *Barnet Nover*

Bankruptcy Of Statesmanship.

IT IS A COMMONPLACE among historians that had there been in that galaxy of statesmen who directed the foreign policies of the major European powers in 1914 one man of outstanding ability—one Bismarck or Talleyrand—the World War might have been averted.

Instead, Europe's destinies in those critical hours were in the hands of a pack of mediocrities. Yet the Bethmann-Hollwegs and Berchtolds, the Sazanovs and Sir Edward Greys of the pre-war era compare favorably with the present crop.

The poverty of European statesmanship is palpable—particularly in those lands which in the past have shown a great capacity for leadership. And it is this circumstance as much as any other which explains the ever-present threat of international conflict. For while, presumably, no people and few statesmen want war, the governments that are most desperately anxious to avert it are fogbound. They have lost rudder, compass and chart. They are and have been for some time floundering about helplessly in the troubled seas.

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IN DOMESTIC affairs Premier Leon Blum of France has not done badly. But French foreign policy under his direction has taken a course whose inherent dangers now stand fully revealed. France wants above all else to keep out of war. To that end it has decided to cling to Britain's skirts. Thus the Quai d'Orsay has become in recent months little more than a sounding chamber for Downing Street.

Now Franco-British co-operation has much to recommend it and can be enormously useful to the cause of peace. The lack of it at the present time might, very easily, lead to an increase in existing dangers. But as things stand now, British leadership and French acquiescence in that leadership is a case of the blind leading the blind.

That is why, after seven months, the Spanish crisis shows no signs of easing. It has even produced a panic state of mind here in Washington. For Franco-British policy, while it has undoubtedly postponed, has by no means eliminated the possibility of the Spanish tinder box setting all Europe ablaze.

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IT IS BEING said in Paris anent the Anglo-Italian accord on the Mediterranean and its Spanish aftermath that it takes two gentlemen to make a gentleman's agreement.

The reference is to the report that Mussolini, after agreeing to do nothing to destroy Spain's territorial integrity, permitted 6,000 Italian "volunteers" to be landed at Cadiz to reinforce Gen. Franco's hard-pressed army. The report created the impression, and not in France alone, that the Duce after double crossing Germany proceeded to double cross Great Britain.

Later reports, however indicated that the dispatch of the Italian troops to the Spanish war areas was not undertaken without British knowledge. Indeed so usually well-informed an observer as Genevieve Tabouis of *L'Oeuvre* went so far as to suggest that the British cabinet is not in the least opposed to a victory for Gen. Franco, now that Italy has agreed to respect the balance of power in the Mediterranean.

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THIS THEORY seems to fly in the face of reality. But the mere circumstance that it can seriously be entertained shows how obscure is Britain's policy.

It is certainly clear that should Franco win he could only maintain himself by aid of the very forces that made his victory possible. He has never been anything but a puppet in the hands of his Fascist purveyors and paymasters. There is little likelihood that, with victory achieved, he could divest himself of his obligations to them. And the cavalier attitude previously displayed by Fascist dictators (and not by them alone) toward international commitments bodes no good for the Anglo-Italian treaty should a Fascist victory nevertheless make possible Italian gains at the expense of Spain. Then Great Britain would indeed find itself out on a limb.

Great Britain's alleged acquiescence in further violations by Italy, no less than by Germany, of the letter and spirit of the non-intervention agreement cannot be taken seriously. Yet, at the same time, its efforts to plug up the holes in that arrangement appear to be far from adequate.

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FRANCE'S PROPOSAL for a general nonintervention agreement regarding Spain was first made on August 1. But, because of the procrastination of the Fascist powers, it did not go into effect, even nominally, until nearly a month later. In the meantime Germany and Italy had sent sufficient supplies to Franco to enable the latter to make great progress.

Since then every move to tighten up the agreement and make it really effective has been blocked by similar delaying tactics by Berlin, Rome and Lisbon. And now, apparently, they are playing the same game again.

By the time that the Franco-British note demanding the cessation of all shipments of men as well as arms and planes to Spain goes into effect, if it does, a formidable German or German-Italian army may already be on the ground in Spain. With that in view the dispatch to Spanish waters of many British men o' war and the threat of a Franco-British blockade of the Spanish coast may be discounted.

The democratic powers still have it within their power to clear the air by a show of strength. But they have for so long left the initiative to the Fascist powers; they have so often submitted to "accomplished facts" presented them by Hitler and Mussolini that it may no longer be in their power to take decisive action.

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BUT FRANCE and Great Britain are not the only democracies that are at sea in the face of this standing threat of world conflict. In this country a powerful body of public opinion has been hypnotized by repetition of that blessed word, neutrality.

First laws were passed perfectly designed to keep us out of the World War, but obviously somewhat belated. Now we are to have a law keeping us out of the Spanish civil war, which broke out seven months ago, by prohibiting the sale of arms to the combatants in that unhappy land. At this rate we ought to have laws designed to keep us out of the next war about a year or two after we had been drawn in.

To paraphrase the fervent followers of Father Divine: "Neutrality! Isn't it wonderful?"

Famous Sayings

By William Lyon Phelps

Bon Mot.

Some time ago I printed a list of famous sayings, and asked for more. Here are some replies:

From the Rev. Dr. John Steele Duncan, of Mercer, Pa.:

When Grover Cleveland was elected Governor of New York, he wrote to his brother, "I should feel so much safer if mother were living," and when he was dying his last audible words were, "I have tried so hard to do right."

From Catherine T. Anderson, of Philadelphia:

By President John Quincy Adams, "This is the last of earth; I am content."

By Robert Burns, "Don't let that awkward squad fire over my grave."

By King George IV, "It is death, my boy. They have deceived me."

By Nathan Hale, "I only regret that I have but one life to give for my country."

By Daniel Webster (last whisper), "I still live."

From J. E. Winans, Fort Worth, Texas:

In the Spanish-American War, by the American Commander of the fleet, "Don't shout; the poor devils are dying." (I have heard this in other words and elsewhere, and it is good.)

From Mrs. Woolsey Carmalt, New Haven, Conn.:

By Toussaint L'Ouverture, his last words on leaving Haiti when captured by Napoleon's soldiers by treachery, "They could cut down the tree of liberty but its branches will shoot up again, for its roots are numerous and deep."

What I had in mind in asking for Famous Sayings was not necessarily sayings that are beautiful and fine, like Cleveland's remark about his mother, but sayings—that because they touch instantly the common heart or the sensitive nerve of humanity, become instantly popular and will never be forgotten.

And I don't mean proverbs, which are so often a substitute for thought; no, I mean a remark that exactly "clicks," like Philip Sidney's "Thy necessity is greater than mine." I am in a receptive mood.

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Trailers House 1,000,000 In U. S.

Taxpayers, Government And Sociologists Study Popularity Of Houses On Wheels And The Bedouin Instinct Which Fills Them With Roving 'Home-Lovers.'

The following is reprinted from the January issue of Survey Graphic:

THANKS to the house on wheels, pulled along by the gas engine of the car in front, the Bedouin potentialities of the masses have again got a lot of serious thinkers in a dither. There are serious students of social trends who visualize a raffish crew of trailerites—like houseboat ne'er-do-wells multiplied a thousandfold—swarming over our wheel-mad land in the future. The auto show last fall dramatized what's a-wheel; the parking lots of Florida and the West Coast towns visualize it. And what has the city planner, public official, social worker and sociologist and taxpayer to say of the development?

Legislators are beginning to take notice. They will discover that while trailers flee from snow and sleet like migratory birds, most trailers are hatched out within reach of the automobile industry's main plants in the North. There are at least 139 pleasure trailer and accessory manufacturers. Their plants are turning into assembly line, mass production factories, first cousins of Detroit. Carefree and toylike as Romany, Travelogue, Tally-Ho, Arcady, Aladdin, Vagabond or Cruiser may sound, they are made by an industry that hires men, buys millions of tires, thousands of bigger and better storage batteries and brake linings, compact sinks, stoves, toilets, utensils, water tanks and upholstery. House trailers—home-made, custom-made or turned out by the hundreds—must be built and equipped to insure safety. In New York one State senator is already asking what the State's trailer policy will be. The policy must encourage the industry. It must also invite trailers to use park camp sites. But at the same time it must tax the vehicles and prohibit permanent parking so that everyone will not be tempted to sell his house and squat for life on the public domain.

Mayors Wondering About Tax Evasion.

MAYORS have begun to ask about tax evasion, rentals for parking on vacant lots and some cities are already forbidding pleasure trailers on busy shopping streets. The news that the last farm on Manhattan Island is being groomed for a trailer camp site, right on upper Broadway, and that the 1939 World's Fair is revising upward the expected number of trailer visitors, indicates that the present boom is more than a fad. Zoning, city planning, water and electric connections, policing—even schools—are bound to be affected. California knows from experience the kind of problem 50,000 trailer children present to the school system. Florida compels nonresident tourists to pay tuition for their school children. Montana sets an example in reverse with a trailer school for isolated pupils in Lincoln County, like the caravan school that once existed in Great Britain for gypsies.

Most plain citizens, seeing for the first time an ornate residential trailer, don't thing of social implications. They wonder why no one has ever designed a permanent house as cheaply and scientifically. We who have no migratory trade, no migratory means, no intention of trying our luck gypsying, may envy the 200,000 trailer buyers estimated for 1937—but we have not yet reached the footloose condition of the million trailer addicts that the American Automobile Association already estimates in the United States.

Social workers see a host of unwelcome bogies swarming in the wake of the trailer parade. They see still another class rising up to vex the transient problem, as families leave the grief of rent, upkeep and taxes in the dust of permanent departure—for destinations perennially unknown. They see all the familiar, pestiferous problems of residence requirements for relief, due to unequal State laws which may leave a two-years-on-the-road trailer dweller practically divorced from citizenship for deserting his own State, but five years' faithful residence short of establishing any claim on the new State where he happens to be.

Family disorganization and motley domestic assortments loom as possibilities. Trailer children have an unbeatable head start on truant officers. Health hazards may pile up in trailers—plumbingless, water supply from anywhere, food preparation haphazard, refrigeration doubtful or lacking. Social workers are haunted by visions of trailer slums, when the once comfortable portable home has become a hand-me-down, passed from bad to worse and finally, perhaps, broken down by some inhospitable roadside or parked for good and all in a desolate auto camp.

Already the National Association for Travelers' Aid and Transient Service and the American Public Welfare Association are surveying, studying, appraising the threats ahead. "Trailers!" say social agencies with deep gloom. "Just more transient trouble to us."

Taxpayers Discern Challenge To Housing.

TAXPAYERS are looking into the thing. An interesting civic speculation appears in the Tax Policy League's provocative publication, Tax Policy, for November, 1936. The trailer is a challenge to dingy flat and shabby cottage, say the Tax Policy people. It may cushion the impending housing shortage; it may give labor a new freedom, as the sudden dramatic popularity of the new covered wagon coincides with the development of a Federal system of employment offices. In Florida's resorts where half the winter trailerites are older people, and most of the rest young people working in the State as waiters and so on, the average tin can tourist stays from October to April.

The Tax Policy research editor has discovered that the permanent, as distinguished from the holiday, trailer population is made up of four main groups: the modestly secure, the migratory workers, natural vagabonds, and families unable to afford a house or apartment. But, says Tax Policy, a trailer offers a pinched and unstable form of housing, which would not tempt the average man, whose desire for permanence and stability is greater than the lure of the open road.

How and where should the trailer be taxed? It has been ruled a human dwelling by one justice of the peace, but certainly it can't be taxed as real estate. Not even as tangible property, very handily, when a residence may shift from Maine to California and the occupant can easily shop for the cheapest tax State for his annual license. A license tax, like that of a freight trailer attached to a truck—is one method. Taxing and regulating trailer camps is another. The burden of regulation falls on State and local governments.

"It is impossible to form an estimate of the additional net cost occasioned governments by the trailers," says Tax Policy. "The trailer does not bring a new population into existence. . . . These people have been receiving government services prior to the advent of the trailer. . . .

It may cost a city more to inspect and offer fire and police protection to obsolete tenements housing 1,000 persons than the trailer camps where an equal number are located.

"It seems probable," concludes Tax Policy, "that the trailer movement, even though it should increase markedly in scope, will neither greatly enrich nor impoverish our cities. . . ."

Professor Studies Life In Trailer Camp.

THE SOCIOLOGISTS come at it from another angle. Last summer Howard Rowland, of the department of sociology, Pennsylvania State College, supervised an automobile tourist camp in the Rocky Mountain National Park just so he could study the life and habits of the trailerites. He says the summer caravaners he saw were mostly school teachers and professors, or small businessmen and farmers who had retired with some certain income, like a pension. To every vacationer who could get away, the old home that needed paint, paper and curtains, had become a tombstone of weariness, so he took to the roads, parks and seashores. He broke all travel records for all time.

The immediate problems to be solved in the interest of our trailer population, says Mr. Rowland, are those relating to health, sanitation, safety. He doesn't believe that the trailer, which is adding color and experience to the lives of hundreds of thousands of middle class families, is a threat to the stay-at-homes who pay real estate taxes, support churches and community enterprises. "The positive results for society," he says, "will be an awkward national consciousness. Of course, social and poitical problems will develop. And the trailer may usher in more grandiose changes in the culture of our times than have resulted from any previous technological invention. But at present the institution of real estate property and the pattern of the American community have been affected very little by this innovation, in spite of its magnitude. Relatively few people using trailers have forsaken social and industrial ties in favor of a permanently mobile abode."

Mr. Rowland fears the hotel owners will succeed in lining up dismayed home owners with them in promoting pressure group legislation to force prohibitive taxes on trailers. Last summer, the year of the vast trailer increase, was the best year in our history for the resort hotel and cottage business. From that he concludes that instead of being a menace to these interests the trailer has given great mobility to a particular type of person who has hitherto had very little mobility. The first purchasers of trailers, however, consisted largely of those who formerly spent their vacations living in the out-of-doors. "Bourgeois morality looks upon excessive vacation expenditures as sinful," says Mr. Rowland, "especially if paid to a fancy hotel or resort. The trailer vacation is different. The major expense is the vehicle itself, which is an acquisition of property. It is easily rationalized as a form of savings and investment."

After attending the 1937 automobile show in Grand Central Palace, Mr. Rowland said: "People filed past the shining new automobiles curious, eager and silent—but upstairs at the trailer show all was different. There was warmth, intimacy, no hurry. The curious stayed for hours, pondering their future in relation to homes, apartments, and mobile dwellings. It was an exhibit of human emotions and not one of streamlined steel and plywood. The trailers themselves were incidental to the psychic contagion of the mart."

Union League Club Considers Revoking Ban on Democrats

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—The venerable Union League Club took steps today to remove its "Republicans only" tradition.

Charles C. Paulding, president of the organization, in summoning the members to their monthly meeting January 14, advised them the executive committee "recommended that the club rescind certain resolutions under which the club for many years has restricted its membership to Republicans only."

Paulding added: "It is not a time for narrow partisanship, but for broad-minded Americanism."

The Union League Club was organized in the midst of the Civil War, when political passions ran high. In the 1880's the club voted to bar Democrats from membership.

Leading club officials said that the resolution, if adopted, will open the club doors to such prominent "Jeffersonian" Democrats as former Gov. Alfred E. Smith, John W. Davis, former Democratic candidate for President; Newton D. Baker, wartime Secretary of War, and others.

CCC May Continue Aids for Wild Life

By the Associated Press.

Continued aid to wild life from the Civilian Conservation Corps was asked yesterday by the House Select Committee of Wild Life Resources.

Reporting on a two-year study of ways to combat depletion of the Nation's wild life, Chairman Robertson asked:

Funds for a definite program of wild life conservation.

Better control of pollution in streams and navigable waters.

Federal protection and aid for fur bearers.

A vessel to conduct fisheries research.

Federal studies of means for protecting fish at hydro-electric and other water-control projects.

10 Pastors Dismissed; Violated Nazi Decree

Berlin, Jan. 6 (AP).—The German Christian Bishop of Luebeck tonight dismissed ten Protestant confessional pastors who refused to obey a decree abolishing the executive functions of the "councils of brethren."

Hans Kerrl, Nazi director of church affairs, ruled December 20, 1935, these councils which consisted of clergymen no longer would be permitted to exercise executive functions.

Previously, the councils managed administrative affairs of the confessionals during the interim between synods.

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President Calls Rail and Labor Leaders Today

Carriers' Retirement Act to Be Topic; Officials Study Auto Strike.

The many-sided labor situation as reflected in Washington last night found officials eagerly watching the automobile strike negotiations at Detroit while railroad executives and labor heads were preparing for an important conference today, inspired by President Roosevelt, on the controverted railroad retirement act and other issues.

There were these other sides to the picture:

Word was received that Sidney Hillman's Amalgamated Clothing Workers had asked for a 15 per cent pay raise from all men's clothing manufacturers with which the union has contracts.

Relief for the auto strikers was the subject of discussion, relief officials asserting that strikers will not be discriminated against as such.

Steel employe representatives from 18 plants, meeting at Pittsburgh, called for opposition to the Committee for Industrial Organization in its effort to organize steel workers.

Union Heads Hold Parley.

Presidents of ten unions within the Railway Labor Executives Association met here yesterday preliminary to the conference of their committee with a committee from the Association of American Railroads. George M. Harrison, chairman of the labor association, said no proposals or course of action had been determined upon, but the labor stand will be developed as the conference progresses.

From New York, the Associated Press quoted Hillman, head of the garment workers, as saying the union's executive board recently had decided "that the widespread recovery in business and the substantial increase in the cost of living, clearly warrant a general increase in the wage level of all amalgamated members."

Hillman suggested a conference of manufacturers and union leaders in New York, beginning January 25, and, in view of "the established relations of many years," predicted an agreement would be reached. The union has something over 150,000 members.

The vote against the C. I. O. was taken at a meeting of employe representatives of Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corporation plants, defending their company-sponsored collective bargaining plan, the Associated Press said.

Debate Is Stormy.

Stormy debate preceded the vote, with Elmer J. Maloy, chairman of the group, favoring the John L. Lewis committee's drive to organize steel into one big union. Maloy said he felt he had "taken the teeth out of the motion" by changing phrases dealing with testimony given in Washington last month at a hearing before the National Labor Relations Board. The board will resume its hearing Monday into charges the Carnegie-Illinois plan violates the Wagner labor relations act.

Meanwhile, with the C. I. O. maintaining its position that automobile strikers are entitled to relief "just as any other hungry people," relief officials here were declaring that there would be no discrimination against strikers, as such, but pointing out that they would have to take their place with other relief clients, obtain "certificates of need" and wait for WPA jobs.

The present relief fund is expected to be exhausted by the end of this month. The size of the appropriation which the President will ask to carry the load until the end of the fiscal year June 30 has not been mentioned. The President has mentioned $500,000,000, Relief Administrator Harry Hopkins is said to feel $775,000,000 is necessary, and the United States Conference of Mayors last Saturday recommended $877,500,000.

Guffey Offers Coal Bill.

The Senate stamped "Number one" yesterday on a new Guffey coal control bill designed to replace the measure outlawed last May by the Supreme Court.

Introduced by Senator Guffey (Democrat), of Pennsylvania, the new bill was essentially like the invalidated act in its marketing provisions, but contained a drastically modified labor section.

In place of extensive Federal regulations of relations between operators and miners, the new bill merely contained a collective bargaining guarantee with a simple enforcement section.

Under the new bill, the Federal Government would be required to buy its coal from producers who lived up to the collective bargaining guarantee.

A committee of leading producers worked feverishly yesterday to turn out an entirely new marketing section, satisfactory to the entire industry. If they agree on a substitute and it is satisfactory to Guffey and the United Mine Workers, it will be presented as an amendment to the bill introduced today.

Heads for Near East

FATHER BONAVENTURO.

Father Bonaventure of the Franciscan Monastery here has accepted a post as head of the English-speaking Catholic parish in Cairo, Egypt, and will leave for the Near East January 27, it was announced yesterday.

As much at home in the East as here, because of some years spent there earlier, Father Bonaventure said last night he will join eight friars from the Washington Monastery who are stationed in the Orient, best known of whom perhaps is Father Pascal Kinsel, rector in charge of the Holy Land College in Jerusalem.

Father Bonaventure will stop first in Palestine, where he was ordained in 1928, then go to Cairo to replace Father Frederick, who returns shortly to the United States.

The Washington Monastery is in the custody of the Holy Land and supplies English-speaking clergy for missionary and parochial work there. Two friars from the Capital are in Bethlehem, one in Nazareth, one in Alexandria, four in Jerusalem, and one in Cairo, Father Bonaventure said. His home is in Jamaica, N. Y. He came to Washington 23 years ago at the age of 15.

Bar Committee Proposes Plan To Pick Judges

Convention in Columbus Is Given Suggestion for Appointment.

By the Associated Press.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 6.—Demands for a substitute for the current plan of electing judges to the majority of the Nation's benches were made tonight before the American Bar Association's house of delegates.

A report urging universal adoption of a dual system of selecting jurists through nomination by a responsible body and appointment by the Governor or "other agency was presented by two members of the association's committee on judicial selection and tenure, Chairman John P. Wood, of Los Angeles, and Charles M. Thomson, of Chicago, president of the Illinois Bar Association.

"In any populous community such as Chicago an exercise of the election system in selecting judges cannot prove satisfactory," said Thomson.

"Inevitably where the election system prevails in such a community the judges are drawn into politics, and that fact alone is sufficient to condemn the system."

"The use of appointment of judges by dual agency has been advocated in 13 States in which concrete plans have been formulated," said Wood in his report. "The most recent expressions have been in Ohio, Michigan and Illinois."

Under the dual agency plan, judges must go before the people at specified intervals—usually every four or six years—to face a vote on whether they should be retained in office or retired. A favorable vote, the men explained, extended the jurist's term for a new period of years.

The house of delegates held today that control of the unauthorized practice of law is a matter for the courts and not for Congressional or legislative action.

After a report by Justice L. B. Day, of the Nebraska supreme court, that the legal profession was "seriously overcrowded," the delegates recommended appointment of a committee of seven to study the situation and suggest remedies.

Justice Day urged raising standards for admission to law school and the practice of law, rather than attempt at arbitrary limitation.

John D. Allison Reported Suicide

John D. Allison, 29, employed as a guard at the Lorton Reformatory, committed suicide at his home near Pohick late Tuesday night by shooting himself through the head with a service revolver.

He was found by his wife and friends who were visiting him, who heard the shot.

Members of the family could give no reason for his act. He had been employed as a guard at the reformatory for the past six years. Dr. C. A. Ransom, county coroner, after viewing the body, issued a certificate of suicide.

He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Vivian Allison, and a small son and daughter, and his parents Mr. and Mrs. John W. Allison, of Fredericksburg, Va.

Loses Pants in Subway.

Jersey City, N. J., Jan. 6 (U.P.).—Policeman Victor Jaskola today asked the New York City Board of Transportation to help him find his uniform trousers. Jaskola said he lost them while riding a New York subway. "I wasn't," he added, wearing them at the time."

Noyes Awaiting Simpson Reply On News Series

Amazed at Her Statement He Was Unauthorized to Write Stories.

Newbold Noyes, associate editor of The Evening Star, today is awaiting a reply from Mrs. Wallis Simpson "explaining" her protest against the series of articles about her and former King Edward VIII which appeared in newspapers throughout the world.

Mrs. Simpson's protest was worded as follows:

"Mrs. Wallis Warfield Simpson has protested against a series of articles published under the signature of Newbold Noyes, styling himself her cousin, in various newspapers throughout the world and she has retained Maitre Armand Gregoire, Paris attorney, to defend her interests.

[In some newspapers, in the preface to the Noyes story, he is described as a second cousin by marriage to Mrs. Simpson.]

Denies Approval.

"Mrs. Simpson states that Mr. Noyes is not her cousin, that he did not come to England at her request and that the articles in question were never submitted to her, and therefore it is obvious that she did not approve them either by telegram or any other means.

"She continues that after a conversation with Noyes, she authorized him only to publish a portrait, in words, of herself with the object of rectifying many fantastic reports concerning her personally. Therefore, Mrs. Simpson noted with amazement that the actual articles far exceeded in scope any passable portrait in words.

"Mrs. Simpson states further that Noyes was received at dinner by King Edward VIII, but that the conversation on that occasion was solely of a general nature and took at no time the confidential turn indicated by Noyes in his articles.

No Interviews.

"Neither the Duke of Windsor nor Mrs. Simpson ever gave Mr. Noyes any kind of interview."

Noyes made the following statement at New York yesterday:

"I am entirely unable to account for these statements credited to Mrs. Simpson. I am, however, aware of the extreme nervous tension to which she has been subjected in recent weeks.

"I was asked to write these articles by both Mrs. Simpson and the former King. Every statement in them is true.

Authority "Documentary."

"I have documentary evidency to establish the fact that both the former King and Mrs. Simpson knew that these articles were in course of preparation, and approved of their publication.

"I do not feel that at this time it is necessary to make this documentation public."

Following his statement Noyes cabled Mrs. Simpson for an explanation.

Last Rites Held For Emily Moore

Funeral services for Miss Emily Salter Moore, 88, were held at her residence, 1851 Columbia road, yesterday. The body then was taken to Philadelphia for burial tomorrow.

A resident of Washington for 40 years, Miss Moore, who died Monday, was born in Elizabeth, N. J., and spent the first part of her life in Williamsport, Pa. Her paternal grandfather was the Right Rev. Richard Channing Moore, first Episcopal Bishop of Virginia.

Miss Moore, a member of St. Margaret's Episcopal Church, is survived by a sister, Miss Virginia Moore, 92, of Washington, and several nephews and nieces.

Alphonzo E. Parker, 50, Dies of Heart Attack

Alphonzo E. Parker, 2121 New York avenue northwest, supervisor of news stands and soda bars in Federal buildings, succumbed to a heart attack yesterday while in the Internal Revenue Building. He was 50 years old.

Employed by the Welfare and Recreational Association, Parker had gone to the Internal Revenue Building yesterday. He collapsed in the lobby and was taken to Emergency Hospital, where he was pronounced dead.

He is survived by his widow and a daughter.

Thousands Shot Down in Orgy Following Chiang's Capture

Details of Chang Coup Reveal Wild Bloodshed Cost 5,000 to 10,000 Lives as Rebels Rode Through Streets Firing at All in Sight.

By the Associated Press.

Sianfu, Shensi Province, China, Jan. 6.—Between 5,000 and 10,000 persons were killed during the Shinsi military rebellion in which Marshal Chang Hsueh-Liang held Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek prisoner, reliable sources asserted today.

Hundreds of Sianfu residents were slain during rebel orgies following the capture of the Chinese premier, these persons declared, while additional thousands were reported killed in clashes between government troops and insurgents in the surrounding territory.

The generalissimo was captured as he fled in his nightclothes.

First specific details of the uprising—which began December 12 and ended with the generalissimo's release Christmas Day—were recounted this way by authoritative informants:

"The night of December 11, central government representatives gave a banquet for Marshal Chang and Shensi Chieftains. All the guests toasted each other and expressed hope for each other's well being.

"Before dawn, 4,000 of Chang's soldiers surrounded Lintung, east of Sianfu, where Gen. Chiang and 400 bodyguards were staying. A sharp battle followed, in which it is believed all the guards were killed.

"Gen. Chiang escaped in his nightclothes, running with a companion up a hillside into a cave with a quilt wrapped around him.

"After a search, the mutineers found the pair, killed Chiang's associate and took the general prisoner.

"Taken to Sianfu, he was held under guard and his prison changed each night to avoid any conspiracy to release the premier.

"At the same time, the military rebels broke loose in a wild orgy of street fighting. They clashed with Nanking troops, disarmed them and killed many of Chiang's supporters.

"Rebel patrols raced through the streets with guns in their hands, firing recklessly from careening automobiles.

"Groups of foreign missionaries remained inside their homes, declaring later: 'We could see the victory-crazed rebels running through the streets with cocked pistols and rifles, firing at anyone visible. They went mad with victorious frenzy.'

"The same day (December 12) 31 Nanking bombing planes, based at Loyang, Honan Province, flew over Sianfu but dropped no bombs on the interior city, although they did bombard various communities east of the provincial capital. Four thousand persons were reported killed then.

"During the intervening days, residents of Sianfu could hear cannonading as loyal soldiers and rebel troops fought in eastern Shensi. The results of these battles have not been disclosed.

"The motive for the coup apparently lay in Marshal Chang's statement in which he said: 'I tried for days to persuade Gen. Chiang to cease fighting the Communists and unite in a thrust against Japan. But Chiang was adamant, declaring the Communists must first be exterminated, then the foreign affair would be considered. I had no choice but to arrest him.'

"The rebellion subsided Christmas afternoon when the generalissimo was released and soon afterward Chiang, accompanied by his wife, his brother-in-law (Dr. T. V. Soong) and Marshal Chang took off for Loyang."

A. E. Holder Dies; Was Labor Chief

Arthur E. Holder, one of the early leaders in the American labor movement, died yesterday at his home in Lake Wales, Fla., the United States Labor Department here was informed.

Active in the establishment of the Labor Department and drafting labor legislation, he died after being forced to retire in 1934 by poor health.

Holder was a force in the old Knights of Labor and subsequently in the American Federation of Labor. The A. F. of L. appointed him legislative representative here. He once headed the Iowa State Federation of Labor. He was born in 1860 in Pontypridd, Wales.

A telegram of sympathy yesterday was sent his widow and two sons, Jack and Stanley, at Lake Wales, by Secretary Frances Perkins, who described Holder as "a valued friend and aid in public service." Funeral plans have not been announced.

Mrs. Knopp Rites Slated for Today

Funeral services for Mrs. Flora Kendall Knopp, 72, wife of John L. Knopp, for many years a prominent real estate operator and builder in the Langdon and Woodridge section, will be held at 2 p. m. today in Sherwood Presbyterian Church, followed by burial in Fort Lincoln Cemetery.

Mrs. Knopp died Monday at her home at 3813 Twenty-eighth street, Mount Rainier, Md. A native of Indiana, she came here in 1893, and for many years was identified with civic and religious activities.

She was active in the Sherwood Church, the Northeast Suburban W. C. T. U., and the Woodridge Garden Club.

Surviving are her husband, now a vice president of the Northeast Building Association, and a sister, Mrs. Mary Mooney, of Brooke, Ind.

Age Law Repeal Sought.

Boston, Jan. 6 (U.P.).—Women who are touchy about revealing their right age today found a champion in State Representative Wenzler, of South Boston. Under provisions of a bill filed by Wenzler, a law requiring women to give their exact age in census and voting lists would be repealed.

Last Rites Are Held For R. D. Burbank

Last rites for Robert Dillon Burbank, 56, an acting supervisor in the Treasury Department's disbursing office, who died Monday, were held yesterday afternoon at the Hines undertaking establishment, followed by private burial.

Besides his work with the Treasury, Burbank, who lived at 1835 Sixteenth street northwest, also had held positions with the Interstate Commerce Commission and practiced law.

He was a native of Wisconsin, and had lived in Washington since 1908. He was educated at the University of Wisconsin and the Washington College of Law. For many years he had been a member of Foundry M. E. Church, where he was active in the Epworth League.

Surviving Burbank are two sons, Robert Clowe Burbank, of Philadelphia, and Harry Marvin Burbank, of Washington; a daughter, Miss Eleanora Josephine Burbank, of Washington; a sister, Mrs. Charles Stinemetz, of Portland, Oreg., and a brother, Arthur Burbank, of Seattle.

Junior C. of C. Will Hear Head Of Reform Unit

Merit System Is Topic of R. L. Johnson, Former Pa. Relief Chief.

Robert L. Johnson, president of the National Civil Service Reform League and vice president in charge of advertising of Time, Inc., Publications, will address members of the Junior Board of Commerce at their regular weekly luncheon at the Lee House today at 12:15 o'clock.

He will speak on "Young Men's Interest in the Merit System." Mr. Johnson is especially qualified to discuss his subject, having served as relief administrator for Pennsylvania, although he is not yet 40 years old.

Appointed by Gov. Earle, he administered the spending of $20,000,000 a month through 14,000 employes in 670 branch offices, setting up his own personnel administration and selecting his employes on a merit basis.

Returning to private business in 1936, he concluded it was his duty as a private citizen to take a keener interest in the efficient operation of his Government.

Since becoming president of the league, he has made the organization increasingly aggressive.

Guests of honor at the luncheon will include Leonard D. White, United States Civil Service Commissioner; Oliver Short, personnel director of the Census Bureau; Frederick M. Davenport, chairman of the National Institute of Public Affairs, and Arthur Fleming, director of the School of Public Affairs at American university.

Dr. Henry Reining, jr., chairman of the public service standards of the United States Junior Chamber of Commerce, will introduce the speaker, President Albert E. Conradis will preside.

Officer Dies in Crash.

Honolulu, Jan. 6 (AP).—Lieut. R. H. Gorsline, 25, United States Navy, was killed and Harvey J. Combs, Navy petty officer, was injured seriously in an airplane crash here today. They were stunting in a private plane. Both were attached to the cruiser Louisville.

'King' Sam Otis, 'Queen' Mary Caccaro Preside at AAUW Court of Honor

Harper Sibley to Address 20th Century Clubbers at Session Today.

The American Association of University Women formed a court of honor at the miracle play, "The Flight of Helen," given by the Players Group last night. Sam Otis was king and the queen, Miss Mary Caccaro.

Square dance programs which have been held once a week in the lobby of the clubhouse have proven popular with members and most of those present last night took part.

Yesterday morning the drama study group met with Mrs. Horace Torbert, president.

Today the Martha McLear poetry study group will meet. Modern French poetry will be discussed.

The tap dancing class of the Business and Professional Women's Department met at the Y. W. C. A. last night. A business meeting followed.

The education committee of the Woman's National Democratic Club will meet at 1526 New Hampshire avenue today. The speaker will be Mrs. Robert Nelson who will outline her impressions of foreign affairs.

The guest speaker at the monthly meeting of the Twentieth Century Club this morning will be Harper Sibley, president of the United States Chamber of Commerce. Sibley has just returned from an airplane trip to South America.

West Virginia State Society held its annual ball at the Raleigh Hotel last night. A dinner preceded the ball.

Among those present were Senator and Mrs. Matthew M. Neely, Senator Rush D. Holt and his sister; Representatives Robert L. Ramsay, Jennings Randolph, Andrew Edmiston, George W. Johnson and Joe L. Smith.

The committee included John L. Bateman, chairman; Mrs. Sada G. Shinn, Miss Mayme Hamrick, J. P. Moriarity and William O'Brien. The president of the society, David S. Davidson, was toastmaster.

Members of the reception committee were: John W. Smith, chairman; Miss Inez Bray; Mrs. J. C. Burchinal, Miss Mayme Hamrick, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Nunnally, E. T. Crawford, Miss Lucille Hutchinson, Crawford Sloan, Miss E. T. Rhodes, Miss Bertha Duncan, Miss Edith Echols, Miss Mary McCabe, and Hood Phillips. Serving on the floor committee was: Col. Heber Rice, chairman; Marion Hutchinson and Harold Martin.

Mrs. Etta Mae Russell, juvenile court worker with the Women's Council of the Federated Churches, was guest speaker at the luncheon of the Rowac Club at the home of Mrs. Don C. Smith yesterday. Assistant hostesses were: Mrs. J. C. Smith, Mrs. Harold B. Atkinson and Mrs. James A. Hendrix. Mrs. Ernest P. Krick, chairman of the public welfare section was in charge of the program.

Beta Chapter of the World Caravan Guild and Zeta Beta Chi National Sorority will have a business meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m. in the Willard Hotel to plan appearance of Richard Halliburton in March.

The business session will be followed by a special meeting. Miss Eva Freeman, national secretary, of Boston national headquarters, will attend.

Thursday morning lecture courses given by Dr. Abram Simon, at the Shoreham Hotel, will have for its subject today Alice T. Hobart's novel, "Yang and Yin." As Dr. Simon will be in New Orleans for the next two Thursdays, there will be no lectures until January 28.

Washington Chapter, National Park Seminary Alumnae, will be entertained by Mrs. Henry S. Merrick in her home at the Westchester Monday at 2:30 p. m. Mrs. Merrick will be assisted by Mrs. J. Somerville Dawson, Mrs. W. E. Springer and Mrs. A. M. Ferguson. All N. P. S. Alumnae are invited.

Dr. Domenic Vittorini, of the University of Pennsylvania, author of "The Drama of Luigi Pirandello," will address the meeting of the Italy-America Society of Washington, January 14, at the Mayflower. "Pirandello, the Man and the Artist," is the subject of his talk. Col. George B. McClellan, president of the society, will preside.

Dr. Vittorini also wrote "The Modern Italian Novel," well-known publication.

In the Club World Today.

Meeting, educational committee, Women's National Democratic Club, 11 a. m.

Public Affairs Study Forum, Y. W. C. A., 5:15 p. m.

Meeting, Washington Section, National Council of Jewish Juniors, Jewish Community Center, 8 p. m.

Board meeting, Soroptimist Club, Willard Hotel, 7:30 p. m.

Meeting, Thursday Club, Y. W. C. A., 4:30 to 5:30 p. m.

Poetry Study Group, Washington Branch American Association of University Women, 11 a. m.

W. Va. State Society Has Annual Ball Here, Fetes Senators.

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The Washington Post

U. S. Aide Joins Efforts to End G. M. C. Strike

Dewey Holds Parleys With Company Officials and Union Leaders.

Conference Prospect Dim.

with General Motors executives. The corporation was said to insist the strikers leave the company's plants before negotiations are started.

The union was represented as objecting to this provision without a guarantee from General Motors that no attempt would be made, after the men left, to remove machinery and equipment from the plants for possible use elsewhere.

Lewis Agent Arrives.

John D. Brophy, director of the John L. Lewis Committee for Industrial Organization, of which the U. A. W. A. is a member, came to Detroit tonight and went immediately to union headquarters to see Martin.

The automobile workers president announced receipt of a telegram from Charles P. Howard, head of the International Typographical Union, pledging "whole-hearted" support of the union's demands on General Motors.

The union's "board of strategy," empowered to call a general strike in General Motors plants to enforce demands for a national collective bargaining agreement with the corporation, joined the meeting between Dewey and Martin.

Earlier in the afternoon, Martin professed to see "very little prospect" for a conference with General Motors heads, although Alfred P. Sloan, jr., corporation president, was in Detroit.

In a formal statement issued in response to one by Sloan recently, Martin denied the union sought a "closed shop" in General Motors plants and asserted that "only through the effective medium of a national agreement can dictatorship by management be avioded."

G. M. C. Reiterates Refusal.

The gigantic automobile concern, with more than 50,000 of its employes idle because of the effects of strikes, has reiterated its policy that any grievances of workers must be discussed with individual plant managers, and Sloan has declared no "union or any labor dictator will dominate the plants of General Motors."

Denying that higher wages are "the only objective" of the union, Martin defined that union's campaign as follows:

"This is a struggle against the inhuman speed-up which has made man the slave of the machine; it is a fight against the vicious espionage system which deprives the automobile worker of those legal rights to join any organization he desires; * * * it is an endeavor to shorten the hours to a working day which will enable the automobile worker to enjoy his wife, his children and his leisure time."

Organization, Martin contended, "can be labor's only reply to conditions which are subject to the whims of management."

4 Companies Approved.

The union president classified Nash, Studebaker, Graham-Paige and Willys-Overland—as "Approved 100 per cent" by his organization, and three others—Chrysler, Hudson and Packard—as "satisfactory." This announcement, he said, came in response to a telegram from Evelyn Preston, whom he identified as president of the League of Women Shoppers at New York.

At Flint, Mich., striking employes of the Fisher body division of General Motors concluded their first week in possession of the company's plants Nos. 1 and 2, although since Saturday they have been facing a court injunction prohibiting such action. Sheriff Thomas Wolcott continued to serve copies of the order on union leaders, but did not say what plans might be considered for ejecting the men.

Edward D. Black, the 83-year-old judge who issued the injunction, took cognizance of U. A. W. A. threats to seek his removal because of his ownership of General Motors Corporation stock while acting in a court move affecting the company. Martin said Judge Black had $219,900 worth of stock, the judge said he owned "some."

To suggestions by the union head that he was an interested party in the dispute, Judge Black said, "there is not a man or woman in Flint who is not an interested party and who does not have an interest at stake."

At Martin's press conference today, Lawrence Davidow, attorney for the union, said, "the union will resist by all lawful methods any procedure that is against the American system."

To Organize Oil Workers.

Long Beach, Calif., Jan. 6 (AP).—Harvey Fremming, president of the International Oil Workers' Union, announced today a campaign would start April 1 to organize approximately 1,000,000 workers in the oil industry.

"We expect John L. Lewis, head of the Committee for Industrial Organization, will personally direct the membership campaign," he said.

Interested in Juliana's Wedding

Post Staff Photos.

At left is Frederik Leonardus Karel van der Kloot Meijburg, who was in Washington this morning listening to radio accounts of the marriage of his nation's Crown Princess Juliana. The church in Holland where the ceremony was to be performed was decorated for the occasion by his father (right.)

Hollander Here Tunes Radio On Royal Wedding Broadcast

'Call Me Frits for Short,' Countryman of Juliana, Puts Aside Agriculture Studies Long Enough to Hear Ceremony in The Hague.

One person in Washington whose alarm clock clanged long before 6 o'clock this morning was Frederick Leonardus Karel van der Kloot Meijburg ("call me Fritz for short," he said) who is living at 1919 G street northwest, during his stay in Washington.

Meijburg was up early to hear the broadcast of the ceremony and festival marking the wedding of the Crown Princess Juliana of the Netherlands to the German Prince Bernhard zu Lippe-Biesterfeld in a church in The Hague which Meijburg's father, president of the Society of Netherlands Architects, decorated for the occasion.

Although young Meijburg has never met Princess Juliana, he has seen her a number of times and is confident "She is one of the most wonderful women in the world. The photographs you see of her in this country never do her justice," he went on. "She is very attractive. The camera rarely records her lovely coloring and the sweet expression that has helped to endear her to people of my country."

He mentioned, also, that the princess is a most democratic person, despite her royal heritage, and that like her mother, Queen Wilhelmina, she is highly intelligent and "a superior woman in every respect."

The wedding has precipitated the biggest festival to be celebrated in the Netherlands in many a day, Meijburg said. "Letters I have had from home tell me there has been a continuous round of merrymaking ever since the engagement was announced. There are not enough electricians in The Hague to fill the demand for lighting in keeping with the occasion. How I would like to see The Hague now, with all its colorful decorations, with all its residents taking part in the festival that to all of us is a grand occasion!"

Meijburg has been in the United States nine months to study agricultural conditions. Working toward his last degree in agricultural economics at the University of Wageningen, Holland, he came to this country to negotiate his year of practical farming and research work which is a requirement for his degree.

Traveling 15,000 miles since he landed in the United States March 25, he has visited 33 States and has worked half-time on the farms where he studied. This took care of his board and room and gave him an opportunity to learn the practical methods of farming in this country. He is now in Washington writing three theses based on his experiences and research that he has done throughout the country and with the Department of Agriculture.

When he returns to The Netherlands in a few weeks, he will continue studying until next September, when he will take his final examinations. "If I pass them, my college course will be finished," he said, and I shall be ready to look for a position." He said he would like to enter Government service, perhaps as an agricultural agent. In contrast to the educational system here, which provides for four years of high school work, plus four years in college before a degree is conferred, the system in The Netherlands includes a high school course, equivalent to the one here, plus two years of college, and then six years of college.

Asked about his impressions of farms in the United States, Meijburg said he could never get accustomed "to the way you waste land in this country. Over in The Netherlands we make every foot count for something. Our land is very valuable because we have so little and each acre is highly cultivated. Average farms over there are 24 acres, and each acre costs from $600 to $700."

He said he had found America "very interesting" and Americans "very agreeable," but had been amazed at the impression they had of The Netherlands. "Everybody here seems to think of my country in terms of tulips and wooden shoes and silver skates," he said with a twinkle in his eye. "I've spent a good deal of time trying to set them straight by emphasizing other more important factors about my native land."

Infant's Body Found.

Winchester, Va., Jan. 6.—Frederick County authorities today were investigating the finding of an infant's body in the race of the Bartonsville mill, located a few miles south of Winchester.

National Guard Units Excluded From Parade

Grayson Refuses Requests for Inaugural March Outside Army, Navy.

Continued from Page 1.

Admiral Grayson declared, many State organizations which have also applied, would have to be included.

Parade Length Limited.

In his letter of "regrets" to commanding officers of civilian marine and army units, Admiral Grayson said:

"The inaugural committee regrets very much its inability to include these groups. There are two factors which influenced the committee in reaching its decision. Organizations all over the country have besieged the committee with request to take part in the parade. If even a portion of these requests were granted, the parade would last five or six hours, and if all of them had been granted, marchers would be on Pennsylvania avenue until midnight.

"The committee does not believe that it is fair either to the President, to the marchers or the spectators to prolong the parade beyond a reasonable length."

He pointed out, however, that CCC units and the National Youth Administration had been admitted to the line of march at the President's request. The only other civilian exception will be Governors of the various States.

Richmond Blues Applied.

One request for inclusion in the parade came from the famous Richmond Blues, a Virginia National Guard organization. Members of the Virginia Congressional delegation sought to have this unit in the procession.

Meanwhile, indications that the Inaugural guaranty fund of $100,000 would be completed by the end of this week came from Robert V. Fleming, chairman of the finance committee. Following an executive meeting of his committee yesterday, Fleming predicted the goal would be reached and announced that a total of $91,515 had thus far been subscribed.

Two special trains, according to an announcement yesterday, will bring Gov. Lloyd Stark of Missouri, and 1,000 residents of his State to the ceremonies. A reception and dance will be given them by the Missouri State Society, in the Willard Hotel.

Subscribers Are Listed.

In announcing progress on the guaranty fund, Fleming listed the following subscriptions, in addition to those already reported:

Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Co., $1,000; The Allies Inn, $100; E. M. Amick, $100; Arcade-Sunshine Co., $100; John S. Barbour, $100; Charles D. Barney Co., $500; Robert Woods Bliss, $300; Y. E. Booker & Co., $200; Brown Goodwin & Co., $250; W. F. Breniser, $100; Maj. Ernest W. Brown, $75; Burlington Hotel, $50; F. G. Burrough, $100; Robert F. Cahill, $100; D. J. Callahan, jr., $50; Mrs. Edward E. Clement, $10; James E. Colliflower & Co., Inc., $100; Consolidated Engineering Co., $500; Hotel Continental, $100; Col. Lawrence C. Crawford, $200; B. C. Dent, $25; District of Columbia Bankers Association, $5,000; Dodge Hotel, $250; John Dolph, $100; Earle Restaurant, Inc., $200; Joshua Evans, jr., $100; Ellett & Short, Inc., $25; Polser, Nolan & Co., Inc., $100; Franklin & Co., $75; Galt & Bro., Inc., $100; Garrison Toy & Novelty Co., Inc., $100; Ciro Galliotti, Inc., $25; Griffith Consumers Co., $1,000; Gerald D. Grosner, $100; Gayety Theater, $50; Wm. Hahn & Co., $500; Harriman & Keech, $1,000; Hecht Co., $2,000; Maj. Hugh Higgins, $10; G. David Houston, $100; William L. Houston, $100; International Distributing Corporation, $150; Coleman Jennings, $100; O. H. P. Johnson, $100; Robert C. Jones & Co., Inc., $500.

S. Kann Sons Co., $2,000; D. J. Kaufman, $50; Keystone Automobile Club, $50; A. E. Kohlhepp and M. L. Hamburger, $25; Lansburgh & Bro., $2,000; Irwin Lausblin, $250; Louise Home Market, $10; Little Tavern Shops, Inc., $50; S. G. Loeffler Operating Co., $300; D. H. McKnew & Co., $250; H. L. & J. B. McQueen, Inc., $25; Mackubin, Legg & Co., $100; Carl A. Martin, $50; Mayflower Hotel, $3,000; Benjamin S. Minor, $100; C. C. Morgan, $20; G. C. Murphy Co., $100; National Radio Institute, Inc., $10; H. M. Nelson & Co., Inc., $25; William Niller, $250; Marcus Notes, $200; Theodore W. Noyes, $500; Nelson B. O'Neale, $25; Palais Royal, $1,500; E. A. Pierce & Co., $500; George Plitt, jr., $25; Quality Laundry & Dry Cleaning Co., $10; Geo. F. Rainey, $25; Sanitary Grocery Co., Inc., $2,000; Security Storage Co., $1,000; Skinker & Garrett, $200; J. H. Small & Sons, $100; Robert L. Spivey, $100; The Texas Co., $500; R. A. Van Oradel, $100; Oliver M. Walker, $25; Wilmer J. Waller, $50; Washington Daily News, $300; Washington Investment Co., $100; Washington Post, $1,000; Col. E. M. Watson, $500; Capt. Chester Wells, $100; George W. White, $250; Richard H. Wilmer, $10; Lloyd B. Wilson, $250; Winthrop, Mitchell & Co., $100; Donald Woodward, $300.

Science Aiding Deaf, Mute and Blind Child

Chicago, Jan. 6 (AP).—A world she has never seen or heard was being opened by science today to 4-year-old Joan Higgins, deaf, mute and blind.

Dr. Robert Gault, psychologist, reported encouraging progress in the education of the child with a "phono-tector," an instrument he developed to aid in training the deaf and blind.

Until last year Joan was at the Cook County Hospital, where she was left by a mother unable to care for her.

Since her phono-tector lessons began the child has learned to walk and to utter sounds she associates with different things.

Eskimos in Alaska Celebrate Christmas

Bethel, Alaska, Jan. 6 (AP).—Christmas Eve finally comes to Eskimos in southwestern Alaska tonight. Since the early eighteenth century when the Russians established trading posts, the Eskimos in the vicinity of a Russian mission, 150 miles north of Bethel, have celebrated the Russian Catholic Christmas on January 7.

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Royal Wedding Clouds Cleared By Hitler Wire

Juliana and Husband May Spend Honeymoon in Tyrol Section.

Continued from Page 1.

cursion through the city, but Princess Juliana did not accompany them.

It was announced Dr. J. Huizinga, of Leyden University, former tutor of Princess Juliana, would be one of the bridegroom's witnesses, taking the place of the Prince of Wied, who was reported ill.

This was considered in authoritative circles to indicate troubles over the future prince-consort's nationality are not ended. Some felt the prince's illness was diplomatic, springing from his well-known Nazi sympathies.

Extra Seats Installed.

A thousand extra chairs were placed in the "Groote Kerk," the normal seating capacity of which is 1,600. Several figured rugs, Queen Wilhelmina's own, were spread in the section reserved for the Dutch court and visiting royalty, and a few palms were draped around the pulpit. There was no attempt at splendor.

The financial plight of the crown princess' three German bridesmaids caused Queen Wilhelmina to help them from her royal purse. Princesses Elizabeth and Sieglinde of Lippe, and Sophie of Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, cousins of the worried bridegroom, arrived in Holland with only the 10 marks ($4.02) each which the Nazi government permits ordinary German travelers to take out of the country.

So Queen Wilhelmina is paying all their expenses, even for their wedding dresses.

Leyden, The Netherlands, Jan 5 (AP).—Juliana van der Meer, the only girl in Holland besides the Princess Juliana, who will be allowed to take a husband tomorrow, made her final excited plans tonight to wed her canal boatman. The peasant girl was born the same day and the same hour as the daughter of Queen Wilhelmina, 27 years ago.

Liner Has Rocking Chair.

New York, Jan. 6 (U.P.).—Ship news reporters were shocked today when the Hamburg-American liner Reliance arrived and they found a rocking chair on the deck. It was bought on the insistence of an old woman who had complained that the ship was not rocking enough to suit her.

'Baby Hoax' Bail Denied.

St. Louis, Jan. 6 (AP).—The United States Circuit Court of Appeals late today denied the application of Mrs. Nellie Tipton Muench and three co-defendants for release on bond pending appeal on their mail fraud convictions and prison sentences in the "gift of God" baby case.

Here's Simple Way to Ease a Cold

Two Quick-Acting, Quick-Dissolving Bayer Aspirin Tablets with a Glass of Water

The modern way to ease a cold is this: Two Bayer Aspirin tablets the moment you feel a cold coming on. Then repeat, if necessary, according to instructions in the box.

At the same time, if you have a sore throat, crush and dissolve three BAYER tablets in one-third glass of water. And gargle with this mixture twice.

The Bayer Aspirin you take internally will act to combat fever and the pains which usually accompany colds. The gargle will act as a medicinal gargle to provide almost instant relief from rawness and pain. It is really marvelous; for it acts like a local anesthetic on the irritated membrane of your throat.

Try this way. Your doctor, we know, will endorse it. For it is a quick, effective means of combating a cold. Ask for Bayer Aspirin by the full name at your druggist's — not for "aspirin" alone.

15c FOR A DOZEN
2 FULL DOZEN FOR 25c
VIRTUALLY 1c A TABLET

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3423 CONN. AVE. CL. 4400

Laurel Park Whiskey 6 Years Old

90 Proof **1.99** Full Quart

You will like this fine aged whiskey.

"A Typical Spund Value"

Imported—8 Years Old—100% Scotch		*Fifth*
★ Claverhouse Scotch		2.39
2 Years Old—90 Proof		*Full Quart*
★ Spund's Uptown Md. Rye		1.79
Large 30-oz. Bottle		
★ Noilly Prat Vermouth		1.19
Special Importation—8 Years Old		*Fifth*
★ Spund's Liqueur Scotch		2.69

Special Discount on Case and Half Case Quantities

MARKET SPECIALS

Swift's Premium Hams		lb. 27c
Genuine Lamb Legs		lb. 25c
Prime New York Beef	RIB ROAST	lb. 37c
Our Own Killed Poultry	Turkeys	lb. 35c
	Capons	lb. 39c
	Frying Chickens	lb. 33c

PROMPT DELIVERY

TAKE WEIGHT OFF TIRED FEET

Lose Fat The Easy Way—Without Starvation Diets, or Back-Breaking, Bending and Rolling Exercises.

If your feet and ankles feel tired and ache all over—because you are carrying too much fat—do something about it. Try the treatment that has helped millions to reduce excess weight.

There's a reason why so many people find dieting slow and often times futile in reducing. The reason, doctors say, is often because a little gland is not working right.

All the blood in your body goes through this tiny gland sixteen times every day. If it doesn't pour into the blood stream about one and one-half drops of vital fluid every 24 hours, many people take on ugly fat. This fluid helps Nature to "burn up" excess food and fatty tissue in much the same way as a good "draft" acts in a furnace.

Now, physicians combat this condition by feeding this gland the substance it lacks — and millions of pounds of excess fat has been wiped out in this way.

Marmola Prescription Tablets are based on the same method used by doctors. So don't waste your time or money striving to reduce with starvation diets or back-breaking exercises. Start the Marmola treatment today that millions have used successfully to get rid of excess fat. The formula is in every box so you know just what you are taking. Don't wait—get a box of Marmola today from your druggist. (Adv.)

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Also tours to St. Augustine, Bok Tower, Daytona Beach, St. Petersburg, Havana, and other points of interest—arranged to suit your time and pocketbook.

For folder, describing many tours in detail—apply M. & M. Travel Bureau, 1418 H. St., N.W., Washington (National 4612)—or authorized tourist agents.

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$364,800,000

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51 Louisiana Avenue Washington, D. C.

Two First Ladies Listen to President's Message; Brilliant Audience Throngs Gallery for Occasion

Mrs. Roosevelt and Mrs. Wilson Neighbors In 'Balcony.'

Diplomats Show Keen Interest in Speech Of Executive.

By Lynda Reeve.

Two First Ladies, wives of Democratic Presidents, were at the Capitol yesterday afternoon to hear President Roosevelt deliver his message to Congress. They sat in the same gallery, one in the first row and the other in the last. Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, handsome in all-black, relieved at the neck with a scarf of black and white plaid, accompanied by Mrs. Hugh Campbell Wallace, also in black and white, and Mrs. Joseph T. Robinson was among the first to arrive. They took their places at the top of the gallery to watch, wait and chat.

When Mrs. Roosevelt, with her brother, Mr. Hall Roosevelt, arrived and made their way to the first row, the photographers proved to be almost more than the good-natured police could handle. As the First Lady and her party (it was a good-sized party, including Miss Esther Lape, Miss Elizabeth Read, Miss Marguerite LeHand, Mrs. James Helm and Mrs. Malvina Scheider) went down the steps to the front of the balcony, men and cameras popped up everywhere. The photographers were climbing over rails, swarming up and down the gallery, some even walking over the seats.

Patiently Faces Hordes of Cameras.

Mrs. Roosevelt, who was in black with a clip of rhinestones at the throat, had on a handsome coat of black broadtail trimmed with sable and a small black felt hat of beret type. Patiently and cheerfully she faced the flashing of bulbs and the clicking of lenses. Finally a member of the long arm of the law took a firmer grip on his wooden stick and signaled a halt. One last, determined cameraman scrambled over a vacant seat and nearly interrupted the conversation between Miss Scheider, Mrs. Helm and Mrs. Homer S. Cummings, wife of the Attorney General, who was sitting just behind them. Mrs. Cummings was in brown, her crepe frock trimmed at the neck with turquoise blue. Over this she wore a mink coat.

Next to Mrs. Cummings sat Mrs. Daniel C. Roper, wife of the Secretary of Commerce, wearing an interesting costume with a black crepe skirt, green blouse and sash of cobalt blue. Her black narrow-brimmed hat was trimmed with an ostrich plume of green and blue. Other official ladies nearby were Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, in tailored black, with a touch of violet on her high-crowned hat and at the neck of her cream-colored blouse, and Mrs. Henry Wallace, in all black, who were neighbors; Mrs. Claude A. Swanson, wearing mulberry red crepe with black coat and hat, and Mrs. Charles Evans Hughes, who was in rust brown.

Not a Cabinet wife, but a Cabinet lady, Miss Frances Perkins, the Secretary of Labor, looked unusually smart in her black galyak coat with silver fox collar and a black velvet modified version of her favorite tricorne hat, as she filed in with the rest of the Cabinet.

Miss Perkins With Cabinet.

Her companions included the Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Henry Morgenthau; the Attorney General, Mr. Homer S. Cummings; the Acting Secretary of War, Mr. Harry H. Woodring; the Postmaster General, Mr. James A. Farley; the Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Harold Ickes; the Secretary of Agriculture, Mr. Henry Wallace; the Secretary of Commerce, Mr Daniel C. Roper, and the Acting Secretary of State, Mr. R. Walton Moore.

Out in the center of the "House" a glaring collection of high-powered lights hanging like a gigantic diamond bar pin, cast daylight rays on the legislators seated beneath. It was an easy matter to spot the feminine legislators. Off in one corner tiny Senator Hattie Caraway, attired in modest black, was quietly talking to one of her neighbors. Toward the center Representative Virginia Jenckes, in black, her silver hair in soft waves, and a corsage of gardenias on one shoulder was listening to a friend. Not far from her sat Representative Edith Nourse Rogers, smiling over the top of a mammoth spray of orchids and gardenias. In the next to the last row Representative Caroline O'Day was deep in conversation with a newcomer. Representative Nan Wood Honeyman, who already had adopted the black of "Ladies on the Hill," and former Representative Jeannette Rankin, whose costume of rust and brown lent a cheery note to the otherwise somber group.

Mrs. Garner Gives Seat to Another.

In the first two rows one could see such familiar figures as Senator Arthur Capper, Senator William H. King, Senator Pat Harrison, Senator Hamilton Fish, thoughtfully stroking his beard; Senator Carter Glass, Senator Charles L. McNary, Senator Royal S. Copeland, Senator William Gibbs McAdoo, Senator James J. Davis and Senator George Radcliffe.

Mrs. John Nance Garner, was not among those present. She willingly admits that when she started out in her political life, she attended every convening of Congress and heard every Presidential message, but in recent years, she has encountered so many people who have never had the thrill of witnessing the spectacle that each year she gives her ticket to someone else.

On the other hand, Mrs. William E. Borah, perhaps better known as "Little Borah," although her husband has been in Congress 30 years, until yesterday never had attended the opening, much less heard the President make his address. Yesterday she was there, wearing a smart costume of brown and beige Scotch tweed, fashioned with a cape with an edge and collar of nutria.

Mrs. Key Pittman, who has not missed such a day since Woodrow Wilson was in office was there. She had on a black tailored suit with a silver lame blouse and a narrow brimmed hat, trimmed with three short plumes.

Aside from the Washingtonians and people of officialdom, many members of the diplomatic set were tremendously interested, as was attested by their crowded gallery. In the first row sat the jovial Minister of the Irish Free State, Mr. Michael MacWhite, who listened intently to every word the President said; the Minister of Austria, Mr. Edgar Prochnik; the Minister of the Union of South Africa and Mrs. Ralph William Close, the latter in black, and the Minister of Panama and Senora de Boyd, she wearing a handsome mink coat and brown velvet hat. Behind them were the Minister of Norway, Mr. Wilhelm Munthe de Morgenstierne, the Minister of Portugal and Mme. Bianchi, the latter's black costume made on Cossack lines; Mme. Prochnik, in black, with a touch of vivid green on her peaked hat and a bow of patent leather ribbon at the neck, and the Minister of Czechoslovakia, Mr. Vladimir Hurban. Still further back in the group sat the Minister of Lithuania, M. Povilas Zadeikis; the Minister of Yugoslovia, Mr. Constantin Potitch; Mme. Zadeikis, wearing an all black of smartly severe design; Mme. Hurban; the Counselor of the German Embassy, Herr Hans Thomsen, chatting with Miss Wylla Magee, of the Canadian Legation, who completed her all black ensemble with a handsome silver fox scarf.

Mme. Troyanovsky Among Spectators.

After it was over, among those seen making their way through the crowded corridors were Mme. Troyanovsky, wife of the Soviet Ambassador; the Minister of Greece, Mr. Demetrios Sicilianos; the First Secretary of the Brazilian Embassy and Mme. Bueno do Prado; the Ambassador of Turkey and Mme. Ertegun, and the Italian Ambassador and Signora de Suvich.

Others were Miss Priscilla Robb, Mrs. Owen J. Roberts, Mrs. Charles Hamlin, Mrs. Herman Kopplemann, in cool gray with a white satin blouse; Mrs. Frank Bohn, wearing a gray krimmer coat with black hat and accessories; Mrs. Denis Chavez in royal blue rough crepe over which she was wearing a moleskin coat; Mrs. Bennett Champ Clark in deep blue knitted frock and hat with a swagger coat of tan and brown blocked tweed; Mrs. Carroll Miller, who was costumed in rust brown with a gold lame vestee, and her sister, Miss Pauletta Guffey in black with which she wore a necklace and earrings of Mexican silver; Mrs. William G. McAdoo, in brown; Mrs. Dorothy Lee Ward, in sables and a small off-the-face hat of black faille crepe; Mrs. Hamilton Fish and Miss Elizabeth S. Fish, Mrs. Joseph A. Uhl, Miss Elizabeth Adams and Miss Reba Doughton.

Underwood & Underwood Photos.

At the left is Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt snapped while seated in the House yesterday, and at bottom are, left to right, Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, Mrs. Joseph T. Robinson, wife of the majority leader of the Senate, and Mrs. Hugh C. Wallace, who also went to the Capitol to hear the President's speech.

THE MERRY WHIRL by MARYLYN

Now that the holidays with their party-a-minute days are gone by and long a thing of the past, there is time to breathe and think about it all. It has been a bit of a puzzle, how some of the young bloods managed to go to balls and dinners, stay out till breakfast time the following day, go to a luncheon, off for a bit of sports and then start in and repeat the whole thing, still remaining awake and full of pep. Well, half of the secret seems to be milk. There are any number of the young lads here who drink this particular brand of beverage and like it and they all have pink cheeks. We saw Norton Goodwin doing just this, and that is how we found out.

* * * *

The most recent newcomer to Fort Myer is not a low-ranking second lieutenant nor yet some newly made general—it is a duck. Of all things to take up life at an Army post—but the Air Corps has amphibian planes, so why should the Cavalry not have ducks? At a party not so long ago, the guests had to perform—sing, dance, act—anything, just as long as they amused the spectators. Johnnie Simpson, former football hero, and full of fun, overcame his bashfulness enough to yodel a bit and he won the prize, which was the duck. Johnnie is stationed at Fort Myer, which accounts for the duck's being at the Army post.

* * * *

Betty Waldron is a long way from home, but when one yearns for the footlights, greasepaint and studies in dramatic art, not even the swaying palms of golden sands of Waikiki can deter her.

Betty, who is tall, statuesque and blonde, wears her hair brushed around from one side to the other, ending in a cluster of curls. She hails from Honolulu and is here temporarily studying dramatics—that is, she is successfully combining school and social gadding.

* * * *

The R. C. Marshall, jrs. are very proud people these days. While they were holidaying at the Gulf Stream Hotel at Lake Worth, Fla., she landed a 7-foot-1 inch sailfish, a gamer fish than which there is none. It gave up only after 30 minutes of struggle and splashing, and the result is now a handsomely mounted souvenir.

Among those who were aboard Capt. Frank Soderberg's Sailfish (nice coincidence) and who were witnesses for the event were R. C. Marshall 3d, Eliza Bunn, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Carneal, Ralph Alexander and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Webb, of Detroit.

Miss Ann McGuire Is Engaged to Son Of British Officer

Dr. and Mrs. Hunter Holmes McGuire, of Winchester, Va., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ann Tucker McGuire, to Thomas MacCaulay Booth, of London, England, according to the Associated Press.

Miss McGuire, who is now at home in Winchester, has recently returned from stage appearances in London. She was graduated from high school in Winchester in 1930 and attended the American Academy of Dramatic Arts in New York before commencing dramatic work.

Dr. Booth is the son of Col. Thomas MacCaulay Booth, retired officer of the British Army, and is the great-great nephew of Lord Thomas MacCaulay.

The wedding will take place at Christ Episcopal Church in Winchester in the early spring and the couple will live in London.

Michigan Democrats Plan Banquet Jan. 18

A banquet will be given by the Michigan-Washington Democratic Club, on January 18, at the Washington Hotel for its honor guests here for the Inauguration.

The honor guest list includes Gov. Frank Murphy, Senator Prentiss M. Brown, Mr. Edmund C. Shields, Mrs. Clara van Auken, Mr. George C. Sadowski, Mr. George D. O'Brien, Mr. Luis C. Rabaut, Mr. John D. Dingell, Mr. John Lesinski, Mr. Andrew J. Transue, Mr. John Luecke and Mr. Frank E. Hood.

Lieut. William H. Flournoy and Lieut. O. K. LaRogue, United States Marine Corp, are here from Philadelphia and have taken a suite at the Hotel Raleigh.

Tolans to Arrive From California

Will Remain in City During Session of Congress.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Tolan, jr., whose marriage took place December 19 in Oakland, Calif., are expected to arrive this week in Washington.

Mrs. Tolan is the former Miss Eleanor Hovey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Norris Hovey, and Mr. Tolan is the son of Representative and Mrs. John H. Tolan. He attended Georgetown University and Boalt Hall of the University of California.

They will visit here the length of time Congress is in session.

Mondell-Murdock Nuptial Announced

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Murdock have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Ethel Murdock, to Mr. Frank W. Mondell, jr., son of former Representative and Mrs. Frank W. Mondell, of Washington.

The announcement was made at a luncheon given by the parents of the bride-to-be at their home in Beverley Hills, Calif. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Murdock attended Westlake School and is a member of the Bell Club, of Los Angeles.

Mrs. Maas Here.

Mrs. Charles O. Maas, of the Hotel Plaza, New York, widow of Lieut. Comdr. Maas, assistant naval attache in Paris during the World War, has arrived at the Mayflower.

Lindsays Honor Guests Of Polish Ambassador

Dancing Follows Dinner at Colorful Affair in Embassy; Choir from New York Provides Homeland Songs for Entertainment.

By Jessie Ash Arndt.

The Ambassador of Great Britain and Lady Lindsay were guests of honor last night at a dinner given at the Polish Embassy by the Ambassador of Poland and Countess Potocka, the first official function at which they have entertained since their arrival in the Capital in the late autumn. Following the dinner additional guests were invited for dancing at 10:30 o'clock.

Three tables were set in the long dining room, with its ivory panels, great mirrors and crystal chandeliers. The national colors of Poland, red and white, were carried out in the bouquets of red roses and white lilacs with which the tables were decorated. At one, the Ambassador presided, at another, the ambassadress, Countess Potocka, and at the third, the mother of the Ambassador, Countess Roman Potocka, and his brother, Count Alfred Potocki, who are here from Poland.

Countess Potocka, one of the most beautiful hostesses of the Diplomatic Corps, wore a satin gown in a soft tone of blue with a narrow yoke formed of black Spanish lace, and a large blue flower at the yoke. Countess Roman Potocka wore a gown of green satin with an overtunic of black tulle.

Polish Choir Sings.

Following the dinner the Chor Danna, a Polish choir from New York, entertained the guests with groups of Polish, English and French songs before those invited for the later party began to arrive.

In the upper hall were low vases of red poinsettas and in the drawing room and adjoining salon were bouquets of white lilies against white lamps. On the buffet table, set in the dining room during the evening, were bouquets of red roses and tempting delicacies.

The dinner guests, in addition to the British Ambassador and Lady Lindsay, included the Ambassador of Peru, Senor Don Manuel de Freyre y Santander; the Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, jr., Senator and Mrs. Peter Gerry, the Rumanian Minister, Mr. Charles A. Davila; the Hungarian Minister and Mme. Peleny, the Assistant Secretary of State, Mr. Francis Sayre; Mr. and Mrs. Lamot Berlin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Woods Bliss, Mr. M. S. Szymczak, of the Federal Reserve Board; Miss Mabel Boardman, Mrs. Eleanor Patterson, Mrs. Dudley Delavigne, Mrs. Lawrence Townsend, the First Secretary of the German Embassy and Frau Herbert Scholz, Mr. Clayton Lane, of the Department of Commerce, and Mrs. Lane.

The Ambassador and Countess Potocka received at the entrance of the drawing room. Seated nearby was Mrs. Henry Morgenthau in conversation with the Minister of Rumania. She wore a gown of rust colored satin. Across the room sat Miss Mabel Boardman in a gown of white brocaded in silver; on the floor before her, with an expression of intense interest on his face, was the Ambassador's little Scotch dog informally playing host.

Mrs. Lawrence Townsend was among the guests, wearing a dark satin gown with a band of blue and silver in her hair. The Ambassador of Turkey and Mme. Ertegun were accompanied by their guest, Mrs. Walter Duncan, and her lovely auburn haired daughter, Miss Marjorie Duncan, who wore a black taffeta gown. They were in conversation with the Ambassador of Cuba, Guillermo Patterson, who knew them well during his residence in England. Also in the group were Admiral and Mrs. Mark Bristol, Mrs. Bristol wearing a decoration she had received in Turkey.

The Minister of Austria and Mme. Prochnik were present, the latter wearing a gown of black embroidered in silver with braided silver bands over the shoulders and an ornament of silver feathers in her hair.

Others among the guests were the Ambassador of China and Mme. Sze, she wearing a Chinese robe of blue and silver; the First Secretary of the Egyptian Legation, Mr. Aniz Azer, who was enjoying the dancing; the Minister of Greece, Mr. Demetrios Sicilianos; the Ambassador of Italy and Senora de Suvich; the Counselor of the Netherlands Legation and Baroness van Breugel Douglas; the Secretary of the Legation, Mr. Jonkheer van der Wyck; Representative Sol Bloom, accompanied by Mrs. Bloom, who wore a gown of black velvet, and Miss Vera Bloom in silver and blue brocade; the Naval Attache of the Peruvian Embassy and Senora de Althanus, the Solicitor General and Mrs. Stanley Reed, and Capt. Paul Bastedo and Mrs. Bastedo, wearing a gown of white chiffon dotted with rhinestones.

The Counselor of the Polish Embassy and Mme. Wankowicz were among those of the Embassy staff seeing that guests enjoyed themselves. Mme. Wankowicz wore a gown of black embroidered in silver. Their lovely young daughter, Mlle. Irene Wankowicz, tall and fair and wearing a gown of white satin, was one of the popular young dancers in the ballroom.

Also among the guests were Mrs. David Bruce, of New York, who is here spending some time with her father, the former Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Andrew Mellon, at his apartment, 1785 Massachusetts avenue; Mr. Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. Blake Lawrence, of New York, the First Secretary of the Italian Embassy, Prince Marcello del Drago Antuni; John Hay Whitney, Mr. Austin Barnard, Mr. Arthur Krock, Mr. Edward Weintal, Mr. Witold Wankowicz, counselor of the Polish Embassy, with Mme. Wancowicz, and Miss Marian Trumbull.

Dancing in Ballroom.

Dancing was in the ballroom, done in ivory and crystal, with hangings of brown silk, brocaded in silver, the replica of a Polish material. In a niche were handsome portraits of some of the heroes of Poland, the painting adding their note of color to the brilliant scene.

Many members of the hunting set from Middleburg and Upperville, where the Ambassador and Countess Potocka frequently follow the hounds, were among the 250 guests invited for the dance.

Small dinners were given beforehand by Mrs. Joseph Leither and by Mrs. Lee P. Warren.

Baroness Honors Ambassador's Wife At First Luncheon

Mme. Saito, wife of the Japanese Ambassador, was the ranking guest at the first of a series of luncheons given yesterday by Baroness von Below in her apartment on Sixteenth street. She will entertain at another luncheon today.

The other guests yesterday included Mrs. Charles L. McNary, Mrs. James J. Davis, Frau Herbert Scholz, Mrs. Tunstall-Smith and Mrs. Bruce Cotton, of Baltimore; Mrs. Sydney Cloman, Mrs. Wilbur Hubbard, Mrs. Clarence Roberts.

Miss Esma Barre Wed to Dr. Donald T. Ryan

Mrs. Marian H. Barre announces the marriage on September 26 of her daughter, Miss Esma Elizabeth Barre, to Dr. Donald Thomas Ryan, son of Mr. Daniel Connell Ryan, of Binghamton, N. Y. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. M. J. Hartigan in St. Mary's Church, Alexandria, Va.

Only 5'-1" Long, New Model
Steinway Grand
No piano like it at or near the price. Its tone thrills everyone who plays it.
$885 Droop's ★ 1300 G

Mrs. Farley, Miss Perkins Hosts at Tea

First Cabinet 'At Homes' Attended By Wives Of Official Set.

Diplomatic Matrons Are Also Guests at Two Receptions Here.

By Dudley Harmon.

Mrs. James A. Farley came all the way from New York and Miss Frances Perkins dropped tense discussions on the automotive strike to receive at the first Cabinet "at-homes" of the season yesterday afternoon.

Practically the same group of diplomatic and official wives, plus the usual loyal constituents, made the rounds of both receptions. Mrs. Farley's was held in her suite at the Mayflower, which was decorated with pink roses and carnations. Miss Perkins entertained at the Sulgrave Club.

The wife of the Postmaster General wore a simply made gown of black crepe with a narrow row of shirring at the neck. She is returning to New York today, but will make one of her infrequent visits to Washington again on January 18 for the Inauguration festivities.

Because her duties as receptionist at Studio House, the art gallery on Twenty-first street, kept her hard at work until late this afternoon, Miss Suzanne Wilson, daughter of Miss Perkins, did not arrive until almost 6 o'clock to assist her mother in receiving. Her black velvet frock was made with white ruching at the neck and short sleeves, and her small off-the-face hat of the same shade was trimmed at the side with a tiny rhinestone clip. Miss Wilson has been at Studio House since last October, and yesterday was busy arranging for the tea to be given there this afternoon for the Baltimore artist, Mr. Aaron Sopher.

Among those who "made the rounds" yesterday afternoon were Mme. Troyanovsky, wife of the Soviet Ambassador; Mme. Saito, wife of the Japanese envoy, in brown, and Mme. Munthe de Morgenstierne, wife of the Norwegian Minister, who wore a scarf of sables with her black crepe frock.

Mrs. Farley was assisted during the afternoon by Mrs. Daniel C. Roper, Mrs. James A. Martin, of New York, who was in black with touches of green, and by Mrs. Marvin McIntyre, Mrs. Harllee Branch and Mrs. Vincent Burke. Among others at her tea were Mrs. Mark Bristol, Mme. Rajamaitri, wife of the Siamese Minister; Mme. de Bianchi, wife of the Portuguese Minister, and Mrs. Frederick Warren, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marvin McIntyre.

Several younger people assisted Miss Perkins yesterday, including Miss Olivia Stokes, in a mulberry-colored frock with matching hat; Mrs. Thomas Eliot, wife of the general counsel of the Social Securities Board, and Miss Alice Graeme.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, in gray lame and a black velvet hat, poured tea for a while, as did Mrs. Breckinridge Long, Mrs. Theodore Riggs, Mrs. Owen Roberts, Mrs. Edward B. Meigs, Mrs. Charles Hamlin and Mrs. Adolph C. Miller.

Arts Club Names Casting Director

Mrs. Maud Howell Smith Will Take Over Control of Divertissements.

Mrs. Maud Howell Smith is casting director for the divertissements of the fourteenth annual Bal Boheme, sponsored by the Arts Club of Washington, plans for which will go forward immediately. The Bal is scheduled for Monday, February 1, at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Smith had already begun selection of the principals prior to her departure on a round of Christmas visits at West Point, N. Y. Mr Hugo Inden, designer and director of the Bal Boheme for this season, is beginning rehearsals.

This season the "stage show" will be known as "French Pastry," an Eighteenth Century French revel, "Au Palais de Versailles." Four clever pantomimes will be presented, and a little French ballet. The divertissements will take place on the stage in the ballroom, interspersed between the general dancing of the evening. The Bal will be from 10 to 3 o'clock.

Miss Gates Bride Of Robert W. Lake

Home Ceremony Performed in Woodside Park, Md.

Miss Eleanor Gates, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elvin A. Gates, of Woodside Park, Md., last evening became the bride of Mr. Robert Warren Lake, of Butte, Mont. The wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents, where the ceremony was performed at 6 o'clock in the presence of relatives and friends.

The bride wore her traveling costume, a dark suit, with black fox collar, a silver lame blouse and black accessories, and her flowers were a shoulder spray of orchids and lilies of the valley.

A dinner followed the ceremony and Mr. and Mrs. Lake left for New York to spend several days before departing for Butte, where they will make their home.

Art Show Slated At Music Concert

Second Candlelight Recital to Be Held January 11.

Prominent among those who will attend the second candlelight concert of the Washington Chamber of Music Society at the Phillips Memorial Gallery January 11, will be leaders in Washington's professional musical group as well as many in the social group.

The gallery has rehung its exhibit and those attending this second concert of the Pro-Musica Quartet will be able to view the paintings.

The quartet will be assisted by Mr Howard Mitchell, first cellist of the National Symphony Orchestra and the program will include the quartet in a A. by Boccherini and the C major quintet, by Schubert.

Nebraskans Plan An Inaugural Ball

Reception to Congressmen Set for January 15.

Nebraskans who are in this city temporarily will gather at the Willard Hotel January 15 for a Congressional reception and inaugural ball given by the Nebraska State Society.

Senators and Congressmen who represent Nebraska, and other Nebraskans attending the Inauguration, are to be the society's guests, according to Charles G. Caffrey, president.

The reception committee includes former officers of the society and the present officers, Charles G. Caffrey, president; Mrs. L. W. Hayden, vice president; Louis A. Holmes, secretary, and Dr. Tracy Tyler, treasurer.

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Announcement

WE ARE DISCONTINUING OUR WASHINGTON DISPLAY as of Jan. 15

We cordially invite our Washington patrons who desire to see our handmade Colonial Re-Creations of the old Virginia Furniture after that date to visit our studios at

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1221 Conn. Ave.

MARY HAWORTH'S MAIL

Girl Asks What to Do When Man "Passes Out" in Her Apartment as Result of too Many Drinks.

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: Girls nowadays who occupy apartments alone have difficulty in making their boy friends go home at a proper hour. An educated and cultured gentleman with an affinity for drinking once passed out completely in my apartment. There was nothing to do but call an officer and have him removed; or let him remain on the studio couch all night. I had not the slightest intention of calling an officer. And the apartment manager somehow learned that a "drunk" had spent the night in my apartment. I was asked to leave. I have never gotten over the horror and shock of that experience.

• • • •

Therefore, imagine my state of mind when the following situation arose the other night:. Another gentleman, perfectly nice when sober, reached a degree of intoxication which made it precarious for him to venture home. He lives in the suburbs. Buses had ceased running. Taxi to his home—outside the city limits—would have cost $3 or $4. He had spent nearly all his money for the evening's entertainment. I was afraid he did not have the price of taxi fare home. It was 3:30 o'clock in the morning.

• • • •

If I opened the door and ordered him out, he might be picked up for drunkenness and sent to jail. He might have to walk 10 miles to his home (although I don't think this was physically possible for him under the circumstances.) He might "pass out" on the street somewhere and catch his death of cold.

• • • •

On the other hand, there was the horrible memory of that previous experience of having a "drunk" in my apartment all night. I told him to go. Out into the night he went. I have worried about it ever since. What should I have done? (I forgot to mention I offered to lend him taxi fare. This, of course, hurt his pride; he became infuriated.) Most of his drinking was done before he reached my apartment. However, I did not realize he had had too much until it was too late to do anything about it.

• • • •

This is a more or less universal problem for girls. If we open the door and order them out when they have overstayed the limit, they go out sulkily and we have added an enemy to our list. It is disgusting. And it can't always be helped by the girl. For example, once I entertained a group of friends. It was another girl's escort who took too much liquor. I realize I can refuse to invite such a person to my home again, but how can I be a gracious hostess and at the same time order my guests out of my house?

PUZZLED HOSTESS.

Have Him Removed.

DEAR PUZZLED HOSTESS: When a man "passes out" on a girl's hands, as a result of consuming more alcohol than he can carry, he has pretty well forfeited any claims upon her consideration. If they are alone together in her apartment when such a crisis develops, she should get rid of him at once, by any means at all. If she has no other alternative she *should* summon an officer of the law, who would no doubt be lenient and tolerant with the offender to the point of seeing him safely home, providing he went peaceably. Or she might summon the elevator man, or the night man on the switchboard, and ask him to see her guest into a taxicab, providing fare out of her own purse in order to avoid ransacking the guest's pockets. Still another method might be to telephone a taxicab company, explain the situation and have a trustworthy driver take the inebriate home.

• • • •

In an extremity, if she thinks there is any likelihood of the matter's coming to the attention of the apartment manager or other occupants of the building, she should take the bull by the horns and call upon the apartment manager to help her handle the situation and the souse. By so doing she will be furnishing indisputable proof of her good faith in a painfully awkward situation, and while she may bring down a scolding upon her head, she will very likely avert the possibility of being ejected from the premises. She will probably be let off with a lecture and a warning not to let such a thing happen again.

• • • •

Don't do any hand-wringing over the fact that you sent your second "gentleman" out into the night to fend for himself. Nor over the fact that he became enraged when you thoughtfully offered to lend him taxi fare. If a man isn't capable of looking after himself in any situation, he shouldn't be out after dark. He can't expect casual women friends to act the role of nursemaid, mother or wife to him. And casual women friends can't play that role without seriously endangering their reputation for respectability.. This man owes you an abject apology for his wretched conduct on the evening in question, and if he doesn't submit it promptly and contritely, he is not a gentleman, no matter how "nice" he may seem when sober. Certainly you don't owe him any apology or explanation for what you did. You don't even owe him a second thought.

• • • •

The girl who hasn't the courage to send her men friends home at a reasonable hour is asking for trouble and placing herself in the position of begging for their favor. She is perfectly within her rights in letting her beaux know when the time has come for saying "Good night!" As a matter of fact, they will respect and like her more for doing so. Whatever the nature of their regard for her, it will be intensified rather than diminished by her insistence upon the observance of some proprieties. I don't know why girls in general fail to realize this simple fact.

• • • •

I should say 1 o'clock is quite late enough for entertaining callers, when one is a working woman who must be on the job reasonably early and reasonably fit the following day. When that hour has struck, if the man shows no signs of going, just tactfully and pleasantly show him the door. You can do it in any number of ways: wistfully, regretfully, humorously or forthrightly—but do it firmly.

• • • •

You ask: How can I be a gracious hostess and at the same time order guests out of my house? The answer is that you can't be a gracious hostess when dealing with graceless guests. Your obligation to be exquisitely courteous is automatically canceled the moment a guest oversteps the bounds of propriety in conduct. You become at once a person forced to deal firmly with a disagreeable situation of another's creating. Your immediate obligation is to see that he is removed from the threshold he defiles and the company he insults by his actions.

M. H.

Miss Haworth will be glad to help you in solving your problems. Write her in care of The Post Woman's Page.

Vienna Favorite.

A sauerkraut party is a Vienna favorite. Pour over the sauerkraut a small quantity of pigs knuckle broth. This softens the sauerkraut. Add mashed potatoes with which has been mixed onions cut small and browned in fat. Form the mixture into rolls over which pour sour or sweet cream. Place a little butter on the rolls and cook to a brown.

Protest Against Eroticism Won Fame for Artist

Acting on impulse, Mme. May Schaetzel (below) enrolled for study in the Julian Academy of Paris in 1919. Six months later she was astounding her tutors, her classmates and herself by the intuitive genius she revealed for painting flowers and landscapes. In 1923 her naive study of "Leda and the Swan" (left), executed as a protest against erotic representations of this legendary romance, was shown by Des Independents, and she became famous overnight.

May Schaetzel Became Celebrity in France With Her Naive Study of 'Leda and the Swan'

American's Picture, Meant Seriously, Was Hailed as Caricature.

Noted for Flower Studies and Landscapes, She Visits Washington.

By Elizabeth Young.

AN AMERICAN artist, a woman, painting and studying in Paris in the year 1924, went to the Fall Salon—an annual event of great importance in the French art world—and there saw, among other things, 38 renditions of "Leda and the Swain," and everyone of them—so she says—nasty.

She returned to her studio on the left bank of the Seine, thought the matter over and decided to do a "Leda and the Swan" of her own, this one to be different, idealized, inspiring, as beautiful as she could make it.

She had never seen a swan, for she detests park strolls because they make you perspire and get your shoes soiled, but she had seen ducks and knew them to be kin to the statelier water fowl. So for properties (or models, as you choose), she borrowed a black duck and burrowed in a trunk for an exotic long-legged doll some friend had given her. She posed the doll in an attitude she often strikes herself, with one leg tucked under, the other extended full length. She studied the duck for hours, and then went to work.

"I was never more serious in my life," says Mme. May Schaetzel, the artist of whom we speak. "I wanted to do something beautiful, unique, poetic. When I had finally finished and submitted it, and learned it was to be hung in Des Independents, I was thrilled. Des Independents, as you may know, is Paris' most modern, most difficult to achieve of salons."

Hailed as Humorist.

"But I was stunned when I found the critics crowding around to hail it as a magnificent caricature of Leda, and me as a great humorist and wit in the field of painters. Oh, they said I possessed an art absolutely unto myself! And all I had been trying to do, in the most serious way imaginable, was to get away from the threadbare idea of painting Leda and her swan so amorously!"

Overnight Mme. Schaetzel became the most-talked-of woman in the world of art. She had not been unknown before, however. Already she had painted her way into the charmed circle of Artists Francais, with her almost unbelievably beautiful studies of flower arrangements and French landscapes. She had been known to a select circle of artists both in and out of France since 1919, as a matter of fact; for it was in that year she enrolled for study in the Julian Academy of Paris, purely, as a pastime, and in six months' time astounded her tutors, her classmates and herself by the intuitive genius she revealed.

Spirit in Flowers.

Flowers and growing things are as real to Mme. Schaetzel as persons are to the average individual. "Painting a flower is just like painting a woman," she says. "Flowers are just as feminine as women. They move. They turn. They twist. Sometimes they are so exasperating I could smash them Didn't you know there is spirit in flowers? Just watch them. Watch them fold up in the cold; give you their hearts in the sunshine. I never arrange them. I put them in a bowl and wait. Each takes its pose."

"Tulips are fun," she says. "They jump around, swear quite a lot. Cheeky but cheerful. Chrysanthemums make better salads than pictures. The peony—there's a proud, restless beauty—she turns constantly while you try to paint her. The hydrangea is the best model. She never moves. In Paris, you know, she's an elegant lady who only comes up to town for a short season. When she is dressed in blue she is spirituelle."

Mme. Schaetzel, who claims two homes—Paris and San Diego, Calif.—is in Washington for the winter season. She has brought along a collection of nearly two dozen pictures, which are to be shown at the Corcoran Gallery here beginning January 16. Her attitude toward certain of her pictures is passionately maternal and many of those she has with her are dear companions as much as show pieces. Overturning one such picture during a conversation, she promptly set it right side up, gave it a loving pat, and begged it's pardon for the accident. Many a time after she has sold a picture she loves, she has gone to bed actually ill from the separation, she says.

One-Time Socialite.

Eighteen years ago socialites of Los Angeles and Pasadena accounted Mrs. Schaetzel (she adopted the more exotic "madame" after residence in Paris) among the most enthusiastic devotees of their social life. She excelled in music, playing both violin and piano with a proficiency that fitted her for concert appearances, and danced divinely. Leaving California on a proposed world tour, she changed her mind and started for Spain, with the idea of studying Spanish dancing. She never got to Spain, but stopped in Paris instead.

Here a friend suggested she enroll in the Julian Academy, as a means of harnessing her restless energy. Acting on impulse she did so. The rest is art history. Her pictures are included in art collections the world over, and her "Leda and the Swan" has finally come to rest in the collection of George Humes, of Pasadena, Calif., where it hangs alongside the works of great masters of old and modern times.

Mme. Schaetzel (who is New York born, by the way, of a French mother and a Scots father) has a theory that anyone can succeed at anything if he follows the promptings of his spirit. She believes in acting on impulse when it comes to opening the door to opportunity's knock; but she believes in giving one's self altogether and slavishly to one's chosen work.

Works Like Slave.

"For years," she cried out, with clenched fists held tensely against her breasts, tears streaming from her intense brown eyes, "I have painted all day, all night. I've stayed in my studio days on end. I've fallen down from sheer exhaustion, slept for a couple of hours and wakened to go on with my work again, not knowing or caring whether it was midnight or noon. That's the way you've got to feel toward your work if it is to be good. And mine," she said proudly, "is good."

Mme. Schaetzel is stopping at the Fairfax Hotel while here. She has a room with a view of the Virginia hills. Always she insists on a room with a view. For she is known in France as "the window painter." All her flower and landscape pictures are presented against or through a window. Right now she is dreaming of a bowl of white poinsettias against a window, through which is seen a wistful panorama of [illegible] Virginia hills, with a church spire, the towers of Georgetown University, trees and a winding road in the nearer distance. "Perhaps I shall call it 'Virginia Hills' or 'Gray Hills Far Away,'" she muses.

A WOMAN'S NEW YORK

By Alice Hughes

By Alice Hughes.

New York, Jan. 6.

IT MAY BE that I have mentioned before the smartness and often the supremacy of many of our home-town girls in the field of publicizing everything from pumps to politics, but I don't think I've ever discussed the work they do in the theater—and that's one of their best and busiest branches. All this because one of the plums of the lot—that of heading publicity for our famous Theater Guild—has just become the property of Helen Deutsch, one of the craftiest of her craft.

ALICE HUGHES.

This practically makes Helen the local Princess of Publicity, for the Guild job is terrifically important in scope and dignity. She has for some time been laboring for that other dignified producer, Mr. Gilbert Miller, of New York and Piccadilly, and is thus suitably trained to handle the news of the top-hatted, ermine-draped Guild dramas, practically all of which are called "important" in the trade. That, I assume, is because so many of them are by gents with interesting foreign names, and because they star Lunt and Fontanne, replicas of whom were no doubt placed in the cornerstone of the Guild Theater.

• • • •

Girls—that is, intelligent and alert girls—are exceptionally good at handling such shows. They are apt to be alive to the social possibilities of the customers, and to take far greater pains in approaching all possible angles of their labors than the average male press agent. Or am I just being sex proud? At any rate, I should like to see any three of them outguess, outsmart or outfox such a girl as Helen Deutsch, or any one of three or four others of her ilk. Any gentlemen around the country care to step up and try?

• • • •

GIRL ABOUT TOWN—Well, pretty Harriet Hilliard, who is Mrs. Ozzie Nelson of the air waves and smart cafes, has had her little baby and will soon be off to make another movie in Hollywood. You may remember she was a hit in her very first one, "Follow the Fleet." The girl who has been carrying on for her with Ozzie's band is a cute little number from the grand old town of Pueblo, Colo. Her name is Shirley Lloyd, and for years her mother ran the eating house next to the office of the Pueblo Star-Journal. The boys on the paper always thought of Shirley as their little gal, and they give her a big hand when she sings her songs these days!

• • • •

There has been much head-shaking along the avenues and byways over the tragedy that came to Peggy Joyce. In spite of the years of newspaper harrying, Peggy has always been popular with the paper boys here, and they've been really fond of her. She certainly has held aloft the banner of romance in a cynical age, and you can't deny that she's the marrying kind! . . .

• • • •

Angna Enters, the diseuse and dance-mime and all the other things they call "mimics" these days, has been having a successful series of matinees here, and deservedly, for she's a clever girl. The first name must have been adopted just to drive printers crazy, for she was "Anita" Enters when I saw her give a joint recital with Michio Ito in Washington too darn many years ago.

• • • •

I am probably just being worrysome, but when I think that this town's stayer-outers alone poured over $10,000,000 into the tills of hotels and cafes on the eve of the new year, I began to think of the fall of Rome, and 1929, and other such terrestrial horrors, and have to lie down in a dark room for a spell. Ten million smackers for bubbles, headaches and horns!

• • • •

The monogramming madness has reached such proportions here that one big store has installed a five-day service for riveting names and initials on practically anything. I saw some angora gloves with the owner's first name across the backs in contrasting colors. If this keeps up we'll yet see women marching the better streets with their full names across their chests in neon lights—like the man on Broadway who used to advertise cigars. And do you think that's any crazier than some of the other things going on in the world? I don't.

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Recipe for Spice Filled Coffee Cake

3¼ cups sifted cake or pastry flour
4 teaspoons baking powder
1 teaspoon salt
½ teaspoon nutmeg
¾ cup granulated sugar
1¼ teaspoon cinnamon
6 tablespoons shortening
2 eggs, beaten
1 cup bottled milk or ½ cup evaporated milk and ½ cup water
4 tablespoons powdered sugar
2 tablespoons butter or margarine
½ cup chopped walnut meats
1 cup heavy cream, whipped

Mix 3 cups flour, the baking powder, salt, nutmeg, granulated sugar and ½ teaspoon cinnamon. Cut in shortening; beat in eggs and milk. Turn into a greased 9-inch cake pan. Mix powdered sugar, ¼ cup flour and ¾ teaspoon cinnamon; cut in butter; sprinkle together with nuts over batter. Bake in a moderate oven of 375 degrees F. for 40 minutes. Cool in pan; remove, split and fill with cream. Serves 8 to 10.

Smart Blouse and Skirt Stitched As Choice Addition to Wardrobe

Feature of All-Year-'Round Outfit Fills Immediate Need and Is Easily Made With Stockinette Stitch.

By Alice Brooks.
Pattern 5655.

LIKE A GAY addition to your "all year 'round" warbrobe? Of course, you would! Then take a tip and knit this fetching blouse. You'll love the lacines of a pointed yoke, so prettily set off by plain stockinette stitch, and are sure to adore the snug fit of ribbing 'cross the hips. Ribbing also bands the simple sleeves. Knit it of soft-colored string or yarn, in one of the new shades! In pattern 5655 you will find instructions for making the blouse and skirt in sizes 16-18 and 38-40; an illustration of the blouse and of all stitches used; material requirements.

To obtain this pattern send 10 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to The Washington Post, Household Arts Department, 259 West Fourteenth street, New York, N. Y. Be sure to write plainly your name, address and pattern number.

Today's HEALTH TALK

By Dr. Irving S. Cutter.

Ventilation in Winter.

These are the days when we must watch the ventilation and the heating of the home, the office, and the workshop. The environment in which one lives and works has much to do with health, comfort, and efficiency. Irritability and mental slowing will result from an oppressive atmosphere. We become tired before the normal fatigue period arrives.

We now know that the effects of air are measurable, not only in the lungs but upon the skin as well. In fact, the skin is an important sense organ and an air blanket in contact with it can become deadening or stimulating, depending upon its character.

Still Air Harmful.

Experiments conducted by the New York ventilating commission have shown that if a man is placed in a closed box in which the air is hot and moist, a feeling of discomfort develops quickly which is unrelieved by breathing cool, fresh air from the outside. The sensation disappears, however, when the air inside the box is circulated by means of an electric fan.

We can assume, therefore, that very little damage results from what is called "crowd poison," that is, organic substances thrown off from a great many human bodies. Nevertheless, to most of us, good ventilation means fresh, odorless air. The flow should be sufficient to carry away the effluvia from clothing, bathless bodies, and that which arises from muscular activity.

The reason that moist, cool air may give us a sense of chill is because water is a good conductor of heat. But, you say, this statement does not accord with experience as on a very hot day, with the humidity high, little heat is conducted away from the body. The explanation lies in the fact that the air may contain so much moisture that there is little or no evaporation from the skin. Hence we lose the cooling effect of this process.

Ideal Temperature.

The ventilating problem, therefore, is one in which we endeavor to supply clean air, free from dust, and at the proper temperature and humidity. What is the ideal temperature? Strange as it may seem, air at 65 degrees Fahrenheit, with a 50 per cent relative humidity, will afford more comfort to many individuals than air at 70 or 75 degrees, with a 20 per cent humidity. Office workers who are well and who feel chilly at a temperature of 70 to 72 degrees may safely ascribe the sensation to dry air. The optimum temperature for health is between 68 and 70 degrees, with a humidity of around 50. Of course, the higher the temperature the more moisture the air can hold. At zero Fahrenheit it can hold less than one-half a grain per cubic foot, but at 70 degrees it can retain as many as 8 grains per cubic foot.

Most homes depend upon natural ventilation, that is, air which works its way in from the outside through windows, chimneys, cracks beneath the doors, or partially opened windows. Few houses are so tight that air leakage will not occur. While this may be hard on the coal bill, it is a desirable health situation.

An excellent device is the so-called window ventilator or shield, the purpose of which is to prevent incoming cold air from passing directly to the floor.

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Home Institute

Increase Your Popularity

WHY IS IT that some girls attract boy friends galore while others sit at home in aching loneliness?

Is it because the stay-at-homes aren't so good looking or intelligent as their more popular sisters? Nonsense! It's simply that the lonely girls haven't learned to make use of the charms they possess. They're not in on the secret of every woman great in romantic history—that almost any man will fall for the woman who builds him up, makes him feel important.

Beauty is an asset in winning love, of course. For what man doesn't feel important if he annexes the best-looking girl in the crowd? But beauty fades, and the girl who wins on her looks must find other ways to make her man throw his chest out, if she's to hold him.

She must learn, along with her less favored sisters who succeed in love, to show sympathy, interest in her man's work and his hobbies, pride in his accomplishments, faith in his future. She must, without being a clinging vine, make him feel that he's her protector.

Success in love is yours if you know these tricks of personality that make you irresistible to the opposite sex.

Our 40-page booklet, "Success in Love and Marriage," tells how to recognize true love, conquer jealousy, overcome sex-consciousness, preserve the spirit of courtship and coquetry in marriage. Don't deny yourself the happiness that an understanding of love and its problems will give.

Send 15 cents for our booklet, "Success in Love and Marriage," to The Washington Post, Home Institute, 109 West Nineteenth street, New York, N. Y. Write plainly your name, address and the name of booklet.

Cooking Hints

Stewed prunes are delicious without any additional flavoring, but if you want to vary this flavor, add a slice or two of orange, or of lemon, or a piece of stick cinnamon, or a combination of all three to the prunes.

Food preparation is nine-tenths peeling, slicing, measuring, stirring and serving, and about one-tenth actually standing by the stove. There is even an approved method of slicing raisins. They look more attractive when cut with a scissors than by any other method of chopping.

Cut pineapple spears in half and split lengthwise. Place pineapple on buttered bread, top with one-half teaspoon of mayonnaise and 2 or 3 tiny shrimps. Sprinkle with a little salt, paprika and lemon juice just before serving.

Blonde's Colors, Brunette's Hues Undergo Change

Choosing of Proper Shade Held Most Important of the Rules.

One of the long established maxims of dress has been:

Blondes should wear blue, brunettes red.

Now along comes Miss Beatrice Bowry, Boston style expert, to explode this theory.

"My feeling after years of color work is that value, or shade, is far more important than hue," she says.

"A blonde, for instance, is lively in light blues and navies, but if you put a brilliant blue on a blonde with the usual type of light blue eyes, the brilliance of that blue is very likely to fade the eye coloring so that the dress becomes a liability, as the eyes are the most important feature and therefore should not be overshadowed. The ideal way for a blonde to dress is in very dark and very light colors, used together or alone. Blondes can very easily be made to look faded and somewhat common in appearance unless colors are carefully selected.

"Brunettes, on the other hand, require brilliance. Exactly the same colors that would be lovely for a blonde are very deadening on a brunette. The more brilliance in color, the more vivacious the typical brunette appears.

"I have always felt that red hair is an asset rather than a liability if the owner of that red hair learns the elementary facts of color harmony. If she realizes first that her hair is orange, not red, and second, such simple laws of color as that orange, yellow and chartreuse form an analogous color harmony, she will use this as one color combination, perhaps in a print with brown accessories."

Miss Bowry believes it is "quite impossible to classify the medium type, as it would probably be very easy to find at least a dozen; with eyes that are brown, blue, green or hazel; hair that is reddish, blondish or definitely brown, and skin that is sallow, ruddy or freckled."

Menus for Today

By Rebekah Blake.

BREAKFAST.
Tangerines
Creamed Eggs
Toasted Rolls Butter
Coffee Milk

LUNCHEON.
Noodle Soup
Stuffed Prune Salad
Rye Bread Butter
Apple Jelly
Sliced Peaches

DINNER.
Cranberry Juice
Braised Short Ribs of Beef.
Boiled White Potatoes
White Bread Butter
Coffee Milk
Pineapple Salad
Chocolate Cake

BRAISED SHORT RIBS OF BEEF.

Cut 2 pounds middle or short ribs in pieces for serving. Sprinkle with salt and pepper, coat with flour and brown in fat. Put through a food chopper into casserole one-quarter cup carrots, one quarter cup turnips, one-quarter cup celery and one-quarter cup onion. Put meat on top. Rinse frying pan with 1 cup boiling water, add to meat, cover closely and bake 2 to 3 hours or until tender in a very slow oven, 250 degrees F.

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As President Spoke Before a New Congress

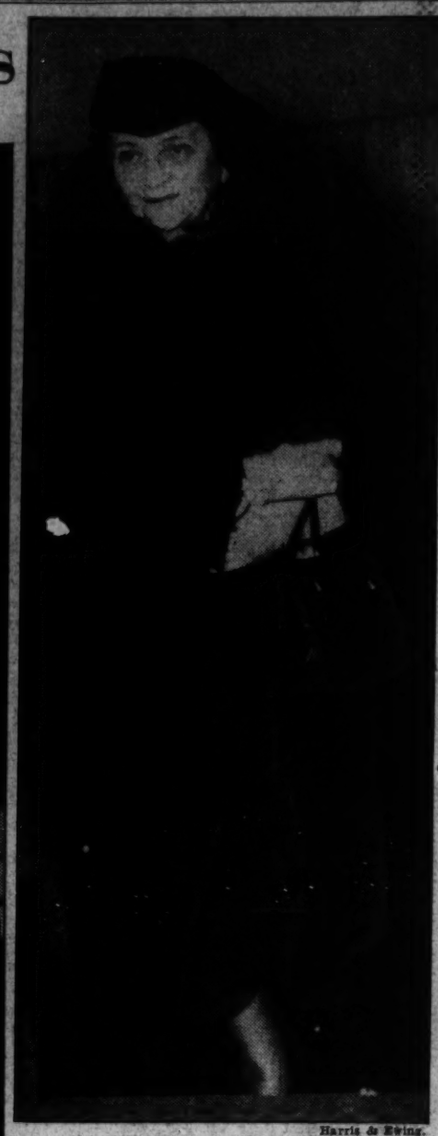
The Post is the only daily morning paper in Washington with A. P. WIREPHOTO Service.

Associated Press Photo.

PRESIDENT SPEAKS. Close-up made from gallery opposite the rostrum while President Roosevelt addressed both bodies of Congress.

Underwood & Underwood.

THE NATION'S VOTE. The proudest boys in town yesterday were James Young and Harry Sonnenberg, who, carrying boxes containing the electoral ballots, lead the procession of members of the Senate as they marched over to the joint session of Congress.

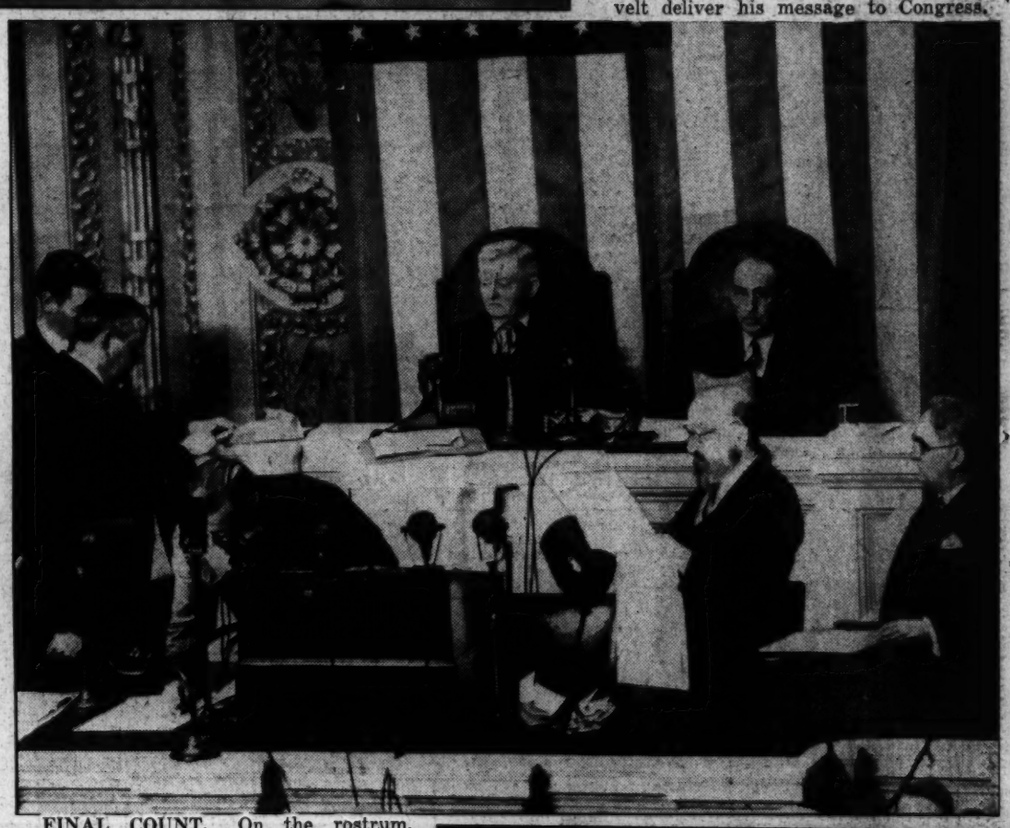


Harris & Ewing.

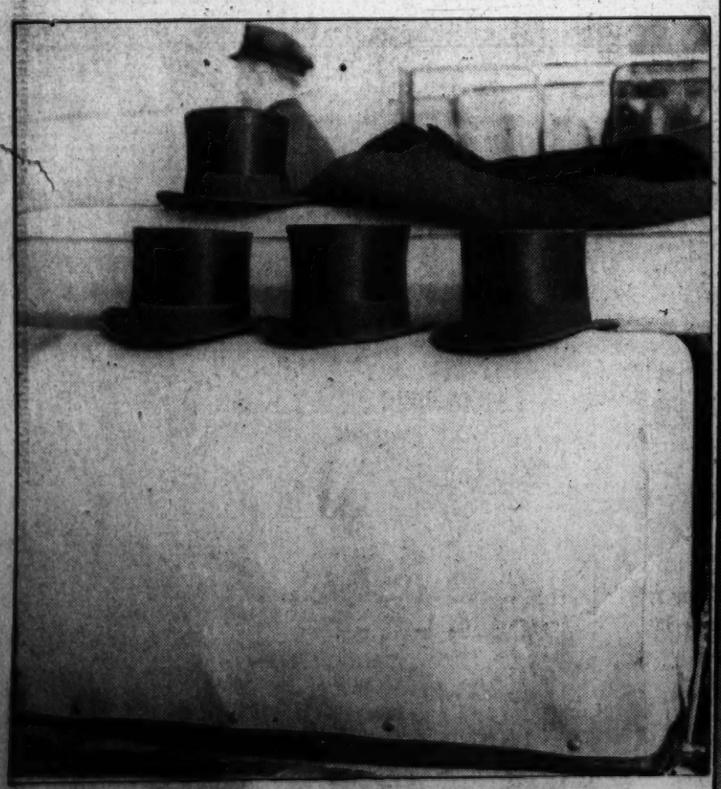
LABOR Secretary Perkins arriving at the Capitol to hear President Roosevelt deliver his message to Congress.

Harris & Ewing.

ARRIVAL OF WHITE HOUSE CAR. Secretaries Marvin H. McIntyre and Stephen Early and the President's son, James, accompanied the Executive on his motor drive to the Capitol.



FINAL COUNT. On the rostrum, Speaker Bankhead and Vice President Garner as they heard the official count of electoral ballots made before the joint session.



Associated Press Photo.

"FOUR OF A KIND." With the House cloakroom space pretty well filled—the President's silk topper and those of his secretaries and son, James, were left parked in neat order on the back of his open car while he visited the Capitol.

Underwood & Underwood.

CROWDED OUT. Police were kept busy holding back persons anxious to get seats in the galleries to hear the President deliver his message before both Houses. A portion of the crowd unable to get seated is shown above.

Underwood & Underwood.

CABINET MEMBERS' WIVES were among the many persons from official and diplomatic Washington seated in the galleries. Mrs. Morgenthau, wife of the Secretary of the Treasury, shown arriving with a Secret Service operative.

Local News
Financial

The Washington Post

Classified
Comics

**** X WASHINGTON: THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1937 13

The Federal Diary

By Samuel Lubell.

Personnel Council.

We'd like to be able to say that this has been "learned from high authority," but the truth of the matter is that it's simply a bit of guesswork on our part, based, though, on rather substantial "evidence."

At any rate, one of the probable recommendations of the Brookings and Brownlow reorganization reports will be a new lease on life for the council of personnel administration.

The council would be reorganized along lines of the Central Statistical Board, with definite statutory existence and appropriation, a full-time director and a small staff, with an advisory committee made up of personnel representatives form each agency.

This new council would be unto personnel what the central board is to statistics. Particular emphasis would be placed on in-service training and the council would also have general authority "to study means for bringing about a career system service."

Add to arguments for a system of automatic promotion, the remark of Ismar Baruch, Civil Service Commission classification chief, at the Labor Lodge, No. 12's forum meeting, that the original classification act was intended to contain provisions for a definite advancement plan.

Conciliator Dewey.

James F. Dewey, Department of Labor conciliator in the automobile strikes, stands about 5 foot 7, weighs around 180 pounds and has a confidence-inspiring, boyish face . . . curly hair and an easy way of talking are other assets that have stood him well in 18 years of conciliation work with Labor and the State of Pennsylvania.

The urge to be a conciliator was born in Dewey's breast while serving on the adjustment board for railroad telegraphers in Pennsylvania . . . Telegraphing was Dewey's third try at a life's job . . . Number one attempt to provide bread and butter was as a schoolteacher . . . then as an auditor in a coal company . . . and then as a telegrapher . . . from there to the State conciliation service.

Dewey was brought to Washington while Puddler Jim Davis was secretary . . . His old experience as a coal company auditor may have helped for he soon became the conciliation's service coal specialist . . . worked on the anthracite strike of '28 . . . also the more recent bituminous coal troubles . . . When NRA was created he served for one year with the Steel Relations Board.

It was Dewey who got the "sit-down" strikers out of Midland Steel's automobile parts plant recently . . . Dewey went into the plant at the request of union leaders . . . Asked to prove his identity, he discovered he had left his credentials in another suit . . . "I don't need credentials to show I'm working for your good," he shouted back at the jeering strikers . . . the sit-downers came out.

While on the subject of conciliation, that impartial panel of National Labor Relations Board lawyers who were asked to arbitrate the fight in the General Accounting Office Lodge decided against the national office . . . that the delegation originally elected by the lodge should have been seated at Detroit.

Monday night the lodge elects new officers at the Hamilton . . . Jacob Milwet isn't seeking re-election as president, but is reported to be supporting Theodore Freter. Other candidates are Herbert Strople, Edward T. Chappell, W. F. Chase and Matthew F. Faerber.

Music for Cows.

If you were intrigued by that little story in yesterday's Post about the farmer who got more milk out of his cow by playing the radio in his cowshed, we hate to let you down, but Department of Agriculture scientists lift their eyebrows suspiciously at the tale.

Artificial means of stimulating production have been tried in countless instances for many years—even more so with hens than cows. Some poultry farms, for example, use electric lights to get the hens up earlier; others heat the drinking water to stimulate egg-laying. Other devices are tiny halters that prevent hens from pecking one another; a "hen-spec" that keeps the hen's eyes directed to the floor (and we suppose the business at hand) and which presumably makes it impossible for the hen to see distracting things up on the ceiling or to the side; then, of course, radios have been played to make for more contented egg-laying.

The Bureau of Dairy Industry has five instances on record of music being used to soothe bossy's feelings. Most exhaustive report comes from Hungary, with definite figures on the increase in milk production cited. The report is a bit uncertain on what effect the music had on the cows, but adds that it "very definitely pepped up the milkers!"

Postals.

WPA Lodge, No. 139, has changed its meeting place for tonight's talk of Civil Service Commissioner White to the Burlington Hotel . . . The Social Security Board Union votes tonight on whether or not to ask for reaffiliation with the A. F. G. E. . . . New officers elected to fill vacancies in AAA Lodge are vice presidents, Lawrence Pierini, Kathryn Bellman, J. Sterling Moran. Mrs. Alline Williams and Frank A. McQuillan; sergeant-at-arms, Joseph W. Keady.

A couple of lines were dropped out of that "sick leave" item in yesterday's diary, so here are the correct figures . . . average sick leave taken by Washington Agriculture employes 7.5 days . . . only 3.9 per cent of the 6,785 employes took full 30 days . . . 1,126 employes more than 15 days . . . 1,475 not a single day.

Robert Ramspeck, chairman of the House Civil Service Committee, Charles West, undersecretary of Interior, and Robert L. Johnson, president of the National Civil Service Reform League, will speak at the first annual in-service training luncheon of American University's School of Public Affairs, Saturday at 2 p. m. at the Mayflower . . . Issue No. 1 of the Office of Education radio project's new "World Is Yours" magazine, publicizing the Smithsonian Institution broadcast, came out yesterday. Get a copy, it's free and worth a good deal more.

Ballou Backs School Board On Sec. 213

Superintendent Declares Act Not Applicable to D. C. Employes.

Civil Service Officials Criticize Teachers' Reinstatements.

The Civil Service Commission's charges that the Board of Education has been "evasive" in its administration of the marriage caluse of the 1933 economy act drew fire yesterday from Dr. Frank W. Ballou, superintendent of schools.

Before a meeting of the board the superintendent declared the civil service authorities had "evidently forgotten" a 1934 ruling that Section 213 of the act (the marriage clause) "does not apply to the appointment or reinstatement of persons in the Government of the District of Columbia."

The "marriage clause" abolished the dual employment of husband and wife in Federal service.

Many Reinstated.

Following the enactment in 1933, the Board of Education accepted the resignations of several teachers who feared their husbands' Government jobs might be in peril if they continued to teach. Subsequent to May 12, 1934, when, Dr. Ballou says, the Civil Service Commission revoked its original interpretation of the law, many of these teachers (and some clerks who also had resigned) applied for reinstatement, and in cases in which applicants were able to meet the board's qualifications were given their old jobs back.

According to Dr. Ballou, "many employes" who resigned because of the act, have been placed back in the school service, although their husbands, or wives, remain in Federal service.

This is the procedure the civil service authorities are now criticizing, William C. Hull, executive assistant to the commission, in a letter to board members and to the superintendent two weeks ago, declared "any such practice * * * actually constitutes a direct evasion of the intent of the law."

Asks For Interpretation.

Hull added that "since the certification and reinstatement procedures of this office (the Civil Service Commission) are directly involved, it will be appreciated if the views of the board on the subject are made known to this office as early as practicable."

Dr. Ballou told the board that the "marriage clause" has become an issue at the present time because last October a teacher offered her resignation from the school service "in order that her husband might be reinstated in a Federal department in accordance with the rules of the Civil Service Commission." The operation of section 213 in Federal departments prevented him being reinstated as long as his wife was employed as a teacher.

The teacher resigned October 31, and subsequently her husband was reinstated. Afterward the teacher applied for her old job and Dr. Ballou was advised by the department that reinstated her husband that her re-employment would not affect his status.

Dr. Ballou said he notified the Civil Service Commission when the teacher applied for reappointment, and that the recent letter from the Commission to board members was the result.

Policy Since 1934.

The superintendent said that since 1934 it had been the policy of the board to reinstate teachers who had resigned because of the act if they could meet board qualifications for their jobs and if they could get a statement from the Federal department in which the husband, or wife, was employed, that reinstatement would not affect his, or her, status in the Government.

Originally, when the economy act was put into effect, the Board of Education ruled that "a person whose name stands number one on an appropriate eligible list whose husband or wife is employed in the Government and who continues to be so employed will be passed over in making appointments to the service."

The regulation was rescinded January 16, 1935, when, according to Dr. Ballou, the school trustees ruled that the economy act did not apply to employes of the Board of Education. The board then authorized the appointment of those persons whose names had been on the eligible lists and whose names had been passed over in accordance with the earlier rule of the board.

The board yesterday received Dr. Ballou's statement on the Civil Service Commission's criticism, but delayed action of its own until a future meeting.

D. C. Spring-Like As New Cold Wave Hits Middle West

Washington experienced a mild January day yesterday as winter cracked down on the West, and a new cold wave, accompanied by snow in some States, sread over the Middle West and Rocky Mountain areas.

Today will be somewhat warmer, with occasional showers, in the District and nearby Maryland and Virginia, the forecaster predicted last night. Yesterday's maximum reading was 39 at 3 p. m. and the low was 32, recorded at 9 a. m.

Meanwhile, the heaviest snow in years blocked most of the roads in southern Utah, stranding motorists, who were rescued by teams of horses. More than 200 persons were beleagured in the California highlands, and in the Grand Canyon section of Arizona, the Associated Press reported.

Helena, Mont., reported a low reading of 23 below.

D. C. Priest Begins Long Hop To Manila Eucharistic Session

Post Staff Photo.

Father Ignatius Fealy and his neice, Caroline Fealy.

Father Ignatius Fealy Will Say Mass at Midway and Wake Islands and Later Visit Army Buddies in the Orient.

Red-faced, smiling and happy as a boy playing hookey from school, the Rev. Ignatius Fealy climbed into a plane at Washington Airport last night and roared away into the darkness on the first lap of an 11,000-mile flight to Manila.

Lifted from his broad, sturdy shoulders was the weight of 14 placid, uneventful years as pastor of a small church in a small town where nothing ever happens, and his eyes were bright with the happy light that shines among men who like to live dangerously and courageously.

A substitute will fill Father Fealy's place in the rectory of St. Agnes' Church at Woodland, Md., for the next three months while he travels newly chartered airways to say mass before improvised altars on Midway and Wake Islands in the middle of the Pacific, laughs with old friends in Army barracks and wanders happily among the strange scenes of the Orient.

To Father Fealy will go the distinction of being the first passenger to fly from Washington to Manila, the first priest to say mass on Midway and Wake Islands and the only clerical representative from the Archdiocese of Baltimore to the Eucharistic Congress in Manila.

Pioneering Old to Him.

But being a pioneer is nothing new to Father Fealy. Way back in 1908 his friends voted him the most popular man in Washington in a contest sponsored by a local newspaper and he was awarded a $3,000 "steamer" automobile.

"I had to get permission from the Cardinal before I could drive it," chuckled Father Fealy. "It was considered rather daring for a priest to drive an automobile in those days, and I was the first to get a car."

In 1914, when the war clouds were gathering, Father Fealy became an Army chaplain and learned to ride with the hard-riding cavalrymen and artillerymen at Fort Myer.

"Ah, those were the hppdy days," rcalled the plump, good natured 58-year-old priest. "We went down to the Mexican border. What great fellows those soldiers were. Then I came back to Fort Myer for two years, and I guess I was living too happily. In 1923 I was mustered out of the Army and assigned to my little church 14 miles from nowhere, where nothing ever happens."

Soldiers grown old in the service still write to Father Fealy from Honolulu, Manila, the Orient. And in the barracks they talk of the priest who spoke softly, but talked like a man.

In his quiet little rectory, Father Fealy read the letters and dreamed of the days gone by.

Flying on His Bonus.

"I put all of my Army bonus away, and it's been burning a hole in my pocket. Finally, I decided to spend it and could think of no better way than flying to the Eucharistic Congress. The archbishop gave me three months leave of absence.

"Ah, but God has been good to me. I'll fly over the Grand Canyon and see some old friends at the Presidio in San Francisco before I go aboard the China Clipper. Then I have some old Army friends in Honolulu, and I'll stay with them a week.

"From Honolulu we'll fly to Midway Island. There are some Catholics there and I'll be the first priest that has visited them since they left the islands. I'll say mass there. The next day, I'll say mass at Wake Island. Then I'll be in Manila for the Eucharistic Congress. Then I'll fly on to China and see some old friends, and I'll have to look up Pat Byrne—Father Pat Byrne, a fine Washington boy—in Otsu, Japan. Oh, I've so many things to do I'll have to fly back so no time will be wasted.

"Oh, no, I didn't tell my flock at Woodlawn I was going to fly. They wouldn't understand. They would think it was dangerous. I don't see any danger and I didn't want them worrying about me."

Father Fealy, a "Swamp Poodle boy," was raised near St. Aloysius Church. He was ordained in 1904 and was assigned to St. Joseph's Church in 1908.

Traffic Death Of Policeman Held Accident

Coroner's Jury Clears Hyattsville Youth in Grissett Case.

The traffic death of Policeman Ernest Joseph Grissett, 29, of 7011 Ninth street northwest, was held accidental by a coroner's jury yesterday when Joseph F. Rhine, 18, of Hyattsville, Md., was absolved from blame.

Grissett died in Walter Reed Hospital December 29 from injuries received two days before Christmas when his motorcycle overturned at Fifth street and Concord avenue northwest.

Testimony of witnesses to the accident varied at the inquest yesterday. Several persons told the jury Rhine failed to stop for a sign while driving east on Concord avenue. Others said the car did stop. All, however, stated Grissett's machine did not come in contact with the Rhine automobile.

The jury was told Grissett's motorcycle swerved suddenly before it overturned. Police said there apparently was no reason for the sudden change in direction.

Hook Exonerated.

Lohring J. Hook, 44, of 1525 Oak street northwest, was exonerated of blame by the jury after hearing in the death of Julius C. Cooper, colored, 46, of 1609 Eighth street northwest, who died January 3 in Gallinger Hospital.

Cooper, witnesses testified, walked into the side of Hook's automobile at Fourteenth street and Rhode Island avenue northwest, December 29.

Police yesterday identified a man killed by an automobile on the Washington-Baltimore boulevard at Beltsville, Md., three days ago, as Leonard Simms, 56, of 4213 Alabama avenue southeast.

Identification was established by comparison of fingerprints at the Department of Justice. Relatives claimed the body at Gasch's undertaking establishment last night.

Simms, a printer, was instantly killed when struck by a car driven by George W. Davis, Silver Spring, Md., manager of the Federal Reemployment Office at Rockville.

Traffic Lights Up.

Traffic signal lights were put into operation at Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets at Constitution avenue. The lights will give Navy and War Department workers a better break in crossing Constitution avenue.

Driving permits of two motorists were revoked and 28 others were suspended when the Revocation Board acted on 30 speed cases.

Revoked—Thomas J. Chaconas, 5101 Thirteenth street northwest, 60 miles; Richard M. Lord, 1414 Shepherd street northwest, 32 miles.

Thirty-day suspensions—Charles S. Butcher, 1606 Fifteenth street northwest, 48 miles; Henry Cauthorne, 1644 Sixth street northwest, 36 miles; James G. Cecil, 3090 Third street southeast, 42 miles; Mararet D. Griffith, Kennedy-Warren Apartments, 42 miles; Harry L. Hall, 3031 Sedgwick street northwest, 50 miles; Charles W. Hettinger, Silver Spring, Md., 46 miles; George W. Howlin, 604 F street northwest, 42 miles; Orville H. Laughlin, 3855 Beecher street northwest, 48 miles; Arthur E. Mathis, 4616 Hunt place northeast, 42 miles; Joseph G. Oreto, 1017 K street northwest, 38 miles, second offense; Samuel T. Rolls, 4614 Fourteenth street northwest, 42 miles.

Fifteen-day suspensions—James A. Churchuris, 318 Third street northeast, 38 miles; Robert A. Cox, 5909 Seventh street northwest, 38 miles; George G. Draper, Alexandria, Va., 36 miles; Henry J. Gertler, 5230 Peabody street northwest, 40 miles; Frank B. Grande, 1623 Wisconsin avenue northwest, 40 miles; Charles G. Haig, 3626 Norton place northwest, 38 miles; Razan C. Halbach, Silver Spring, Md., 36 miles; Charles R. Herring, Alexandria, Va., 38 miles; George H. Jackson, 146 N street southeast, 40 miles; Melvin R. Jackson, 5212 Cloud street northeast, 40 miles; George R. Laprade, 58 M street northwest, 36 miles; Alfred Parks, 3727 Branch avenue southeast, 40 miles; Lono B. Parks, 1016 Lamont street northwest, 36 miles; Jess B. Parsons, 931 G place northwest, 40 miles; Charles J. Troubill, Navy Yard, 38 miles; Milton T. Warring, 1240 Monroe street northeast, 36 miles; James S. Wilson, 7601 Georgia avenue northwest, 36 miles.

School Board Retires Ely; 3 Promoted

Veteran Division Head Is Praised for 45 Years' Service.

2 Teachers Advanced; Group Is Criticized in Paper Ban.

Retirement of Selden M. Ely, veteran school officer of 45 years' service, and appointments of two assistant high school principals and an assistant superintendent of custodians were approved by the Board of Education yesterday.

The three officers to receive promotions are:

Mrs. D. I. Huff, Roosevelt High School teacher, who was made assistant principal of that school.

Mrs. O. H. Corkery, Anacostia Junior-Senior High School teacher, who becomes assistant principal there.

Charles F. West, custodian of Central High School since 1934, who is new assistant superintendent of custodians for District schools.

Ely, who has reached the retirement age of 70, is one of Washington's most widely known educators. For 33 years he has been supervising principal of the Fifth Division. But he is even better known, especially among the school children, for his work as director of the School Boy Patrols. With the co-operation of the Metropolitan Police Department and the American Automobile Association, he helped organize the patrols several years ago, and has developed them as a strong unit operating effectively in the reduction of traffic hazards around the schools.

Accidents Reduced.

The A. A. A. recently announced that traffic accidents to school children had been cut 88 per cent since the boy patrols were formed. Under Ely's guidance the patrol organization in the Capital became regarded as a model for other cities in the country to follow.

Ely began his service with the school system here in 1891. At the age of 25 he got an assignment to teach seventh grade at the Van Buren School in Anacostia. Four years later he was given his first administrative position, the principalship of the Van Buren School. He has been supervising principal of the Fifth Division since 1903. That assignment placed him in charge of all elementary schools lying between the Union Station and Brookland.

Yesterday the school board in a statement paid the veteran educator this tribute:

"The professional leadership and idealism of Mr. Ely have been felt in the development of hundreds of teachers who have been employed in the ranks of the elementary schools under his supervision.

His retirement becomes effective January 31.

Board Is Criticized.

Mrs. Huff is the second woman to be placed in an administrative office at Roosevelt recently. In her new position she will be one of two assistants to Miss Mae P. Bradshaw, new principal of the school.

Mrs. Corkery, born in Missouri, came to the Capital in 1922. She has taught social studies in several schools here and during the summer has been an instructor at Catholic University.

The board yesterday received several communications commenting adversely on its banning of Scholastic magazine from local schools on grounds that it is pacifistic. Board members, however, reported that they were "studying" copies of the magazine and hinted that they would favor reconsidering its stand.

Dr. Frank W. Ballou, superintendent, submitted a report showing that 4,900 new pupils from outside the District of Columbia had been admitted to District schools between the beginning of the September term and the middle of October. He said these pupils (most of whom live in Washington and are not to be confused with nonresident pupils) came from 48 States in the Union, and represented 35 foreign countries.

Courses in safe driving, proposed by the American Automobile Association, will be tried out next semester in Roosevelt and Dunbar High schools, Dr. Ballou announced. The courses include use of dual control cars in which school boys and girls will have the opportunity to learn how to drive safely under expert instruction.

Scream Thwarts Attempt to Hold Up D. C. Liquor Store

Lung, not fists or bullets, won the battle for Abraham Kaplan, who runs a liquor store in the 1300 block of H street northeast, last night.

Kaplan was fumbling around among his many attractive bottles when a colored hoodlum slouched in the door and said:

"Bo, put 'em up."

Abraham Kaplan screamed.

When Kaplan had finished screaming he raised his hands.

But the would-be bandit had fled.

Copeland Indorses Increased Salaries

Senator Copeland (Democrat), of New York, yesterday lent his indorsement to the move to raise salaries for Government employes in the lower brackets, and stated he also favors an extension of the merit system.

Today Senator McCarran (Democrat), of Nevada, will begin a series of conferences with representatives of organizations of Government workers and officials of the Labor Department preparatory to drafting a bill for the salary increases.

World Loses a Great Surgeon All Over Ban on Eating Candy

Post Staff Photo.

ROBIN MONROE GAARDSMOE.

5-Year-Old Robin Gaardsmoe Decides He'd Rather Be a Movie Producer Anyway; So Now He'll Get Screen Test.

The world lost a great surgeon last week when 5-year-old Robin Monroe Gaardsmoe, of 1342 B street southeast, was ordered to stop eating candy.

Robin, precocious son of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar R. Gaardsmoe, has decided to become president of the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Motion Picture Co., convinced that in that job he can eat all the candy he desires.

As the first step toward his goal Robin and his manager, Miss Barbara Bradley, will journey to New York next week for screen and audition tests. The trip was arranged by a scout for the National Broadcasting Co., who heard Robin reciting on a kiddies hour broadcast here last week.

Robin, who knows all the letters of the alphabet and can identify any combination of numerals, knows more than 20 stories and poems, which he recites over the radio. An I. Q. test revealed that he has the intelligence of an 8-year-old child.

Until last week Robin had decided to be a doctor when he grows up. Then he ate too much candy and the doctor was called.

"No more sweets," ordered the doctor.

Robin then and there developed a decided distaste for the medical profession and decided to become a movie producer.

Airport Board Hears Experts Testify on Site

Method of Financing Cost Remains an Obstacle to Commissioners.

The Washington Airport Commission yesterday began a series of executive hearings of experts preparatory to selecting one or more sites for recommendation to Congress.

Witnesses from several governmental bureaus having to do with aviation and authorities on flying field from the air lines now using Washington Airport were called upon by the commission to testify.

Senator King (Democrat), of Utah, chairman of the commission, said it may be several weeks before the commission reaches a decision and makes its report. The hearings will continue this morning.

Indications are that the commission will select two or three of the sites it considers most advantageous and it places small options on them before filing its recommendations with Congress. It was given a $10,000 appropriation last year to pay for expert advice and to use for placing options.

While the commission is believed to be in accord now on the general purpose of the investigation and to have abandoned both Gravelly Point and Washington Airport as possible sites, one of the major issues has not been decided.

That is whether the airport shall be financed jointly by the Federal and District governments or taxed upon the latter solely.

The District Commissioners have previously stated that they are not interested in having a municipal airport if the whole cost must be borne by the local taxpayers.

What's Going On And Where

Luncheons.

Dredge Owners Protective Organization, Willard Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Board of Directors Washington Transportation Club, Raleigh Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Cosmopolitan Club, Carlton Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Kiwanis Club, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.

Dinners.

Customs Bureau, Treasury Department, Mayflower Hotel, 7 p. m.

Tau Beta Phi Sorority, Carlton Hotel, evening.

Slag Association, Wardman Park Hotel, 8 p. m.

Lafayette Lodge, Raleigh Hotel, 5:30 p. m.

Thirteen Club, Willard Hotel, 6:30 p. m.

Meetings.

Washington — Michigan Club, Washington Hotel, 8 p. m.

Soroptimists Club, Willard Hotel, 8 p. m.

Young Men's Forum, Y. M. C. A., 8 p. m.

Dredge Owners Protective Organization, Willard Hotel, 10 a. m.

Amity Club, Hamilton Hotel, 8 p. m.

Dames of the Loyal Legion, Mayflower Hotel, 2 p. m.

Railway Labor, Hamilton Hotel, all day.

Washington Chapter Alumnae Association, University of North Carolina, American Association of University Women, 1634 I street northwest, 8 p. m.

Frederick J. Libby, executive secretary, National Council for Prevention of War, in First Congregational Church, at 7 p. m., on "Can We Stay Out of War?"

Dances.

Junior League, Mayflower Hotel, 10 p. m.

It's Luskey Night At Auxiliary Rite

The Luskey family will dominate activities of Gen. Nelson A. Miles Camp in Pythian Temple tonight at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. Alice M. Luskey, 53, 1125 Seventh street northeast, will be installed as president of the auxiliary by her daughter, Mrs. Esther Erhardt, 903 F street northeast, department president, Spanish War Veterans Auxiliaries.

Alvin M. Luskey, husband of the incoming president, will retire as commander of Gen. Nelson A. Miles Camp.

Mrs. Thelma S. Goodrich, 1417 Trinidad avenue northeast, sister of the department president, daughter of the new auxiliary president and of the retiring commander, will be installed as reporter for Gen. Nelson A. Miles Auxiliary.

Visiting Nurse Unit Protests Budget Cut

The executive committee of the Instructive Visiting Nurse Society, in session yesterday in its Albee Building headquarters, wrote a letter to Thomas Morgan, jr., chairman of the budget committee of the Community Chest, asking for reconsideration of the needs of their agency and protesting curtailment of its 1937 budget.

Present at the meeting were Mrs. John W. Davidge, Joshua Evans, jr., George Hewitt Myers, Mrs. Emory Scott Land, Mrs. John J. O'Connor, Mrs. John M. Sternhagen, Mrs. Charles F. Wilson, Charles W. Pimper, Richard Wilmer and Miss Gertrude H. Bowling.

$30,000 Damage Suit Filed Against Motorist

Alleging she was seriously hurt when she was struck by an automobile while she was crossing the street at Nichols and Chicago avenues southeast, last October, Mrs. Pansy A. Clark, 2305 Nichols avenue southeast, and her husband, Benjamin E. Clark, yesterday asked District Court to award them $30,000 damages from George M. Miller, 4009 Gault place northeast.

Mrs. Clark asked $25,000 for her injuries and her husband demanded $5,000 for expenses incurred because of her injuries. The law firm of Baker & Tepper and Robert H. Marcus represented the Clarks.

Money Can't Buy Better Teeth

Plates, $10, $15 and $20.
Plates Repaired While You Wait.
All Work Done in My Own Laboratories.
No Long Waiting. No High Prices.
CROWNS AND BRIDGE WORK.
$5 $5
Extractions, $1—By Gas, $2.
Dr. SMATHERS
DENTAL SPECIALIST.
638 Eye St. N.W.
Over Riggs National Bank
Seventh and Eye Streets N.W.
Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Ph. MEt. 9330.

McGranery, Mouton Offer To Serve D.C.

Chairman Mary Norton Indorses Democrats; Major Spot Vacant.

Volunteers Are Lacking for Appropriations Sub-Committee.

By James D. Secrest.

Two new members of the House yesterday offered to serve on the House District Committee and were indorsed immediately by Chairman Mary T. Norton as several hold-over members from last year disclosed they were seeking better assignments.

The candidates for the District Committee assignments, whose names were submitted to the Ways and Means Committee, are Representative Robert L. Mouton (Democrat), Louisiana, and James P. McGranery (Democrat), Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Norton said she would welcome them on her committee because Mouton was formerly mayor of Lafayete, La., and is familiar with municipal administration, while McGranery, who resides in Philadelphia, understands the problems of a large city.

Three on Committee.

These two bring to three the number of House members who have offered to serve on the legislative committee, the other being Representative Keller (Democrat), Illinois, but so far no volunteers have appeared for either the chairmanship or a place on the sadly depleted District appropriations sub-committee.

Meanwhile, Senator William H. King (Democrat), of Utah, was still deliberating as to whether he will retain the chairmanship of the Senate District Committee.

He denied a published report that he had decided to remain one of the "mayors of Washington" and stated that he has not yet made up his mind. District officials, alarmed at the report he might quit the committee, have urged him to remain.

Other than Senator King, the Senate District Committee is expected to remain intact save for the addition of four members.

Resignation Report Denied.

Both Senators Glass, of Virginia, and Tydings, of Maryland, denied reports that they were seeking to be relieved of their assignments.

Under the ratio adopted yesterday by the Senate of 12 to 3, only one additional Republican is eligible to appointment and three Democrats.

Majority Leader Robinson said that he had had no requests for the assignments from the Democrats. The only Republican who has expressed a willingness to serve on the committee is Senator Bridges, of New Hampshire.

The House committee ratio has not been fixed yet, but there were reports current yesterday that the minority membership on the Appropriations Committee may be cut from 11 to 7.

Representative Ditter, of Pennsylvania, the only Republican on the District sub-committee on appropriations, said that he might be eliminated as the junior member if the ratio is made too small, thus completely depleting the sub-committee of experienced members.

Six Want to Remain.

Only six members of the House District Committee have expressed a desire to remain on the committee, while three have stated definitely that they want more important assignments.

Those who expect to continue are Chairman Norton and Representatives Palmisano (Democrat), of Maryland; Jenckes (Democrat), of Indiana; Kennedy (Democrat), of Maryland; Randolph (Democrat), of West Virginia, and Dirksen (Republican), of Illinois.

Representatives Ellenbogen (Democrat), of Pennsylvania; Nichols (Democrat), of Oklahoma, and Patman (Democrat), of Texas, have indicated a desire to get off the District Committee.

Others known to be receptive to transfers are: Quinn (Democrat), of Pennsylvania; Hull (Progressive), of Wisconsin; Reed (Republican), of Illinois, and Cole (Republican), of New York.

All Are Welcome Except Lobbyists, Says Rep. Phillips

"Everybody welcome except professional lobbyists!"

Thus read the sign hung over the door of Representative Alfred N. Phillips, jr., newly elected Democrat from Stamford, Conn. His office is at 105 old House Office Building.

"I had a lot of experience when I was mayor of Stamford with lobbyists," he explained, "and I heard that Washington is full of 'em."

LUMBER
For repairs and remodeling.
Buy before prices increase.
Wholesale lumber prices are increasing daily—lumber is expected to be much higher in the Spring. We purchased a huge stock of quality lumber and can offer the same low prices—when this stock is exhausted—our prices will be higher. So buy now—while prices are still low and worthwhile savings are to be had. Free estimates.
J. FRANK KELLY INC.
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THE POST'S New Yorker

By Leonard Lyons.

Manhattan Cocktail.

ROMANCE: Mr. John L. Anthony, director of the Marital Relations Institute in New York, sent out Christmas cards on behalf of the institute. The greetings extended were quite in order. The envelope, however, contained one slight mistake. In the upper left-hand corner should have appeared "Marital Relations Institute." The word "Marital" was spelled "Martial."

• • • • •

ADVICE: Toots Shor, the new owner of LaHiff's Tavern, approached Nicky Blair, of the Paradise last week. "I've decided to buy the tavern," Shor stated. "I've got $50,000 cash, but I want to ask your advice about something" . . . "Toots," Blair assured, if you've got $50,000 in cash—you don't need any advice."

• • • •

FAME: John Monks and Fred Finklehoff are the co-authors of George Abbott's hit play, "Brother Rat." The play concerns Virginia Military Institute—from which the young authors were graduated recently . . . To achieve authenticity, the authors went to Sam Zimmerman, the old tailor who furnishes uniforms for the cadets there—and stated that they wished to purchase second-hand uniforms . . . Zimmerman began piling up his wares until a sizable stack was considered sufficient. "How much?" Finklehoff asked . . . "Oh, seven or eight dollars," Zimmerman answered. "Just tell 'em in New York that Sam Zimmerman made the costumes." . . . That's why the program credits for "Brother Rat" include the line: "COSTUMES furnished by V. M. I. —Sam Zimmerman, Tailor."

• • • •

RESOLVE: Jimmy Durante has made his first New Year's resolution. "I," Jimmy confided, "am gonna join the women—so's I can forget the Foreign Legion."

• • • •

CHATTER: George Burns and Gracie Allen will do a musical for Max Gordon. The show will be written by Cole Porter and Russel Crouse . . . The closing notice is up at "Three Men on a Horse" . . . The Clover Club will reopen in two weeks with a girl show . . . The "Blackbirds" cast, after a revived run in England, now is stranded in London—with no fare to get home . . . Beatrice Lillie will entertain at the Plaza . . . "Baron" Jack Kriendler of "21" has issued a walking-race challenge to any night-spot owner in New York—and will bet $10,000 on the result . . . The aftermath of the Perry-Vines match at the Garden will be arrangements for an open championship meet in the tennis ranks, with pros and amateurs competing . . . W. A. S. Rosenbach, the art and antique collector, visited the Cotton Club last night to forget business. There he unearthed a rare photo of the baseball team of the battleship Maine.

In HOLLYWOOD With Jimmy Fiddler

Settin' Around.

HOLLYWOOD, JAN. 7.

Too many people take comedies for granted. Actually, their production is a vital industry all by itself. The Hal Roach Studio has been highly successful with its Laurel and Hardy, "Our Gang" and Patsy Kelly-Lyda Roberti comedies.

I ran across so many familiar faces of old-time vaudeville and stage players on the "Pick a Star" set that I began to wonder. Discreet questioning revealed that Jack Haley and Director Ed Sedgwick, themselves former stage actors, had picked them up in wholesale quantities from their hangout corner.

I remember visiting a similar set with Fred Allen when he was last in Hollywood. Allen, a frugal New Englander, became uneasy as one after another, I pointed out many former stars among the extras. After my particularly touching story about one now-indigent veteran who once received $3,000 a week, Allen interrupted: "I don't believe you. You're trying to scare me into buying an insurance annuity!"

Blonde Rosina Lawrence is the studio's new lovely lady, and Producer Roach is predicting bright things for her. Just to assure you he is not talking through his hat, this same Roach discovered Bebe Daniels, Olive Borden, Thelma Todd, Mildred Davis (now Mrs. Harold Lloyd), Irene Rich, and many more bu-ful women.

Rosina is a modest miss, unlike many Hollywood girls. Today she was wearing a gown cut extremely low in front, definitely revealing her slim, young figure. Between scenes, she was tucking a dress. Blushingly, she explained, bit of lace in the front of her "I'm not at all Sally Randish-minded."

Mischa Auer, whose villaining has put him much in demand for features, was having the time of his life working in a comedy with the Misses Kelly and Roberti. "This is more fun than playing villains," he said, "because I'm allowed to live all through the picture. I'm not killed once." "Were you ever killed more than once in a picture?" I asked, trying to be funny. "You forget re-takes," he grinned. "For one death scene, I had to be killed 27 times." Old three-cat Auer!

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Film Table

Loew's Capitol—"After the Thin Man," at 9 a. m., 12 noon, 3, 6, 9 and 12 p. m. Stage shows at 10:55 a. m., 1:55, 4:55, 7:55 and 10:55 p. m.

Earle—"God's Country and the Woman," at 11 a. m., 1:35, 4:20, 7:05 and 9:55 p. m. Stage shows at 12:45, 3:35, 6:20 and 9:05 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"That Girl From Paris," at 11:24 a. m., 1:26, 3:28, 5:30, 7:32 and 9:34 p. m.

Palace—"Camille," at 11:35 a. m., 2:05, 4:35, 7:05 and 9:35 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Smart Blonde," at 11:00 a. m., 12:40, 2:30, 4:25, 6:15, 8:05 and 9:55 p. m.

Little Theater—"The Guardsman," at 11:25 a. m., 1:28, 3:31, 5:34, 7:37 and 9:41 p. m.

Rialto—"Ruggles of Red Gap," at 2:30, 4:54, 7:23 and 9:44 p. m. "Plough that Broke the Plains," at 2, 4:24, 6:48 and 9:00 p. m.

Columbia—"Born to Dance," at 11:00 a. m., 1:10, 3:20, 5:25, 7:35 and 9:45 p. m.

Uptown—"Come and Get It," at 2, 3:55, 5:50, 7:50 and 9:45 p. m.

Ambassador—"Love on the Run," at 6:15, 8 and 9:50 p. m.

Tivoli—"Pennies from Heaven," at 2, 3:55, 5:50, 7:45 and 9:40 p. m.

- - Nelson B. Bell About The Show Shops - -

Critics of the Nation, to the Number of More Than 500, Choose the "Ten Best Pictures of the Year"

"Mutiny on the Bounty" Is Judged the Best Production of Its Season By a Vote of 416, with Others the Ten on List Published in December; Loew's Capitol Extends Hours to Cover Full Day as Record Engagement Nears End.

BELL.

MORE than 500 motion picture critics throughout the Nation having participated in the fifteenth annual poll conducted by Jack Alicoate's Film Daily to determine the "ten best pictures of the year," the final decision of these erudite commentators now may be known.

They have cast their ballots, the results have been tabulated and, for release in the press of the country today, come the final findings of these discriminating observers of the cinema and its progress.

To get to the gist of the matter, the ten best pictures of the past year are voted to be as follows.

1. MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY
2. MR. DEEDS GOES TO TOWN
3. THE GREAT ZIEGFELD
4. SAN FRANCISCO
5. DODSWORTH
6. THE STORY OF LOUIS PASTEUR
7. TALE OF TWO CITIES
8. ANTHONY ADVERSE
9. THE GREEN PASTURES
10. MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM

The Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer production of "Mutiny on the Bounty" was given first place on the list by a total vote of 416. "Mr. Deeds" was second with 372 votes and "Ziegfeld" third, with 345. After that, the majorities dwindled slightly, ranging from 264 votes down to a low of 166.

Just by way of personal extenuation, it may be recalled that on December 14, I published in this space our selection of the ten best as follows:

1. MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY
2. THE STORY OF LOUIS PASTEUR
3. THE GREAT ZIEGFELD
4. MR. DEEDS GOES TO TOWN
5. TALE OF TWO CITIES
6. THE GREEN PASTURES
7. MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM
8. SAN FRANCISCO
9. FOLLOW THE FLEET
10. MY MAN GODFREY

This personal catalogue of the ten best manages by some strange miracle of luck to embody eight of the ten pictures embraced in the roster of national choices made by the 500 drama desks who sit most of their lives away in projection rooms and motion picture theaters.

"Dodsworth" was omitted from my list, despite the uncommonly fine performance by Walter Huston which it presented, for the reason that it seemed to me less a motion picture than a photographed stage play. "Anthony Adverse" I omitted because, fine as the picture was, it covered only a portion of the span of the Hervey Allen novel.

I have no apologies to make for "Follow the Fleet" and "My Man Godfrey," the latter of which missed the first ten by only five positions, but the former of which was so far down the list of honorable mentions that you can hardly find it. The one, I deemed an excellent musical; the other, one of the most amusing of recent celluloid comedies.

It seems the destiny of this department to be content with a batting average of .800 in these annual guessing games promoted by Mr. Alicoate. That was our score last year, as I recall it, and the year before that.

Some time, perhaps, we will get nine out of ten, but I doubt it. Habits are easily formed, so I am told, and mine seems to have set itself at 8.

A clean sweep probably would prove fatal.

• • • •

Speaking of "best pictures," and the like, the combination of "After the Thin Man," with William Powell, Myrna Loy and the yelp, Asta, and the gay and elaborate "Folies Parisienne" on the stage, at Loew's Capitol Theater, has proved such a tremendous popular smash that while it cannot be held over for a second week it can be made the object of drastic schedule changes. This being the last day of the engagement, and public clamor still being at record heights, the doors at the Capitol will open at 8:45 a. m., with the first performance beginning at 9. Performances thereafter will be continuous throughout the day and most of the night. The last complete bill will begin at 11 p. m. Patrons arriving at the theater as late as midnight still will be able to see the complete screening of "After the Thin Man."

This box-office munificence reminds me of the Steel Pier in Atlantic City over the Labor Day week-end. They open the thing early Friday morning and never close it until the following Tuesday. The Capitol is coming close this week.

• • • •

Jack Connolly likes to travel. The former Will H. Hays representative in Washington, but long since one of the principal functionaires of Pathe News, a week or so ago was in London arranging details for the filming of the Coronation ceremonies. Yesterday he arrived in Washington to perform similar duties looking to the news recording of President Roosevelt's Inauguration.

Next week, the fellow no doubt will be in Tokyo, or Johannesburg, or somewhere. At the moment he is anchored at the Mayflower, but that probably won't last for long.

• • • •

Thief-of-Time Note.

Nothing now seems to remain to be done, but get out the Sunday drama section. What's that old business about mischief for idle hands, or whatever it is?

Brings Comic Ballet to National

A new portrait study of Trudi Schoop, the Swiss actress-dancer, who returns to the stage of the National Theater on Sunday night with her unique company of ballet artists. She scored one of the season's epochal hits last year and this season brings an eight-episode choreographic narrative to strengthen the appeal of her work.

Lehar Operetta Will Head List Of New Shows

Next Week in Theaters to Be Rich in Varied and Worthy Entertainment.

The attraction at the National Theater next week, beginning Monday night, will be the Messrs. Shuberts' production of Franz Lehar's new operetta of "Fredericka," in which the principal roles are assumed by Helen Gleason, Dennis King and Ernest Truex. There is a strong savor of grand opera in the forces concerned in the performance of this new Lehar work. Miss Gleason is an authentic star of grand opera, Dennis King has sung many important roles and the orchestra will be under the conductorship of Giuseppe Bamoschek, late chief of staff of the Metropolitan instrumental forces. The engagement of this new musical study of the life of Goethe will be limited to a single week, with the usual matinees on Wednesday and Saturday.

Beginning tomorrow on the screen at Loew's Capitol Theater the major film attraction will be the new all-technicolor production of Robert Hichen's story of "The Garden of Allah," with Marlene Dietrich and Charles Boyer in the pivotal roles. Also in the cast are Tilly Losch, C. Aubrey Smith and Basil Rathbone. Technicolor is said to lend Dietrich a personal glamour she never has realized on the silver sheet. The story, of course, is one of great romantic appeal. On the stage, the vaudeville bill will be headlined by the Salecci Puppets, one of the most unusual acts touring the variety houses.

Burton Holmes, famous travel lecturer, will be heard in a series of five travelogues in Roosevelt High School auditorium, beginning next Wednesday night, January 13, at 8:15 o'clock. The topic of his first Wednesday evening talk will be "England, Wales and Scotland."

Trudi Schoop, the Swiss dancing actress, who made her debut here last season, will be seen at the National on Sunday night in "The Blonde Marie," in which she will be supported by her comic ballet. Eight episodes comprise the connected story.

"These Three," the film version of Lillian Hellman's play of "The Children's Hour," currently at the National, will be the screen attraction, in revival, at the Little Theater beginning tomorrow. The principal roles are played by Miram Hopkins, Merle Oberon and Joel McCrea, with Bonita Granville and Alma Kruger in support.

Sergei Rachmaninov, eminent Russian composer and pianist, will be the solo artist at the third Washington concert of the Philadelphia Orchestra, in Constitution Hall next Tuesday night. Eugene Ormandy will conduct two of Rachmaninov's compositions as a part of his program.

At the Gayety Theater next week, beginning with the usual Sunday matinee, Col. James J. Lake will present Nona Martin and her "Hi-Flyers" burlesquers as his Independent Burlesque Association attraction. Ann Corio will be the guest star in a return engagement.

Melton Heads Cast of Six Stars In Film 'Sing Me a Love Song'

Former Radio Luminary in Musical Melange Coming Tomorrow to Earle; 'College Holiday' New Menu at Palace.

James Melton, Patricia Ellis, Hugh Herbert, ZaSu Pitts, Allen Jenkins and Walter Catlett are featured in the cast of "Sing Me a Love Song," chief feature of the program announced for the week beginning tomorrow at the Warner Brothers' Earle Theater. This new Cosmopolitan production is reported to be a riot of hilarious fun with a wealth of tuneful music thrown in. On the stage, the vaudeville bill will be headlined by the personal appearance of Ken Murray, who has not been seen locally for several years. Others on the bill will be the original Dixieland Jazz Band and Chuck and Chuckles.

Jack Benny, Burns and Allen, Martha Raye, Mary Boland, Marsha Hunt, Eleanore Whitney and Johnny Downs, all remembered for their work in "The Big Broadcast," will be seen again on the Palace screen beginning tomorrow in "College Holiday," a nonsensical musical, abounding in fun, contagious tunes, sprightly dances and picturesque effects. The bill will be augmented by the usual array of short subjects and a new issue of the news events. "College" Holiday may not make sense but it does make a great deal of first-grade fun.

Plenty of thrills are said to be offered in "Crack-Up," the melodrama of flying aces, foreign spies and modern romance, which opens a week's engagement on the screen at Loew's Columbia Theater, beginning tomorrow. Ralph Morgan, Peter Lorre and Brian Donlevy have the leading roles. The bill will be completed by abbreviated camera subjects and a new issue of the newsreel.

When "The Jungle Princess" opens a week's engagement on the screen at the Metropolitan tomorrow, it will present for the first time in pictures a new radio personality and Paramount's latest discovery in the person of Dorothy Lamour. Miss Lamour appears in the film as a young and beautiful Malayan. Ray Milland, Akim Tamiroff and Lynne Overman lead the supporting cast, which also includes Mala and Mollie Lamont.

Lily Pons, Jack Oakie, Mischa Auer, Gene Raymond, Frank Jenks and Herman Bing will continue on the screen at RKO-Keith's for a second week, beginning tomorrow, in "That Girl from Paris," which has taken its place among the foremost of the season's musical film productions. The short-reel auxiliaries also will be held over.

"It Happened One Night," the prize-winning picture of its season, with Clark Gable and Claudette Colbert in the principal roles, will be revived on the screen at the Rialto Theater for the week beginning tomorrow. Th picture was based on Samuel Hopkins Adams' short story of "Night Bus."

Junior League Parley.

St. Petersburg, Fla., Jan. 6 (AP).—Southeastern members of the Association of Junior Leagues of America met here today with the arts and volunteer service as major topics.

MRS. ELY CULBERTSON ON CONTRACT

Fatal Delay.

Every reader of contract books, newspaper columns, or contract magazines has had drummed into him the unwisdom of avoidable finesses. Hundreds of example hands are produced for his benefit, showing how an elimination and throw-in play, or a sure squeeze would obviate a finesse. There is another side to this question, however. Finesses are quite often unavoidable, and when that is so, it is vital to take them at a convenient stage. The expert who "chucked" the slam contract in the hand shown below would not have been guilty of missing a squeeze or throw-in play, but he did slip badly on a much more elementary play.

South, dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

North: ♠ K 7 6 ♡ Q 4 3 2 ♢ 7 6 ♣ J 9 8 2
West: ♠ A J 10 4 3 2 ♡ J 10 ♢ 2 ♣ K 10 4 3
East: ♠ 9 8 5 ♡ 9 7 ♢ K 10 9 3 2 ♣ Q 6 5
South: ♠ Q ♡ A K 8 6 5 ♢ A Q J 5 4 ♣ A 7

The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1 ♡	1 ♠	2 ♡	Pass
6 ♡	Pass	Pass	Pass

North-South were not using asking bids and, that being so, South's leap to six hearts after his partner's free raise was probably the best bidding tactics. North's raise, as a matter of fact, was highly questionable and resulted in a bad slam contract.

If West had been slightly clairvoyant and had opened a club, declarer would have had no chance whatsoever; even on the badly selected trump opening, the chances were none too good. Declarer won in his own hand with the Ace, and laid down the spade queen in order to establish the king for the discard of a club. West won with the ace, and then presented declarer with an opportunity where none really existed—he returned the jack of spades, on the theory that dummy's king would always be good. As it happened, this return presented declarer with a vital entry to the dummy, but he did not recognize it as such. He discarded his losing club on the spade king, and then, instead of taking the vital diamond finesse while he was still in the dummy, he laid down the heart queen. After that, even though the adverse hearts broke 2-2 and the diamond king was "on side," the contract was hopeless.

Dummy was now down to two low trumps. A successful finesse to the diamond jack meant practically nothing because East still had the suit amply stopped, and declarer could neither ruff it out nor return to dummy for another finesse.

Had the diamond finesse been taken when the spade king was won, and then the heart queen utilized for an entry for a second finesse, dummy's two remaining trumps would have been enough to ruff away South's two losing diamonds.

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AMUSEMENTS AMUSEMENTS

THE Garden of Allah

...THE GREATEST SENSATION SINCE THE GARDEN of EDEN!

Plus...ON THE STAGE
The World's Greatest Novelty
The Amazing SALICI PUPPETS
40 UNUSUAL ENTERTAINERS • 10 MAGICAL SCENES
SID MARION • STAFFORD & LOUISE with OLIVE SIBLEY "DANCE VANITIES"
The TWO DAVEYS in "JUGGLING WITH A HOWL"

Starts FRIDAY Loew's CAPITOL F at 14th ME. 5001
LAST DAY: "AFTER THE THIN MAN" & FOLIE PARISIENNE REVUE

Loew's PALACE Friday
Youth and Romance on a Grand Spree ...with the world's funniest comics!
GEORGE BURNS GRACIE ALLEN MARY BOLAND is the go-go! JACK BENNY Heading the Fun Fest MARTHA RAYE Wow! Watch her swing it!
COLLEGE HOLIDAY
MARSHA HUNT
ELEANORE WHITNEY BEN BLUE JOHNNY DOWNS
Hurry! Last Day.. GARBO loves Robt. TAYLOR in CAMILLE

4TH DOWN-TOWN WEEK! Loew's COLUMBIA Fat 12th
BORN TO DANCE Starring ELEANOR POWELL
JAMES STEWART • VIRGINIA BRUCE
25¢ TO 5:30.. NIGHTS 25¢ & 40¢

AMUSEMENTS AMUSEMENTS

WARNER BROS. EARLE STARTS TOMORROW
2½ HOURS OF LAUGHTER
Never A Dull Moment For Musical Riot-Laughs-Lyrics Love-Lunatics!
SING ME A LOVE SONG
Warner Bros.—Cosmopolitan Production with A Cast of 100% Comics
JAMES MELTON PATRICIA ELLIS HUGH HERBERT ZASU PITTS ALLEN JENKINS WALTER CATLETT
And on the Stage Radio-Stage & Screen Star Ken MURRAY
MAMA THAT MAN'S HERE
With A Cast of Comics
OSWALD ORIGINAL "OH YEAH" MAN
MARLYN STUART
Extra Added Attraction
ORIGINAL DIXIELAND JAZZ-BAND
Originators of Swing Music
POWELL & NEDRA
CHUCK & CHUCKLES
25c to 1 P. M.
Last Day • GOD'S COUNTRY & THE WOMAN
On Stage LITTLE JACK LITTLE—HERBERT MUNDIN.

TOMORROW TIGER WOMAN!
.... Who Ruled The Jungle But Lost Her Heart To A White Man ....!
Dorothy Lamour
The Screen's Newest Discovery Who Will Win Your Heart When You See Her In ...
"The JUNGLE PRINCESS"
with RAY MILLAND • LYNNE OVERMAN
A Paramount Picture
SCREEN'S NEWEST STAR
SEE a raging tiger attack an unarmed man right before your eyes.
SEE the breath-taking assault of thousands of wild apes on a primitive native village.
SEE the great enemies of the jungle—tiger and panther—meet in mortal combat.
Warner Bros. METROPOLITAN
Last Day • GLENDA FARRELL in "SMART BLONDE"

NATIONAL Tonight At 8:30
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HERMAN SHUMLIN Presents
The CHILDREN'S HOUR by LILLIAN HELLMAN
Most Discussed Play of the Generation.
ORIGINAL CAST 85 WEEKS IN NEW YORK
Next Week Seats Selling Prior To New York
DENNIS HELEN ERNEST KING GLEASON TRUEX
in Franz Lehar's New Operetta
FREDERIKA
Staged and Directed by HASSARD SHORT
American Adaptation by Edward Eliscu
Choreography by Chester Hale
Settings by Watson Barratt
Prices (inc. tax): Evgs. Orch., $3.30; Balc., $2.75, $2.20, $1.65; Mat. Wed., Orch., $2.20; Balc., $1.65, $1.10; Sat. Mat., Orch., $2.75; Balc., $2.20, $1.65; 2nd. Balc., $1.10.

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RUGGLES of RED GAP
CHARLES LAUGHTON CHARLIE RUGGLES MARY BOLAND ZASU PITTS
Also "the Plow that Broke the Plains"
PEARL HAUER at the ORGAN
25c to 5:30, 30c-40c thereafter
Alfred Lunt Lynn Fontanne The Guardsman
Constitution Hall, Sun. Aft., Jan. 17, 4 P. M.
LILY PONS
IN PERSON! In Full-Length Recital
$1.10, $1.65, $2.20. Mrs. Dorsey's, 1300 G

RKO NOW! KEITH'S 15th at G A WASHINGTON INSTITUTION
LILY PONS
GENE RAYMOND • JACK OAKIE
"THAT GIRL from PARIS"
5 New Song Hits • 1,000 New Laughs
Heart Trouble Set to Music
COMING
BARBARA STANWYCK
PRESTON FOSTER
in Sean O'Casey's
"PLOUGH and the STARS"
with ABBEY PLAYERS of DUBLIN

PHILADELPHIA ORCHESTRA
EUGENE ORMANDY, Conducting
Jan. 12, 8:45 Constitution Hall
Soloist—Sergei Rachmaninoff Chorus of 180 Voices
Tickets $1.00 to $3.25. T. Arthur Smith Bureau, 910 G St. N.W., in Witt-Hamill

NATIONAL, THIS SUN. EVE., 8:30
TRUDI Comic Ballet SCHOOP
Entirely New Ballet
"THE BLOND MARIE"
Seats $1.10 to $2.75 at Box Office

GAYETY BURLESK
NOW PLAYING
PEANUTS (MINIATURE) BOHN and his
WHAT "DA" HEY GIRLS
With FERBER and MARVIN, BILLY ARLINGTON
and the female charmers Dorothy Ahearn and Evelyn Cushway.

TODAY'S Neighborhood MOVIES

ASHLEY 808 7th St. S.W. NA. 9224
Fredric March, Warner Baxter in "ROAD TO GLORY."
(NEW) CIRCLE 2105 Pa. Ave. Phone West 0058
Jean Hersholt, Rochelle Hudson in "REUNION."
Comedy—Cartoon.
DUMBARTON 1343 Wisconsin Ave.
Lynne Overman in "THREE MARRIED MEN."
Comedy and News.
FAIRLAWN ANACOSTIA, D. C.
Jean Harlow, William Powell in "LIBELED LADY."
LIDO 3227 M St. N.W.
William Powell, Myrna Loy in "THE GREAT ZIEGFELD."
SECO 8744 Ga. Ave. Silver Spring, Md.
Jackie Cooper, Mickey Rooney, Freddie Bartholomew in "THE DEVIL IS A SISSY."
STATE-BETHESDA 6870 Wisc. Ave. Bethesda, Md.
Claire Trevor, in "STAR FOR A NIGHT"
George Raft, in "YOURS FOR THE ASKING"
Also News Events.
STATE Falls Church, Va.
Clark Gable, Joan Crawford in "LOVE ON THE RUN."
TAKOMA 4th and Butternut Sts. No Parking Troubles.
Clark Gable, Marion Davies in "CAIN AND MABEL."
Selected Short Subjects.
WILSON Opp. Colonial Village Arlington, Va.
Irene Dunne, in "THEODORA GOES WILD."
Direction Sidney Lust
HIPPODROME K Nr. 9th
Double Feature
Return Engagement — Popular Demand
Wallace Beery, Marie Dressler—"Dinner at 8."
Claire Trevor—"Song and Dance Man"
CAMEO MT. RAINIER, MD. Today, Tomorrow.
Dionne Babies in "Reunion."
ARCADE Hyattsville, Md. Today, Tomorrow.
Johnny Weismuller, "Tarzan Escapes."
RICHMOND ALEXANDRIA, VA Today.
Chas. Ruggles, "Wives Never Know."

PERRY UPSETS VINES IN FOUR SETS IN PRO DEBUT

The Washington Post

**** X WASHINGTON: THURSDAY, JANUARY 7, 1937 15

Bred to Run

By Walter Haight

SYNOPSIS.

A colt is foaled on the Ridgeway Farm. He is given much advice by his mother as he learns to munch grass and test his wobbly legs. The Ridgeways are forced to dispose of their horses at auction and the colt is "thrown in for good measure" when his mother, Battleship Girl, is sold to the Witmore Farm. Dorothy Holbrook's auto has a flat tire near the fence and she sees the colt frolicking. Later she persuades her father to buy him, identifying the colt by a white ring around his leg. Taken to Holbrook Manor, the colt grows like a weed. He and "Miss Dorothy," as he calls his owner, become fast friends. The colt meets Trainer Jensen and is given early racing education. Named "Flat Tire," he starts his racing career and loses his rider at the break. Feels disgraced when not allowed to run next out, but wins his following race. Jensen and his friend, the Cigar Man, win $4,000. Miss Dorothy and her father leave on a world tour. Flat Tire is "out of the money" in two stake races and is sent to the farm for the winter. Jensen, pressed for cash, needs a sure winner. Puts Flat Tire in a claiming race. He wins, but is claimed by "Big Ed" Moreland, tout and gambler. Flat Tire is sold to Arch, a young millionaire, for $5,000. Sets pace as stablemate winds. "Wolf Tooth" makes him run wide next out. Flat Tire proves he is "mudder" and hears he has been chosen to run in Thanksgiving Handicap.

CHAPTER FOURTEEN.

My Big Chance.

I was both surprised and pleased on the morning of the race when one of the stableboys said: "Looks like Flat Tire's going to be the favorite. Five of the racing paper handicappers pick him on top and the rest of them have him in the money."

Trainer Birthwright stopped by my stall just before noon. The muzzle, placed over my mouth to keep me from eating before I went to the paddock, had slipped to one side. He straightened it and said: "You're going to be a favorite today, and I want you to run like a good favorite. There's going to be a big crowd. The race is worth winning. People are going to bet plenty of money on you, boy, and I don't want you to throw them down."

How different from Jensen and Big Ed or some of the trainers I was to know later. Trainer Birthwright actually was concerned about those who might wager on my chances. I liked the idea of being the favorite in the Thanksgiving Handicap. If the bettors made me the choice I would try my darnest not to fail them.

I never have been so carefully prepared for a race as I was for this one. Before I went to the paddock, Trainer Birthwright put me through a thorough examination. Zipper Pal, one of the overnight entries, had been scratched or taken out of the race, due to a slight case of colic, his trainer said. Trainer Birthwright was a smart man. He knew that horses, especially contenders, were sometimes tampered with before a big race. Zipper Pal might have colic and he might have been "touched," as the horsemen say. As it turned out, Zipper Pal did have colic; one of his stablemates told me about it when we met on the track one morning.

Of course, I knew that nothing was wrong with me. Trainer Birthwright knew it, too, after he was through with me. He went over me inch by inch and with post time nearing ordered, cotton and bandages put on my front legs as protection on the way to the paddock. However, as soon as I was in the paddock, he had them taken off. This was for the benefit of the public. If the bandages were kept on me while I was being exercised in paddock, they might have indicated that something was wrong with my legs. As I said, Trainer Birthwright, and Owner Arch, too, were always mindful of the fact that people bet on horses and expected a fair shake.

With the scratching of Zipper Pal, a field of eight remained. Despite the fact that there was a virtual sea of eyes on us, my stay in the paddock was little different from many others. A stableman led me around while Trainer Birthwright and Owner Arch, who had come over from the clubhouse, chatted in my stall. My saddle had been put in place before I began exercising.

Jockey Soltz was there when I was backed into the stall. He looked serious and conversed with Owner Arch as Trainer Birthwright checked over my equipment, pulling my bridle this way and that to see that it was trackshape and smoothing the corners of my saddle blanket.

Jockey Soltz must have been given his racing instructions in advance for, when the saddle order came, Trainer Birthwright cupped his hand under Soltz's foot and the jockey bounced on my back. When the bugle sounded the trainer said, "Get him home, Soltz."

We were soon on the track. I was to start from No. 3 post position, a coincidence for I was the only 3-year-old in the race. It was quite an honor for me at that—favorite over older horses. I WAS the favorite, too. I glanced at the odds board as we passed it going up the

stretch in the parade and there was "7-5" showing beside my number. I heard later that I had been even money at one stage of the betting.

I was as expectant of victory as Owner Arch, Trainer Birthwright, Jockey Soltz or any of those persons who must be lined up before the betting windows ready to put in their money and say, "Flat Tire." I was not over-confident. I knew I would have to run and run my best. I also knew there was racing luck to be considered. But I seldom felt as fit and ready.

As was usual before a race, my mind went back to Mother and Miss Dorothy. The good handling that I was getting in the Oakmont Stable was enough to make me want to win, but the thought of Mother and Miss Dorothy gave me the added spark—perhaps I was to need an added spark.

Never have I seen a larger crowd at Bowie. We paraded through a lane of humanity. Nor have I seen a "better day for it," as I heard them say back on the farm. The autumn air was crispy. The sun shone brightly. There only was enough wind to make a slight ripple in the line of flags along the roof of the stands. People were everywhere. A terrace of heads began at the rail and sloped upward to the back of the stands.

There was something about our stay at the post that distinguished this race from others. The starter seemed more serious than usual. The jockeys, most of them, appeared tense. The horses seemed to sense something different for they were more fractious than usual.

Don't believe me boastful when I say that I put on my best post manners. There were two other horses who walked into their places and stood or pawed a little with their front hoofs. Each of the other

Continued on Page 16, Column 4.

Plaid Defeats Hoya Five By 25-17

Georgetown Cagers Way Off Form in Losing to Carnegie Tech.

District Team Is Held to 2 Points During First Period.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 6.—The Georgetown Hoyas were downed here tonight by the Carnegie Tech Tartans in a hotly contested game, 25 to 17.

The recent conquerors of New York University were far off in their shooting, scoring but one field goal in the first half. They missed 7 out of 13 free throws during the game.

Cy Felser, Tartan . co-captain, started the scoring with a 2-pointer shortly after the game opened. After the Tartans had run their point total to 9, Tom Nolan, Georgetown guard, rang up the only points for the visitors. It came after 16 points of the first half had elapsed.

After the intermission, the losers showed more accuracy in the first few shots, pulling up to within 3 points of the Tartans at 9 to 6.

Georgetown kept within 3 points of the victors until the last five minutes, when the Tech boys pulled away to put the score at 21-14 in their favor.

Don Gibeau played a very outstanding defensive game for Coach Fred Messmer's boys.

Late in the game Murphy, starting forward for the Hoyas, got into a mixup with Cy Felser and Umpire Howard Campbell removed him from the game.

The Georgetown boys have a far better ball club than the score would indicate. The Hannum-coached boys showed their strongest defense in a long while.

Petroskey, Bertrand and Zola led the visitors' attack with 3 points each, while for Tech Co-Capt. Gibson, Miller and Miskevics had 5 points.

The crowd was held down to about 1,500 due to the counter attraction at the Pitt Stadium, where Pitt engaged Temple.

Carnegie.	G	FG	P	Georgetown.	G	FG	P
Felser,f	2	0	4	Bassin,f	0	1	1
Miller,f	1	3	5	Murphy,f	0	0	0
Slaminko,c	0	2	2	Kurtska,f	1	0	2
James,c	0	1	1	Petroskey,c	1	1	3
Hitt,g	1	0	2	Bertrand,c	0	3	3
Miskevics,g	2	1	5	Gibeau,g	0	1	1
Gibson,f	2	1	5	Nolan,g	1	0	2
Carnelly,f	0	1	1	Frank,g	1	0	2
James,c	0	1	1	Zola,g	1	1	3
Totals	8	9	25	Totals	5	7	17

Parker Enters Quarterfinal

By the Associated Press.

Coral Gables, Fla., Jan. 6.—Frankie Parker, of Spring Lake, N. J., reached the quarter-finals of the fifth annual Miami Biltmore Tennis Tournament today after allowing only one game to his opponents.

Seeded No. 2, Parker continued in top form as he won over Lewis Duff, of Quebec, Canada, 6—0, 6—0. He lost one game in the first round to Abe Bassford, of New York, and took Jack Kirkham, of New Britain, Conn., in the second, 6—0, 6—0.

Tomorrow Parker takes on Arthur Hendrix, of Lakeland, seeded No. 5, who defeated Carroll Turner today, 6—3, 6—2. Atlanta's No. 3 seeded Bryan (Bitsy) Grant won from Vernon Marcum, of Orlando, 6—3, 6—3, but lacked touch.

Gardnar Mulloy, of Miami, who defeated Gustavo Vollmer, of Havana, foreign seeded player No. 2, in an extended match, 6—1, 13—11, will meet Grant tomorrow.

Don Budge, of Los Angeles, seeded No. 1, who arrived late, won his second-round match from Jim Ford, of Miami, 6—3, 6—0, after taking the first by default. His was the only second-round match played today.

Sabin defeated Weston Painter, of Minneapolis, 7—5 6—3, today, but it took some concentrated effort.

The best match of the day to watch was between Charles Harris, of Palm Beach, and Elwood Cook, of Los Angeles. Fans saw two steady players in long rallies. Harris, seeded No. 4, won, 6—4, 4—6, 6—4, from the Pacific Northwest champion.

Feller, Indians Close to Terms

By the Associated Press.

Cleveland, Jan. 6.—Bob Feller, young strikeout hurler of the Cleveland Indians, has virtually accepted terms for the 1937 season, C. C. Slapnicka, assistant to President Alva Bradley, wired associates tonight from Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

"Another matter must be satisfactorily settled before the actual signing takes place," he said without amplifying his statement.

Bradley said Feller would be signed to a straight contract when asked if the question of a bonus entered into Feller's signing

The hitch might be the engagement at Ray Doan's Baseball School at Hot Springs, Ark., to which Tribe officials have objected, he asserted, adding that he had not heard officially on this point.

Cascarella Signs Nat Contract for '37

Jos Cascarella, young pitcher acquired from Boston last season, yesterday affixed his fine Eyetalian handwriting to a 1937 Washington contract, thereby becoming the second player to fall in line.

In accordance with time-honored tradition Mr. Griffith, the party of the first part in this instance, refused to divulge terms of the agreement, but admitted he had done all right by the boy.

Cascarella, who is living the life of a gentleman-farmer with his bride near Ellicott City, Md., is in excellent physical condition and confidently expects to be one of the Nats' leading hurlers this year.

British Ace Triumphant in First Test as Pro

FRED PERRY,
victor over Ellsworth Vines last night goes to the net to make a clever return.

Gettysburg's Five Upsets Middies

Special Dispatch to The Post.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 6.—Weems, Gettysburg, stood near mid-court in the closing minute of today's basketball game with the Naval Academy here, and neatly ringed the ball to break a tie which had stood at 24 to 24 and give his team a 26 to 24 triumph.

It was the opening game for the Navy team and, for the most part, its players were far from accurate in the shooting. Gettysburg, in fact, won the game largely through its steady work from the foul line.

With three goals from the floor and as many from the line, O'Neill, Gettysburg center, led in the scoring, to be closely pressed by Ruge, Navy forward, who made good from the court four times.

Naval Acad.	G	FG	P	Gettysburg.	G	FG	P
Schneider,f	0	0	0	Fish,f	2	1	5
Ruge,f	4	0	8	Bomer,f	2	1	5
Gillette,f	0	0	0	Lewis,f	0	1	1
McFarland,f	2	0	4	O'Neill,c	3	3	9
Shamer,c,g	0	0	0	Deardoff,c	0	0	0
Lynch,c	1	2	4	Yevak,g	1	0	2
Mansfield,g	0	0	0	Fisher,g	0	0	0
Lanez,g	2	0	4	Weems,g	1	2	4
Dinsmore,g	2	0	4				
Ingram,g	2	0	4	Totals	9	8	26
Totals	11	2	24				

Referee—Voith (Loyola). Umpire—Thomas (St. John's).

This Morning . . .

With Shirley Povich.

Pete Marshall, who has been looking at race horses, man and boy for 45 years, got the "good night" from the other end of his telegraph wire and folded his instrument. He tilted his chair back at a perilous angle, emitted a stream of tobacco juice that sent the gaboon spinning crazily and then cleared his throat.

POVICH.

"Come the twenty-second of January and it'll be 50 years since I first took up with one of these things," said Panhandle Pete, fingering the gadget that marked his trade. "Fifty years since that day down in Ferrol, Va., when as a kid of 14 I got a job taking train orders over the wire for the old Chesapeake & Ohio.

"But this telegraph instrument has taken me into a lot of important places. President Grover Cleveland watched over my shoulder while I sent his message on the state of the Union over the country during his first term. And it was back in '93 that the story of that famous Chicago Derby went out over the wire on my sending apparatus."

It was inevitable that the old gentleman should get around to horse racing. Born down in the Virginia horse country, he was figuratively teethed on a bridle. And so when his telegraph assignments carried him into the race track prass boxes, Pete almost fell in love with his trade.

"Did I ever tell you about Snapper Garrison in that Chicago Derby in '93?" resumed Pete, and this department, which has listened to many a racing gem from the lips of the old fellow, assured him that he was listening. "Well, then," began Pete, and herewith I turn the rostrum over to Mr. Marshall:

You had to see it to believe it. Garrison, who had the mount on Boundless, actually delayed the start of the race an hour and 37 minutes. If they hold up a race ten minutes at the start nowadays, the crowd gets impatient, but 50,000 people waited that day at Chicago.

It was the first $50,000 race in the history of this country. The purse had been doubled on account of the World Fair in Chicago that year. That Garrison managed to spend half the time they were at the post out of the saddle while the other jockeys were sitting atop their horses with the 126 pounds they all carried. He used every trick known to a jockey to delay the start.

He fiddled with his bridle. He complained the saddle strap was too tight. He kicked his heels into Buckwa, the favorite, and got that horse off to a couple of false starts that didn't help his racing edge, and all the while Garrison was relieving Boundless of the burden of his own weight.

When they finally did get 'em away, Garrison's mount was the only half-fresh horse in the race. And it was a typical Garrison finish that he put up on Boundless to come from behind and beat a lot of tired horses for that $50,000 purse.

And speaking of Garrison finishes, Garrison was the only jockey who actually rode a Garrison finish. Modern turf writers call any race in which a horse comes from behind a Garrison finish, but it wasn't the business of coming from behind that earned Garrison's finish its name.

It was the way he rode the horse. Jockeys wore real spurs then, and carried black snake whips instead of riding crops they use now. Garrison used his whip, his heels and his hands. He would beat a horse half to death and cut him up fearfully with those spurs and that whip that raised welts as big as your finger. They'd rule Garrison off the track nowadays for punishing his horses that way.

More Marshallana.

Garrison was handed a $1,000 check after his American Derby victory by the late Cushing Orth, owner of Boundless, and because he expected a bigger share of the $50,000 purse he spited Orth by turning the $1,000 over to charity . . . riding for Marcus Daily, the Montana copper king, astride Tammany in a match race against Lamplighter for $10,000 a side in addition to the $10,000 purse, Garrison won and was given the entire $30,000 by Daily . . . it was at the Guttenberg, N. J., track in the early nineties when winter racing in the North was in vogue . . . a horse named Blitzen was the Man o' War of his time, winning all his races at Guttenberg and the Garfield Park track at Chicago . . . Blitzen was shipped to the Garfield track for the Garfield Derby and was backed down to 3 to 5 chiefly by the huge sums wagered on him by Chris Smith, a notable horseman of that era . . . Smith, watching the race, saw Blitzen beaten and his money lost when a mare named Yo Tambien won the race . . . Smith, it seems, was the owner of Yo Tambich, which was a 7-to-1 shot.

17,630 Watch Briton Defeat American Ace By 7-5, 3-6, 6-3, 6-4

Vines, Suffering From Cold, Appears Master Only in Second Set; Is Worn Down by Slashing Play of Former Amateur Champ.

By the Associated Press.

New York, Jan. 6.—Fred Perry, of England, world amateur champion for the past three years, signalized his professional debut tonight with a dope-upsetting 7—5, 3—6, 6—3, 6—4 victory over Ellsworth Vines, lanky California holder of the world pro title in Madison Square Garden before a crowd of 17,630 spectators.

Obviously rattled at the start, Perry quickly recovered from an attack of buck fever and with characteristic British doggedness, amazing accuracy and steadiness, rallied remarkably from the underdog role which found him on the short end of 1½-to-1 odds in the prematch betting.

Vines Hampered by Cold.

Living up to press notices only at widely separated moments, and then giving only flashes of his vaunted murderous hitting, Vines was badly off form besides being handicapped by a cold and a temperature of 101 degrees. Except for those flashes, Vines' best shot was into the net. Some times it was due to weak execution and other times to Perry's forging tactics.

As a matter of fact the match, from a shotmaking and competitive angle, failed to live up to the expectations for the largest crowd in tennis history which paid $58,119.50, with the ticket prices ranging from $1.10 to $9.90 and standing room going at $2.20 per square foot. Neither was brilliant, although Perry came closer to approximating the form which won him every major amateur title since 1934.

New Surroundings.

Considering he has had no match play in more than three months and was not familiar with the canvass-covering over the Garden's concrete floor, Perry was in good form and most of the time he little or no hesitation in bringing off his shots. However, he was below par at the net, where quick and drastic maneuvers often left him in trouble. This was especially true in the third set, although he won it.

The first set was a service battle, which saw Perry fight doggedly to hold his delivery in the long fourth game after leading, 40—15, and then he broke through Vines in the elevnth, taking full advantage of Vines' erratic stroking on drives. Vines looked his best in three-game stretches in the second set, winning the first three and the last three

Continued on Page 17, Column 1.

U. S. Enjoined In Collection Of Grid Taxes

By the Associated Press.

Atlanta, Jan. 6.—The Federal Government was enjoined from collecting taxes on admissions to football games from the State-supported University of Georgia and the Georgia School of Technology in a ruling today by Federal Judge E. Marvin Underwood.

Regents of the university system filed suit to prevent Internal Revenue Collector W. E. Page from collecting $4,180 in taxes for the 1934 season. Another suit, seeking return of $20,148 collected in 1933, is pending.

Following a previous hearing Judge Underwood denied an injunction and his decision was reversed by the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals.

"Governmental Function."

In ordering the injunction today Judge Underwood ruled operation of athletic programs and contests for which admission was charged to be, "under the decision of the court of appeals in this case, an essential governmental function of the State of Georgia."

Closing arguments drew debate on whether football is a business or a part of the educational system of the State. Counsel for the university system contended athletic associations were a function of the State institutions and therefore entitled to exemption.

Summing up the case, M. H. Eustace, special assistant Attorney General, said it was important "because we have 48 States and several large State educational institutions * * * whose teams play before huge crowds.

Eustace, in asking Judge Underwood to dismiss the suit, argued that evidence showed football players "are men hired specifically to play football, and not to make good marks in history or English."

Minnesota to Answer Athletic Tax Suit

Minneapolis, Jan. 6 (AP).—The University of Minnesota will answer January 20 a complaint filed by the Federal Government seeking to collect taxes on athletic gate receipts, William T. Middlebrook, comptroller, said today.

FOR GENTLEMEN

the new Barber Shop of the Hotel Mayflower a an Entirely Different Barbering Performance

Maryland Five Drubs Johns Hopkins, 54-31

By Lewis F. Atchison.

Rolling up points with wild abandon of a busted adding machine, Maryland's fast-breaking Terrapins swamped Johns Hopkins, 54-31, before an audience of 2,000 fans at College Park.

The Medicos were as helpless as a patient under ether once the powerful Maryland dynamo started spinning, and were trailing at the intermission, 28-14. They never had the upper hand and the closest they ever came to being on equal footing with their hosts was early in the first half when Maryland led, 13-8. From that point on Hopkins' memory is a trifle blank.

Maryland uncovered a brand-new scoring star in square-shouldered George Knepley, who led the field with six field goals. "Big Ben" Allen, Waverly Wheeler and "Chunky Charley" Keller gave the sophomore sensation a big helping hand, much to the Maryland supporters' satisfaction.

A fairly accurate pot-shot artist, Knepley dropped in field goals from all angles last night, and with either hand. He also fitted in well with the floor game, passing and cutting, not to mention picking off, with the skill of a veteran. But Allen, Keller, et al., played important roles and cannot be overlooked in the distribution of laurels. Keller, incidentally, looks better than ever.

Either Maryland, because of its defeat by Richmond, has been vastly underrated; or Hopkins has been just as much overrated, if last night's fracas is any criterion. It was probably a little of both. Maryland played a game to delight any coach, but Hopkins missed an unusually large number of shots. The Terps exhibited a close zone defense, keeping their guests a safe distance from the basket.

Maryland.	G	FG	P	J. Hopkins.	G	FG	P
Kneply,lf	6	0	12	Siegal,lf	1	5	7
Waters,lf	2	0	4	Melvin,rf	3	1	7
Wheeler,rf	3	1	7	Cross,c	1	0	2
Neilson,rf	0	0	0	Traggis,c	1	1	3
Johnson,c	1	0	2	Zhautlin,g	2	1	5
Allen,c	4	0	8	Rassin,rg	3	1	7
McCarthy,c	1	0	2				
Thomas,lg	1	0	2	Totals	11	9	31
Mullts,lg	1	0	2				
Keller,rg	3	1	7				
Bryant,rg	0	0	0				
Guckson,rg	4	0	8				
Totals	26	2	54				

Referees—O. Mitchell, Enright.

Miller in Comeback.

Cincinnati, Jan. 6 (AP).—Freddie Miller, of Cincinnati, former N. B. A. featherweight champion, moved along the comeback trail tonight, winning the judges' decision over Frankie (Kid) Covelli, of Brooklyn, after a fast ten rounds.

College Scores

BASKETBALL.

Carnegie Tech, 25; Georgetown, 17.
Maryland, 54; Johns-Hopkins, 31.
Akron U., 50; Kent State, 26.
West Point, 46; Lehigh U., 15.
Gettysburg, 26; Navy, 24.
Michigan State, 39; Kalamazoo, 18.
Pittsburgh, 32; Temple, 28.
Toledo U., 49; Ohio Wesleyan, 24.
Wilberforce, 43; Wilmington, 27.
Duke, 49; Davidson, 24.
Wash. and Lee, 43; Elon College, 26.
John Carroll, 29; Western Reserve, 22.
Olivet, 32; Alma, 22.
Lynchburg, 53; Catawba, 51.
Marquette, 23; Chicago, 15.
Central Normal, 49; Huntington, 35.
Richmond U., 37; Va. Medical Col., 14.
Emory and Henry, 41; Sewanee, 20.
Dartmouth, 48; Brown, 28.
Davis-Elkins, 47; John Marshall, 43.
Creighton, 44; Washington (St. L.), 33.

Tony Manero Fools His Critics

Fellow Pros Saw a Second Sam Parks—And Were Wrong

By Paul Mickelson.

Associated Press Sports Writer.

New York, Jan. 6.—A rare man is Tony Manero.

Success didn't just settle in the rafters of his skull, inflating his head like wind in a toy balloom. It went to Tony's brain and heart, lifting him high among the brightest shining stars of golf.

When Tony whooped and blazed down the home stretch of Baltusrol last summer to beat Lighthorse Harry Cooper out of the prized National Open Golf championship, a group of better known but beaten pros ordered another round of Scotch and groaned.

"Manero, Manero," they mumbled. "He won't be much better than poor Sam Parks as open champ."

"Why, the guy hasn't even a sound golf swing," spouted another. Such a statement is partially true because Tony with his awkward stance is hardly a man of rhythm.

It was in June that Tony, distinguished principally up to that time by a flowing mustachio, began his climb to fame. And how he's been fooling his critics since.

While Sam Parks won about $500 in prize money during his tenure as national open champion, Manero won $3,929.22 for the year, much of it after June. In the race for the Radix Cup, given to the professional with the lowest tournament scoring record of the year, Tony finished fifth with an average of 72.46 strokes for 58 tournament rounds, or .83 of a stroke per round behind Ralph Guldahl, winner of the trophy.

Although the pros said it was a shame a great golfer like Cooper had to be beaten by a long shot like Manero, Radix Cup figures showed Cooper, in 82 tournament rounds, was but .62 of a stroke better than Tony per 18 holes.

It is true Cooper blew his chance to win the Radix Cup by taking 47 blows on the back nine of a round in the rich Miami-Biltmore Open, but Tony lost ground, too, by playing in the Shawnee Open two days after he had captured the National Open with a record score.

In the National Professional Championship at Pinehurst, Tony showed the pros he could take it and hand it out. He took the terrific needling from his "pals" and rolled right along to the quarter-finals with the steadiest game in the field. The few golf pros who didn't think Tony had the heart found it out at Pinehurst.

Although Tony hasn't become rich with his title, he has done all right for himself from a cash box angle, too, picking most of the dough up the hard way by playing lots of tournament golf and exhibitions in this country and South America against strong competitors instead of home town prides.

Tony was no society man, but he took the winter pro job at the ritzy Miami Biltmore Hotel at Coral Gables, Fla. He immediately made a hit with the swells.

In fact, Tony's getting pretty swell himself.

Whereas, he used to be satisfied with a $2 room and a good dish of spaghetti, Tony now wants the works. When a hotel took the golf pros over to Nassau for that golf championship, Tony was assigned a very good stateroom.

"I gotta have a better room," he said. "I'm the champ, not these fellows."

Tony got a better one.

And that's what worries Tony's friends the most. Can he take prosperity like he did success?

Time will tell. It always does.

Giants Buy Thevenow From Cincinnati Reds

New York Jan. 6 (AP).—The New York Giants today announced the purchase of Infielder Tommy Thevenow from the Cincinnati Reds. Thevenow will be assigned the utility role filled last season by Mark Koenig, who was given his unconditional release.

Joyce Wethered Married.

London, Jan. 6 (AP).—Joyce Wethered, the golfer, was married today to Sir John Heathcoat-Amory, whom she met on the links at Hoylake last year.

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Save AT GOODYEAR SERVICE
JANUARY CLEARANCE SALE
UP TO 25% DISCOUNT

Genuine Imported Capeskin DRIVING GLOVES
Good-looking, serviceable, washable. Just the glove for driving and dress. Lined and unlined—for men and women. Popular peccary color.
~~$1.75~~ $1.31

AUTO ROBES
Made of soft, warm materials, fringed ends, bright, attractive colors—an ideal robe for the car—in the home.
~~$4.25~~ $3.19

1-Tube Superhet RADIO
Matchless value—striking new 5-tube deluxe table model—two wave bands—electro dynamic speaker.
~~$27.80~~ $20.63

WINTER FRONTS
~~89c~~ 69c

SEAT COVERS . 25% OFF
BUMPER GUARDS . . 25% OFF
VACUO Defrosting FAN . . . . . ~~$2.75~~ $2.19
TRICO Defrosting FAN . . . . . ~~$3.38~~ $2.69
NEW ENGINE WARMER . . ~~$3.45~~ $2.96
7-TUBE ALL-WAVE Console RADIO . . . ~~$48.50~~ $32.15
JUVENILE WHEEL GOODS . . 25% Off
Scooters, Tricycles, Wagons, Autos

HOT WATER AUTO HEATERS
25% OFF
LIMITED NUMBER $5.95
GOODYEAR SERVICE STORES
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Anderson Rides Bill Donoghue to Victory in Tropical Feature

4th Straight Credited Winner

Five-Year-Old Defeats Bright Haven, Big Betting Favorite.

Tropical Park, Fla., Jan. 6 (AP).—G. H. Marlman's Bill Donoghue, 5-year-old son of Master Charlie, ran his usual honest race and chalked up his fourth straight victory in the Tavares Handicap, 6-furlong event feature of the card here today. Hustled along all the way by Irving Anderson, leading local rider, the bearer of the green and orange silks held on in a hard drive to win by a half length from Miss A. Doris' Lady Higloss. Phil Bieber's Chancing was a belated third in the field of eight, a length behind.

Bill Donoghue started his winning streak at Churchill Downs. He then was shipped here and has a perfect record in three local efforts. He paid long odds in each of his winning races, his backers today receiving $19.80 for $2. The bay gelding completed his journey in 1:11 flat.

The big disappointment of the race was Sage Stable's unreliable Bright Haven. This veteran recently woke up to win a 6 furlong dash in 1:10 2-5, galloping, but he was outrun all the way today.

Another for Anderson.

Irving Anderson, who is trying to roll up all the triumphs he can before losing his precious 5 pounds apprentice allowance on January 17, sent Bill Donoghue right to the front and the consistent sprinter never was headed. He first disposed of Liberal and showed his stout heartedness by refusing to falter when the fast closing mare Lady Higloss closed in on him in the last furlong.

Earl Sande, former jockey idol now training the horses of Maxwell Howard, continues to enjoy good fortune at the current meeting. The Earl saddled his sixth winner of the session in today's first race. Coup de Grace, 3 to 1 second choice to Lyric, carried the black and white silks to a one-length score under Hilton Dabson. Destined nosed out Alta Knight for the place.

Scintilla Victor.

Long shot players had an opportunity to collect in the second race. Scintilla, a 6-year-old mare that displayed early speed in her one previous start here, came from off the leaders to register by a length at odds of $41.40 for two.

Joe Rosen, who rides many a long shot, performed his favorite stunt when he guided the $28.70 for $2 hazard Aunt Flor to an easy victory in the 6-furlong third contest. The combination clicked by three lengths, while Nalita J. edged the favored Blue Donna out of the runner-up position.

Character, a Jacobs horse, did not do so well at odds-on in the fourth dash. The 7-year-old son of Carlaris played second fiddle to Narise, a daughter of the same sire which led the favorite home with three lengths to spare and returned $10.10. Character held a like margin over Plea for the place.

Racing Selections

Fair Grounds.
(Heavy track.)

1—Albino, Sir Midas, Makalaw.
2—Visibility, Dusky Miss, Magic Lad.
3—Desert Call, Royal Purchase, Noma F.
4—On Leave, Boo Belle, Visibility.
5—Ricciardo, Sisko, Mareve.
6—Blind Brook, Cross Ruff, Pitter Pat.
7—Captain Danger, All Hail, Registerite.
8—Zipalong, Eddie Lee, Fancy Flight.
Best bet—Albino.
—Louisville Times (AP).

Alamo Downs.
(Fast track.)

1—Pompous Genie, Red Rod, Parva Stella.
2—Whiskarita, Wanda Cerulea, Whiss James.
3—Bonnie Fan, Mario, Cheers.
4—Sea Leader, Jo, Zoranas.
5—America First, Trina, Palan.
6—Black Highbrow, Lunsford, Fast Move.
7—Reverberate, Merry Go Round, Grey Pal.
8—Storm Angel, Waidell Ormont, Pomparagon.
9—Barney Keen, Montaris, Sailor's Gift.
Best bet—Bonnie Fan.
—Louisville Times (AP).

Santa Anita.
(For muddy track.)

1—No selections.
2—All Devil, Modden, Lois Pan.
3—Dolaway, Oconia, Saratoga Gal.
4—Sun Petal, Pharello, Fancy You.
5—Portden, Mr. Ricks, Jens Son.
6—Weston, Below Zero, Wild Turkey.
7—Chartres, Miss Vince, Invermark.
8—South Gallant, Uncle Fred, Velociter.
9—Purity, Rudenia, Little Lad.
Best bet—Portden.
—Louisville Times (AP).

Alamo Downs Entries.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	My Bow	112	6	*Bistrita		102		
2	Red Rod	112	7	My Ponne		112		
3	Fair Guest	112	8	*Parva Stella		102		
4	*Jabe M	102	9	Pomp. Genie		112		
5	Miss Webb	107						

SECOND RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	*Nitescott	111	10	*Marg. Mal'e		106		
2	John Marcum	116	11	Wanda Cable		106		
3	Wicces	111	12	Brownie Ann		100		
4	*Debenture	111	13	Whiskarita		111		
5	*Wild Set	106	14	*Draco		111		
6	*Toy Gold	111	15	Chiefs D'ter		116		
7	Georgia Lily	111	16	*Thomas Jr.		100		
8	Whiss James	116	17	*War Trap		111		
9	*Pr. Domino	111	18	Olepal		111		

THIRD RACE—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	*Greenstone	106	10	*Pard. Pass		106		
2	*Apronette	106	11	Miss C'enas		111		
3	Transen	106	12	Elligene		100		
4	*Bonnie Fan	106	13	*Pr. Sylvia		95		
5	Mario	116	14	*Sail Along		111		
6	*Jane Gold	106	15	Solitary		100		
7	Wittora	106	16	Escamour		100		
8	Watcherun	111	17	Cheers		116		
9	Chicago Boy	116	18	Scrambola		111		

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $500, claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	Leading Bet	112	6	S	Ardo	112		
2	*Ours Ves	102	7	As Always		112		
3	Zorana	107	8	Doris B		107		
4	*Jane Chance	100	9	Icebergs		102		
5	*One Bid	107	10	*I See		102		

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $700; allowances; for 3-year-olds.

1	*Harry's Dr'm	102	5	Trina		110		
2	Ste. O'Neil	111	6	Lifelike		102		
3	Moss	105	7	*America First		107		
4	Palan	110						

*H. E. Simpson entry.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	Bk. H'brook	106	5	Fast Move		113		
2	Lunsford	106	6	*Speed Limit		111		
3	Pharoway	116	7	Gay Bubble		108		
4	Parcellus	106						

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $500; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	*Grey Pal	106	4	Brico		110		
2	High Man	106	5	*Reverberate		110		
3	Ste. O'Neil	106	6	Casey		110		

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $500; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	Storm Angel	110	4	*Airron		105		
2	Barracuda	106	5	Pacubina		106		
3	Summaracon	106	6	*Ward. Orm't		105		

NINTH RACE (substitute)—Five and one-half furlongs; purse, $500; claiming; for 3-year-olds and upward.

1	*Prince Balbo	111	7	Time Ball		116		
2	*Montaria	111	8	Jessie P		111		
3	*Checks	111	9	Barney Keen		119		
4	*Black Dew	111	10	Sailor's Gift		111		
5	*Wild Set	106	11	Glen		111		
6	*Amelia Rush	106	12	Naughty Fy		111		

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather, clear; track, fast.

Chart of Races at Tropical Park

By the Associated Press.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1937.

WEATHER, CLEAR. TRACK, FAST.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $700. For maiden 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 2:00. Off at 2:03½. Winner, Maxwell Howard's b. c. (3), by Gonfalon—Delicat. Trained by K. Sande. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:12 2-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
COUP DE GRACE	(Dabson)	110	10	1	4¹	1ʰ	2¹½	1¹	$3.00
DESTINED	(Bierman)	110	5	5	3½	2ʰ	1ʰ	2ⁿᵏ	9.70
ATTA KNIGHT	(Arnold)	120	2	6	6ʰ	6½	3ʰ	3¹	3.50
KNACK	(Kurtsinger)	120	11	7	5ʰ	5½	5¹	4¹	25.00
LYRIC	(Anderson)	105	6	2	1ʰ	3½	4³	5¹	2.40
GREAT SHAKES	(Mastrianni)	115	1	10	10ʰ	7½	6¹	6½	124.25
HI-LAD	(Seabo)	110	7	8	8ʰ	7³	7³	7⁴	10.55
LAMB'S WOOL	(Rosen)	108	9	9	9¹	9ʰ	8½	8½	17.05
BLOOD	(Steffen)	120	8	4	2ʰ	4½	9¹	9¹	18.20
SNOOD	(Porter)	110	4	11	11	11	11	10⁴	97.35
CECILIA L	(Romaine)	110	3	3	7ʰ	10¹	10¹	11	198.65

Two-dollar mutuels paid—COUP DE GRACE, $8.00, $3.90, $3.60; DESTINED, $7.10, $4.10; ATTA KNIGHT, $4.40.

COUP DE GRACE, on the outside all the way, finished fast. DESTINED displayed good speed and held on gamely. ATTA KNIGHT finished with a rush on the inside and would have been second in another stride. KNACK was taken wide all the way. LYRIC had no mishap.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $700; claiming. For 4-year-old fillies and mares which have not won since December 12. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 2:31. Off at 2:35. Winner, G. LaFlesh's blk. m. (6), by Prince of Wales—Melting Star. Trained by F. A. Kelly. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:12.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
SCINTILLA	(Bierman)	107	1	4	4¹	4¹½	3¹	1¹	$19.70
GLADESS	(Long)	116	4	3	2ʰ	3½	1¹	2ʰ	4.15
CHANCE QUEEN	(Cooper)	110	10	2	3¹	2¹	4¹	3¹	80.20
MIDNIGHT FLYER	(Wall)	110	3	5	5¹	5¹	5¹	4¹	3.95
WESTYS DUCHESS	(Roberts)	110	5	7	8ʰ	7⁴	7½	5½	118.00
MINSTRELETTE	(Westrope)	110	3	8	7½	8ʰ	6¹½	6¹	9.15
MILLIMETER	(G. Watson)	112	8	11	10¹	10¹	9½	7⁴	6.70
QUEEN VIC	(Schmidt)	107	11	6	6¹	8¹	8¹	8⁹	21.85
MINSTRELSY	(Porter)	110	12	1	1ʰ	1½	2½	9¹	11.65
BALCONY	(I. Hanford)	116	7	9	9¹	9²	10³	10⁴	8.55
PEACEFUL	(R. Watson)	116	9	12	11¹	11ʰ	11²	11⁴	6.15
CYCAS	(Slamey)	111½	6	10	12	12	12	12	152.65

Two-dollar mutuels paid—SCINTILLA, $41.40, $19.70, $12.70; GLADESS, $5.60, $4.60; CHANCE QUEEN, $36.80.

SCINTILLA worked her way up and, closing with a good burst of speed, was drawing away at end. GLADESS ran into lead entering stretch but tired badly. CHANCE QUEEN, well up all the way, made a game effort. MIDNIGHT FLYER had no mishap. WESTYS DUCHESS ran a fair race.

DAILY DOUBLE, FIRST AND SECOND RACES, PAID $316.90.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $700; claiming. For 4-year-old fillies and mares which have not won since December 12. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 3:03. Off at 3:04½. Winner, Cosgrave Stable's ch. m. (6), by Our General—Quick Batter. Trained by A. E. Alexandra. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:11 3-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
AUNT FLOR	(Rosen)	112	7	5	2ʰ	3¹½	2ʰ	1¹	$13.85
NALITA J	(Coule)	110	11	1	3¹	2ʰ	3²	2ʰ	4.60
BLUE DONNA	(Stout)	112	9	4	1½	1½	1½	3¹	1.55
GAY CREST	(Lynch)	112	6	3	5½	4¹	5¹½	4¹	93.95
MONKS GOLD	(Porter)	110	3	6	4ʰ	5¹	4²	5¹	53.50
GRACE BUNTING	(Bierman)	107	12	2	6¹½	6¹	6¹	6½	81.85
ANNE C	(Anderson)	111	1	12	11½	9½	7ʰ	7½	5.55
LOLOMA	(Hightshoe)	116	4	10	8ʰ	8½	8¹	8¹	6.20
LADY THIRTEEN	(Schmidt)	105	2	11	7½	7½	9¹	9¹	14.80
MOVIE LASS	(Dabson)	110	10	8	9ʰ	10¹	10¹	10¹	19.45
JOAN D	(Wall)	110	8	7	10¹	11³	11²	11⁴	59.70
COUNT TEN	(J. Renick)	110	5	9	12	12	12	12	67.00

Two-dollar mutuels paid—AUNT FLOR, $28.70, $11.60, $6.40; NALITA J., $6.40, $3.70; BLUE DONNA, $2.60.

AUNT FLOR slipped through on inside entering stretch, assumed command and, drawing away, won nicely in hand. NALITA J. showed good speed and held on gamely. BLUE DONNA had early speed but stopped badly. GAY CREST ran a splendid race. LOLOMA was outrun.

FOURTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $700; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won easily; place same. Went to post at 3:32. Off at 3:34. Winner, Victory Stable's ch. f. (4), by Carlaris—Noise. Trained by R. T. Shepp. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:11 2-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
NARISE	(Jackie)	103	5	2	4¹	3½	1ʰ	1¹	$4.05
CHARACTER	(Anderson)	113	4	5	1ʰ	1ʰ	2²	2³	.60
PLEA	(Rosen)	112	3	1	3²	4ʰ	3¹	3½	5.10
WHOOPER	(Paradise)	116	6	3	2½	2²	4ʰ	4ʰ	7.05
DESERTER	(Jackson)	118	7	7	6¹	6¹²	6¹²	5ʰ	20.35
PAUL JUNIOR	(Madeley)	112	1	6	5ʰ	5ʰ	5¹²	6ʰ	69.30
HERKIMER	(Coule)	114	2	4	7	7	7	7	102.15

Two-dollar mutuels paid—NARISE, $10.10, $2.70, $2.40; CHARACTER, $2.30, $2.20; PLEA, $2.80.

NARISE was rated behind the pace to the middle of the turn, where she was sent up on the outside, assumed lead in stretch and won going away. CHARACTER had plenty of speed but stopped badly. PLEA, away fast, was hustled along all the way and held on well. WHOOPER was used up racing with the pace and tired. DESERTER is sure to improve.

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $1,000 added. The Tavares Handicap. For 3-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 4:00. Off at 4:03. Winner, G. H. Marlman's b. g. (5), by Master Charlie—Waitress. Trained by K. G. Marlman. Value to winner, $735; second, $175; third, $85; fourth, $40. Time, 1:11.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
BILL DONOGHUE	(Anderson)	105	8	1	1¹	1¹½	1¹	1½	$8.90
LADY HIGLOSS	(R. Watson)	116	6	4	3½	3²	2½	2ʰ	5.30
CHANCING	(Wall)	106	1	7	6¹½	6²	4½	3ʰ	20.00
LIBERAL	(I. Hanford)	108	7	5	2½	2½	3¹	4½	16.15
BRIGHT HAVEN	(Westrope)	115	3	6	4¹	4½	5½	5½	1.40
GRAND DUKE	(Kurtsinger)	116	2	3	7½	5¹	6⁴	6⁴	6.05
BACHELOR DINNER	(Hightshoe)	111	5	2	5¹	7⁴	7⁴	7⁴	7.95
BRANNON	(Dabson)	109	4	8	8	8	8	8	33.60

Two-dollar mutuels paid—BILL DONOGHUE, $19.80, $8.40, $4.70; LADY HIGLOSS, $5.80, $3.90; CHANCING, $8.00.

BILL DONOGHUE broke very fast, was sent right to the front, showed a high turn of speed and stood long drive gamely. LADY HIGLOSS closed fast under a strong ride. CHANCING broke slow, worked his way up and was a fast-going third. LIBERAL was a stout contender all the way. BRIGHT HAVEN failed to show any speed and ran a bad race. GRAND DUKE had no excuse.

SIXTH RACE—One mile. Purse, $700; claiming. For 3-year-olds. Start fair. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 4:28. Off at 4:31½. Winner, J. U. Gratton's blk. g. (3), by Prince of Wales—Port Weather. Trained by F. Codd. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:39 4-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
NOEL H	(Wall)	117	7	6	3¹½	1½	1½	1ʰ	1ⁿᵏ	$3.45
MONON LAD	(Westrope)	111	10	8	5ʰ	5½	2ʰ	2¹	2½	59.70
SAY WHEN	(Schmidt)	108	2	2	6ʰ	6¹	6¹	6³	3ʰ	18.00
JUB JUB	(Jackie)	112	6	5	7ʰ	8¹	4½	4½	4½	5.25
TELLINGYOU	(Jackson)	114	9	9	8ʰ	7²	3½	3½	5¹	13.50
JOAN ASBESTOS	(Bierman)	102	8	10	4½	4½	5¹	5¹	6⁴	29.70
THE QUEEN	(Kurtsinger)	105	5	11	10ʰ	10⁴	9¹	9½	7⁴	10.65
PLAY LANE	(Anderson)	106	13	4	2²	2ʰ	8¹	7ʰ	8³	9.30
RECKLESS	(Jacques)	103	1	1	1ʰ	3ʰ	10¹	10¹	9¹	91.95
IPSO FACTO	(Rosen)	109	11	3	3ʰ	3½	7²	8¹	10³	4.45
KHAT	(Schraudenbach)	112	3	7	11²	11²	11²	11ʰ	11⁴	36.35
DAYTONIAN	(Dabson)	114	4	12	12	12	12	12	12	5.50

Two-dollar mutuels paid—NOEL H., $8.90, $7.80, $5.30; MONON LAD, $51.90, $23.30; SAY WHEN, $9.30.

NOEL H., showing improvement, rushed into lead and just lasted to win. MONON LAD moved up gamely on outside and finished with a rush. SAY WHEN closed amely. JUB JUB, well up all the way, ran good race. TELLINGYOU ran a poor race.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and a furlong. Purse, $700; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won; galloping; place driving. Went to post at 5:02. Off at 5:03½. Winner, H. Sokol's ch. g. (6), by Vespasian—Alma Ata. Trained by B. Evans. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:51.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
PEEDEEQUE	(Quatlebaum)	119	7	4	3¹	3ʰ	1½	1¹	1¹	$5.00
WATCH HIM	(Schmidl)	111	4	6	2¹	2¹½	2¹	2¹½	2¹	2.75
WINGED FLIGHT	(Kurtsinger)	109	2	9	8¹	7²	4¹	4¹	3½	15.00
FLYING DERE	(Stout)	111	1	3	4¹	4³	3¹	3¹	4¹	5.85
UKRAINE	(Jackson)	111	9	8	6ʰ	5ʰ	6ʰ	5ʰ	5¹	3.40
THE SINGER	(Lynch)	116	5	7	9	9¹	9¹	7²	6ʰ	9.65
SPEEDY SKIPPY	(Cooper)	113	3	2	7¹	8ʰ	8ʰ	8ʰ	7ʰ	33.55
ALBUQUERQUE	(Schraudenbach)	108	6	1	1ʰ	1ʰ	5½	6³	8ʰ	8.05
PRINCE POMPEY	(South)	113	8	5	5¹	9	9	9	9	74.50

Two-dollar mutuels paid—PEEDEEQUE, $12.00, $5.40, $3.90; WATCH HIM, $4.60, $3.40; WINGED FLIGHT, $7.00.

PEEDEEQUE handled his weight well and perfectly ridden, moved up and into lead turning out of backstretch and won in a gallop. WATCH HIM ran good race, but was no match for the winner. WINGED FLIGHT came through on inside and closed gamely. FLYING DERE ran an even race. ALBUQUERQUE had speed for six furlongs then quit. UKRAINE was outrun.

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles. Purse, $700; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start fair. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 5:32. Off at 5:36. Winner, Cosgrave Stable's br. m. (5), by Bunting—Denroy. Trained by A. E. Alexandra. Value to winner, $525; second, $100; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:46 1-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
PENRILL	(Rosen)	111	10	7	8¹½	2ʰ	3¹	1¹½	1¹	$3.70
BE BIG	(Cooper)	108	3	2	3ʰ	4½	2¹	2¹½	2ʰ	24.80
MISS TWINKLE	(Wall)	105	9	8	9¹	6¹	4ʰ	3ʰ	3ʰ	9.90
TREASURE SHIP	(Paradise)	116	7	11	11¹	11ʰ	8½	5ʰ	4ʰ	27.95
BRISTLE	(I. Hanford)	113	4	10	7½	7²	5³	6ʰ	5ʰ	33.85
MAKEIT	(Jackie)	100	8	5	2½	3¹	2¹	4½	6ʰ	27.45
NELL MAC	(Bierman)	103	1	1	5ʰ	9¹	9¹	7²	7²	17.95
ENTREE	(South)	105	2	3	6ʰ	8½	7¹	8½	8¹	3.80
TOP HIGH	(Anderson)	115	5	12	12	12	12	9²	9ʰ	3.90
GALLOPING	(Kurtsinger)	108	11	6	4ʰ	5ʰ	10½	10½	10¹	17.50
PRINCE SULIEMAN	(Slamey)	113	6	4	1²	1¹	6½	11²	11½	5.75
SAINTLITE	(Schmidl)	111	12	9	10ʰ	10ʰ	11²	12	12	14.80

Two-dollar mutuels paid—PENRILL, $12.30, $5.70, $4.10; BE BIG, $23.30, $13.30; MISS TWINKLE, $8.40.

PENRILL moved up very fast in run down backstretch, assumed lead and stood long drive gamely. BE BIG finished fast. MISS TWINKLE, on the outside, closed gamely. TREASURE SHIP closed a big gap. ENTREE was outrun. TOP HIGH never a factor.

Santa Anita Entries.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST RACE—Three furlongs; purse, $1,000; for 2-year-old maidens.

1	†Predilection	118	8	Son. Conard		118		
2	†Ebony Boy	118	9	Acapulco		118		
3	†Lassator	118	10	Indian Lodge		118		
4	†Rich Daddy	118	11	Pella		118		
5	Misch. Time	118	12	Ward Boss		118		
6	†Gold Shield	118	13	Patrington		118		
7	†Pala Chief	118	14	Sir Heather		118		

†Mrs. C. Howard entry.
†Valdina Farm entry.
†Rancho San Luis Rey and Cooper entry.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; allowances; for 3-year-old fillies and upward.

1	Sky King	106	7	All Devil		115		
2	†Flodden	100	8	Harrogate		110		
3	Allonby	113	9	Carbon Copy		109		
4	†Trent	101	10	Sweep. Shot		113		
5	Com. Conard	115	11	Mystic Moon		110		
6	Lois Pan	110						

†Pasadena Stable entry.

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; allowances; for 3-year-old fillies.

1	Busy Marie	115	6	San. Monica		115		
2	Ozana	113	7	Quick Cloud		109		
3	Dolaway	113	8	Saratoga Gal		113		
4	Lady Bessie	109	9	Emily Jane		109		
5	Not Asleep	115						

FOURTH RACE — Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; allowances; for 3-year-old fillies.

1	Lady L'side	115	6	Sonane		109		
2	Pharello	109	7	Fancy Yon		115		
3	Attraction II	113	8	Grace C'ome		113		
4	Paris Model	113	9	Suspension		115		
5	Sun Petal	115	10	Mildair		109		

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $1,600; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	*Mr. Ricks	109	7	City Slicker		112		
2	Gertie	107	8	*Little Son		115		
3	John Bon	112	9	Lanmeg		107		
4	Portden	112	10	Sea Ted		110		
5	Polywhisk	110	11	Two Tricks		107		
6	Kayam	110	12	Bohem. Lass		105		

SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,200 added; handicap, Class C; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	Best Bid	112	5	Wild Turkey		112		
2	Bost. Brook	109	6	Below Zero		111		
3	Arson	109	7	Weston		105		
4	Watersplash	106						

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,000; handicap, Class D; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	Miss Vince	108	4	Invermark		99		
2	Judge K'agh	107	5	Wh. Ginger		111		
3	Chartres	111	6	Yenrac		109		

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,200; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	Min Ormont	108	5	Uncle Fred		112		
2	*McCarthy	103	6	Velociter		111		
3	Aarowere	109	7	*Capt. Jinks		100		
4	South Gallant	111						

NINTH RACE — (Substitute): purse, $1,000; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

1	*Mary C'nel	100	7	*Fair Cyn'ia		108		
2	*Newson	109	8	Parity		118		
3	Nattie Mac	109	9	*Mielette		104		
4	Moresoris	114	10	Rudenia		105		
5	*Little Lad	113	11	*Melody Lake		104		
6	Thistle Air	110	12	Chryseis		105		

*Apprentice allowance claimed.
Weather, cloudy; track, muddy.

Time Out! By Chet Smith

It's a special costume for beginners.

Bred to Run

Continued from Page 11.

five was being handled by an assistant starter. I was sort of between the devil and the deep blue sea. The mare on my left kept breaking through and the nose on my right kept backing out. The mare finally tossed her boy, after twisting herself like a pretzel while trying to shake off the assistant starter. The jockey remounted, after glaring disgustedly at her.

Finally we were in what I thought was perfect alignment. Starter Billings seemed about to push the button he held in his hand. Suddenly, the horse in No. 1 stall lurched out of the gate, dragging the assistant starter with him.

"Hey, you Jockey Bergman, that'll cost you a $10 fine. Trying to beat my gate, eh?" bawled Starter Billings.

Bergman muttered under breath.

Again we were lined up. I was ready to go, but the horse on my right was standing stiff-legged and it was apparent that he would not break had the bell rung.

"No chance, Mr. Billings," yelled the jockey. The starter relaxed while the boy struck his mount several licks with the whip.

Ring-ing-ing! We were off . . . . at least some of us were off. I didn't get any the best of the break. As is often the case, my friends on either side of me, who had delayed the start, were favored by the getaway. Perhaps, Jockey Soltz wanted keep me away from the pair. He took up on me slightly. I was thankful he did, for the start-delayers, the only two horses in front of me going to the first turn, bumped each other repeatedly.

Jockey Soltz took me in on the rail carefully and then rated me along while the two in front battled desperately for the doubtful honor of setting the pace. I believe Soltz and I were of the same opinion,

We could pass the leading pair whenever we desired. They had not been considered serious contenders, at least not in the betting, but both were admitted to have excellent early speed.

Along the backstretch, Soltz still had me "in his lap," as jockeys refer to a horse that is being heavily restrained. My friends of the early speed were beginning to show signs of wilting but Soltz seemed content to let them "drop back to him" instead of using me up taking me to them. It was evident now if we were to be beaten it must be by something from back in the field.

I thought Soltz would take me to the outside as the front pair began to quit. However, luck was with us. At the far turn, the horse nearest the rail drew out enough to open a gap on the inside. Soltz let out a few notches, indicating that I was to go through. I did.

As we entered the strentch we were out in front. I could hear the others pounding behind me. The jockeys were shouting. There must be rough riding back there. At the eighth pole we were drawing away, it seemed to me.

If I could only keep going. Soltz had turned my head loose a few moments earlier. He was riding now as if his very life depended on the outcome. I was running the same way.

We neared the sixteenth pole. "We'll get home, baby," he kept chanting.

We WOULD get home—if my leg

Gallagher's Ring Career May Be Over

Blood Poison In Fighter's Right Arm

Infection Under Control, But Relapse Might End Rings Days.

By Bill McCormick.

The fighting career of big Marty Gallagher, the pride of Foggy Bottom, may be ended by blood poisoning, which is infecting the right arm of the District's most popular heavyweight.

The infection, which is being drained, is believed well under control, but physicians admit the possibility that unforeseen developments might cost Gallagher the use of his most important arm.

Even though Marty recovers completely from the injury, it probably will completely upset plans of the flatic firm of Joe Turner and Goldie Ahearn, who had planned to use Gallagher at their arena early next month.

The blood-poisoning set in as the result of a small scratch Gallagher received in the palm of his hand while working about his riding academy in Georgetown. Infection spread rapidly up the arm before its spread could be halted. The infection still is being drained and, even barring unforeseen developments, will keep Gallagher from the gymnasium for at least two weeks.

Return Was Set February 1.

Gallagher was to have returned to the ring following a long vacation on February 1. His opponent probably would have been Jack Roper, the Pacific Coast heavyweight who won on a technical knockout from Eddie Mader last Monday night when Mader broke his ankle.

Next Monday night's "all-star" show will be followed by a return engagement between Lew Raymond and Phil Furr, unless Furr himself kicks over the traces. Raymond trounced Furr in a previous bout in Baltimore, whereupon Phillip declared himself very eager for a return match.

Since that time, however, Furr has made two successful appearances in New York City, whipping Wildcat O'Conner and holding Eddie Carroll to a draw. With those victories under his belt, it is possible that Phillip may decide it discreet to side-step the rugged little Baltimore welterweight.

Perry Overcomes Vines in Pro Play

Continued from Page 15.

[illegible] Perry wiped out a 3—0 deficit. Thereafter, however, Perry looked like a winner all the way. He handled Vines' catapaultingshots with skilful ease. Vines won the first three games of the fourth set and for a few minutes it seemed the match might go the limit, but Perry bore down and evened the count with the loss of only 2 points.

By this time Vines had cracked wide open. He was missing the side lines with his drives by wide margins and even served a brace of double faults in the fifth game. Perry held service at 8—6 to make the score 4-all and then scored the critical break of service.

Vines had a decided edge in points with a total of 37 fashioned from 29 placements and 8 service aces, but his errors soared to the amazing total of 109 as compared with Perry's even 80. The Briton scored 16 placements and 4 service aces.

The Californian was so completely exhausted at the end of the match that he had to yield his place in a doubles contest to Bruce Barnes, who played with the veteran Big Bill Tilden against Perry and George Lott. Tilden, appearing in a vivid blue shirt and the customary white flannels, and with the Texan, won, 6—3, 6—2.

5 Ex-Captains to Play C. U. Varsity Tonight

Five former captains comprise the Catholic University alumni basketball team which meets the Cardinal varsity tossers tonight at Brookland. Gene Augusterfer and Babe Gearty, forwards; Bernie Lieb, center and star of last year's varsity; Abe Rosenfeld and Eddie White, guards, are the grads who will test the undergraduates' mettle.

Crowder Takes Double In D. C. Billiard Play

Jerry Crowder defeated Gene Flynn and Charles Goodacre in yesterday's matches in the District of Columbia billard championship at the Royal Billiard Academy. Crowder won from Flynn, 35-34, and Goodacre, 35-20.

Crowder had high runs of 4 and 3.

Want 130-145 Lb. Games.

The Silver Spring Merchants 130 and 145-pound basketball teams are seeking games with teams having courts. The Merchants have signed several former high school aces [illegible] Robert Linkins, manager, at Spring 257-J, preferably between 5:30 and 6:30 p. m.

Boys' Club Entries.

Entries for the Boys Club of Washington Basketball League in the following classes are being received daily at 230 C street northwest: 85, 100, 115 and 130 pounds. For full details call Charlie Reynolds at National 2886.

J. C. C. Booking.

Jewish Community Center's unlimited team wants a game for Saturday with a team having a gym. Call Columbia 2817 between 6 and 6:30 p. m. and ask for Booking Agent Joe (Connie) Cohen. The J. C. C. also would like a game for Sunday. It has the use of its own gym that night.

N. E. Boys Club Booking.

Games with outstanding 130-pound basketball teams are wanted by the Northeast Boys Club. Teams interested should call Lincoln 2901.

They Were Coming 'Round the Bend at Georgetown

Post Staff Photo.

This trio of trackmen caught rounding a turn in a practice run, figure importantly in Georgetown's hopes for a big winter on the boards. In the usual order they are Doug Hanks, Capt. Joe McCluskey and Irwin Warder.

Big Men's Pacifism Blackens Cards' Hopes for Ring Wars

The rosy picture of Catholic University's ring prospects, painted, prematurely perhaps, before the Cardinal punchers had even reported for training, has lost some of its pink glow, Coach Eddie La Fond admitted yesterday, and matters have assumed a dark outlook indeed.

The Brooklanders' roly-poly coach isn't discouraged or completely down in spirit, far from it, but feels that the path to a victorious season is going to be more difficult than he first suspected. His biggest problem, it seems, involves the biggest men on the squad, Leo Katalinas, heavyweight, and Fred Rogers, heavyweight or light-heavyweight, both of whom figure importantly in the scheme of things.

"They aren't working as hard as they should," Eddie said yesterday, "and consequently, their workouts are not doing them as much good as they should. They seem to have affected a compromise, because when they box it's nothing but a farce. One hits the other on the shoulder, and then gets one on his elbow in return. They wrestle around, clinch, hit on the chest—never any hgher than that and—well, it's pretty terrible."

"I had hopes Katalinas would take care of the heavyweight assignment this year and do a good job of it while Rogers fought at 175 pounds, but Rogers can't make the weight and Katalinas isn't doing as well as he could. I'm undecided as to which one I'll use Saturday against North Carolina State."

La Fond, however, is pleased with the work of the other men, who have shown an esprit d' corps that bodes no good for the opposition. Johnny Caravelas, a local boy, looks particularly good, and has drawn a starting role Saturday. Dave Bernstein, a flashy little 115-pounder, will lead off against State, with "Tex" Guinan, 125 pounds, next in line. Either Benitez or Martinez will get the 135-pound call, depending on their showing in training this afternoon.

The next three positions will be filled by veterans larrupers, Fred Mix, 145; Joe Bunsa, 155, and Sully Greco, 165 pounds. All are expected to give good accounts of themselves.

Rosslyn Girls Increase Pin Advantage

Running over all its opponents, Galt Davis' Rosslyn girls, champions of the Ladies District League, last night listed the Georgetown team as its latest victim to boost its lead to seven games over Highway Engineering, closest rival.

The West Enders bowed before the champions in all three matches, falling before a 548 game and 1,611 set, with Evelyn Ellis and Gladys Lynn contributing hugely to Rosslyn's decisive victory with a 341 set and 128 game, respectively.

Highway Engineering, although taking the odd game from the A. E. A. team, lost ground in the race, but produced a star shooter in Loretta Leaman, who turned in a brilliant 150 game and 356 set.

The race for the pennant in the Eastern Star League was deadlocked after last night's activities at the Lucky Strike drives, Joseph H. Milan's pulling up on even terms with Mizpah with a clean sweep over Acacia.

Three teams tied for high game honors in the Bankers League, City Bank, Riggs National Bank and American Security No. 1 each collecting 558 maples. Washington Loan & Trust announced total pinfall with 1,566 . . . Pete Couzzi (Lido) had a 138 game to top the Civic Club League . . . Hilberts topped the scoring in the Optical League, chalking up a total pinfall of 1,529 . . . Garry Wolff contributed a 147 effort . . . The leading General Land Office team trounced Bufocom twice in the Independent League . . . The tail end Holmes Bakery surprised Social Security to sweep the match . . . Hand Set swamped the Northerns in the C. & P. Men's Telephone Company League. Bob Osgood chipping in a 147 game.

Post Scripts . . . .

Minnesota, Pitt and Nebraska have been ranked 1, 2, 3 in national standing of the first 20 football teams on the basis of percentage points compiled by the Atlantic Football Forecast Sheet . . . Pitt, only one point behind the leader, moved from third place to second because of the Rose Bowl victory . . . California, after being in the first bracket of 10 for several weeks, finally dropped completely out of the first 20 . . . while Texas Christian, ranked practically nowhere last November, worked its way up to seventh place in the final standings . . . Joey Straiges, the little Pennsylvania lightweight who fights Bucky Taylor here next Monday night, is a dancing instructor when he is not busy dancing away from punches . . . Johnny Gorecki, veteran Syracuse football player and member of the basketball team, is doing very well on the court this year despite a 10-inch brace on his left knee as the result of a football injury . . . incidentally, Vannie Albanese, star Syracuse fullback, is being sought by a major-league professional football team, but has not yet made a decision on the offer . . . in a recent syndicated article, Jack Dempsey refers to one Eugene Buckley as head of the National Boxing Association . . . for the old Man Mauler's information, the president of the N. B. A. is Joseph Maloney, of Perth Amboy, N. J. . . . and there is no Eugene Buckley associated with the organization . . . Mrs. Helen Hay Whitney, owner of The Greentree Stable, just had a winner of a different sort . . . a white Pekin duck owned by her won the championship of the water fowl division in the New York Poultry Show.

200 Seek Spots In $8,000 Golf Open Play

Leo Walper Qualifies at Los Angeles With Round of 74.

By the Associated Press.

Los Angeles, Jan. 6.—Opening guns of the $8,000 Los Angeles Open, richest event of California's winter golf campaign, sounded on scattered fronts today as 200 ambitious players sought to qualify for the tournament.

A trimmed field of 128 will go into the 72-hole battle Friday, with a check for $2,00 awaiting the winner in the final 18 holes Monday. Twenty-nine topnotch performers, including ex-champions of the event, were exempt from today's qualifying round.

Los Angeles' twelfth annual open will be played over the Wilson Course at Griffith Park, a municipal layout carefully planned along sporty lines but hardly a severe test of great golfing.

Par is 71—36 out, 35 in. Lawson Little, in a tune-up session, turned in a 67. After barnstorming around the country in his new role as a professional, he came back to California this winter a much more formidable contender than he was when he left last year. Leo Walper, Bethesda, Md., driving range pro, also became eligible by recording a 74.

Eastern Five Defeats Bethesda High, 33-15

Bounding back into its winning stride, Eastern High School's basketball team walloped Bethesda-Chevy Chase, 33-15, yesterday on the latter's court, with Quantrille, star center, heading the attack with 13 points.

Eastern.	G	FG	P	Beth.-Ch.Ch.	G	FG	P
Colton,lf.	0	0	0	Vannais,lf.	0	0	0
Miles,lf.	2	2	6	Hollis,lf.	0	0	0
Clinton,rf.	0	0	0	Sullivan,rf.	0	0	0
Taylor,rf.	0	0	0	Day,rf.	0	0	0
Lombardi,rf.	2	0	4	Dawson,c.	0	0	0
Groves,rf.	0	0	0	Minkler,c.	0	0	0
Quantrille,c.	6	1	13	Fuller,lg.	2	0	4
Speith,c.	0	0	0	Fast,lg.	1	2	4
Colley,lg.	2	0	4	Kimmel,rg.	0	1	1
Lusby,lg.	1	2	4	Grussio,rg.	0	0	0
Hancock,rg.	1	0	2				
Palmer,rg.	0	0	0	Totals.	6	3	15
Totals.	14	5	33				

Friends School Five Beats Western 'B,' 24-15

Friends School turned back Western High's "B" team yesterday on the latter's court, 24-15. Wannan, with 10 points, and Newmyer, with 8, stood out for the winners.

Western (B)	G	FG	P	Friends.	G	FG	P
Wadworth,lf.	1	0	2	Wannan,lf.	4	2	10
Snow,lf.	0	0	0	Newmyer,rf.	3	2	8
Price,rf.	0	0	0	Alexander,c.	0	0	0
Hughes,rf.	0	0	0	Hooper,c.	0	0	0
Kirkland,c.	1	2	4	Bravo,lg.	0	0	0
Beatie,lg.	2	1	5	Luttrell,lg.	0	0	0
Oertel,rg.	0	0	0	Miller,rg.	3	0	6
Poole,rg.	2	0	4				
Totals.	6	3	15	Totals.	10	4	24

Park View Soccer Team Beats Seaton School

The Park View School team defeated the Seaton School soccer team, 2 to 1, yesterday afternoon on the New York Avenue Playground. Michael Dimichas, center-half, was the outstanding performer for the winners.

Bad Men of Mat To Battle Tonight

Henri Piers, the big, bad Belgian, will achieve the main event status at Turner's Arena tonight when he snarls, snickers and snaps at Gino Garibaldi, another professional mat villain.

Piers wandered into town a few months back as just another preliminary wrestler. He quickly developed a quaint habit of roaming around the customers when not busy tearing some hapless grunt and groaner to pieces, thereby making friends with those who worship the cauliflower ear.

Soon Piers' followers and friends were insisting that their hero be displayed in a main event, and thus did Hank earn the right to be chewed up by Gino. Promoter Joe Turner assures all interested that Henri will be matched with Cliff Olsen, if he gets by Garibaldi. Olsen is recognized as heavyweight champion in Weehawken, Pocomoke, Dubuque and points on the Erie Railroad.

In 30-minute time-limit bouts, John Katan will tackle Ed Meske, Stanley Pinto will engage Mayes McLain, Hans Kamfer will growl at Lord Albert Mills and Ernie Powers will make his debut against Jack Hader.

Roosevelt League.

PWA.	G	FG	P	Park Bar.	G	FG	P
Cohan,lf.	5	3	13	Sullivan,lf.	1	0	2
Hurwitz,rf.	3	1	7	Hemstler,lf.	1	1	3
Bischoff,c.	0	0	0	West,rf.	0	0	0
Marx,lg.	3	1	7	Butterfield,rf	0	1	1
Desmond,lg.	1	1	3	Stinson,c.	0	0	0
Shepherd,rg.	0	1	1	Brafford,lg.	5	0	10
Levine,rg.	1	1	3	Snyder,rg.	1	0	2
Totals.	13	8	34	Totals.	7	2	18

Referee—Lund.

K. of C.	G	FG	P	Fepco.	G	FG	P
Casper,lf.	2	1	5	Currin,lf.	0	1	1
Mealy,rf.	4	0	8	Ferry,lf.	0	1	1
Ros'baum,c.	3	0	6	Wilte'r,rf.	3	0	6
Aquilino,lg.	1	0	2	Lee,rf.	0	0	0
Forzois,rg.	0	0	0	Beach,c.	2	0	4
Blackwell,rg.	0	0	0	Gaskin,lg.	0	0	0
				Reed,lg.	1	0	2
Totals.	10	1	21	Smirnof,rg.	0	0	0
				Whitney,rg.	1	0	2
				Totals.	8	2	18

Referee—Ginbers.

Fearless.	G	FG	P	A. McNeil.	G	FG	P
Black,lf.	2	0	4	Poole,lf.	1	0	2
Neri,lf.	0	0	0	Gerfeld,rf.	3	0	6
Swift,rf.	0	1	1	Southcomb,c.	1	0	2
Sweeney,c.	1	2	4	Wertzman,c.	1	0	2
Smith,lg.	3	2	8	Nusbaum,lg.	0	0	0
Garner,rg.	1	0	2	Benbam,lg.	0	0	0
Gody,rg.	0	0	0	Gordon,rg.	2	0	4
				Byrnes,rg.	2	0	4
Totals.	7	5	19	Totals.	10	0	20

Lansburgh's Wins.

Lansburgh.	G	FG	P	Rur. Elect.	G	FG	P
Brunger,lf.	2	1	5	Packel,lf.	2	0	4
Davies,rf.	1	1	3	Oltjan,lf.	0	0	0
Ratzell,rf.	1	0	2	Smith,rf.	1	0	2
Andrus,c.	2	0	4	Farrell,rf.	0	0	0
Webb,lg.	2	3	7	Laudoff,c.	1	1	3
J.M'neaux,lg.	1	1	3	Rose,c.	1	0	2
C.M'neaux,rg.	3	0	6	Sturtevant,lg	0	0	0
				Asher,lg.	1	0	2
Totals.	12	6	30	Killion,rg.	2	1	5
				Wise,rg.	0	0	0
				Totals.	8	2	18

Battle on Police Benefit Show Is Seen

Split Due on Whether Maj. Miller or Ahearn Will Promote Fight.

Smouldering dissension over who will promote this year's police benefit fight probably will burst into flame at a meeting of the board of directors of the Police Relief Association next Tuesday night.

One faction in the Relief Association, for whose benefit this year's show will be given, believes that the matchmaking and promotional work on the card should be left to Maj. Harvey L. Miller, secretary of the District Boxing Commission.

The other faction believes that the fisticuffing firm of Joe Turner and Goldie Ahearn should be allowed to handle the entire affair.

It is understood from authoritative sources that Maj. Ernest Brown, superintendent of Police, would rather see Maj. Miller in the leading role.

Miller Was a Success.

The first police benefit show was arranged by a committee comprised of Maj. Miller, Promoter Turner and Matchmaker Ahearn. Financially, it was a grand success, but artistically not so pleasing.

The next two years, the matchmaking duties were left in the hands of Maj. Miller. These cards proved satisfactory in every respect.

Previously, the police show has been held for the benefit of the Police Boys Clubs, but this year those organizations voted to hold no such bout, as they did not particularly need the money.

At the present time, it is not expected that policemen in uniform will be allowed to sell tickets, but that minions of the law may push sales while in mufti. This arrangement may be changed so that uniformed men are allowed to sell, particularly if the matchmaking is assigned to someone satisfactory to Maj. Brown, who holds the key to the selling problem.

Details Unsettled.

Just what financial arrangements will be made with Turner and Ahearn if they are given charge of the fight has not yet been decided. For the first show, they were given a flat $500 for use of equipment. On subsequent shows they received nothing.

A member of one of the relief associations concerned with the fight promotion who favors allowing Turner and Ahearn to handle the show last night said that he wished them to have the card as the promotion of prize fights was their regular business and he did not feel they should be deprived of the year's largest show.

Wolfpack Ring Captain, Hurt, Feared Out

Special Dispatch to The Post.

College Station, Raleigh, Jan. 6.—Alex Regdon, captain of North Carolina State's boxing team, may be lost to the squad, Peele Johnson, coach, announced today. Johnson said an injury suffered during the football season was the reason.

The loss of Regdon will come as a big blow to the team as Regdon is undefeated as a college fighter. He boxes in the 175-pound division.

Coach Johnson said it was definite that Regdon would not face Catholic University in Washington, D. C., on Saturday night in what is State's opening meet of the 1937 season. Mac Howerton, senior from Asheville, will handle the weight. Howerton boxed last winter as an intramural fighter. This is his first year on the varsity.

Regdon is one of the three monogram men back. The others are Glenn Penland, Asheville, 135-pound star, and Russell, Sorrell, Raleigh, 145 pounds. Both will be used against Catholic U.

Other candidates for the team are:

Southeast Community.

Trojans	G	FG	P	Merricks	G	FG	P
Jamison,f.	0	1	1	Cole,f.	2	0	4
Stipe,f.	2	0	4	Crisiful,f.	0	1	1
Severn,c.	2	1	5	Katz,f.	1	1	3
Berg,c.	2	1	5	Wan'ger,c.	6	0	12
Reid,g.	2	1	5	Monsalo,g.	2	1	5
Hill,g.	0	0	0	Lichitter,g.	0	1	1
				D'Antonio.	2	0	4
Totals.	8	4	24	Totals.	13	4	30

Referee—Habel.

Read Ph.	G	FG	P	Cong. Ht.	G	FG	P
Morgal,f.	1	1	3	Matthews,f.	1	1	3
Hebrew,f.	2	3	7	Taylor,f.	2	3	7
Payne,f.	1	0	2	Babbitt,c.	1	0	2
Henderson,c	0	1		Hertzog,g.	2	4	8
Cicola,g.	3	1	7	Finsmore,g.	5	4	14
De George,g.	2	0	4				
Totals.	9	4	22	Totals.	11	12	34

Referee—Habel.

Bisma	G	FG	P	Fep. Co.	G	FG	P
Hog,f.	3	1	7	Boza,f.	1	0	2
Stanbley,f.	4	1	9	Schuffel,f.	1	4	6
F.Haskell,c.	3	1	7	Rhodes,c.	1	1	3
Taylor,g.	6	1	13	Bromley,g.	5	0	10
Pitner,g.	0	1		Mainke,g.	0	0	0
Balson,g.	2	3	7				
T.Haskell,g.	1	2	4	Totals.	11	6	28
Totals.	19	10	48				

Interchurch League.

Gorauch.	G	FG	P	Westminster.	G	FG	P
Arthur,lf.	2	0	4	Twiford,lf.	3	0	6
A.Schw'er,lf.	0	0	0	Riley,lf.	1	1	3
Murphy,rf.	4	0	8	Schaefer,rf.	1	0	2
Walters,c.	6	1	13	Hartnett,c.	2	0	4
F.Schw'tr,lg.	2	0	4	Flogelgren,lg.	1	0	2
Shipiro,rg.	0	1	1	Clazett,rg.	2	0	4
Totals.	14	2	30	Totals.	10	1	21

Referee—McClure.

Epiphany.	G	FG	P	5th Baptist.	G	FG	P
M.Ables,lf.	2	0	4	Clift,lf.	2	0	4
H.Ables,rf.	1	1	3	F.Coakley,lf.	2	3	7
Cogwells,c.	1	0	2	James,rf.	0	0	0
Fo'heimer,c.	0	0	0	G.Coakley,rf.	0	1	1
Sheaffer,lg.	0	1	1	Ganard,c.	0	0	0
Herbert,lg.	2	0	4	Jones,c.	0	0	0
King,rg.	0	0	0	Grigsby,lg.	0	0	0
Birth,rg.	0	0	0	Simmons,lg.	0	0	0
				McCulukin,rg.	4	0	8
Totals.	6	2	14	Knight,rg.	0	0	0
				Totals.	8	3	20

St. Anthony Wins.

St. Anthony.	G	FG	P	Sigma Iota.	G	FG	P
F.Carr,lf.	3	3	9	Dimsey,lf.	5	0	12
Sullivan,rf.	3	1	7	O'Learr,rf.	2	1	5
Desmond,rf.	0	0	0	White,c.	2	0	4
Miller,c.	3	0	6	Geibel,lg.	1	0	2
Sabb,lg.	5	1	11	Regan,rg.	2	0	4
Collins,rg.	2	0	4	West,rg.	2	0	4
McGinnis,rg	0	0	0				
Totals.	18	5	35	Totals.	16	1	33

Referee—Carlo (Catholic University).

Heurich League.

Fire Dept.	G	FG	P	D&H Coal	G	FG	P
Galotta,lf.	5	0	10	Long,lf.	0	0	0
Painter,rf.	7	2	16	Hiser,rf.	3	0	6
Harrington,c	1	0	2	D.Garber,rf.	1	0	2
Lyles,lf.	4	0	8	R.Garber,c.	3	0	6
Grasiani,rg.	1	1	3	Cappelli,lg.	2	0	4
Stein,rg.	0	1	1	Conen,rg.	4	1	9
Totals.	18	4	40	Totals.	12	1	25

Vital Statistics

Deaths.

Henry Bentley, 90, 2006 R st. nw.
Theodosia D. Whitaker, 59, 756 Rock Creek Church road nw.
John C. Yeo, 79, 2015 4th st. ne.
Thompson Cornwell, 78, St. Elis. Hospl.
Robert F. Jewell, 72, 1412 Chapin nw.
Margaret Adams, 72, 3720 Upton st. nw.
Mary Harrison, 68, 1321 N. H. ave.
George W. E. Smith, 68, 22 6th st. se.
Betty Vineberg, 67, 4414 Ga. ave. nw.
Elisabeth Sharpneck, 66, Gallinger Hospital.
Josephine L. Preston, 85, 44 W st. nw.
Thomas J. Lansford, 65, Sibley Hospl.
Matilda A. Geisenderfer, 65, 1385 Somerset place nw.
Margaret Evans, 65, Emergency Hospl.
Elizabeth Tighe, 63, Garfield Hospl.
Florence F. Stiles, 62, 2101 16th st. nw.
Genevieve G. O'Donoghue, 62, 1934 35th st. nw.
Robert D. Burbank, 56, 3901 32d nw.
Frank Miller, 48, Garfield Hospl.
Nora Mason, 33, Emergency Hospl.
Nearie Ball, 32, Tuberculosis Hospl.
Margaret Thomas, 16, Sibley Hospl.
Martha Lynch, 3, Children's Hospl.
Harriet Stewart, 90, Home for Aged and Infirm.
Allen Holiday, 71, St. Elis. Hospl.
John Morris, 59, Emergency Hospl.
Nettie Williamson, 45, 1623 1st st. nw.
Addie Hines, 38, Gallinger Hospl.
Amelia Marshall, 32, 1214 1st st. nw.
Ella Fields, 30, Gallinger Hospl.
William Hanson, 4 mos., Gallinger Hospl.
Ronald Wood, 3 mos., Children's Hospl.
Howard D. Baucom, 20 days, 1459 W nw.

Births.

Edward and Irene Boyce, twin boys.
Manuel and Leonora Cropper, girl.
Joseph and Rose Ackerman, girl.
James and Therese Austin, boy.
Ellis and Betty Watson, boy.
William and Agnes David, boy.
George and Lillian Simon, boy.
Paul and Helen Lehmen, girl.
Edsar and Minnie Shreve, girl.
Louis and Mary Tuosso, girl.
James and Vanlear Rober, girl.
Claude and Marcella Young, girl.
James and Eleanor Callicutt, girl.
Marcelle and May Badek, girl.
Joel and Jane Green, boy.
William and Clara Mills, boy.
Earl and Helen Nutting, boy.
Harry and Lillian Savage, girl.
William and Cathryn Cody, girl.
Daniel and Elsie Monk, girl.
Arthur and Elsie Clements, girl.
Ernest and Margaret Perry, boy.
Bedford and Marie Barker, boy.
Robert and Evelyn Campbell, boy.
Carlton and Marie Ames, girl.
Marcellus and Eva Winston, boy.
Lee and Angie Fitzgerald, boy.
John and Mary Jones, boy.
Rufus and Ardelia Few, boy.
Joe and Lelle Henry, girl.

Licensed to Marry.

Elmo William Griffin, 24, 802 L street northwest, and Lillian May Martin, 20, same address. The Rev. Clarence R. Ferguson.

Victor Kenneth Washington, 22, 1224 R street northwest, and Anna Wilhelmina Young, 21, same address. The Rev. G. O. Bullock.

John Patak, 36, and Pearl Udoff, 23, both of Pittsburgh, Pa. The Rev. H. M. Hennig.

Walter Joseph Ulrick, 26, and Evelyn Leiben, 27, both of Baltimore, Md. The Rev. H. M. Hennig.

James Hart Haskin, 23, 724 Fourth street northwest, and Hattie Lee Bynum, 23, same address. The Rev. J. J. Koser.

Raymond R. Redmond, 30, and Lottie Redmond, 42, both of Richville, Md. The Rev. H. M. Hennig.

Albert Leibergott, 21, 1803 Belmont road northwest, and Toby Silverman, 20, Baltimore, Md. Rabbi M. H. Levinson.

William Aiman Breanahan, 21, 2805 Thirty-third street southeast, and Lillian Anita Springman, 20, 4403 Thirteenth place northwest. The Rev. J. V. Buckley.

Randolph Edward Dovell, 22, 320 Third street northwest, and Lorabe B. Wygan, 19, 323 Third street northwest. The Rev. M. P. German.

Robert Norman Parker, 21, and Marjorie Leona Grant, 21, both of Rockville, Md. The Rev. A. F. Poore.

Fred J. Berberick, 48, 1415 Rhode Island avenue northwest, and Hester Estelle Brophy, 33, same address. Judge Nathan Cayton.

Philip Arthur Lyon, 28, 1712 Kilbourne place northwest, and Ola Leona Anderson, 24, 1954 Columbia road northwest. The Rev. O. G. Johnson.

Alonzo Lockwood Cherry, 28, Norfolk, Va., and Arlene Helen Caricofe, 19, 1326 Fairmont street northwest. The Rev. Purcell Storey.

Paul Thomas Howard, 32, 912 Shepherd street northwest, and Mera Allison Coale, 23, Baltimore, Md. The Rev. Louis W. Albert.

Clement Lee McEachern, 27, Haselhurst, Miss., and Jane D. Herndon, 24, Dillon, Mont. The Rev. P. B. Harris.

Licenses issued at Rockville, Md.:

Chester Edgar Helges, 27, of Camphill, Pa., and Clara Romaine Treichler, 27, of Mechanicsburg, Pa.

Frank E. Braxton, 21, of Washington, and Geneva Althea Johnson, 19, of Arlington, Va.

Frank Edward Walker, 24, and Mildred Lucille Shoemaker, 25, both of Cabin John, Md.

Tickets to Go on Sale Here for Perry Net Tilt

Seats for the Ellsworth Vines-Fred Perry, George Lott-Bruce Barnes matches to be held at Ritchie Coliseum, University of Maryland, January 25, will be placed on sale tomorrow.

Insistent demand for reservations hastened the offering of the $1.65 and $1.10 seat sale, which will be held at Spalding's, the Hecht Co. sports department, the A. A. A., Keystone Club and the University of Maryland.

Flying Eagles Want Games.

The Flying Eagles are seeking both week-day and Sunday games with strong unlimited teams. They have a gym for Monday nights. Call Manager Les Hands at North 4651.

Large Field Expected For Cox Skeet Shoot

A large turnout is expected for the first annual Wiffy Cox Challenge Trophy skeet shoot Saturday and Sunday at Kenwood Golf and Country Club. The Trophy, donated by the popular Kenwood professional, who is in Brooklyn recuperating from a recent illness, must be won three times for permanent ownership. The Kenwood Skeet Club is sponsoring the shoot.

Bankers League Program.

The following games will be played tonight in the Bankers Basketball League at Heurich Gymnasium: 7:30—American Security vs. Lincoln National; 8:30—Riggs vs. Liberty; 9:30—Union Trust vs. National Savings.

The Weather

Weather Conditions.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, Wednesday, Jan. 6, 8 p. m.

Forecast for the District of Columbia—Occasional rain Thursday and Friday; rising temperature Thursday and Thursday night; colder Friday afternoon or night; moderate southeast and south winds, shifting to northwest late Friday.

For Maryland and Virginia—Occasional rain Thursday and Friday, probably changing to snow in extreme west portions Friday; rising temperature Thursday and Thursday night; colder in west portions Friday and in east portons Friday afternoon or night.

Conditions.

The Far Western disturbance has continued to move southeastward to Arizona, Flagstaff, 29.48 inches, and pressure is low thence eastward to Texas and thence north-northeastward to western Lake Superior, Lacrosse, Wis., 30.04 inches. Another disturbance is moving southeastward over the District of Mackenzie, Coppermine, 29.74 inches, and pressure remains low over the Greenland-Iceland area and over the ocean east of Newfoundland, Seydisfiord, Iceland, 29.29 inches, and St. Johns, N. F., 29.82 inches. These disturbances have been attended by precipitation over most sections, except the Northeastern States. Pressure is high over all other sections, with centers as follows: Dolbeau, Que., 31.00 inches; Miles City, Mont., 30.68 inches, and The Pas, Man., and Kamloops, B. C., 30.64 inches.

Local Weather Report.

Temperature—Midnight, 36; 2 a. m., 34; 4 a. m., 36; 6 a. m., 35; 8 a. m., 34; 10 a. m., 33; 12 noon, 37; 2 p. m., 38; 4 p. m., 38; 6 p. m., 38; 8 p. m., 35; 10 p. m., 33. Highest, 39. Lowest, 32.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 66; 2 p. m., 44; 8 p. m., 58. Rainfall (8 p. m. to 8 p. m.), none. Hours of sunshine, 6.5. Per cent of possible sunshine, 68.

Departures From Normal.

Accumulated excess of temperature since January 1, 1937, 34 degrees.

Accumulated excess of precipitation since January 1, 1937, .46 inch.

Temperatures and Precipitation.

Temperatures and precipitation for 24 hours ended Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.:

	Highest Tues.	Wed.	Rain- Wed. night.	Lowest 7:30 p. m.	Rain- fall.
Washington, D. C.	39	33	.38	....	
Asheville, N. C.	46	38	.44	0.18	
Atlanta, Ga.	48	40	.66	0.20	
Baltimore, Md.	38	32	.38	....	
Bismarck, N. Dak.	—6	—10	—14	0.16	
Boston, Mass.	36	22	26	....	
Buffalo, N. Y.	42	28	42	....	
Chicago, Ill.	50	30	40	....	
Cheyenne, Wyo.	—4	—12	—12	0.01	
Cleveland, Ohio	42	24	42	....	
Dallas, Tex.	64	54	64	....	
Davenport, Iowa	40	22	40	0.05	
Denver, Colo.	2	2	—6	0.02	
Detroit, Mich.	34	20	34	....	
Duluth, Minn.	20	—6	18	0.28	
El Paso, Tex.	38	30	56	....	
Helena, Mont.	—10	—20	—18	....	
Huron, S. Dak.	—6	—2	—8	0.11	
Indianapolis, Ind.	46	30	44	....	
Jacksonville, Fla.

Steel Output At Peak Rate Despite Strike

Operations Hold at 79½ Per Cent; Chrysler Imports Glass.

New York, Jan. 6.—"The strikes in automotive plants have thus far had a minor effect on steel mill production, which stands at 79½ per cent, unchanged from last week," says Iron Age in its weekly summary today. The review continues:

"The General Motors Corporation has issued hold-up orders to steel mills and parts suppliers but these are giving the steel industry an opportunity to catch up on deliveries to miscellaneous consumers whose orders have been piling up in heavy volume during recent weeks.

"Shortage of glass may affect automobile companies whose plants are otherwise free, from labor troubles. A boatload of glass from Belgium is expected within a few days to relieve the situation at the Chrysler plants. All General Motors plants probably will be shut down by the end of the week unless mediation efforts now under way should bring an end to the strikes before that time.

"The Pittsburgh district has been least affected by the automotive situation, as steel for motor cars forms a smaller part of steel production in that area than elsewhere. Pittsburgh ingot output has, in fact, increased one point to 79 per cent of capacity and the Wheeling district is also up a point to 95 per cent. The Cleveland-Lorain district has gained two points to 79 per cent and the Chicago plants are averaging 77 per cent, only a half point below last week. The Youngstown area is the only one seriously affected, production having declined 8 points to 73 per cent."

214 Stock Deals Are Studied by SEC

Preliminary investigation of stock market operations in 214 securities was reported yesterday by the Securities Commission for the year ended June 30.

Of these investigations, 42 were deemed to warrant taking of testimony. A number of infractions of the rules, the report said, were referred to the various stock exchange committees for action. Injunction proceedings were instituted in ten cases and one case was referred to the Justice Department for criminal prosecution.

During the year 781 registration statements of new securities were filed. The total since the commission's creation is 2,314.

Santa Fe's 1937 Budget Totals $41,094 000

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—An increased budget for 1937 for additions and improvements was approved today by the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway. This year the budget will be $41,094,000, including carry-over from 1936, when $21,283,000 was appropriated.

Of the $41,094,000 earmarked for this year, $20,000,000 will be for purchase of equipment, about $2,195,000 will be used for our improvement and about $1,368,000 for new locomotives.

Security Averages.

Stocks.

	50 Ind.	20 RRs.	20 Util.	90 T'tl.
Yesterday	163.2	57.5	98.1	135.7
Previous day	163.2	57.4	97.4	135.6
Week ago	165.6	57.6	97.0	137.2
Month ago	162.8	57.8	97.3	135.2
Year ago	127.6	46.1	88.7	108.2
Two years ago	91.8	33.7	49.0	76.1
High, 1935	127.9	45.3	84.8	106.9
Low, 1935	78.6	28.6	39.5	64.0
High, 1934	105.0	54.3	90.3	93.8
Low, 1934	76.0	34.1	47.1	66.4

Bonds.

	20 Ind.	20 RRs.	20 Util.	60 T'tl.
Yesterday	94.7	100.2	105.6	100.1
Previous day	94.4	100.1	105.6	100.0
Week ago	94.2	99.8	105.3	99.8
Month ago	94.7	99.8	105.8	100.1
Year ago	91.9	86.1	104.4	94.1
Two years ago	86.7	86.4	90.1	87.8
High, 1935	91.5	86.4	103.6	93.1
Low, 1935	83.6	71.0	89.3	83.0
High, 1934	85.9	90.0	90.6	88.1
Low, 1934	72.6	74.1	77.2	74.8

(1936 average equals 100.)

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U. S. Treasury Receipts.

By the Associated Press.

The position of the Treasury on January 4:

Receipts, $102,165,731.78; expenditures, $104,532,671.84; balance, $1,903,583,773.26; customs receipts for the month, $4,958,-654.26.

Receipts for the fiscal year (since July 1), $2,198,281,455.76; expenditures, $3,600,-329,868.85 (including $1,448,832,021.69 of emergency expenditures); excess of expenditures, $1,402,048,413.09; gross debt, $34,404,750,149.91, a decrease of $2,160,-811.75 under the previous day; gold assets, $11,257,791,520.39, including $26,703,765.26 of inactive gold.

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The Market

By Carlton A. Shively, A Special Correspondent.

Stocks Work Slightly Higher With President's Message Causing Little Excitement.

New York, Jan. 6.—Stocks worked irregularly higher in a market with sales again under the 2,000,000 mark, any tendency to rally vigorously being held in check for the reading of the President's message. As usual, the message proved to be be too general in terms to sway the market one way or the other. It gave hints of repressive legislation, and at the same time kept most of its dynamite, if it had any, fairly well concealed. Later messages are expected to show how the wind is blowing. Government bonds were soft throughout. May wheat closed ⅜ of a cent lower at 131⅛ cents a bushel.

Slow but steady price movements in stocks continued up to 2 o'clock, when the Street was able to read what the President had to say to Congress. During the time the message was being read the market turned duller than ever, and no great change in prices took place immediately thereafter, although portions of the message easily could be interpreted as a threat to free speculative markets.

In spite of the good midweek reports on the steel industry, suggesting unusually large orders in advance of the price increases, and the fact that steel demand is now well diversified, the steel stocks sold off a point or so. Motors on the other hand extended their recovery. Chrysler rose 2 points and General Motors gained a fraction.

Certain issues in the rail, oil and utility groups were given special attention, among them being Santa Fe, Barnsdall, Central, Delaware & Hudson, Ohio Oil, Pacific Western, American & Foreign Power, American Power & Light and Electric Power & Light. Packing shares climbed in active trading. Most of the rail equipments improved. Coppers softened a little. Mail orders were mixed. Sears advanced. Amusements continued firm, but with reduced volume. An extra dividend pushed Macy up 3 points, Union Tank, Cotainer and Consolidated Coal were bid up.

Although it was doubted that the stock and bond markets would do much one way or the other, unless President Roosevelt said something decidedly out of the ordinary in his Congressional message, the fact that the address was coming out this afternoon had the effect of holding back trading activity. Wall Street would like to have as much light as soon as possible on several subjects, including taxation, monetary policy, budget balancing, treatment of public utilities and railroads and labor and wage policy.

U. S. Bonds Droop.

Meanwhile with the continued sogginess in the Government bond list, coupled with expanding commercial demands for credit, more attention is being given the outlook for money. Banks holding Government bonds apparently expect something to be done by the authorities, in compliance with their hints some time ago, to push down excess reserves; but in some quarters it is wondered if, since the discount bill rate has risen snarply, a little chilliness of feet may not be felt at Washington.

The affair only emphasizes the fact that, instead of so much scouting around for ways to squeeze inflation that some day may get out of control, closer scrutiny straight ahead would reveal the true method of limitation. That method is to stop deficit operations of the Government, to amend taxation in a way to enable the Treasury to borrow a larger portion of its needs from individual investors instead of from the banks and to cease the attempt to keep the dollar permanently undervalued with respect to other currencies.

In connection with bank investments, it did not escape notice that the State superintendent of banks, in his annual report, noting the difficulty banks are having in charting an investment program because of uncertainty over duration of low rates, said:

Group Movements.

Holiday trade was wonderful, but that did not prevent a 9 per cent decline in valuation of leading chain and department store stocks last month. In contrast to that loss, which exceeded that of the motors and accessories groups, rail equipment shares advanced 12 per cent. Most of the commodity and metal groups rose. Oils added 9 per cent to their market valuation, sugars 4 per cent and mines 3 per cent. Rubbers rose only 1 per cent. Foods, beverages and tobacco products declined, as did drugs.

Copper Victory.

News that the Navy is asking for bids on 100 tons of copper, with freedom of the bidders from restrictions of the Walsh-Healy labor act, looks to mark a victory for the copper companies, and perhaps for industry in general, in so far as it opposes the greater expense of working conditions as dictated by the act. The Government is obliged, except for small parcels, to award bids only to those who comply with the Walsh-Healy act. It asked for bids a short time ago on a large supply of copper, but the mining companies, feeling they could not afford to reorganize their working forces to comply with the Federal statute, refused to bid. Now the Government has decided that it will have to get its copper by, in effect, giving exemption to the copper mines, which it can do by securing bids piecemeal.

Melodrama.

The site of the new General Motors Corporation plant at Linden, N. J., is the stage for an old-fashioned thriller. Pennsylvania Railroad, with tracks adacent to the plant, and the Jersey Central, which would have to build a siding more than a mile and a half long to tap the traffic, are matching wits and brawn. So far the advantage is with the Pennsylvania, but the odds favor the Jersey Central. B. & O. Motors naturally would like a choice of rail lines and unless the ICC takes the position that the Jersey Central construction would be an extension rather than an industrial siding, the manufacturer probably will have the last word. This will be big news for the Jersey Central stockholders, including the Reading and its large owners, after the plant is completed in March.

Money Markets

Foreign Exchange.

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—Great Britain in dollars, others in cents.

Great Britain—Demand, 4.91¼; cables, 4.91¼; 60-day bills, 4.90¼.

FRANCE—Demand, 4.67⅛; , cables 4.67⅛.

Demand Rates.

Italy	5.26¼	Czecho'vakia	3.50½
Belgium	16.87½	Yugoslavia	2.34
Germany—		*Austria	18.73
Free	40.24	Hungary	19.80
Registered	19.25	Rumania	.75
Travel	20.60	*Argentina	32.75
Holland	54.76	*Brazil	8.80¼
Norway	24.69	Tokyo	28.5
Sweden	25.34	Shanghai	29.85
Denmark	21.94	Hongkong	30.70
Finland	2.17	Mexico City	27.80
Switzerland	22.99	Montreal in New York	100.03⅛
Spain			
Portugal	4.47½	New York in Montreal	99.96⅞
Greece	90½		
Poland	18.98		

*Nominal.

New York.

Call money steady, 1 per cent all day. Prime commmercial paper ¾ per cent. Time loans steady; 60 days to 6 months, 1¼ per cent offered. Bankers' acceptances unchanged. Rediscount rate, New York Reserve Bank, 1 per cent.

Bar silver steady and unchanged at 45.

London.

Money and discount rates unchanged.

Bar gold remained unchanged at 141s 5½d. (Sterling price equivalent to $34.75.)

Bar silver easy, ⅛ lower at 21 3-16d. (Sterling price equivalent to 46.86 cents.)

Paris.

Three per cent rentes 74 francs 10 centimes; 4½ per cent rentes, 78.20. Exchange on London, 105.15. The dollar was quoted at 21.39½.

Montreal Silver Futures.

Montreal, Jan. 6 (AP).—Silver futures closed easier, 45 to 60 lower.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Close.
4	January	46.10	46.10	45.95*
2	March	46.05	46.05	45.80*
2	May	46.05	45.80	45.80
1	July	46.05	46.05	45.80*

*Bid.

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Heavy Offers Of Corn Reduce Grain Prices

Wheat, Oats and Rye Also Are Lower at Close.

By the Associated Press.

Chicago Jan. 6.—Enlarged rural offerings of corn on price upturns finally dominated the entire list of cereals today and as a rule more than wiped out gains. In a sharp late reaction corn values fell an extreme of 2¼ cents a bushel below the day's top level.

At the close, corn was ¾@1⅜ cents lower than yesterday's finish; May, new, 1.09⅛@1.09¼; July, new, 1.05¼; September, 1.01. Wheat unchanged to 1⅛ down; May, 1.31¾@1.31⅞; July, 1.15¾@1.16; September, 1.12¾@1.12⅞. Oats, ¼ to ½ up; May, 52⅜, and rye showing ¼ to ½ decline, May 1.12¾. The outcome in provisions was unchanged to 7 cents off.

Futures Price Range.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	1.32⅝	1.33⅝	1.31⅝	1.31⅞
July	1.15⅞	1.17	1.15¼	1.16
September	1.12⅝	1.13¾	1.12⅛	1.12⅞
Corn—				
May, new	1.09⅞	1.11	1.08¾	1.09¼
Old	1.06⅛	1.06¾	1.04⅞	1.05
July, new	1.05⅜	1.06¾	1.04⅞	1.05¼
Old	1.00⅛	1.01⅞	99½	1.00½
September	1.01½	1.02¼	1.00¾	1.01
Oats—				
May	52	53	51¾	52⅜
July	45¾	46½	45⅜	46
September	43⅜	44⅜	43⅜	43⅞
Soybeans—				
May	1.57¾	1.60	1.57¼	1.57¼
July	1.57½	1.59¼	1.57¼	1.57¼
Rye—				
May	1.13	1.14¼	1.12⅛	1.12¾
July	1.05	1.07	1.04½	1.05
September	97¾	99¼	97½	97½
Barley—				
May	....	....	....	84
Lard—				
January	13.85	13.87	13.85	13.85
March	14.00	14.05	14.00	14.05
May	14.27	14.30	14.25	14.27
July	14.40	14.45	14.37	14.42

Cash Grain Prices

WHEAT—No. 2 hard, 1.41½; No. 2 Northern Spring, 1.40½; Weevily, 1.40.

CORN—No. 4 mixed, 1.09; No. 4 mixed mainly white, 1.10½; No. 3 yellow, 1.10⅛ @12½; No. 4 yellow, 1.07⅛@1.11½; No. 3 white, 1.13½@1.13¾; No. 4 white, 1.11@1.12.

OATS—No. 1 white, 55@56¾; No. 2 white, 54⅜@55½; No. 3 white, 54½; buckwheat, sample grade, 2.50.

BARLEY FEED—68@95 nominal; malting, 1.00@1.40 nominal; timothy seed, 5.85@6.10; new, 5.60@5.85 per cwt.; clover seed, 28.00@32.00 per cwt.

Tin Quotas Extended For 5 More Years

Brussels, Jan. 6 (AP).—The International Tin committee today ratified an agreement extending control and restriction on tin production for five years from January 1.

Production quotas for the first quarter of 1937 were fixed at 100 per cent of basic tonnages in contrast with 105 per cent for the last quarter of 1936.

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The Day's Movements In Leading Markets

Stocks.

	Wed.	Tue.
Advances	440	542
Declines	300	206
Unchanged	180	156
Total issues	920	904

Averages steady; volume, 1,921,810.

Bonds.

Government issues yield; transfers, $15,172,000.

Curb.

Power and mining shares gain; turnover, 670,000.

Commodities.

Wheat lower; cotton steady; sugar lower; coffee unchanged.

Exchange.

Lower; Great Britain, $4.91¼; France, 4.67 3-16 cents.

Cotton Futures Steady on Buying

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—Early declines in cotton today were recovered on improved trade buying. March advanced from 12.27 to 12.37 and closed at 12.36 with prices generally ending net unchanged to 5 points higher.

Futures Price Range.

	High.	Low.	Last.
January	12.38	12.28	12.37
March	12.37	12.27	12.36
May	12.25	12.12	12.23
July	12.17	12.05	12.15
October	11.78	11.66	11.74
December	11.78	11.70	*11.76

*Nominal.

Spot, steady; middling, 12.96.

Cottonseed Oil.

After showing a little hesitation early, cottonseed oil firmed up today on covering and buying by houses with European connections, influenced by the rally in lard. Final prices were 5 to 10 points net higher. Sales, 141 contracts. Bleachable spot nominal; January closed 11.38, March 11.45, May and July, 11.60.

R. H. Macy & Co. Vote 75c Extra Dividend

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—Directors of R. H. Macy & Co., New York department store, today declared an extra dividend of 75 cents a common share, payable January 25 to stock of record January 16.

Directors of Rose's 5, 10 & 25 Cent Stores, Inc., declared a quarterly dividend of 75 cents a share on the old $5 par common stock, or 15 cents on the new $1 par common, payable February 1 to stock of record January 20. Stockholders recently approved a 5 for 1 split up. Previously dividends were 50 cents quarterly on the old stock paid November 2 and $2 extra paid December 20. The company operates stores in the Southwest and has headquarters at Henderson, N. C.

Mint Record In '36 Topped Only by 1919

Year's Domestic Coinage Had Total Value of $46,388,101.

Operations of United States mints during the calendar year 1936 broke all records, with the single exception of 1919, Mrs. Nellie Tayloe Ross, director of the Mint, announced yesterday. The total domestic coinage during 1936 amounted to 722,976,721 pieces, with a total value of $46,388,101.44, as compared with 560,760,047 pieces, valued at $38,580,923.50, during 1935. The record coinage in the history of the Mint in 1919 amounted to 738,642,000 pieces.

The demand for coins mounted steadily during the past year, with December the high month with a total of 115,310,049 coins struck. The coinage during this month alone was greater than the combined coinage fo rthe three calendar years of 1931, 1932 and 1933. A total of 13,316,396,471 domestic coins have been produced since the establishment of the United States Mint in 1793.

In addition to the domestic coinage the United States Mint executed 32,350,000 coins for other American governments during 1936. The nations for which these coins were produced were Costa Rica, Nicaragua, San Salvador, Cuba and Venezuela.

No silver dollars were minted during the last year, but the output of every other denomination exceeded the corresponding output for 1935. The Philadelphia Mint produced 570,411,072 domestic coins during 1936 and the entire foreign coinage. The Denver Mint produced 91,425,538 domestic coins and the San Francisco Mint 61,140,111 domestic coins.

Steel Prices Unchanged.

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—Steel bar prices unchanged.

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Branches
7th and Mass. Ave., N. W. Seventh and E Sts., S. W.
Eighth and H Sts., N. E. 1140 Fifteenth St., N. W.

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Through the Home Bulding Service Plan . . . A complete architectural advisory and supervisory service, providing home design suggestions and supervision of construction. Let us explain in detail.
PERPETUAL BUILDING ASSOCIATION
Corner 11th & E Sts. N. W.

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE
NATIONAL METROPOLITAN BANK OF WASHINGTON
In the District of Columbia, at the close of business on December 31, 1936.
(Published in response to call made by Comptroller of the Currency, under Section 5211, U. S. Revised Statutes)

ASSETS.

1. Loans and discounts		$3,129,109.06
2. Overdrafts		2,878.48
3. United States Government obligations, direct and/or fully guaranteed		10,459,284.12
4. Other bonds, stocks and securities		1,019,283.05
6. Banking house, $800,000.00; Furniture and fixtures, $25,140.27		825,140.27
7. Real estate owned other than banking house		1.00
8. Reserve with Federal Reserve bank		9,455,079.97
9. Cash, balances with other banks, and cash items in process of collection		6,186,116.73
10. Cash items not in process of collection		410.55
13. Other assets		2,066.21
Total Assets		$31,079,369.44

LIABILITIES.

14. Demand deposits of individuals, partnerships and corporations		$17,780,358.83
15. Time deposits of individuals, partnerships and corporations		6,726,275.12
17. United States Government and postal savings deposits		582,000.00
18. Deposits of other banks, including certified and cashier's checks outstanding		3,499,756.39
Total of items 14 to 18, inclusive:		
(a) Secured by pledge of loans and/or investments	$2,767,905.83	
(b) Not secured by pledge of loans and/or investments	25,820,484.51	
(c) Total Deposits	$28,588,390.34	
27. Interest, taxes and other expenses accrued and unpaid		15,005.88
29. Other liabilities		59.30
30. Capital account:		
Common stock, 8,000 shares, par $100.00 per share	$800,000.00	
Surplus	800,000.00	
Undivided profits—net	875,913.92	
Total Capital Account		$2,475,913.92
Total Liabilities		$31,079,369.44
MEMORANDUM: Loans and Investments Pledged to Secure Liabilities		
31. United States Government obligations, direct and/or fully guaranteed		$3,504,359.38
32. Other bonds, stocks and securities		59,937.50
34. Total Pledged (excluding rediscounts)		$3,564,296.88
35. Pledged:		
(a) Against United States Government and postal savings deposits		646,937.50
(c) Against deposits of trust departments		999,971.88
(d) Against other deposits		1,716,387.50
(f) With State authorities to qualify for the exercise of fiduciary powers		200,000.00
(g) For other purposes		1,000.00
(h) Total Pledged		$3,564,296.88

District of Columbia, ss:
I, C. F. JACOBSEN, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
C. F. JACOBSEN, Cashier.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 6th day of January, 1937.
(Seal) WM. G. WINSTEAD, Notary Public.

GEORGE W. WHITE
A. A. HOEHLING
O. H. P. JOHNSON
CHARLES JACOBSEN
J. THOMAS KELLEY, Jr.
HENRY A WILLARD 2d
LOUIS D. BLISS
OTIS BEALL KENT
F. H. McCORMICK-GOODHART
C. F. R. OGILBY
W. K. WIMSATT
HENRY LEONARD
R. M. KAUFFMANN
CHARLES B. HAWLEY
Directors.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York

MAIN OFFICE 140 Broadway
FIFTH AVE. OFFICE Fifth Ave. at 44th St.
MADISON AVE. OFFICE Madison Ave. at 60th St.
LONDON PARIS BRUSSELS LIVERPOOL HAVRE ANTWERP

Condensed Statement, December 31, 1936

RESOURCES

Cash on Hand, in Federal Reserve Bank, and due from Banks and Bankers		$ 660,220,262.99
Bullion Abroad and in Transit		13,202,854.00
U. S. Government Obligations		590,105,249.40
Public Securities		54,432,761.77
Stock of the Federal Reserve Bank		7,800,000.00
Other Securities		23,859,645.56
Loans and Bills Purchased		669,293,384.06
Items in Transit with Foreign Branches		2,258,543.13
Credits Granted on Acceptances		39,514,874.97
Bank Buildings		13,277,131.39
Other Real Estate		477,774.59
Real Estate Bonds and Mortgages		2,322,209.70
Accrued Interest and Accounts Receivable		10,214,178.61
		$2,086,978,870.17

LIABILITIES

Capital	$ 90,000,000.00	
Surplus Fund	170,000,000.00	
Undivided Profits	9,356,562.00	
		$ 269,356,562.00
Dividend Payable January 2, 1937		2,700,000.00
Miscellaneous Accounts Payable, Accrued Interest, Taxes, etc.		27,583,280.45
Acceptances	$ 47,501,324.36	
Less: Own Acceptances held for Investment	7,986,449.39	
		39,514,874.97
Liability as Endorser on Acceptances and Foreign Bills		3,014,142.00
Deposits	$1,709,643,127.39	
Outstanding Checks	35,166,883.36	
		1,744,810,010.75
		$2,086,978,870.17

Securities carried at $11,416,048.30 in the above Statement are pledged to qualify for fiduciary powers, to secure public monies as required by law, and for other purposes.

(Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation)

New York Curb Stocks

By the Associated Press.

Total stock sales yesterday, 670,000 shares; year ago, 902,500 shares; total bond sales yesterday, $3,200,000; year ago, $7,821,000.

Sales in thousands.	High	Low	Close
A			
3 †Aero Sup Mfg B	5½	5	5
1 †Asfa Assco	16½	16½	16½
7 †Air Invest	4	3½	4
4 Air Inv war		⅞	⅞
4 †Air Inv cv pf(.60e)	30	29¼	30
1 Alles & Fisher	5	5	5
3 †Allied Int Inv	2	2	2
4 Allied Int I pf(.90k)	24	21¾	24
1 †Allied Prod A (1¾)	22	22	22
4.50 Alum Co Am	155	153	155
3.50 Alum Co pf (6)	116	115¾	116
5 Alum Ltd	111	109	111
19 Am Airlines	31	29	29½
2 Am Capital B			⅞
1 †A CP&LA ww(2¾k)	45	45	45
7 †Am C P&LB(.20e)	6½	6½	6¾
24 Am Cyan B (.60a)	35⅞	34¼	34⅜
4 †Am Equit (.22½k)	5	4½	5
28 Am & Fgn P	3¾	3⅜	3⅝
59 Am Gas&El (1.40)	42⅞	40½	42⅝
1.50 Am G&E pf (6)	112½	112	112½
3 †Am Gen (⅛e)	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞
.50 †Am Gen 12 pf(2)	33½	33⅛	33½
2 Am Laun Mch (1⅛e)	25¼	25	25¼
13 Am L&T (1.20a)	22⅝	22½	22⅝
.50 Am Mfg (3e)	35	34	35
7 †Am Maracaibo	1⅞	1¼	1¼
1 Am Meter (2¼e)	53½	53½	53½
.50 Am Pot&Chs (2¼e)	38	38	38
102 Am Sup Power	2⅜	2¼	2¼
13 Am Sup P pf	51	48	50½
12 Anch Post F	5½	5⅛	5⅜
1 †Anz Wupp (.20a)	6	5⅝	5⅝
1 Apex Elec (1e)	36	36	36
.70 Appal El P pf (7)	109⅞	109	109½
9 †Arctur Rad Tube	1⅝	1¼	1⅜
9 Ark Nat Gas	8⅛	7¾	8
93 Ark Nat Gas A	8¼	7⅞	7⅞
2 Ark Nat Gas pf	10¼	10¼	10¼
1 †Art Met Wks(.60a)	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝
13 Ashland O&R(.40a)	6¾	6⅝	6¾
104 As G & E	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
314 †As G & E A	5	4½	4⅝
34 As G&El war	7-32		7-32
31 As G & El pf	39	37¾	38½
6 As Laund			⅛
1 Atl Cst Fish	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
40 Atlas Corp (.80)	17	16⅞	17
13 Atlas Corp pf (3)	51⅜	51⅛	51½
28 Atlas Corp war	3½	3¼	3⅜
2 Atlas Ply (1½)	10¾	10¾	10¾
72 †Austin Sil Mng	3	2⅞	3
1 †Aptomat Prod	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
1 †Auto V Mach (½)	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
.80 †Axton Fis A (2.20)	39⅝	39⅝	39⅞
B			
.50 Babcock & Wil(1e)	129	129	129
1 Baldwin Bond rts	3	2¾	2¾
4 Barium Stain Stl	4¾	3¾	4⅛
.10 †Baumann (L) pf	92	92	92
2 †Bellanca Aire	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
2 Bell Tel P pf (6½)	122½	122	122
19 †Berkey & Gay F	2⅞	2¾	2¾
1 †Berkey & G F war	1¼	1¼	1¼
6 Bliss E W	18⅛	18	18⅛
14 †Blue Ridge (.10e)	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
1 †Blue Rid cv pf(3h)	46¾	46¾	46¾
5 †Blumenthal (8)	37⅝	36½	37⅝
.50 Bohack	10	10	10
.60 Bohack 1st pr	51⅞	51	52
1 Borne Scrym(1¼e)	15½	15½	15½
2 Botany Cons Mills			⅞
1 †Bourjois (¾e)	6¼	6¼	6¼
1 Bower R Bear(½e)	28	28	28
3 Bowm Bilt Hot	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
2 Bowm Bilt Hot 1 pf	31¾	31	31
4 Bowm Bilt Hot 2 pf	7¾	7¼	7¼
62 Bras T&L (.40e)	19½	19½	19½
6 †Bridgeport Mach (1e)	17¼	17¼	17¼
1 Brill A	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1 †Brillo Mfg (.60)	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
2 Br Am Oil reg(.80a)	23¾	23¾	23¾
2 Br Am Tb B(.952e)	32¼	32½	32½
13.50 Brown (F)	47¼	47¼	47¼
1 Brown F & W(.15e)	13¼	13¼	13¼
6 †Brown F Dist	9⅞	9⅜	9⅝
.50 Buckeye P L (3½e)	46¾	46¾	46¾
1 Buf N&EP pf(5.60)	24⅞	24½	24½
6.25 Bunk Hil & S (2a)	105	103	104¼
C			
.50 Can Car & Fdy pf	29½	29½	29½
1 Can Ind Alc A	7	7	7
28 Can Marc Wire	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
13 Carib Syn	2¾	2¼	2¾
.20 Caro P&L 37 pf(7)	102¾	102¾	102¾
2 Carrier Corp	31½	31½	31½
11 †Catalin Am (.40e)	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
27 Cen & Sw Ut	4	3⅞	4
2 Cen O St Pr(.85e)	18	18	18
23 Cen St El	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
4 Cen St E 6 pf	22¼	20¾	22¼
.75 Cen St E 7 pf	25	24½	25
.25 Cen St E cv pf	24½	24½	24½
1 Cen St E cv pf n	21¾	20	21½
13 †Centrif Pr (.40a)	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1.50 Chi Flex Shaft(2a)	53	53	53
.75 Childs pf	79	78	79
102 Cities Service	4¾	4¼	4¼
10 Cit Serv pf	57⅞	57¼	57½
2 Cit Serv B pf	5½	5½	5½
.20 Cit Serv B B pf	58	57½	58
.80 Cit Serv P 6 pf	68	68	68
13 Cit Ant Stk(.10)	13	12¾	12¾
2 Claude Neon Lts			⅛
1 Clayt&L Mfg(.70e)	8½	8½	8½
4 †Cleve Tract	10⅜	10½	10½
1 Club Al Uten	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
307 †Colon Develop	4¼	4¼	4¼
1 Colon Develop A	4¾	4¾	4¾
25 †Colon Devel cv pf	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
12 Colo Fuel & I war	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜
64 Col Pict P (.50)	6¾	6¾	6¾
11.75 Colum G&E pf(5)	95⅝	94½	95
60 Colum O & G(.20e)	9¼	8¾	9⅛
1 Comwl Dist (.10e)	1¾	1¾	1¾
1 Comwlth Edis (6)	121	119	120⅝
36 Comwlth & So			⅛
1.25 Comm Pw&Lt 1 pf	61¼	59⅜	60¼
1 †Comm Wat Svc	1½	1½	1½
1 Co ShM vtc ext(1a)	16¾	16¾	16¾
12 †Cons Aire	22¾	22¾	22¾
1 Cons Bis Co (.60)	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
43 Cons Cop Min	8¾	8½	8⅝
1 Cons Mng&S (2e)	81	81	81
3 Cons Roll & Stl	17¾	17¼	17¼
8 †Cooper-Bess	31½	30½	31
3 Cook Paint&V (.60)	19¼	19¼	19⅜
4 Copper Range (½e)	13¾	13⅜	13⅝
8 Cord Corp	4¾	4⅜	4½
1 †Corroon & Rey	6½	6½	6½
80 †Cosden Oil Mc	4	3⅞	3⅞
14 †Cosden Oil Me pf	36	33⅓	33⅓
14 Creole Pet (½e)	37	36¼	36⅜
32 Crocker Wh (.10e)	15⅜	14⅝	14⅝
11 †Croft Brewing	¾	¼	¼
1 †Crown C Pet (.06e)	2	2	2
4 †Crown Dru (.10a)	4¼	4¼	4¼
4 Crystal Oil Ref	2½	2¼	2½
13 †Cusi Mex			⅛
D			
2 Darby Pet (½)	17⅛	17	17⅛
5 †Dayton Rub	20⅜	20	20
.10 Dennis Mfg 1st pf	72¾	72¾	72¾
6 †Derby Oil	5⅛	5¼	5¼
6 †Detroit P Pr (¼a)	9	8⅝	8⅝
6 †Detroit Sti Pr (½e)	54⅛	52⅞	52⅞
1 †Doehler D Ca	37¾	37¾	37¾
1 Dow Chem (2.40)	136¼	136¼	136¼
1 †Driver-Harr (1½e)	30	30	30
1 †Dubilier Con	3¼	3¼	3¼
31 Duval Tex (½e)	9	8½	8⅝
E			
37 Eagle Pi Le (.60e)	21¾	20⅝	21¾
4 East Gas & F	7	6¾	7
3 East G&F 6 pf (6)	63	62½	62½
25 East Mall Tr (1.20)	24½	24½	24½
4 East Sta Corp	6	5¾	5¾
4 East Sta A pf	81½	80	81½
2 East Sta B pf	80	80	80
2.50 Econ Gr St (1⅝e)	22	21⅝	22
6 Elsler Elec (.05e)	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
664 El Bond & Sh	24	22⅝	23⅞
8 El Bond&S pf (6)	81½	81	81½
8 El Bo&Sh 5 pf (5)	74¼	72½	74½
1 El Pow As A (⅛e)	8¾	8¾	8¾
6 El P&L ont war	12¼	12	12¼
10 El P&L 2d pf A	75	75	75
10 †Elect Share	6¾	5⅞	6¾
.80 El Shov Coal pf	15¼	15¼	15¼
2 †Electrocraphic (1a)	17¼	17¼	17¼
.50 Emp G&F 7 pf	63⅜	60¼	60¼
37 †Equity Corp (¼e)	2¾	2½	2½
6 Europ El deb rts	⅛	⅛	⅛
27 Evans Wallo	1	¾	1
13 †Ex-cello A&T (⅜e)	19½	19	19½
F			
1 †Fairchild Av (.15e)	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
5 †Falstaff Bre (1⅛e)	8	8	8
1 †Fanny Far (¼a)	23½	23½	23½
5 †Ferro Enam (3e)	40½	40	40½
1 †Fidelio Brew	⅞	⅞	⅞
.30 Fire Ass Phil (3a)	81¼	81	81¼
3 Fisk Rub	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
.25 Fisk Rub pf (6)	73	73	73
2.50 Fla P&L 7 pf	61	60½	61
24 †Ford M Can A (1)	24½	23⅞	24⅛
1.50 Ford M Can B (1)	27	25½	27
4 Ford M Ltd (.18le)	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
.80 Fox (Peter) Brew	10¼	10¼	10¼
G			
3 †Gen Alloys	3¼	3¼	3¼
12 Gen Invest	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
.25 †Gen O Adv pf (6k)	94	94	94
2 Gen Rayon A	1½	1½	1½
2 †Gen Tel (1.35e)	21½	21½	21½
2 †Gen Tel pf (3)	51½	51	51
2 Gen T & Rub	19½	19¼	19¾
.50 Georg Pow pf (6)	93¼	93	93¼
2 Glen Alden (1½e)	13¾	13½	13⅝
.80 Godchaux Sug A(1g)	41¾	41¾	41¾
6 Godchaux Sug B	30¾	29¾	30¾
1 Goldfield Con			⅛
21 †Grand Nat Films	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1 †Grand Rap V(1)	13	13	13
3 Gray Tel P S (1)	22	21¼	21¼
.60 Gt A&P wv (6a)	114	113	113
1 Gt Nor Pap (1a)	38	38	38
6 Greenf T Ab	9	8¾	8¾
1 Grce Strs Prod	4¾	4¾	4¾
7 Guard Inv	¾	¾	¾
76 Gulf Oil new	60	59	60
H			
6 Hall Lamp (.40e)	6¼	6	6⅛
.25 Hartf Elec (2¾)	69	69	69
2 †Harvard Brew	3¼	3¼	3¼
9 †Hecla Min (.60e)	19	18¾	19
2 Heller W E (.40a)	10¼	10¼	10¼
9 †Filling Gold (.65a)	14	14	14
4.25 Horn & Hard (2)	40¾	39¼	40
19 †Hud Bay M&S (1)	33¼	33	33
17 Humble Oil (1a)	79	78½	79
2 †Hurley's Del	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
.50 †Hurley's Del pf stp	19	19	19
13 †Hygrade Fd	5¾	5⅝	5⅝
I			
13.50 Ill P&L 86 pf	56¼	54⅞	56¼
3 Imp Oil Can (½)	21¾	21½	21⅞
3 Ind Ter Ill A	44¾	44¾	44¾
15 Ind Ter Ill B	4¼	4	4¼
3 Ind P Line (.80a)	8¼	8	8⅛
2 Ins Co N Am (2a)	74⅞	73¾	74⅞
2 Int Cig Mch(2.35a)	26¼	26	26
11 Int Hyd-El pf	33½	31½	33
2.50 Int Hyd & Ld B	17¾	16½	17⅜
9 Internat Pet(1⅛e)	35½	35	35¼
20 †Inter Prod	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
3 Inter Util A	18	16½	18
235 Inter Util B	2¼	1⅞	2⅛
6 Inter Util war new	⅛	⅛	⅛
5 †Inter Vitamin (½)	6¼	6¼	6⅜
.40 Inters Pw Del pf	20¾	20½	20½
.50 Iron Firem vtc (1a)	25	25	25
1 †Irving Air Ch (1)	16¼	16⅛	16⅛
6 †Isl Superpow A	⅞	⅞	⅞
2 Isl Superpw del rt	⅛	⅛	⅛
J			
4 †Jacobs Co (1)	14¾	14½	14¾
28 Jeannette Gl (.60e)	11¼	10	11
25 JC P&L 5½ pf(5½)	89	89	89
30 J C P&L 7 pf (7)	99	98½	98½
2 †Jonas & Naum	7⅞	7½	7¾
2 Jones & Lau Stl	94	94	94
K			
3 Kan C P& vtc pf A	3¾	3¾	3¾
5 †Ken Rad T (⅝e)	29⅝	29	29⅝
15 †Kingstn Pr (.20e)	7	6¾	7
3 †Kirby Pet (.20e)	3½	3⅜	3⅜
2 Kirkl LakeGM(.06e)	1¾	1¾	1¾
2 Kress S H pf (.60)	12½	12¼	12⅜
2 †Kreuger Brew(1)	20½	20	20⅛
L			
.60 Lack RR N (4)	77	77	77
7 Lake Shore M (4a)	57⅛	57⅜	57½
9 Lakey Fdy & M	6¼	6	6¼
14 Lehigh C&N (.30a)	10¼	9⅞	10¼
6 †Leonard Oil	1	1	1
23 †Lion Oil (1)	17⅜	17	17⅜
4 †Locke S Chain(.80a)	14	13⅜	13⅞
6 †Lockheed Aire	10	9¾	9¾
7 Lone Star Gas(.60e)	12	11⅞	12
10 Long Is Lt	5¾	5¼	5⅜
.40 Long Is L pf (7)	90	90	90
1 Long Is L pf B (6)	80	80	80
1 †Loudon Pack (¼)	6	6	6
58 †Louis L&E (.40a)	14½	14⅜	14⅜
1 †Lynch Corp (2a)	39	39	39
1 †Lucky Tiger (.12)	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
M			
3 †McCord Rad B	10½	10½	10½
1 McWill Dredg	32½	32¼	32½
5 †Mangel Stra	8¼	8¼	8⅜
1 Marion St Shov	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜
1 Mass Harris	9¼	8⅞	9¼
1 †Mer&Mfrs A (.30e)	6½	6½	6½
35 †Merritt-C & S	7¾	7¼	7¾
25 †Merritt-C & S pf A	62½	62½	62½
14 †Masabi Iron	3	3	3
24 †Mexico-Ohio Oil	4	4	4
16 †Mich Bumper	2¾	2¾	2¾
1 †Michigan G&O	3	3	3
1 Michigan Sug	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1 Michigan Sug pf	7¾	7¾	7¾
3 Mid St Pet A vtc	6¼	6¼	6¼
4 Mid St Pet B vtc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
27 Mining Corp Can	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1 Minn M&M (1a)	42	42	42
2 †Mod J Yoch(.15e)	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
1.25 Mohawk-Hd 1 pf(7)	102	101	102
8.25 Mohawk-Hud 2 pf	116¼	114	114
2 †Molybdenum	9½	9⅜	9⅜
.30 Monig Wire A (.7)	153⅛	153⅛	153⅛
2 Mort Bank Col	4¾	4⅝	4¾
5 Mount Prod (.60)	6¼	6⅛	6¼
10 †Mueller Brass (1a)	42¾	42¾	43
N			
52 †Nat Bellas Hess	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
11 Nat Fuel G (1)	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜
7 Nat Invest	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
6 Nat Leather	2⅛	2	2⅛
2 Nat Mfg & Stra	9	9	9
4.50 Nat P&L pf (6)	88½	88¼	88½
14 †Nat Rub Mch(.20e)	11¼	11¼	11¾
1 Nat Svc pf	4¼	3¾	4¼
13 Nat Service	2	2	2
2 Nat Sug Ref (2)	27¾	27½	27½
1 Nat Trans (¾e)	10¼	10¼	10¼
74 †Nat Un Rad	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
5 Nebel	2	2	2
2 †Neisner Corp	35⅜	35¼	35⅜
2 †Nelson (H) (.45e)	14¾	14¾	14¾
1 †Neptune M A (.60g)	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
1 Nestle Le Mur A	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
1.50 †Nev Cal El	21½	21	21
.80 New Con (2)	80	80	80
4 N M & Ariz (.01e)	4⅝	4½	4½
5 †N'mont M (3¾e)	133	127¾	133
2 †NY & H Ros (4¾e)	30	29¾	29¾
1 †N Y Auction (¼e)	6½	6¼	6¼
30 NY L E & P pf (7)	114¾	113¾	114
10 NY P&L 6 pf (6)	104	104	104
1 †NY Shipbd Pd	11¼	11¼	11¼
1 NY Steam	18	18	18
75 †NY Tel pf (6½)	116¼	113¾	115¾
74 Niag La Pow (.40e)	17⅛	16⅞	16⅞
12 Niag Hud A war	⅜	⅜	⅜
1 Niag Hud B war	2¼	2¼	2¼
14 Niag S Md B (.60e)	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
6 Nia-Sem-P (1e)	44¾	44¾	44¾
3 †Nipissing M (¼e)	2¾	2¾	2¾
25 †Noma Elec (.40e)	11½	11	11
19 N Am Lt & Pow	4¼	4	4⅛
3 †Nor Europ Oil	⅞	⅞	⅞
3 Nor St Pr A	37	36½	37
4 †Novadel-Ag (2)	34½	33¾	33¾
O			
4 †Okla Nat Gas	13⅝	13	13
.50 †Okla Nat Gas pf	30¾	30¾	30¾
1 Oldetyme Dist	5¾	5¾	5¾
P			
3 Pac G&E 1 pf (1½)	31⅞	31¾	31⅞
2 P G&E 5½pf(1⅜)	28¾	28⅝	28¾
.50 Pac Light pf (6)	106¼	106	106¼
2 Pac P&L 85 pf (5)	85	85	85¼
1 Pac Tin spec (2a)	44	44	44
35 †Pan-Am Air (1)	66	63¾	66
288 †Pantepec Oil	9	8½	8¾
1 Parker Pen (1.60a)	26½	25½	26½
1 †Paramount Mot	5	5	5
46 Pennroad (¼e)	4¼	4¼	4¼
1 Pa G & E A (1½)	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜
10 Pa P&L 6 pf (6)	110	110	110
.30 Pa P & L 7 pf (7)	111¼	111	111
1 Perfect Circle (2a)	33½	33	33
1 †Phillips Pkg (⅛e)	13¼	13¼	13¼
2 †Phoenix Sec	6¼	6¼	6¼
1 Pierce Gov (⅛e)	23	21¾	23
26 †Pioneer G (.80)	6⅝	6⅝	6½
2 Pitney-Bowes (.40e)	19¼	19¼	19¼
11 †Pitts Fore	19¼	19¼	19¼
.80 Pitts L E (5e)	88¾	88¼	88¾
4 Pitts Pi Gl (6e)	125¾	125¼	125¼
1 †Plough (1.20)	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
1 †Potrero Sugar	9	9	9
6 Powdrell & A (.80a)	11¼	11¼	11¼
2.75 Pow Corp Can (⅛e)	28¼	27	28¼
26 Premier Gld (.12a)	4¾	4¼	4¼
1 Prosperity B (1¼e)	14	14	14
10 P S Ind 1st pr pf	64¾	64¾	64¾
40 Pub S Ind $6 pf	34¾	34¼	34¼
.20 P S Okla 7 pr In(7)	103½	103½	103½
1.50 P Sd P S pf (1¾k)	87¼	85½	87¼
3.50 Pug Sd P 6 pf	48½	47¾	48½
Q			
.10 Quaker Oats pf (6)	150	150	150
1 Quebec Pow (1)	23¾	23¾	23¾
R			
.25 R & L Sec (1.55e)	22½	22½	22½
3 Rwy & Ut Inv A	1¼	1¼	1¼
2 †Rainbow Lum B	30		30
2.25 Raym Conc (¾e)	26½	26	26½
.50 Raym Conc pf (3)	42½	42	42½
5 †Red Bank Oil	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
2 †Reed Roll B (.80a)	33¼	33	33¼
1 †Reiter-Fost			⅛
1 †Reliance Int Corp	5¼	5¼	5¼
2 Rice Stix D G(½g)	12	12	12
2 Richmond Rad	5⅝	5½	5⅝
1 Root Pet (1)	13	13	13
1 Rossia Intl	¾		¾
37 †Rossiter, B & S	13	12⅝	13
13 Ryan Cons	5	4¾	5
S			
1 †St Anth Gold			⅛
47 St Regis Pap	9	8¾	9
1 †Schiff Co (3a)	38½	38½	38½
2 Schulte R Est	1	⅞	⅞
2.50 Scovill Mfg (2¼e)	50¾	50	50¾
7 Sec Corp Gen	4½	3¾	4½
10 Segal Lock	3	2¾	2¾
25 Servel Inc (.50)	7⅞	7	7⅛
30 Selby Shoe (2)	38	30	30
18 †Selected Indus	3¾	3¾	3¾
2 Sel Ind(alctf)(5½)	98	96	96
10 Sel Ind pr pf(5½)	96	94½	96
105 Sentry S pf vtc	¾		¾
4 †Seversky Aire	4¾	4	4¼
12 †Shattuck Denn	18½	18½	18½
7 Shaw W&P (.80)	30½	30	30½
3 Sherwin-Wms (4)	137¼	137¼	137¼
4 Singer Ltd (.288e)	6	5¾	5¾
1 Smith Cor vtc (1e)	28¼	28¼	28¼
1 †Sonotone (.10e)	2	2	2
7 So Penn Oil (1¼a)	45	45	45
1 So C Ed B pf (1½)	28¾	28¾	28¾
1 South Pipe	5	5	5
9 Southd Ry (.40e)	9	9	9
1 Span & Gen	¾	¾	¾
1 Spencer C St (.60)	9¾	9¾	9¾
1.50 Spu D CoApf(2.20)	37¾	37½	37¾
1 Stand Dredge	5¼	5¼	5¼
1.50 Stand Prods W pf	16¾	15¾	16¾
2.50 †Stand Inv pf	60	58½	60
1 †Stl Oil Ky (1a)	19¾	19½	19¾
5 †St Oil Ohio (1a)	37½	37¼	37¼
43 St Pow & Lt	8¾	8¾	8¾
5 Stl Pow & Lt	5⅛	5	5⅛
50 St Pow & L pf	67	67	67
1 Stand Prod (.24)	21	20¾	21
44 Starrett Corp vtc	9	8¾	8¾
4 †Stand Stl-L (.04e)	⅛	⅛	⅛
1 Sterl Brush B (.30e)	9½	9½	9½
25 Sterchi B S1stpf(3)	38	38	38
50 Sterchi B S2dpf(1)	11	11	11
1 †Sterling Inc (.10e)	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛
3 †Sterling Bre (¾e)	6¼	6¼	6¼
30 Stetson PJH (1½g)	20¾	20¾	20¾
4 †Stutz Mot Am	2½	2½	2½
1 Sullivan Mach	26	26	26
28 †Sunray Oil (.10e)	4¼	4	4¼
15 †Sunshine Mng (3)	20¼	19¾	19¾
.50 †Swiss-Am El pf	100¼	100½	100½
T			
21 Taggart	12½	12	12⅜
1 Tampa El (2.24)	39⅛	38⅛	38⅛
2 †Tastyeast A	2¼	2	2
21 †Taylor Dist (.30)	4¼	4¼	4¼
1 †Technicolor (½e)	21¾	21¾	21¾
1 †Teck-Hug G (.40a)	5¾	5¾	5¾
10 Texas P&L pf (7)	111¾	111¾	111¾
2 †Texon Oil (.60)	6¾	6¾	6¾
.50 Thew Shovel (½e)	46	46	46
1 Tishman Real	10	10	10
2 Toh Pr Exp (.15e)	3¼	3¼	3¼
1 Todd Ship (2a)	51	51	51
186 Toledo Ed 7 pf(7)	111¾	111¾	111¾
12 †Tom M Diat (½a)	7¼	7¼	7¼
1 †Trans-Lux (.20a)	4¼	4¼	4¼
1 †Tri-Cont war	2¾	2¾	2¾
5 Tubize Chat	16	15¾	16
3 Tubize Chat A	61	60¾	61
1 †Tung-Sol Lamp		8¾	8¾
33 †Twin Coach (1.40e)	17⅜	16⅞	17
U			
6 Ulen&Co 7½% pf	7¼	6¾	7¼
19 Unexcelled Mfg	4¼	4⅛	4⅛
41 Unit Corp war	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
239 United Gas	10¼	10¼	10¼
68 United Gas	3	2¾	2⅞
9 Unit Gas pf (7)	119¾	119	119¾
170 Un Lt & Pow A	9¼	8⅞	9⅛
8 Un Lt & Pow B	10¼	9¾	10⅛
38 Un Lt & P cv pf	63¾	62	63¾
1 Unit Shipyds B	2¾	2¾	2¾
3.25 Unit Shoe M (2½)	93	92½	93
20 U S Foil B (.60)	16⅜	16	16
9 U S Lines pf	2¾	2½	2½
9 U S Radiator	8½	8¼	8¼

Reorganization Unit Asked for Federal Set-up

Permanent Committees for Duplication Prevention Also Are Sought.

Continued from Page 1.

read the memorandum. "New power facilities are now producing power on a far larger scale with different agencies involved."

The Buchanan report listed five other instances of reorganization needs but said it "is prepared to concede that a close investigation may justify the existing situation in each case."

Those listed "by way of illustration" were:

Activities relating to the design, construction, care and operation of Federal buildings.

Activities "concerned with what is generally termed publicity and propaganda."

Various mapping services that exist in the executive branch.

Activities concerned with the lending of public moneys and the collection of the debts created.

Building up of interdepartmental agencies not appropriated for nor authorized, to which are assigned from authorized agencies "a considerable and expensive personnel who devote all of their time to the unauthorized agency."

Ask Further Study.

But the report added:

"The committee believes that no corrective action should be taken until after an investigation has been made with more deliberation and care than is possible on the part of this committee or will be possible by any group working under a limitation of time."

The report that "instances of lost motion, overlapping, conflict and even violation of the spirit if not the letter of the statutes, tend to increase in the same proportion and will do so unless Congress exercise by continuously investigating . . ." its duty of supervision and control.

Coincident with the report, Buchanan introduced a joint resolution to set up the standing Senate and House Reorganization committees, of seven members each, and a joint committee comprising the full membership of both committees. The joint committee would conduct investigations and make recommendations, and each of the two standing committees would function independent of each other.

Would Save Millions.

Buchanan said millions of dollars annually could be saved by "continued and vigilant watchfulness" by the proposed set-up. In filing the report, he turned back to the House unexpended $9,416 of the $20,000 granted for the survey.

The memorandum prepared for the information of the committee, but not filed with the House, estimated there are between 15 and 20 Federal agencies now dealing with power alone.

"Congress has indicated that power facilities must be self-maintaining and self-liquidating," it said, "but under existing conditions, the Federal Government is virtually subsidizing the production of electric energy for relatively small areas of the country with no provision for ascertaining accurately the cost of construction or operation, period of amortization (or to prevent Federal plants from competing with each other.)"

Pending better co-ordination of Federal water power resources and operations, the memorandum suggested that Congress should refrain from additional appropriations for electric power installations at Federal projects, and for additional power legislation.

Senator Byrd said yesterday his continuing Senate Reorganization Committee will file no single comprehensive report, but deal with questions of reorganization one at a time. He will call a meeting of his committee for next Wednesday, at which time he will recommend elimination of overlappings in 24 agencies lending Government funds.

Brokers' Loans Rise $112,983,509 in Year

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—Total loans of stock exchange members on collateral carried in New York as of December 31 amounted to $1,051,425,161, an increase of $67,420,459 over $984,004,702 as of November 30, the exchange reported today. On December 31 last year loans stood at $938,441,652. The ratio of security loans to the market value of all listed was 1.76 per cent on January 1, against 1.64 per cent December 1 and 2 per cent on January 1, last year.

The total market value of all listed stocks was $59,878,127,946 on January 1, compared with $60,019,557,197 on December 1 and $46,945,581,555 as January 1, last year.

Bank Stocks.

New York, Jan. 6. (AP) (New York Security Dealers Association).

Bank and Trust.	Bid	Asked
Bk of Man (1½)	32	34
Bankers Tr (2)	69½	71½
Cen Han Bk & Tr (4)	130	133
Chase Nat (1.40)	49	51
Chem Bk & Tr (1.80)	63½	65½
Commercial (8)	206	212
Cont Bk & Tr (.80)	17¼	18¾
Corn Ex Bk & T (3)	64	65
Empire Tr (1)	28¼	29¼
First Nat (Bos) (2)	50	52
First Natl (100)	2115	2155
Guaranty Tr (12)	338	343
Irving Tr (.60)	15¾	16¾
Manufacturers Tr (2)	54½	56½
Manufacturers Tr pf (2)	54	56
National City (1)	41½	43½
N Y Trust (5)	144	147
Public (1½)	56½	58½
Title G & T	16¼	17¼
Insurance.		
Aetna Cas (2a)	101	105
Aetna Ins (1.60)	50½	52½
Aetna Life (.80a)	30	32
Am Equit (1.60)	37⅝	40¾
Am Ins Newark (⅛)	12¾	14¼
Am Reins (3)	79½	82½
Am Reserve (1a)	32¼	34½
Am Surety (2½)	59¼	61¾
Automobile (1a)	32	34
Balt Amer (.20a)	8¾	9¼
Carolina (1.20)	28¾	30¼
City of N Y (1.20)	29¼	30¾
Conn Gen Lif (1.80)	33¼	35¼
Continent Cas (1)	26¾	28¾
Dtd & Dep (2a)	122	124½
Firemens Newk	12	13½
Frank Fire (1a)	33	35
Gen Reinsurance (2)	42½	44½
Globe Rutgers (1.60)	43½	45½
Glens Falls (1.60)	20¾	22¾
Globe & Rut	75½	79½
Great Amer (1a)	28	29½
Hanover (1.60)	35¼	37½
Harmonia (1.20)	29¾	31⅝
Hartford Fire (2)	74½	77½
Home Fire Sec	6¼	7¼
Home Ins (1a)	39¼	41¼
Homestead (1)	23¼	24¾
Insurance Fire	4½	5½
Natl Fire (2)	67½	69¾
Natl Liberty (.20a)	9½	11
N Hampshire (1.60)	42¼	43¾
N Y Fire (.80a)	24¾	27¼
Penn River (1.60a)	26¼	28¼
Phoenix (2a)	97½	101½
Prov Wash (1a)	36¾	40½
St Paul Fire (2a)	207½	212½
Springfield (4.50)	128	131
Stuyvesant	120	125
Travelers (16)	493	503
U S Fire (1.80a)	55	56
Westchester (1a)	33½	35½

(a) Also extra or extras. (b) declared or paid so far this year.

Maryland's Fiscal Needs Cited By Nice as Legislature Opens

By the Associated Press.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 6.—Maryland's Legislature, faced with almost a record-breaking amount of work and still with no work to do as yet, got under way today.

After brief sessions and after hearing the message of Gov. Harry W. Nice convening the session, both houses adjourned until 8 p. m., next Tuesday.

Gov. Nice outlined generally in his message the work he felt the legislators should accomplish. Increased appropriations featured his message.

Until the budget for the coming biennium is ready, the legislature will have little or nothing on which to work. The budget probably will not be presented before the latter part of this month.

Formal organization of the legislature came off without incident. Delegate Emanuel E. Gorfine, Baltimore City Democrat, was re-elected speaker of the house and Senator Lansdale G. Sasscer, Prince Georges County Democrat, was re-elected president of the senate. Each of them, in their short talks to the legislature, emphasized the size of the task facing the body.

The first half of Gov. Nice's long message was a review of work of State departments under his administration. In each instance he praised the work of the departments and added:

"I hope, however, that our critics will have sufficient sense of fair play as not to try to make it appear that this recitation of the achievements has been submitted in any spirit of smug self-satisfaction."

Chief among the Governor's recommendations were: That relief revenues "must be continued * * * I recommend continuance of the taxes levied (for relief) last year * * *." Those relief taxes are on beer, whisky, cosmetics, amusements, automobile titlings and increased corporation franchise taxes.

That 1933 pay cuts imposed on school teachers and classified employes be restored. "With the funds at my disposal I shall do my part, but for the balance these deserving groups must look to you (the Legislature)."

That the State police force be increased by 50 men.

That the Legislature consider a report of a commission studying roads which "will present for your approval an entire financial setup by which Maryland may accomplish (in road building) in the course of time with no increased outlay by the taxpayers what she has endeavored ineffectually to do by spending in a hand-to-mouth manner."

While the Governor asked for increased appropriations for State departments, he did not recommend as to taxes which he felt should be levied to provide such revenue. He pointed out that "after nearly four years of drastic economy * * * many necessarily neglected tasks must be faced if we are really to take care of certain fundamental needs."

Railroads Open I.C.C. Hearings To Raise Rates

Increased Material Costs Cited in Plea to Revise Freight Tariffs.

Continued from Page 1.

turn of 2.45 per cent. The roads' operating income in 1930, however, was $868,878,773, or a return of 3.27 per cent.

The net income of the roads in the first ten months of 1936, Dr. Parmelee said, was $89,208,327, while in the calendar year 1931 it was $134,761,911 and in 1930 it amounted to $523,907,427. In 1932, 1933 and 1934, he testified, the roads had deficits, but in 1935 the net income was $7,539,127.

About 51 per cent of the roads operated at a loss in 1935, he said.

33 in Receivership.

The witness pointed out that 33 Class 1 roads are in the hands of the courts, being 27.6 per cent of the aggregate mileage in the country.

He testified the movement of commodities was not held back by the emergency freight charge, declaring the tonnage of products of agriculture, live stock and forest products, on which the emergency charges did not apply, increased 19.5 per cent in the first nine months of 1936, while the tonnage of products of mines and others on which the rates did apply increased 20.3 per cent. For the third quarter of 1936, as compared with the same period in 1935, the increases were 18.1 per cent and 30.8 per cent, respectively.

On cross-examination, Wilbur LaRoe, jr., representing the American Paper and Pulp Association, developed the 1936 gross operating revenue of the roads was about $645,000,000 over that for 1935, to contrast that increase with the $140,865,000 increase in the annual cost of materials and supplies since May, 1933.

Criticizes Figures.

He criticized Dr. Parmelee's using the May, 1933, figures, which he said was the lowest month in the commodity index, and converting the figures for that month into a year for the purpose of comparison.

In connection with the need for debt refunding operations in the next few years, he brought out figures in Dr. Parmelee's exhibits to show the funded debt maturing in 1937 amounts to $261,500,000, and the highest total in the next ten years would be $297,700,000 in 1939, while refunding in 1936 amounted to $316,000,000.

The hearings are being conducted by Commissioner Clyde B. Aitchison. Sitting with him are Nelson Lee Smith, of the New Hampshire Public Service Commission; Ernest O. Thompson, Texas Railroad Commission; Hugh White, Alabama Public Service Commission, and Moie Cook, Indiana Public Service Commission.

James M. Symes, vice president in charge of operations and maintenance of the Association of American Railroads, will follow Dr. Parmelee on the stand.

Now Serving Loyalists.

New York, Jan. 6 (U.P.).—Every two years Vincent Schmidt, pilot, World War veteran and soldier of fortune, writes to his friends at Roosevelt Field. Two years ago they received a picture of him in the uniform of a colonel in the Tenth Chinese Route Army. Today another note came postmarked Barcelona, Spain. "Merry Christmas and Happy New Year," it said.

The Daily Legal Record

DISTRICT COURT.
Motions Assignment.
Justice Letts, presiding.
10 A. M.

Preliminary and ex parte matters.

10:10.

In re Donald Baer; appointment of committee.

Luttrell, jr, vs. Luttrell, jr. Attys., Bowles —Taggert.

Dube vs. Dube; rule.

Braxton vs. A. & P. Tea Co. Attys., Lebowitz, Blum—Jones.

Hicks vs. Hicks; rule.

Lyon et al. vs. Moran. Attys., Gertman —Clagett, Wainwright.

Wood vs. Wood; rule.

Stewart vs. Stewart. Attys., Keane—Conn.

Donaldson vs. Donaldson; rule.

In re Thomas E. Wassaman. Attys., Hill, jr., Herrick—Garnett, Dulaney.

Morris vs. Morris; rule.

Estate of Victor J. Evans; rule.

Brotherhood of Washington, etc., vs. Washington Terminal Co.; rule.

11 A. M.

Estate of James F. Gill. Attys., Neubeck —Hospidor.

Williams & Ends vs. Gray & York. Attys., Sutton—Garnett, Herrick.

DAILY ASSIGNMENT.

Law Cases.

Gant vs. Holland. Attys., Philip Wasshal—J. F. Wilson.

No. 139. Hamilton, rec. vs. Seaford. Attys., Brice Clagett, Charles Wainwright—R. A. Cusick.

No. 59. Lewis vs. C. & P. Tel. Co. Attys., I. H. Halpern, Lester Wood—G. P. Hoover.

No. 204. Wright, admx. vs. Capital Transit Co. Attys., Houston & Houston—E. L. Jones.

No. 12. Perser vs. Amer. Sec. & Tr. Co. Attys., W. C. Sullivan—McKenney, Flannery & Craighill.

No. 224. Spiller vs. I. T. O. A. Attys., A. L. Newmyer, D. G. Bress—Whiteford, Marshall & Hart.

No. 60. Roche vs. D. C. Attys. Wilkes & Artis—Chester Gray.

No. 179. Payne vs. I. T. O. A. Attys., A. L. Newmyer, D. G. Bress—Whiteford, Marshall & Hart.

No. 245. Osburn vs. Weiner. Attys., P. H. Marshall, J. Carmody—C. E. Quinn.

Nos. 143 and 144. McCrary Co. vs. Rubenstein. Attys., Vernon Lowrey, L. M. Denit—H. I. Quinn.

No. 202. Tullis vs. Dist. Grocery Stores, Inc., et al. Attys., A. L. Newmyer, D. G. Bress, Achilles Catsonis, D. C. Bress—Welch, Daily & Welch, Baker & Tepper.

Sillman vs. Keister. Attys., Wilkes & Artis—E. I. Quinn.

Edwards vs. Capital Transit Co. Attys., T. H. Halpern—E. L. Jones.

Steed vs. Western Union. Attys., E. L. Jones—Dale Drain.

Lucas vs. Pagliochinni. Attys., J. C. Wilkes—Baker & Tepper.

Rosario vs. Nevin Midland Lines, Inc. Attys., E. M. Fonbuena—H. I. Quinn, C. H. Doherty.

Ball vs. Holmes & Son. Attys., Louis Lebowitz—Neil Burkinshaw.

Gale vs. I. T. O. A. Attys., A. L. Newmyer, D. G. Bress, P. R. Marshall.

Osburn vs. Weiner. Attys., P. H. Marshall—C. E. Quinn.

Holloway vs. U. S. A. Attys., W. E. Miller—W. M. Shea.

Lambert vs. Capital Transit Co. Attys., E. B. Frey, Chas. Morganston—E. L. Jones.

Howard vs. I. T. O. A. Attys., J. J. Sirica—Whiteford, Marshall & Hart.

Walker vs. I. T. O. A. et al. Attys., A. L. Newmeyer, D. G. Bress—Ringgold Hart.

Childress vs. Adams. Attys., A. L. Newmyer, D. G. Bress—Wheatley & Wheatley.

Brinsler vs. Capital Transit Co. Attys., Wm. Wendell—E. L. Jones.

Kimmel et al. vs. Penna. Airlines. Attys., R. H. Yeatman, G. D. Horning, S. Gordon—C. H. Doherty.

Hazel vs. Bigoness. Attys., M. P. Friedlander, L. H. Shapiro—Octave Bigoness.

Gelbman vs. Bodovac. Attys., I. B. Yochelson—Chas. Linkins.

Home Indenmnity Co. vs. Gann. Attys., A. L. Newmeyer, D. G. Bress—Gallagher.

The Somerville Co. vs. Phillip Blde. Assn. Attys., P. V. Rogers—J. C. Markall.

Carchedi vs. M. A. Cardo Eng. Co. Attys., Turco & DeNunzio—Dale Drain.

Cannon vs. Foster. Attys., Wm. Wendell —C. P. Doherty.

Moulthrop vs. Greenbaum et al. Attys., J. T. Reilly, Welch, Daily & Welch.

George vs. Charuhas. Attys., L. A. Rover, Achilles Catsonis—H. I. Quinn.

Milburn vs. Corson & Gruman & Co. Attys., John Carmody—C. H. Doherty.

Hayden vs. Orme. Attys., Wilkes & Artis—F. T. Fuller.

Schmidt vs. Kresge Co. Attys., A. E. Brault—Clephane & Latimer.

Mount Vernon Floral Co. vs. Floyd. Attys., Kelly & Nicolaides—Arthur Hilland.

Natl. Sav. & Trust Co. vs. Orlove. Attys., J. D. Fitzgerald—J. N. Halper.

Forbes, Inc. vs. Ewing Attys., L. M. Denit—Wm. Wendell.

Walford vs. McNeill. Attys., C. A. Marshall—R. H. McNeill.

Drake vs. Haskins. Attys., Frost, Myers & Towers—E. L. Jones.

DAILY ASSIGNMENT.
EQUITY CASES.

Lavisson vs. Simms. Attys., T. E. O'Connell—M. M. Doyle, F. A. Thuec.

Irvine vs. Irvine. Attys., Cedric Johnson—G. E. McNeill, P. F. Biggins.

Marine et al. vs. Chaconas. Attys., Charles Linkins—J. A. Toomey.

Stuart Motor Co. vs. Wanser. Attys., J. A. Willey—R. C. Dickson.

Rinaldi vs. Rinaldi. Attys., J. C. Turco —Ray Neudecker.

Timbers vs. Timbers. Attys., Ellis Klein —Ray Neudecker.

Balto. Trust Corp. vs. Woodring. Attys., H. H. O'Bear—U. S. Atty. (Chief Justice Wheat.)

Sullivan vs. Sullivan. Attys., F. J. Sedwick—W. E. Leahy.

Hellmuth vs. Hellmuth. Attys., A. W. Fox, J. M. Boardman—Louis Ottenberg.

Johnson vs. Katz. Attys., J. H. Batt, B. B. Libby—J. J. Slattery.

Lincoln Inv. Co. vs. Glennan. Attys., Arthur Hilland—Nelson Wilson.

Hottinger vs. Hottinger. Attys., J. L. Hall—E. H. Davis.

Beaton Co. vs. Berberich. Atty., Arthur Hilland. Oral examination of garnishee.

Doherty vs. Coe. Attys., J. A. Stone—R. P. Whitehead.

Frazer vs. Freund et al. Attys., W. B. Thomas—Ray Gittelman.

Harris vs. Harris. Attys., G. E. C. Hayes—C. B. Rhodes.

Sternberg vs. Hawes et al. Attys., A. L. Newmyer, D. G. Bress—G. P. Lemm.

Societe Suisse vs. Cummings et al. Attys., McKenney, Flannery & Craighill—H. L. Jones, Brice & Cole.

Moran, receiver, vs. Board. Attys., J. B. Kremer, G. D. Horning—J. A. Cobb, H. I. Brown.

Schnider vs. Fed. Constrn. Co. Attys., A. L. Newmyer—Louis Ottenberg.

Anderson vs. Smyth. Attys., Donald Bowie—M. M. Doyle.

Rule.

Red Canyon Sheep Co. vs. Ickes. Attys., E. E. Gann—Jack Price. Motion.

Mathieson Alkali Works vs. Coe. Attys., C. M. Fisher—R. P. Whitehead.

Englehardt vs. Englehardt. Attys., H. L. McCormick—Norma H. Britton.

Smith vs. Smith. Attys., L. H. Shapiro—W. B. O'Connell.

Johnson vs. Johnson. Attys., R. A. Cusick—R. I. Tremaine.

Burrows vs. Burrows. Attys., H. M. Goldstein—Neil Burkinshaw.

Carey vs. Moran. Attys., J. T. Sherier —G. B. Springston.

Estate of Barrows. Attys., A. C. Keefer —Cromelin & Laws, L. M. Denit, D. H. Stanley, L. Q. C. Lamar.

Crow, executor, vs. Gardiner, trustee, et al. Attys., Simon, Koenigsberger & Young —W. G. Gardiner.

Littell vs. Littell. Attys., W. J. Rowan —C. V. Diedel.

Hardee, receiver, vs. McReynolds. Attys., Huston Thompson, H. S. Ward—A. M. Schwartz.

Mertz vs. Mertz. Attys., L. M. Denit—D. F. Prince.

Nixon vs. Nixon et al. Attys., W. G. Gardiner, J. M. Earnest—F. J. O'Connor, D. G. Bress.

CIRCUIT COURT 1.
Justice Bailey—Belew, Clerk.

Herbert Sacks vs. Fred Waring, etc.; jury sworn and withdrawn, leave to amend plea granted.

Allen Orrison vs. the Washington Times Co.; motion for new trial withdrawn; judgment on verdict against defendant for $250 on each count 1 and 3, and costs; judgment on count 4 against plaintiff for costs.

CIRCUIT COURT 2.
Justice Adkins—Watts, Clerk.

Biggs vs. Biggs; order for alimony pendente lite.

Julia M. Giesy vs. Katherine Fitts O'Leary, administratrix; jury sworn; consent verdict against defendant for $3,000; judgment forthwith.

Nannie B. Hoover vs. Charles D. Holden; jury sworn; plaintiff takes nonsuit; judgment against plaintiff for costs.

Jesse B. Case vs. Operative Plasterers, etc.; hearing on traverse to answers of garnishee begun and continued until tomorrow.

Ethel Offer vs. Augustus Offer; final decree to satisfy judgment.

CIRCUIT COURT 3.
Justice Cox—Goff, Clerk

No session.

EQUITY COURT 1.
Chief Justice Wheat—Dertzbaugh, Clerk.

In re Squares 1120 and 1121; hearing resumed, continued until tomorrow.

EQUITY COURT 2.
Justice Luhring—Hamilton, Clerk.

Violet C. Stern vs. Abraham E. Stern; hearing enlargement of decree; finding for plaintiff.

William R. Stone et al vs. Edwin Jacobson, et al; hearing for injunction begun and continued until tomorrow.

EQUITY COURT 3.
Justice O'Donoghue—Lemon, Clerk.

Swann vs. Nelson; hearing to set aside deed begun and continued until tomorrow.

Law Suits.

James F. Donovan vs. Wilbur LaRoe, jr., etc.; mandamus. Atty., proper person.

Bernard Power vs. Frances Perkins, Secretary, etc.; madamus. Atty., proper person.

Edmund D. Moneuse, etc., vs. Boyer Shipley Sales, Inc.; damages, $10,000. Atty., Abraham Chaifetz.

Anthony Bock vs. Boyer Shipley Sales, Inc.; damages, $500. Attys., Abraham Cheifetz.

Charles Doyle vs. The Riggs National Bank et al.; damages, $20,000. Atty., Samuel M. Boyd.

Malcolm E. R. Craig et al. vs. M. A. Cardo Engineering Corporation et al.; damages, $5,000. Atty., Thomas M. Patterson.

Charles W. Elliott vs. Arthur W. Scharfeld; note, $1,000. Atty., C. M. Bernhardt.

Arthur B. Wilson vs. Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital, et al.; damages, $15,000. Attys., C. M. Doherty, Robert I. Jefferys.

The Prudential Insurance Co. of America vs. Francis I. Brooke, et al; damages, $100,000. Atty., Swingle & Swingle.

Lillian Simopoulos vs. Packard Washington Motor Co.; damages, $10,000. Atty., Robert Jackson.

William Clements vs. Joseph L. Bateman et al.; damages, $12,500. Attys., Rowland Edwards, S. Preston Smith.

Mary B. Cecil vs. Carroll's Laundry, Inc.; damages, $15,000. Atty., R. R. Lynch.

Philip Biggins, assignee, vs. Caleb O'Connor; judgment. Municipal Court: $527.99. Atty., Charles Linkins.

Philip Biggins, assignee, vs. Caleb O'Connor; judgment. Municipal Court, $770.85. Atty., Charles Linkins.

Equity Suits.

Margaret E. Blackwell vs. Frank Blackwell; limited divorce. Atty., H. M. Fowler.

Effie P. Deletore vs. Philip Deletore; absolute divorce. Atty., Samuel M. Bozel.

Helen K. Crowley vs. William W. Crowley; maintenance. Atty., Alfred M. Schwartz.

International Cellucotton Products Co. vs. Commissioner of Patents; letters patent. Atty., Charles E. Riordon.

Thomas J. Smith vs. Grace O. Smith; absolute divorce. Atty., Charles E. Foster, jr.

Rita Moore vs. Jefferson Moore; maintenance. Atty., Joseph P. Malloy.

Helen C. Carney vs. Joseph R. Carney; maintenance. Atty., James W. Lauderdale.

Regular Veterans Association vs. Edgar H. Taber et al.; injunction. Atty., James W. Gum.

Jesse Markowitz vs. Commissioner of Patents; letters patent. Atty., H. C. Bierman.

William C. Klomann vs. Harry K. Boss, et al.; discovery, etc. Attys., Albert Brick, Walter C. Balderston.

Re Claude L. Pickin; change name. Atty., J. R. Kirkland.

Ernest Young vs. Rosa M. Young; absolute divorce. Attys., Cobb, Howard & Hayes.

Marie A. Bowers vs. Maurice H. Bowers; absolute divorce. Atty., L. H. Shapiro.

Ruth Gooch vs. Benjamin F. Gooch; absolute divorce. Atty., George J. Boden.

Helen W. Murphy vs. James V. Murphy; absolute divorce. Atty., R. Neudecker.

Lois B. McRae vs. Kenneth A. McRae; limited divorce. Atty., H. M. Goldstein.

Utilities, Metals Are Firm on Curb

New York, Jan. 6 (AP).—The curb market gained bullish impetus today from a substantial upturn in utility and metal issues, although the general list showed a few minus signs at the finish. Newport Mining pushed up 6 points to accompaniment of favorable estimates of copper company profits under the present 12-cent market. Newmont holds shares in some of the important producers.

American Gas & Electric was likewise responsive to talk of rising earnings, gaining 3¼ at 42⅝. Aluminum Co. of America closed at 155, up 1½; Electric Bond & Share 23⅞, up 1; Pan American Airways 66, up 2½; Northern States Power A 37, up ⅝, and Gulf Oil 60, up 1. American Cyanamid B, Aluminum Ltd., Sherwin-Williams, Montgomery-Ward A, Great Atlantic & Pacific and Pittsburgh Plate Glass finished fractions to a point lower. Transactions totaled 670,000 shares, against 435,000 yesterday.

Treasury Certificates.

(Reported by Chas. D. Barney & Co.)

Rate.	Maturity.	Bid.	Offer.
¾	Feb. 15, 1937	100 7-32	.....
3	Apr. 15, 1937	100 31-32	101 1-32
3¼	Sept. 15, 1937	102 7-32	102 9-32
2½	Feb. 1, 1938	102 14-32	102 16-32
3	Mar. 15, 1938	103 5-32	103 7-32
2¼	June 15, 1938	103 17-32	103 19-32
2¼	Sept. 15, 1938	103 8-32	103 10-32
2½	Mar. 15, 1939	101 4-32	101 6-32
2¼	June 15, 1939	102 19-32	102 21-32
2¾	Dec. 15, 1939	100 30-32	101 .....
1½	Mar. 15, 1940	101 19-32	101 21-32
1½	June 15, 1940	101 4-32	101 6-32
1½	Dec. 15, 1940	101 4-32	101 6-32
1½	Mar. 15, 1941	101 1-32	101 3-32
1½	June 15, 1941	100 19-32	100 21-32
1¼	Dec. 15, 1941	100 6-32	100 8-32

Transactions on N. Y. Bond Market

By the Associated Press.

Total bond sales yesterday, $15,172,000; previous day, $15,331,000; week ago, $17,860,000; year ago, $21,571,000; two years ago, $15,273,000; January 1 to date, $49,315,000; year ago, $10,732,000; two years ago, $96,990,000.

Range of United States Government Issues

(Sales in $1,000, Dollars and 32ds.)

1936 High	1936 Low	Jan. 7 Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Change	Closing Bid	Closing Ask	Yield
121.26	115.3	2	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	121.4	121.4	121.4	— .7	121.4	121.10	2.04
110.16	105.24	10	Treasury 3½s, 1943-45	109.17	109.13	109.14	— .4	109.13	109.15	1.76
116.9	111	1	Treasury 4s, 1944-54	115.10	115.10	115.10	— .5	115.8	115.11	1.91
114.21	109	1	Treasury 3¾s, 1946-56	114.4	114.4	114.4	— .5	114.5	114.8	2.04
109	107.13	11	Treasury 3¾s, 1940-43, June	107.18	107.13	107.13	— .7	107.13	107.17	1.13
111.3	106.17	3	Treasury 3¼s, 1943-47	110.10	110.4	110.10	— .5	110.10	110.11	1.65
109.28	108.5	32	Treasury 3¼s, 1941	108.19	108.13	108.13	— .7	108.11	108.15	1.33
110.15	105.12	29	Treasury 3¼s, 1944-46	109.17	109.13	109.15	— .4	109.13	109.15	1.85
109.3	103.24	29	Treasury 3¼s, 1946-49	108.19	108.14	108.17	— .3	108.17	108.18	2.12
108.17	103.19	13	Treasury 3¼s, 1949-52	108.11	108.7	108.11	— .1	108.8	108.13	2.36
108.7	102.29	3	Treasury 3s, 1946-48	107.24	107.24	107.24	.....	107.22	107.26	2.08
106.20	102.20	46	Treasury 3s, 1951-55	106.18	106.14	106.17	+ .1	106.16	106.20	2.46
104.22	100	116	Treasury 2½s, 1955-60	104.16	104.11	104.14	— .5	104.15	104.16	2.56
106.27	100.31	10	Treasury 2¾s, 1945-47	106.8	106.4	106.4	— .2	106.4	106.6	1.97
104.18	101.7	50	Treasury 2¾s, 1948-51	104.8	104.5	104.8	— .1	104.6	104.10	2.31
103.15	100.23	42	Treasury 2½s, 1951-54	103.6	103.4	103.6	— .1	103.7	103.11	2.47
103.3	100.30	46	Treasury 2¾s, 1956-59	102.30	102.27	102.30	— .2	102.29	102.30	2.68
101.19	100.24	157	Treasury 2½s, 1949-53	101.12	101.9	101.12	+ .2	101.11	101.14	2.37
105.17	100.26	19	Federal Farm Mtg 3s, 1949	105.11	105.10	105.11	.....	105.10	105.14	2.21
106.3	102.20	10	Federal Farm Mtg 2¼s, 1964	105.28	105.25	105.25	— .1	105.26	105.28	2.37
105.3	100.17	10	Home Own Loan 3s, A, 1952	104.30	104.26	104.30	— .3	104.30	104.31	2.26
103.10	99.18	19	Home Own Loan 2¾s, 1949	102.31	102.27	102.31	— .1	102.30	102.31	1.87
103.5	99.17	129	Home Own Loan 2¼s, 1942-44	102.31	102.26	102.31	.....	102.30	102.31	1.68

XIN—Ex interest. CT—Certificates.

Sales in $1,000.	CORPORATION BONDS.	High	Low	Close
	A			
32	Alleghany 5 '44	100⅝	100	100
55	Alleghany 5 '49	96	95¾	96
6	Alleghany 5 '50sta	64½	64½	64½
120	Am&Afr Ps 2030	83	82¾	82½
8	AmIGChem 5½ '49	108½	108⅛	108⅜
13	Am T & T 5½ '43	112	111⅝	111⅝
3	Am T Fdr cv '50	176	175	175
18	Anaconda C 4¼s '46	106¾	106¾	106⅝
13	Ang C Nitra deb '67	37½	37¼	37½
41	Arm Del 4½ '55	99⅝	99½	99¾
21	AT&SF 4 '95	116	115½	116
7	ACL cit 4 '52	98¾	98	98
	B			
2	B&O rfg 6 '95	100½	100½	100½
2	B&O S 5 '96 P	90	89½	89½
39	B&O cvt 4½ '60	76	75¼	75¾
23	B&O 4 '48	108¾	108⅛	108⅝
15	Bell TPa 5 '48 B	121½	120¾	121
15	Beth Stl 4¼ '60	105¾	105¼	105½
4	Boston&Me 4 '67	86½	85¾	86¼
12	Buf R&P 4½ '57	91	90¾	91
	C			
2	Can Nat Ry 4½ '56	116½	116⅛	116⅛
10	Can Pac 4½ '60	105⅝	105⅛	105⅝
83	Can Pac 4 perp	99	98¾	98¾
33	Cen Foundry 6 '41	191	188	190
9	Cen Ill E & G 5 '51	104	103¾	103¾
22	Cen Pac 5 '60	104	103½	103¾
17	Cen Pac 1st 4 '49	112½	112¼	112¼
11	Certain-td 5½ '48	94¾	93¼	94¾
1	Cheasp Corp 5 '47	151	151	151
4	C&O gen 4½ '92	128	128	128
5	C&O rfg 3½ '96 E	102⅝	102½	102½
21	Chi & Alton 3 '49	57¾	57	57¾
1	CB&Q gen 4 '58	115¾	115¾	115¾
44	Chi & E Ill 5 '51	36⅞	36⅝	36⅝
188	Chic Gt West 4 '59	48¼	47⅝	48⅛
186	CMStP & Pac 5 '75	32½	31⅞	32⅛
271	CMStP&P adj 5 2000	10⅞	10½	10⅝
148	Chi&NW cv 4¼s '49	17½	16¾	17
104	Chi R I & P 4½ '34	21¼	20¾	21
3	Ch & W Ind 4 '52	108	108	108
28	CCC&StL 4 '77	97½	97¼	97½
13	Clev U T 4½ '70	106¼	105	106¼
29	Colmbia G 5 '52 May	104¾	104¾	104¾
9	Colmbia G 5 1961	104¾	104	104
9	Com'l Inv Tr 3½ '51	104¾	104¾	104¾
1	Con Edis 3¼ '46	106½	106½	106½
16	Con Gas NY 4½ '51	107½	107½	107½
20	Con Oil 3½ '51	107½	107½	107½
20	Consum Pow 3½ '70	107¾	107¾	107¾
10	Cuba N Ry 5½ '42	62¾	61½	61½
	D			
217	Del & Hud rfg 4 '43	92½	91⅝	92⅛
34	D & R G 4 '36	34¼	33¾	34⅛
	E			
29	El Paso N G 4¾ '48	171⅜	165	170½
29	Erie rfr 5 '75	85¾	85½	85¾
17	Erie gen lien 4 '96	91¾	91¼	91⅝
	F			
60	Fla E Cst 5 '74	19	18¼	18⅝
	G			
7	Gen Stl Cast 5½ '49	97¼	96	97¼
1

Post Low Cost Want Ads Bring Results the Same Day—NA. 4200

E. S. Smith Chosen Grand Jury Head

Emmons Stockwell Smith, real estate operator, of 2216 Massachusetts avenue northwest, yesterday was picked by Justice Peyton Gordon as foreman of the District grand jury for the term beginning today. The jury will serve throughout the winter term of court.

Others chosen to serve were Clayton B. Aldrich, 4330 Connecticut avenue northwest; Vivian Bradford, 3900 Fourteenth street northwest; Mrs. Ruth Lester Buchanan, 1723 Massachusetts avenue northwest; Robert T. Edwards, 1025 Otis place northwest; Arthur M. Fifer, 2825 Ontario road northwest; Julian Day Freeman, 6345 Thirty-third street Northwest; Edward B. Fristoe, 1304 Kenyon street northwest; Ralph K. Gilchrist, 1503 Harts street, northeast; Mrs. Catherine L. Johnson, 1900 Twenty-fourth street northwest.

Kenneth W. Lafferty, 100 Emerson street northwest; William Gordon Lambert, 1417 Otis street northeast; Frank J. O'Connor, 5400 Nebraska avenue northwest; James A. Pitney, 1330 Belmont street northwest; Herbert Charles Quinn, 810 Quincy place northeast; Maurice M. Reisfield, 1842 Kenyon street northwest; Joseph Burch Tennyson, 2707 Adams Mill road northwest; Fred H. Uzzell, 1424 Lexington street northwest; John P. Wetherill, 2819 McGill terrace northwest.

Helen Amelia Sullivan Cumming, 2801 Thirty-fourth place northwest; Walter Hagemeyer, 4229 Brandywine street northwest; Philip A. Hanigan, Jr., 1343 Randolph street northwest, and Leon F. Trudewind, 119 Fourth street southeast.

Transfers

By the Associated Press.

Army orders today included:

CAPTAINS.

Harry B. Vaughan, Jr., CE., Hawaiian Department to Washington, D. C.

CAPTAINS.

Verne C. Snell, CAC., Fort Worden, Wash., to Hawaiian Department.

Henry F. Hannis, CE., Fort Logan, Colo., to Hawaiian Department.

Lewis T. Ross, CE., Portland, Oreg., to Hawaiian Department.

Roy Grower, CE., New York City, to Panama Canal Department.

Henry E. Fisher, CE., Mineral Wells, Tex., to Hawaiian Department.

Bruce C. Hill, CE., Hawaiian Department to Sacramento, Calif.

Robert E. Coughlin, CE., Philippine Department, to Huntington, W. Va.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Norman B. Edwards, Inf., Fort Hamilton, N. Y., to Hawaiian Department.

Hugh M. Mucci, Inf., Randolph Field, Tex., to Fort Francis E. Warren, Wyo.

Frederick C. Boshwell, Jr., FA., Randolph Field, Tex., to Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

Dana W. Johnston, Cav., Randolph Field, Tex., to Fort Riley, Kans.

Charles D. Hartman, Jr., FA., Fort Sill, Okla., to Fort Myer, Va.

Navy orders issued yesterday included:

Medical Corps.

LIEUTENANT COMMANDER.

Maurice Jones (MC) detailed to U. S. S. Dobbin in March to Naval Air Station, San Diego, Calif.

Dental Corps.

LIEUTENANT.

Louis D. Mitchell, Jr. (DC) orders by C. in C. Asiatic modified. To Navy Yard, New York, N. Y., instead of to receiving ship at New York.

Construction Corps.

LIEUTENANT COMMANDER.

Lawrence T. Haugen (CC), detailed to office of supt. constructor, Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corp., Quincy, Mass., in February to Naval Operations, Navy Department.

DIED.

ALLMAN, LOUISE J. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at her residence, 1123 Sixth st. n.w., LOUISE J. ALLMAN, widow of John H. Allman and mother of John E. Allman, aged 76 years. Funeral from the above residence on Thursday, January 7, 1937, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery. Arrangements by P. A. Talbert.

BOISSEAU, LESSER COOK. On Tuesday, January 5, 1937, at her residence, 1900 H st. n.w., LESSER COOK BOISSEAU, formerly of Alexandria, Va. beloved wife of Harry R. Boisseau. Services at the chapel of Joseph Gawler Sons, 1750 Pennsylvania ave. n.w., on Thursday, January 7, at 1 p. m. Interment Alexandria, Va.

BONSALL, WALTER L. Suddenly on Wednesday, January 6, 1937, WALTER L. BONSALL, beloved husband of Lucy Jones Bonsall, and son of Mrs. A. P. Robb, father of Catherine Bonsall, of 106 Seventeenth st. se. Funeral services at chapel of P. A. Taltavull, 436 Seventh st. sw., on Friday, January 8, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment Loudon Park Cemetery, Baltimore, Md.

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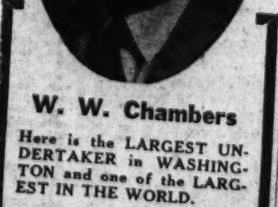

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DIED.

COMMACK, EMMA. On Wednesday, January 6, 1937, at Sibley Memorial Hospital, EMMA COMMACK, beloved daughter of the late Horace A. and Rusinia F. Commack, and sister of J. K. Commack, Willis E. Crank of Richmond, Va., and Mrs. Sally Jerrell. Remains resting at Berseon & Co. funeral home, 1011 Seventh st. n.w., until noon Friday. Services at McKendree M. E. Church, 921 Massachusetts ave. n.w., at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery.

CONNOR, DENNIS. On Tuesday, January 5, 1937, at his residence, 3512 Thirty-fourth st. nw., DENNIS CONNOR, beloved husband of the late Catherine A. Connor (nee Flynn). Funeral from the above residence on Friday, January 8, at 8:30 a. m. thence to the Church of the Annunciation, 1723 Massachusetts avenue northwest, at 9 a. m. High requiem mass at the Church of the Apostles at 10 a. m. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited. Please omit flowers.

CONNOR, DENNIS. The members of Spalding Council, No. 417, are notified of the death of our brother DENNIS CONNOR, a charter and honorary member, and are requested to assemble at his late residence, 3512 Thirty-fourth st. n.w., immediately following our regular meeting on Thursday evening, January 7 (about 10 p. m.) for the purpose of resiting the Rosary. (Signed.) T. F. Carlin, grand knight; John M. Tabler, F. S.

FENNELL, JOHN F. On Tuesday, January 5, 1937, at Garfield Hospital, JOHN F. FENNELL, age 28 years, beloved son of W. A. Fennell and the late Mary R. Fennell, of Chasteleton apt. He is also survived by the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. C. A. Buck and Mrs. Joseph Frank, Mrs. Keith Patterson, and Anthony V. Fennell, of Buffalo, N. Y.; Mrs. John Cabel, of Evanston, Ill., and Mrs. Arthur Rullston, of Cloverville, N. Y. Funeral services on Thursday, January 7, at 9 a. m. at Hyson's parlor, 1300 N st. nw., thence to St. Mary's Catholic Church, Laurel, Md., where Father Myers will say mass at 10 a. m. for the repose of his soul. Interment Laurel Cemetery, Laurel, Md.

JOHNSON, ESTELLE C. On Tuesday, January 5, 1937, ESTELLE C. JOHNSON, beloved wife of William R. Johnson and devoted mother of Mrs. Margaret F. Seiler. Funeral from her late residence, 2416 North Capitol st., on Friday, January 8, at 8:30 a. m., thence to St. Martin's Church, where requiem mass will be said at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Cedar Hill Cemetery.

KNOPP, FLORA K. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at 8:20 p. m. at Sibley Hospital, FLORA K. KNOPP, beloved wife of John L. Knopp, of 3813 28th st., Mount Rainier, Md. Remains resting at the Nevius funeral home, 924 New York ave. nw. Funeral from the Shepherd Park Presbyterian Church, 22d and Rhode Island ave. ne., Thursday, January 7, at 2 p. m. Interment Fort Lincoln Cemetery.

LANSDALE, JOHN E. On Tuesday, January 5, 1937, JOHN E. LANSDALE, husband of Mary E. Lansdale (nee Mitchell). Funeral from his late residence, 64 New York ave. ne., on Friday, January 8, at 9:30 a. m., thence to St. Aloysius Church, where requiem mass will be said at 10 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Mount Olivet Cemetery. (Texarkana Ark., papers please copy.)

LEHNERT, FREDERICK WILLIAM. Suddenly, on Tuesday, January 5, 1937, at Fort Myer, Va., FREDERICK WILLIAM LEHNERT, beloved husband of Annie Lehnert and father of Mrs. William McGeehan and Phyllis Lehnert. Funeral services at the W. W. Chambers Co. funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., on Thursday, January 7, at 2 p. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Prospect Hill Cemetery.

MURRAY, MICHAEL S. On Wednesday, January 6, 1937, at his residence, 3357 Eighteenth st. nw., MICHAEL S. MURRAY, the beloved husband of Nora C. Murray and father of Mrs. Charles P. Conway, of New Rochelle, N. Y.; Edw. P., John W., and Francis M. Murray, of Washington, D. C. Funeral notice later.

PARKER, ALPHONSO E. Suddenly on Wednesday, January 6, 1937, ALPHONSO E. PARKER, husband of Nell Henderson Parker (nee Presnell), father of Elizabeth Henderson Diamond. Services at Gawler's chapel, 1750 Pennsylvania ave. nw., on Friday, January 8, at 2 p. m. Interment Oakhill Cemetery.

RICHMOND, ANNA ELIZA. On Tuesday, January 5, 1937, at the residence of her daughter, 623 F st. ne., ANNIE ELIZA RICHMOND, widow of Frederick A. Richmond, and devoted mother of Sidney Ruby Castle, Mrs. Winifred Carpenter, and the late Gerard H. Richmond. Services at the S. H. Hines Co., 2901 Fourteenth st. nw., on Friday, January 8, 1937, at 10:30 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Fort Lincoln Cemetery.

THOMAS, MARGARET LOUISE. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at 1:45 p. m., MARGARET LOUISE THOMAS, dearly beloved daughter of Carl N. and Ethel P. Thomas and sister of Lester, Averett, Carl, jr., and John Thomas, aged 16 years. Funeral services at the S. H. Hines Co. funeral home, 2901 14th st. nw., on Thursday, January 7, at 1:30 p. m. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

YEO, JOHN C. On Monday, January 4, 1937, at his residence, 2015 4th st. ne., JOHN C. YEO, the beloved husband of Mary E. Yeo and father of Mrs. Mina J. Staut, Lidia L. Kane and John C. Yeo, jr. Funeral from the W. W. Chambers Co. Southeast funeral home, 517 11th st. se. on Thursday, January 7, at 9 a. m. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment Spring Hill Cemetery, Easton, Md.

Proposals

COMMISSIONERS, D. C., WASHINGTON, January 4, 1937.—Sealed proposals will be received at Room 500, District Building, until 2:00 p. m. JANUARY 19, 1937, and then publicly opened, for the construction of certain addition (including all necessary remodeling for same) to the Davenport Street, N.W., between Howard and Fessenden Streets. Contents, 490,000 cubic feet. All prospective bidders are hereby notified that any bid submitted in response to this advertisement must be accompanied by a statement of facts in detail of the business and technical organization of the bidder available for the contemplated work, including his financial resources. The Commissioners expressly reserve the right to reject any bid in which the facts as to the business and technical organization, financial resources or experience compared with the project bid upon and based upon past known performance of the bidder justify such rejection. Certified check for $50 payable to the Collector of Taxes, D. C., to insure return in good condition, should accompany each request for proposals, specifications and drawings, to the Chief Clerk, Engineer Department, Room 427, District Building.

Bankruptcy Notices

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy Court. In the matter of Frank G. Clendaniel, 3414 Rodman street northwest, Washington, D. C., bankrupt. In Bankruptcy No. 3442. To the creditors of Frank G. Clendaniel, of the City of Washington, District of Columbia. Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of December, 1936, the said Frank G. Clendaniel was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office in the Investment Building, Fifteenth and K streets northwest, Washington, D. C., on the 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1937, at ten o'clock a. m., at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, claims shall not be proved against the bankrupt estate subsequent to six months after the adjudication as stated above), appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. FRED J. EDEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Bankruptcy Notices

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of Columbia, holding a Bankruptcy Court. In the matter of Abramson Bros., Inc., a corporation, 809 Seventh street northwest, Washington, D. C., alleged bankrupt. In Bankruptcy No. 3438. To the creditors of Abramson Bros., Inc., a corporation of the City of Washington, District of Columbia. Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of December, 1936, an involuntary petition for the adjudication in bankruptcy of said Abramson Bros., Inc., was filed, and on the 30th day of December, 1936, said Abramson Bros., Inc., filed a petition signifying its intention to offer a composition to its unsecured creditors of twenty-five cents (25c) on the dollar of its claims, payable twenty cents (20c) on the dollar in cash immediately upon the confirmation of the composition, and five cents (5c) on the dollar in promissory notes of said corporation, payable on May 1, 1937; that this matter has been referred to me for further proceedings; that there will be a meeting of the creditors of said alleged bankrupt at my office in the Investment Building, Fifteenth and K streets northwest, Washington, D. C., on the 19TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1937, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., for the allowance of claims, examination of the officers of the alleged bankrupt corporation, to take such steps as may appear necessary for the protection of the estate, and to afford opportunity after such examination, to make its formal offer of terms of composition. And you are further notified that on the making of the formal offer at said meeting, or at an adjourned session thereof, the meeting will be continued until JANUARY 22, 1937, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., without further notice for the filing of acceptances thereof. FRED J. EDEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Official Notices

COMMISSIONERS OF THE DISTRICT of Columbia, January 5, 1937. Public hearings having been held by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia in the matter of closing certain streets and public alleys as hereinafter described, and the said Commissioners being satisfied as to the equity, justice and advisability of said closing, and that the same are in the public interests and not detrimental to the interests of abutting property owners, notice is hereby given that the said Commissioners have prepared the following order: "Ordered: That pursuant to the provisions of Public Act No. 307, approved December 15, 1932, the street and alley area as shown in green on plats filed in the office of the Surveyor of the District of Columbia, and numbered as Maps 1782 and 1995, is hereby ordered closed, same to take effect on and after February 1, 1937; the title to the land comprised in said area to be closed to revert to the abutting property owners, as shown on said maps; the said street and public alley being ordered closed being described as follows: 1. Closing Stuart drive, Fourteenth street, Naylor road southeast, and a public alley, all lying within Anacostia Park, in the section lying northwesterly of Pennsylvania avenue southeast. 2. Closing part of Chesapeake street between Linnean avenue and Thirtieth street northwest, involving also a dedication of land for highway purposes in lieu thereof." That all parties interested must file objections to said closing in writing before the effective date of above order; otherwise said order shall become effective on February 1, 1937, as aforesaid, and said street and alley area shall on and after said date become closed in accordance with the provisions of said Act. MELVIN C. HAZEN, GEORGE E. ALLEN, DAN I. SULTAN, Commissioners, D. C.

Auction Sales

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1937—
ADAM A. WESCHLER & SON, Auctioneers.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF TWO-STORY DETACHED BRICK DWELLING NO. 4502 17TH STREET NORTHWEST, WITH GARAGE IN REAR.

By virtue of a deed of trust recorded in Liber No. 5321, folio No. 263, Land Records of the District of Columbia, and at the request of party secured thereby, the undersigned trustees will offer for sale by public auction in front of premises on THURSDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1937, AT FOUR O'CLOCK P. M. the following-described property in the District of Columbia, to-wit: Lot seventeen (17) and the south fifteen (15) feet front on Seventeenth street by full depth of lot sixteen (16) in square twenty-six hundred and fifty-eight (2658) in Gresham Machen's Subdivision of part of the tract of land called "Argyle, Cowl and Lorn," as per plat recorded in Liber 71, folio 71 of the Records of the Office of the Surveyor of the District of Columbia. Property now designated for taxation purposes as lot 807 in square 2658.

TERMS OF SALE: Cash. Deposit of five hundred dollars ($500.00) required of purchaser at sale. Examination of title, conveyancing, recording, revenue stamps and notarial fees at cost of purchaser. Terms to be complied with within thirty days from date of sale, otherwise trustees reserve the right to resell property at risk and cost of defaulting purchaser after five days advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in Washington, D. C., or deposit may be forfeited, or without forfeiting deposit trustees may avail themselves of any legal or equitable rights against defaulting purchaser.

HARRY E. MERCIER.
JOSEPH G. STEPHENSON.
Post—dec31jan4,7,11,14 Trustees.

Business Directory

It will pay you to consult these reliable firms. They are specialists in their respective lines

For information regarding advertising rates or services not listed in this column call Miss Burns—National 4232.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

Lumber, Millwork, Roofing and Insulite. MURPHY & AMES WEST 2315. ROSSLYN, VA.

BUSINESS SERVICE.

SOCIAL Security applicants whose applications have not been acted upon answer by mail only; give religious faith; important. G. Tesla, 1416 20th st. nw.

CAMERA REPAIRING

Camera Repairing. FULLER & D'ALBERT, INC. 815 10th St. N.W. Phone NAt. 4712.

FALSE TEETH REPAIRED

"WHILE YOU WAIT." Emergency Laboratory, Room 601, Westory Building, 14th and F sts. nw. Hours, 8 to 6. MEt. 1833.

GENERAL CONTRACTING.

PAINTING and paperhanging, 30 days special reductions. Phone ME. 5039.

FHA TERMS 5% PER YEAR. General Repairs—Roofing Asbestos and Asphalt Siding. GENERAL CONRACTING CO., INC. 1114 9th St. NW. DI. 3373-3374.

ROOFING

ROOFING, Siding, Repairs, Insulation. No cash req.; 3 yrs. to pay. Free estimate. Home Imp. & Insulation Co., AT. 3153.

ROOFING, siding, rock-wool insulating, Johns-Manville deferred payment contractors; 3-year-payment plan. American Re-roofing Co., Inc., 3313 14th st. nw. COlumbia 4551.

ENTERPRISE ROOFING CO.

ROOFING—SIDING—INSULATION. Estimates Free—Terms If Desired. 2125 R. I. Ave. N.E. PO. 0200.

RUG CLEANING.

FLOOR COVERINGS SHAMPOOED in your home: 9x12, $3.00 up. The Washington Electric Rug Cleaning Co. For service call "Your Valet." —MEt. 9024.

RUGS DOMESTIC 9x12....$3.00
SHAMPOO 8x10....$2.50
LUWIN CO., 1725 7TH ST. NO. 9160.

The Washington Post

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING LOCAL RATES.

For Washington and Points Within 50 Miles of the District of Columbia.

The following rates are for consecutive insertions:

1 time.....18c per line.
3 times.....16c per line.
6 times.....14c per line.
7 times.....12c per line.
30 times.....11c per line.

Classified Display 2c per line additional.

The one-time rate applies on skip ads or irregular insertions.

OUT-OF-TOWN RATES.

Ads from points more than 50 miles from the District of Columbia are: 1 time, 20c per line; 3 times, 18c per line; 7 times, within 30 days, 16c per line; 30 times, within 60 days, 15c per line. Classified Display 2c per line additional.

Kindly estimate 5½ average words to a line.

Rates for special classification and yearly contracts furnished upon request.

The Washington Post reserves the right to edit, revise or reject any classified advertising.

Misclassification of ads not permitted.

The Washington Post will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion on any order.

Kill Orders or Corrections before insertions (excepting Death Notices) cannot be made unless ordered before 6 p .m. daily, or 4 p. m. Saturday for Sunday.

The Washington Post strives at all times to prevent insertion of fraudulent or misleading advertisements.

Information concerning any ad that proves misleading or fraudulent will be appreciated.

Phone NATIONAL 4200
Ask For An Ad-Writer

Lost and Found 1

You can phone your "Lost" Ad to The Post as late as 1 p. m. for publication the following morning and thus immediately notify nearly 100,000 families of your loss. (Except on Saturday, when deadline is 4 p. m. for Sunday's Post.) Call NAtional 4200.

BOX OF NOTES—Psychological and personal. Lost between Constitution and Pennsylvania on 15th st. Rw. NO. 9771.

BRACELET, silver, lost late Thursday afternoon, Dec. 31, vicinity of or in Loew's Capitol Theater. Rew. MEt. 1594.

COACH DOG found—Will Mr. Guy Simons formerly of 419 Kennedy st. nw., please call WIs. 4924.

HOG—Strayed from 4216 Grant st. ne. Call Mrs. Warren, 330 A st. ne. LI. 3857.

KEYS, in brown leather folder; lost on 13th st. between T and Lincoln Theater Sat., 9 p. m. Reward. AD. 0412.

LOST—DOG, black and white Boston terrier, one white eye; no collar; vicinity Bradley lane or Wilson lane, Bradley Hills, Md. Answers to name "Mimi." Reward. Call WIsc. 2488 or WIsc. 5128.

PIN—Small diamond bowknot; lost at Mayflower Townsend concert or in taxi. Reward. MEt. 0595.

PURSE—Brown ostrich; lost Sat., Jan. 2, between Jelleff's and 1630 R nw. Reward. Miss Ford, NAt. 5061.

WEDDING RING—Diamond set, initialed "J. G. B. & G. B. F.," Oct. 22, 1929." Reward. Call NO. 7464-J.

DOGS FOUND JAN. 6.
Part Collie and Shepherd, male.
White poodle, male.
Boston bull, female; tan.
Call Miss Joyce, NAt. 4200, br. 314.

Found in Diamond Cabs
Overcoat, in Cab No. 851.
Railroad ticket, in Cab No. 843.
Pocketbook, in Cab No. 610.
LOST AND FOUND DEPT. NO. 2868.

Personals 3

AUTOMOBILE CREDIT $100 on new Ford. Will sell for $75. No trade in. Box 44, Washington Post.

CAB—Everything all right. Get in touch with me immediately. MADGE (wife).

CHILDREN'S pastel portraits for January only; 40-min. sittings, $2; adults, $5; satisfaction guar. Walnut 7764.

COUNCIL for public relations. Results or no fee. Box 39, Washington Post.

CHAMBERS CO.
One of the Largest Undertakers in the World.

HEMORRHOIDS (piles) eradicated by my own method; results effective for a lifetime or money back. Write for booklet. No drugs or surgery. DR. SOMMERWERCK, 1365 Columbia rd. AD. 0388.

MOTHER'S CARE given to child; near school and church; with doctor's reference. NO. 6709.

NURSE, registered; professional services rendered in your home or hotel. ME. 7337.

PHYSIOTHERAPY treatments for better health; appts.; closed Thurs. PO. 4721.

500 MEN wanted to get their haircuts on Sundays. First class white barber shop. 1204 New York ave. nw.

CHAMBERS CO.
Complete Funeral as Low as $75.

Help—Female 11

Women—If you don't find your position in the Help Wanted Column today—place a "Situations Wanted" Ad in The Post. You can phone your "Lost"

ELLIOTT-FISHER OPERATOR—Must be exp. Apply in own writing, stating age and references. Write Box 42, Washington Post.

WAITRESSES, 2 (colored), Mother's Lunch Room, 100 L st. nw.

WAITRESS WANTED—Apply at once. Busy Bee Lunch, 618 9th st. nw.

WOMEN—Here is your chance to make permanent connections with hosiery and lingerie establishment. Free samples. Coronet Co., 1333 F st. nw.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKERS.
Good cooks, experienced in serving. Local references. White. Apply in person, D. C. PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT CENTER. 456 Indiana Ave. No fees.

Help—Male 12

Men—If you can't find your position in the Help Wanted Column today—place a "Situations Wanted" Ad in The Post.

AUTOMOBILE metal worker, body and fender man; first class. Central Auto Works, 443 Eye st. nw.

BARBER WANTED—Steady; commission or guarantee. Also shop boy wanted. 1629 Kenilworth ne.

BARBER—1st class, young man. Apply at once. 1223 H st. ne.

BARBER—American, first class; union shop; steady. 1303 E st. se.

BARBER—Steady job; first-class man preferred. 714 14th st. nw.

BARBER WANTED—Apply 807 14th street northwest.

BARBER—STEADY. Also one evenings. 619 H st. ne.

CLERK—Thoroughly experienced reliable hotel clerk for 150-room class A commercial hotel; liquor user need not apply; requirements, eligible bond, courteous to public; active in service; $100 month. Name past employers and hotels. Box M-642 Washington Post.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Help—Male 12

DISTRIBUTORS wanted for Roosevelt's inauguration victory souvenir donkey plaques; tremendous, quick profits. Reid Publishing Co., Milwaukee.

GROCERY CLERK — Thoroughly experienced; must be good meat cutter. Call with local references, 2017 Bunker Hill rd. ne.

SPLENDID opportunity for 2 energetic men to sell Electrol Oil Burners and home insulation. Liberal arrangements made if you can qualify. Call Griffith 8:30 a. m. to 5 p. m. Auto essential. Ask for Mr. Lauritzen.

YOUNG MAN for transportation office. Familiar with Wash. State age and salary expected. Box 24, Washington Post.

YOUNG man with car; acquainted in city, to drive party by day. Box 41, Washington Post.

YOUNG MAN (white) to travel with manager of national concern. See Mr. Dixon, 5 to 6 p. m., Room 409, 1319 F st. nw.

ASSISTANT SALES MANAGER

Young man who is a successful specialty salesman can secure a good job with a financially reliable and well-known local firm with a fast-selling proposition. Moderate salary plus liberal bonus and assured future. If you can sell, investigate this, but give full personal and business details in first letter. Box 38, Washington Post.

CAB DRIVERS
NEW CABS AVAILABLE
FREE CLASSES
FOR HACKER'S LICENSE
BELL CAB CO.
1317 L Street N. W.

DIAMOND CABS
STUDENT INSTRUCTION
FOR TAXICAB
IDENTIFICATION CARDS
NO FEE
ON BEHALF OF THE MEMBERS OF THE I.T.O.A. Inc. SEE MR JOHN ROBEY
1735 14TH ST. N.W.
8:30 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M.

Employment Agencies 14

RUPHERS Employment Agency has openings for cooks, maids, housekeepers, couples, etc. 1837 11th st. nw.

Situations—Female 16

EDUCATED WOMAN will keep house for Christn. person. Brd. or salary. AD. 1580.

GIRL (colored), young, neat, desires general housework or part-time job. References. Call ME. 4073.

WOMAN, colored, desires day work or morning work; excellent references; reliable; efficient. Call AT. 3711.

Situations—Male 17

ACCOUNTANT Auditor; books started, bookkeeping service; monthly reports; tax returns; free estimates; reasonable. Adams 3924.

CHAUFFEUR—Col., wishes job as all round man; willing to travel; ref. WE. 1258.

CHAUFFEUR for private family; good reference. Bernard A. Hall, 17-A M st. nw.

EXPERIENCED railroad transportation-operating clerk desires position in or out Wash. Box 43, Washington Post.

GENERAL COOK; specialty sea food; formerly Congressional Country Club; night work; North 0808 after 1 p. m.

HOUSEMAN, colored; light, neat, intelligent, reliable; dining car exp.; family cook; stay; refer's. Twitty, NO. 8722.

COLORED MAN—First-class waiter. Work of any kind. Refs. LI. 0484-J.

Instructions 19

BE SUCCESSFUL—Earn More—Learn Stenography, Touch Typing, Calculating Machines, Bookkeeping, Accounting, etc. Start TODAY. New Classes Forming. BOYD SCHOOL, 1333 F st. NAt. 2338.

GREGG SHORTHAND by exper. teacher; beginners; review; speed dictation. Private lessons; moderate rates. DE. 3584-J.

NEW CLASSES—Civil Service accounting and secretarial courses. Potter's Business College, NAt. 4717. 7th and Eye sts. nw.

P. B. X. TRAINING.
PERSONNEL SERVICE, 1311 G. NA. 2114.

Business Opportunities 23

APT. HOUSE—Georgetown (6 apts.), rent $80; $1,300; easy terms; long lease. ATLAS SALES & FINANCE CO., Di. 2707.

BARBER SHOP—Fully equipped; good N.W. location. Reasonable. 1251 6th st. nw. NO. 10269.

DELICATESSEN—Well equipped, doing good business; long lease; will sacrifice. COlumbia 10043.

DELICATESSEN doing $400 weekly; corner location; near 2 schools; $1,350 handles.
DISTRICT SALES & FINANCE CO.
1006 H st. nw. NAtl. 1002.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE and residence; established location at corner of 8th and H sts. ne. For information call District 3411.

GROCERY STORE—Doing $450 wkly., for sale. Call ME. 6318.

GROCERY STORES, Delicatessens, Cafes, with and without liquor licenses, and many other bargains. Call NATIONAL 1565.

NICELY FURNISHED Apt. House; 6 apts., 3 baths; 2 new electric ice boxes; desirable neighborhood; Georgetown; no agents; $1,300. Call WEst 1691.

NOVELTY SHOP—Well equipped; with 3-room apt. adj.; $75 rent; long lease. NATIONAL 1565.

OPPORTUNITY for dentist in fast developing neighborhood; second floor apt. between bank and Peoples Drug Store. Call North 8367, between 8 and 10 a. m., 5 and 7 p. m. or after 9 p. m.

RESTAURANT, beer and wine; excellent location, prosperous business; owner ill; will sacrifice for cash. LI. 6921.

RESTAURANT in se. section. Liquor and beer. Well equipped. Sacrifice, small cash; bal. monthly. Box 33, Wash. Post.

ROOMING HOUSE—13 rms., 3 baths, oil heat. Price, $800. Terms. Mr. McKenney, 1008 H st. MEt. 4813.

ROOMING HOUSE—17 rms., 5 baths, K st. location; $800 handles; price, $1,650. District Sales, 1006 H st. nw. Nat. 1002.

TAILOR SHOP; Excel. location; prosperous business; sacrifice. Box 35, Wash. Post.

TIRE AND BATTERY STORE for sale. Established 10 years; full price, $300. 4015 Georgia ave. nw. CO. 5634.

WANTED—Rooming house and business places; quick results. A. M. COOPER, 1008 Eye st. nw. NAtional 1332.

WE have many propositions on restaurants, delicatessens, bars, hotels, groceries and liquor stores; chattel notes purchased.
Gaston—Charuhas (Brokers)
501 Woodward Bldg. DI. 7765.

AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS FOR SALE

Now doing an annual volume of more than $800,000.00. Have agency for America's most popular car. Located in the heart of Piedmont North Carolina. Will require an investment of approximately $75,000.00. For further details write Box M-641, The Washington Post.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Business Opportunities 23

$550—Confect., fountain, sandwiches and four rooms; real bargain.
R. M. CURTIS, NA. 0140.
400 Barrister Bldg. 635 F St. N.W.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY

For a cultured lady with limited cash to buy a most desirable rooming house; large detached home; 11 nice cheerful rooms; hardwood floors; 2 large porches; big yard; oil furnace; new, modern furniture; 5 large tile baths. $1,250 with only $500 down.
R. M. DE SHAZO
1123 14th St. N.W. NA. 5520

BOARDING HOUSE BARGAIN
1627 MASS. AVE. N.W.

17 rooms, 4 baths, 2-car garage. Oil heat; running water in most rooms. Lease completely furnished with good beds, etc. $850 down.
EDWIN L. ELLIS
1010 Vermont Ave. Room 217. NA. 3310.

Money-to-Loan 26

ADVANCE on diamonds, watches, jewelry and silverware, etc.; loan $200 and over 2% all tickets good one year. Horning's Loan Office, opposite Wash. Airport.

ON diamonds, watches, jewelry, silverware, etc.; no adv. arrangements neces.; lowest interest rates. Rosslyn Co., Rosslyn, Va.

Real Estate Loans 27

WE HAVE FUNDS FOR 1ST TRUST loans on improved D. C. real estate. Prevailing rates. Prompt decisions.
LOUIS P. SHOEMAKER.
1719 K St. N.W. NA. 1166.

Automobile Loans 28

QUICK AUTO LOANS
CAPITAL AUTO FINANCE SERVICE.
901 New York Ave. N.W. ME. 1355.

Rooms—Furnished 30

ALLISON ST. NW., 1125—Unusual room, well furnished, next bath, private home, large closets; unlim. phone; gentleman.

ANNEX THE GRAFTON, 1735 De Sales St., just off Conn. Ave.—Well heated desirable single, double rms.; running water, shower baths; 24-hr. elevator, switchboard service in fireproof building; rates from $30.50 monthly; also special weekly rates.

ARIZONA HOTEL, 310 C st. nw.; one block off Pa. ave.; newly furnished rooms, lobby, 3 baths on each floor; shower bath; continuous hot water; $3.50 week up; transients, 75c to $1.

ATTRACTIVE large front south room, well furnished; connecting bath, shower; private home; $30. 3173 Porter st. nw., near Conn. ave. EMerson 1909.

ATTRACTIVE Cathedral ave.—So. fro. l. room, bath, priv. res. Bus 20 min. downtown. $30. Gent. Refs. AD. 3584.

ATTRACTIVE master bedroom; semipriv. bath; south exp.; well appointed home; $40. 2. 1715 Riggs pl. nw. NOrth 2742.

BALFOUR APTS., No. 44, 16th and You sts.—Comfortable room for gentleman; use of phone. Cafe in bldg. Conv. to trans.

BELMONT RD. NW., 1821—Desirable single bedroom; good location; $22. ADams 4574.

BEST N.W. SECTION—Nr. cars, bus, young man desires to share nicely furn. twin bedrm.; $15 mo; brd if desired. RA. 1143.

BUCHANAN ST. NW., 1620—Off exclusive 16th st; detached home; front corner rm., beaut. furn.; practically private bath, shower; unlim. phone; express bus.

CAPITOL HILL—Nicely furnished master bedroom, private bath; $30 month. Linden 9131.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C., 3611 Jenifer St. NW.—New home; master bedrm.; Venetian blinds; Oriental rugs; twin beds; priv. bath. Also single. CL. 9047.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—Det. home; comf. rm.; gentleman; gar. optional. CL. 0173.

CLEVELAND PARK, 2949 Newark St. NW.—Front room; twin beds; private bath, shower. CL. 8885.

CLIFTON ST. NW., 1303—2d floor, single; private family; reasonable; nicely furn.

COLUMBIA RD. VICINITY, 1831 Mintwood pl. nw.—Large 2d floor room; twin beds. AD. 4179.

COLUMBIA RD. NW., 1834—$3 wk.; single rooms; clean; 4 baths; men. AD. 10213.

CRITTENDEN ST. NW., 1223—Nice bright double room, comfortably furnished; 2 exposures; nice neighborhood; breakfast if desired; use of phone. GE. 2491.

DELAFIELD PL. NW., 1211—1 large, front, double room; ½ block from Georgia ave. car line; home privileges.

DELAFIELD PL. NW., 621—Large and small room, private home; garage optional; gentlemen only. Ph. ADams 4421.

DOWNTOWN, 1204 G St. NW., Apt. 2—Conv.; large front double bed-living rm.; 1 block Woodward & Lothrop; $3.50 each.

DOWNTOWN, 937 H ST. N.W.—Nicely furnished rooms, with twin beds; continuous hot water.

DUPONT CIRCLE, 1609 19th st. nw.—Double room, modern conveniences, pr., ba.; reas.; walk, distance. NOrth 3739.

DUPONT CIRCLE (1747 P st. nw.)—Nice clean single or double rm. in physician's home; every convenience; reas.

F

The Easiest Way to Find a Good Used Car Is to Read the Ads Below

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

Houses—Furnished 54

BELMONT ST. NW., 1451—Furnished house; also furnished rooms, with or without bath; singly or en suite.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—Detached, 7 rms., bath, 1st floor lavatory; gas heat; instant hot water; insulated; Frigidaire; built-in garage. EM. 0632.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—Home of unusual charm and comfort; large living room (fireplace); Oriental rugs, luxurious beds, etc.; (references). EM. 2763.

CHEVY CHASE, MD.—7-room house; newly decorated and furnished; 3 to 6 months. $115. Call WI. 2450.

WE HAVE several nicely furnished homes for rent for term of Congress or longer. Reasonable rents. Consult us before renting.
R. M. HUNT CO., INC.
630 Southern Bldg. Dist. 6573.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C.
WEST OF CONN. AVE.
FOR DISCRIMINATING PEOPLE—Detached corner, 7 rooms and bath, with 1st-floor lavatory and den; auto. heat, built-in gar. Call Mrs. Lynch.
WAGGAMAN-BRAWNER.
ME. 3860. Evenings WEst 1821.

Houses—Unfurnished 56

BUNGALOW—5 rooms and bath; screened front porch; h.-w. h., elec.; convenient to stores and transportation; in nice neighborhood, overlooking upper Potomac Valley. Near Chain Bridge; $50.
HARRY E. PITTS CO.
1019 15th St. N.W. ME. 0100.

CHANNING ST. NE., 3118—5 rooms, bath, immediate possession. DIXIE REALTY CO., 1417 L st. nw. National 8880.

CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—9 rms., 2 ba.; brick, oil heat, 2-car gar.; near C. C. Circle, D. C. $120; also same locality—6 rms., ba., $90; nearby Va. and Md., bungalows, 5 rms. ba., $40 to $50. Fulton R. Gordon, 1427 Eye st. nw., Dis. 5230.

DECATUR ST. NW., 802—Nice semi-detached brick, 7 rooms, bath, inclosed porch, electric refrigerator, new house condition $75. DIXIE REALTY CO., 1417 L st. nw. National 8880.

DETACHED new home; 3 bedrooms, dining room, kitchen and bath, garage; 2 blocks bus line. 1404 N. Wakefield st., Arlington, Va. WAlnut 8707-W.

FOXALL—Semi-detached; overlooking Govt. park; 5 bedrooms, 2 baths; double rear porches; built-in garage; electric refrig. Phone, NAtional 1040 or EMerson 0585.

GEORGETOWN, 3710 S St. nw.—Brick; 5 rooms, kitchen and bath; newly decorated; garage; nice lawn; $65.

JACKSON ST. NE., 1235—Arranged for 2 families; $80 per month. Call DE. 1160.

NEW 6 rooms, 2 baths, garage; less than 15 minutes downtown; $85. KELLEY, District 7742; evenings and Sunday, EMerson 2263.

RANDOLPH ST., near Georgia ave.—8 rooms, bath, h.-w. h., garage; excellent condition; rent reduced; $70.
LEO M. BERNSTEIN CO., ME. 5400.

WE have a choice selection of houses in desirable Northwest section; rentals begin at $52.50; representative with car available for inspection. DIXIE REALTY CO., 1417 L st. nw. National 8880.

NEAR ROCK CREEK BRIDGE.
6 rooms and bath, automatic heat and hot water; electric refrigeration; garage; available immediately; $90.
DREYFUSS BROS.
1528 K St. N.W. NA. 0583.

SEVERAL SELECT HOMES AVAILABLE.
$45 TO $85.
A. S. GARDINER, 1510 K St. NW. NA.0334.

1432 TRINIDAD AVE. N.E.
6 rooms, kitchen and bath, hot-water heat; garage in basement.

IRVING ST. NW.—5 rooms, bath, $42.50. NORTHWEST SECTION—5 rms., b., $45. WISCONSIN AVE.—6 rooms, bath, h.-w. h.; garage, $45.
FRIENDSHIP HEIGHTS—6 rms., bath; hot-water heat (1 fare zone); $60.
SOMERSET PL. NW.—6 rooms, bath, gas heat; garage; $62.50.
CHEVY CHASE, MD.—6 rooms, bath; oil heat; 2-car garage $87.50.
CHEVY CHASE, D. C.—7 rooms, 2 baths, hot-water heat; 2-car garage; $110.
ALBEMARLE ST. NW.—7 rooms, 2 baths; automatic heat; built-in garage; $125.
A. D. CRUMBAUGH (Realtor).
4703 Wis. Ave. NW. CLeve. 1-3-6-4.

$29.50 CAPITOL HEIGHTS—6 rooms, bath; h.-w. h.; excellent condition; all modern improvements. ME. 5400.

1737 CHURCH ST. N.W.. $62.50
Six rooms, bath, hot-water heat, large garage. Close-in to downtown. Available January 15.
FRANK S PHILLIPS, DIST. 1411

3 BALTIMORE BLVD.
COTTAGE CITY, MD.
6 rooms, bath, garage, chicken house, garden; large grounds; modern; very low rental.
WALTER A. BROWN
1415 Eye St. N.W. NA. 1652.

1408 PERRY ST. N.W.
Semi-detached; 9 rooms, bath, h.-w. h., garage; arranged for 2 families; $75.
415 RAYMOND STREET.
Chevy Chase, Md.—Detached; 6 rooms, bath, 2-car garage; large lot, trees; h.-w. h. (oil burner); $85.
HARRY E. PITTS CO.
1019 15th St. N.W. ME. 0100.

MASS. AVE. HEIGHTS
Semidetached brick; attractive living room, dining room, 1st floor den, 4-bedrooms, 2 baths, 2-car garage. $100.
G. F. MIKKELSON & SON, CL. 1156.

GEORGETOWN
6 rooms, 2 baths, in exceptionally fine condition; oil heat; servant's lavatory. Rent, $100.
J. LEO KOLB
1237 Wisconsin Ave. N.W. WE. 0002.

1728 WISCONSIN AVE. N.W.
Six rooms, bath; furnace heat; newly papered and painted. Rent, $45.
GUARANTY REALTY, INC.
1706 K St. N.W. NAtl. 0587.

2818 WISCONSIN AVE N.W.
On high elevation overlooking city, 9 rooms, 2 baths, automatic heat, fully insulated; splendid condition. Apply owner, 2816 Wisconsin ave. nw. CLeve. 1399.

4507 Arkansas Ave. N.W.
$70.00
6 rooms, bath, double inclosed rear porches, oil burner, brick garage.
National Mortgage & Investment Corp.
1312 New York Ave. N.W. NA. 5833.

602 POWHATAN PL. N.W.
A new all-brick semi-detached home is ready for immediate occupancy. This home is open for its first tenants.
Six large, light and airy rooms, two complete tile baths, heated recreation room, separate basement room for laundry and furnace; built-in garage; completely weather-stripped and insulated; low heating cost; modern gas appliances. Large lot.
Convenient to schools, shops and transportation.
Exceptionally low rental at $70.
Open for inspection; key at 520 Powhatan place, or call
HARRY WARDMAN, INC.
1512 K ST. NW. DI. 3830.

Suburban—Rent 58

ALEX., VA., 719 King st.—Entire fl., 4 rms., kith., bath; mod.; $45. Alex. 842.

NEARBY VA.—New 6-room brick home on Mt. Vernon Boulevard; beautiful river view; oil heat; electric kitchen, sun parlor; strictly modern; garage; 20 minutes drive Pa. ave. Call J. M. Reed, Alex. 3413.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENT—2 large rooms, kitchen and bath; elec. ref., garage, hot-water heat; adults only. 1100 W. Fillmore st., Clarendon, Va. WA. 6869.

6 rooms, h.-w. h., Aurora Hills.... $55.00
5 rooms, h.-w. h., Oakcrest..... $65.00
FURNISHED.
5 rooms, h.-w. h., Oakcrest..... $80.00
Inquire Aurora Hills Homes Office or call Jackson 1866.

Wanted-to-Rent 62

WANTED—Room and board for lady, or 1-room apt., k. & b. Price reasonable. NA. 2745, Room 209.

WE HAVE CLIENTS
Desirous of Renting Houses.
HARRY E. PITTS CO.,
1019 15th St. N.W. ME. 0100.

Sale Houses 65

3000 SHERRIER Pl. NW., POTOMAC HTS.—8 rooms and bath; semidetached. A bargain at $4,500. Very easy terms.
J. LEO KOLB.
1237 Wisconsin Ave. N.W. WE. 0002.

$5,950—Near Soldiers' Home, semi-detached 6-room brick; 2-car garage.
$6,350—Shepherd st. (off 13th), modern 20-ft. brick; garage; terms arranged.
LEO M. BERNSTEIN CO. ME. 5400.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale Houses 66

BIG SELECT LIST, $2,450 to $25,000. D. C., Md., Va. SPECIAL—Cost $7,500; $4,950 buys it on low terms; Col. Hts.; 8 r. & b.; being papered, painted. Nr. Navy Yard, 5-r br.; e. l.; newly decorated; no bath; rent, $26 mo. Wilson Blvd., office, 5 r., a. m. & ; rent, $60. Dun Loring, $1,500 below cost; your terms. Del Ray, Potomac, cheap. Kenilworth, $12.50 mo.; Colored. Nr. Falls Church, Colored, $22.50. N. E. RYON CO., 1216 N. Y. ave. ME. 7907.

$4,750—BUNGALOW—TAKOMA PARK.
5 rooms, bath, glassed porch, fireplace, attic, full basement, hardwood floors, lovely gas range. Bargain.
WASHINGTON REALTY CO. GE. 8300.

$10,750—A big value beckons to you. Located in that desirable area near the Cathedral. A semidetached masonry home, reduced substantially for quick sale. English motif, 7 rooms (3 bedrooms) and 2 inclosed sleeping porches, 1st-floor study or den, automatic refrigeration, brick garage, lot 140 feet deep, several shade and fruit trees. BOSS & PHELPS, NATIONAL 8300. EVENING PHONE, GEORGIA 6758.

DESIRABLE HOMES AVAILABLE.
WM. H. SAUNDERS CO., INC.
1319 K ST. NW. DI. 1015.

OWNER SAYS SELL
In Chevy Chase, D. C., this new center-entrance Colonial brick, high elevation, a few steps from bus stop. Absolutely modern in every respect, including automatic heat; 3 bedrooms, 2 baths, living porch, detached garage. Can be sold on most reasonable terms. Might consider little as $650 cash and balance less than rent. Call J. WESLEY BUCHANAN, INC., Metropolitan 3772, until 9 p. m.

HERE is a rare opportunity for a discriminating family to secure a brand new stone-front home in a select nw. location on easy terms at a most reasonable price. 6 large rooms, studio attic, basement recreation room, stone fireplaces in recreation room and living room, modern kitchen, gas heat and garage. Act quickly if you are in the market for a real home. Telephone Mr. Knapp at RAndolph 5339.

6420 7th ST. N.W.
Six-room all brick semi-detached home in new house condition; built-in garage; convenient to shops, schools and transportation. An attractive investment or a suitable home at $6,750.
HARRY WARDMAN, INC.
1512 K ST. NW. DI. 3830.
"Life's worth living in a Wardman Home."

FORECLOSURE.
Chevy Chase, brick, 4 bedrooms and 2½ baths, 2-car garage, near bus and school. This home rests on a high lot affording beautiful view. Is 5 years old and with very little expense can be put in perfect condition. A real bargain at $11,500. $1,500 cash required. For appointment to inspect, call J. WESLEY BUCHANAN, Inc., Met. 3772 until 9 p. m.

$13,750—Big Income, Plus Beautiful Home, in Mt. Pleasant.
This stately home has cost owner approximately $20,000, and is divided into 4 beautiful apts., as follows: 3 rooms and bath; first floor, large hall; 3 huge rooms, kitchen and 2 porches; second floor, 3 large rooms, kitchen and bath; third floor, 3 rooms, kitchen and bath. New oil burner, 2 new elec. ice boxes, 2-car garage. The house is located on Best st. and Mt. Pleasant, and is positively in immaculate condition from top to bottom. With a moderate cash payment you can secure yourself an income and pay for this home and have a home to live in. Opportunities like this are scarce. Evenings call Mr. Jones, Columbia 3079.
FRANK S. PHILLIPS, DIST. 1411

CHEVY CHASE, MD.
6203-6205 MELVILLE PL. N.W.
$1,750
Colonial in design, these beautiful new all-brick fully detached homes have two large master bedrooms, each with large cedar-lined closets; two complete baths; spacious living room, with open fireplace; dining room; kitchen. "CAREFREE COMFORT WITH MODERN GAS APPLIANCES;" recreation room, separate laundry and furnace room and large built-in garage; landscaped lot, inclosed by picket fence.
Open, lighted and heated.
To inspect: From Chevy Chase circle out Brookville road to Bradley lane; right one block to Melville place and property.
HARRY WARDMAN, INC.
1512 K ST. NW. DI. 3830.
"Life's worth living in a Wardman Home."

BRAND NEW
4007 18TH ST. N.W.
Custom-built detached brick corner, overlooking Rock Creek Park; 8 rooms, 3 baths, built-in garage. Price reduced for quick sale.
OPEN AFTERNOONS DAILY AND SUNDAY.
L. T. GRAVATTE.
729 15th St. NW. Realtor. NA. 0753.

WOODRIDGE
$5,950—Attractive detached home, lot 45x102, corner; 7 rooms (4 bedrooms), bath, h.-w. h. (oil burner), electricity, garage. Convenient to bus, stores and schools.
L. T. GRAVATTE
729 15th St. Realtor. NA. 0753.

SEE THESE NEW HOMES FEATURING NEW IDEAS
135 INGRAHAM ST. N.W.
OPEN DAILY UNTIL 9 P. M.
HEATED AND LIGHTED.
Beautiful new homes situated on deep lot; consisting of six rooms, two baths, recreation room and garage. Carefree comfort with modern gas appliances.
BRASURE CO.
923 15th st. nw. DI. 6410.

MATCH THIS BUY.
Located in Chevy Chase, D. C., on high elevation, near Nebraska ave.—$11,500 is a bargain price for this colonial brick home with porch across the front. Four nice bedrooms, one bath between two rooms and a hall bath. Lavatory on first floor, floored attic, large dining room, large kitchen, coal furnace, 2-car brick garage, convenient to transportation and schools. About five years old, needs some improvements, but is a splendid buy on easy terms. Call J. WESLEY BUCHANAN, INC., Cleveland 2832, until 9 p. m.

LOW-PRICED HOMES
$7,450 AND $7,650
512 POWHATAN PL. N.W.
To the person seeking a low-priced home of outstanding merit we suggest that you inspect this home immediately.
Six rooms, two baths, recreation room, hardwood floors and trim, and many other features that are usually only found in homes of much higher price.
Terms: $52.50 monthly, FHA plan.
Open, lighted and heated.
HARRY WARDMAN, INC.
1512 K ST. NW. DI. 3830.
"Life's worth living in a Wardman Home."

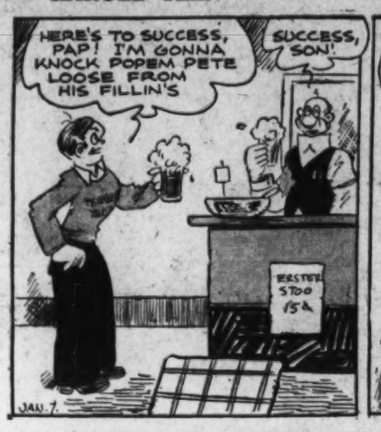
COLORED (28 R st. nw.)—8 rooms, bath, new heating plant; newly renovated throughout; $7,950. For inspection, call DEcatur 1160, Mr. Jones.

Sale Lots 69

EAST OF WISCONSIN AVE. on Appleton; near Wilson, Deal and Murch schools; 8 lots, 40x150 feet; $1,500 each; from every standpoint THE IDEAL home sites.
J. FRANK TILLER, Owner, DI. 9845.

LARGE LOT in Aurora Hills, Va.—About 7,200 square feet on hillside overlooking Washington; high-class neighborhood; all improvements in and paid for. Owner will sell at bargain. Call Aurora Hills Homes, Inc., Jackson 1866.

HAROLD TEEN



Rarin' to Rip All Opposition

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale Suburban 70

BUY YOUR suburban home now. Have several real bargains; easy terms.
KENSINGTON REALTY CO.,
Kensington, Md. Kens. 132.

NEARBY VA.—New brick, 6 r. and b.; h.-w. h.; basement; hardwood floors, $5,600, $500 cash; $47 mo. J. A. BAKER & CO., 1112 N. Irving st., Clarendon, Va.; WA. 7280.

NR. REDS CORNER, Md.: 4 a., 4 r., $1,750; half cash; worth double. On Pa. R. R. & pr. co.; store, 7 r.; $2,850 as is; $500 cash; good future; another 2 lots, store, 5-r. and 4-r. bun.; $2,750 for all. Nr. Bladensburg rd., in D. C.; $5,250, on low terms, is giveaway; rented $450 mo. 4 BIG BARGAINS IN HYATTSVILLE HILLS and University Pl.: $6,450 up; terms. COLORED—Kenilworth, Md.; rent $12.50; 1½ mi. W. Falls Church; rent, $22.50, or sell reduced price; terms. See our list. N. E. RYON CO., 1216 N. Y. ave. NA. 7907.

OUR LATEST MODEL HOME at 1902 N Harvard st., Lyon Village, completely furnished by Hilda N. Miller, is all brick with slate roof on beautiful lot and contains 4 bedrooms, 2 baths, recreation room, 2 fireplaces and 2-car garage. One bedroom and bath is on first floor. New low price of $11,950. Open Sunday and daily 10 to 6. To inspect drive out Lee highway about 1 mile beyond Key Bridge, then left on Highland st. one block to 19th, then right on 19th to Harvard to home.
BOSS & PHELPS.
3206 N. Wash. Blvd., Clarendon, Va.
WAlnut 8815.

$4,750—Charming, 6-room Dutch Colonial house on large wooded lot, close in; 3 bedrooms, 2 baths; oak floors, h.-w. h.; garage; a rare bargain.
Ralph W. Crain, 4399 Lee Hy. WA. 6959.

Sale—Farms, Land 73

SOUTHERN MARYLAND farms and acreage. Write the Maryland Realty, 1511 Guilford ave., Baltimore, Md. Phone Vernon 2341.

$75 DOWN, $15 month—10 a. wooded land, 1-room shack, 19 miles D. C. on State road. Price, $600. NAtional 3753 or AT. 5205-J.

Real Estate Wanted 76

WANT REAL ESTATE TO SELL.
ROBERT L. McKEEVER CO., INC.
Shoreham Building. NA. 4750.

AT ONCE, cash; any houses, up to $6,000. Immediately. E. W. Bailey, ADams 4786, or mail 1435 Meridian nw.

WANTED
Semidetached, 4-bedroom dwelling, close-in N.W. Will pay all cash. Call immediately.
J. LEO KOLB,
1237 Wisconsin Ave. N.W. WE. 0002.

Horses—Livestock 81

3 MULES, 5 mares, 5 work horses; reas. 110 M st. se. AT. 2731.

Sale Miscellaneous 83

DEALERS' ADS under this heading contain a firm name or a business address or state the word "Dealer." Other ads are presumed to be from private individuals. Readers who find dealers masquerading in this column as private individuals are urged to report the matter to The Washington Post.

ACCORDIONS—Before purchasing a piano accordion it's to your advantage to see Droop's first. 1300 G st. nw.

AMERICAN TYPEWRITER CO.—Portables and standards reduced for holidays; open eves. 1431 E. Capitol st. LI. 0082.

ANTIQUE furniture, glass, etc. Also modern desk and table; cheap. 1408 New Hampshire ave. nw.

ANTIQUES — Delightful, charming and intriguing articles at astonishingly reduced prices. See them today. Murray Galleries, 1724 20th st. nw. NOrth 4006.

CAMERA lenses, photographic equipment, binoculars, projectors bought, sold. Izzy's Exchange, 905 D st. nw. ME. 8898.

COAT—Brown cloth, sable collar; like new; size 16; originally $150; will sacrifice; going South. Call Miss Mack, NA. 4200, Ext. 385, until 6 p. m.

DESKS, chairs, tables, files and other used office furniture. H. Baum & Sons, 616 E st. nw.

DINING ROOM SET—Santa Dominica mahogany; reasonable. 1612 19th st. nw.

FRIGIDAIRES—5 cu. ft., guaranteed excellent condition; only $44.50 while they last. 1318 14th st. nw.

FRIGIDAIRE—In excellent condition; 4 cu. ft. No reasonable offer refused. Notes, 633 Indiana ave.

NEW and used radios, drastically reduced. Terms as low as $1 weekly. Monarch Radio Shop, 717 12th st.

George's JANUARY CLEARANCE!
REPOSSESSED
ELECTRIC WASHERS AND ELECTRIC IRONERS
FAMOUS MAKES
$19.95
ON SALE ONLY AT
3107-09 M ST. N.W.
EASY TERMS
George's Radio Co.
3107-09 M St. N.W.
OPEN NIGHTS TILL 9 P. M.

We'll Teach You to Play the ACCORDION for $8
Payable $1 Weekly
• Here's an opportunity to learn to play this popular instrument at almost no cost. No down payment is necessary—the $1 weekly covers everything—private lessons by good instructors and the use of an Accordion which you may take home for practice if you want. The same offer is available on other instruments. For full information call NAt. 3223.
JORDAN'S
1239 G Street
(Northeast Corner of 13th)

George's JANUARY CLEARANCE!
RECONDITIONED
AUTO RADIOS
FAMOUS MAKES
AS LOW AS
$7.95
Complete
ON SALE ONLY AT
2015 14th ST. NW. STORE
George's Radio Co.
2015 14th St. N.W.
OPEN NIGHTS TILL 9 P. M.

Sale Miscellaneous 83

NEW RAY Machineless Beauty Equipment, excellent condition; complete beauty stock. No reasonable offer refused. CLarendon 2137-J.

PIANO—Steinway upright in good condition; special to close out $198; cost new about $750. Also several other special values from $60 up—one Fischer, one Kimball, one Lester, and two Steinways. Very easy terms. Arthur Jordan Piano Co., 1239 G st. nw., corner 13th. NAt. 3223.

PIANO—We have a repossessed small grand, used only 5 months and like new that we will sell to any one who will continue the balance of the $10 monthly payments, totaling $296. It's mahogany finished and one of the latest models of a good make. New instrument guarantee. NAtl. 4730. Kitt's, 1330 G st.

PIANOS FOR RENT—$3 per month and up. The largest selection in the city to choose from: 11 famous makes. All rental paid applies on the purchase price if you decide to buy later. NAtl. 4730, Kitt's, 1330 G st.

SEWING MACHINES—New and used. Real bargains; renting, repairing. Sewing Machine Exch., 2412 18th st. nw. CO. 3345.

TYPEWRITERS—All makes, $17.50 up; guaranteed 1 year; rent, repair. Standard Typewriter Co., 727 10th st. nw.

TYPEWRITERS — New and rebuilt, all makes; $15 up; terms. Rent and repairs. Central Typewriter Co., 923 G st. nw.

TYPEWRITER TABLES—Regulation full size; reinforced steel corners; only $2.49. "United." 813 14th st. nw.

TYPEWRITERS — Remington standard, $19.50; Underwood, Model No. 5, $24.50; Corona, Model No. 4, $24.50. All in fine condition. Type-Writer Sales & Service Co., 811 17th st. nw.

WASHING MACHINES—Reconditioned. Our entire stock of well-known makes now on sale at prices and terms lower than we have ever offered. Come early and get the first pick. F. S. Harris Co., 2900 14th st. nw. COl. 0100.

Coal, Fuel Oil, Wood 83A

A CRACKLING LOG FIRE
WINTER CHEER.
Oak fireplace wood, $12 cord. Dry, well seasoned, any length. Call NOrth 0868.

ARLINGTON COAL CO.
2,240 Pounds to the Ton.
Bagged and carried in bins free.
Virginia Hard Pea.....$8.50
Virginia Hard Special Furnace.....$9.50
Virginia Hard Chestnut.....$10.50
Virginia Hard Stove.....$10.75
All grades of Pocahontas Coal.
Washington Telephone, JAckson 1880.

WOOD FOR YULETIDE CHEER
Dry, cut any length; $6.50 half cord; $12 cord. Orders filled now by
JOHN MEIKLEJOHN, INC.,
212 Van Buren St. GE. 0621.

TIDEWATER COAL CO.
2,240 lbs.—No Clinkers—Bagged FREE.
Our storing method keeps down dust.
STONE MOUNTAIN EGG.....$8.50
POCAHONTAS (smokeless).
Nut, $9.00; Stove, $10.00; Egg, $10.50.
VIRGINIA HARD (smokeless).
Pea, $8.50; Special Furnace, $9.50;
Nut, $10.50; Stove, $10.75.
It pays to buy good coal. WEst 1429.

Miscellaneous Wanted 84

ANTIQUE JEWELRY, discarded large and small watches, dental gold; special high prices paid. Schiller Bros., 922 F st. nw.

BOOKS BOUGHT—All kinds, any quantity. See us first. Spot cash paid. Pearlman's, 1407 G st. nw. ME. 5415.

DISCARDED and broken old gold, jewelry, antiques, silver, gold teeth, watches; spot cash paid. Milsam's, 436 9th st. nw.

GOLD OR PLATINUM JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE AND GOLD TEETH, ANY CONDITION. WE PAY CASH. A. KAHN, INC. 44 YEARS AT 935 F ST. N.W.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD
LOUIS ABRAHAMS, 711 G ST. N.W.

GOLD—DIAMONDS
Highest cash prices.
A. MARKEL, Room 211, 918 F N.W.

SPOT CASH PAID IMMEDIATELY.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ANY OLD
Discarded Jewelry or Gold Teeth.
SELINGER'S, 818 F ST. NW.

Wanted—Automobiles 88

NORRIS, INC., 2018-14th St. NOrth 3949. See us before selling.

CASH FOR YOUR CAR.
Whether Car Is Paid for or Not
SEE MR. BARNES, 1729 14th St.

CASH FOR YOUR CAR
We will pay you cash for your present car regardless of make or model. See us today. Don't hesitate.
MANHATTAN AUTO & RADIO.
1706 7th St. N.W. NO. 7557.

Sale—Automobiles 98

BUICK $489
1934 Sedan, Model 50 Series. Built-in trunk, radio, heater, new tailored seat covers; one owner; very low mileage; motor, tires and original black finish absolutely perfect. This is the most popular model built by Buick. 90-day new-car guarantee. Be sure to see it before you buy! Name your own terms. We also have 10 other Buicks you may choose from, all perfect condition and priced $100 to $400. See us first!
WADE MOTOR CO.
8431 Georgia Ave. SHepherd 4261.

BUICK 1931 De Luxe Standard Coach; looks and runs like new; only $115; terms, $5, balance by month. Evans Palmer, New York and Fla. aves. ne.

BUICK $565
1934 Victoria Coupe, Model 98, 6-wheel equipment and radio. Very low mileage. Motor, tires original, black finish absolutely like new. Where else can you buy a fine distinctive car in A-1 condition throughout, at our price of $565?
HYATTSVILLE AUTO CO.
Hyattsville, Md. GReenwood 1810.

CADILLAC $1,075
1934 V-8 De Luxe Sedan. Long wheelbase. Excellent motor, fine, clean upholstery and original paint. Outstanding value. Call WEst 1841-J after 6 p. m.

CHEVROLET $465
1935 Sport Sedan, with built-in trunk. Just traded in on the new 1937 Chevy by original owner. Just like a new car throughout.
ADDISON CHEVROLET
1437 Irving St. N.W. ADams 5411.

CHEVROLET $55 Down
1934 Master Coupe, with spacious rumble seat. A slick, trim car that's just like new. Possesses style, beauty and will render comfortable, dependable, low-cost motoring. Don't fail to inspect this one.
SMOOT MOTOR CO.
Rosslyn, Va., Used-Car Branch.
1908 N. Moore St. WEst 1845.

CHEVROLET—1932 Tudor. Good condition; any car that will run as a down payment and balance $1.80 per week. Capitol Motors, Inc., 14th & Pa. ave. se.

CHEVROLET—1931 Coupe. Beautiful green finish; only $45 down. Semmes Sales, Inc., 4120 13th st. nw. ADams 8500.

CHEVROLET—1936 Coach, $495. Buy now at next year's price. Ourisman, 625 H st. ne., 1501 14th st. nw.

CHEVROLET 1931 De Luxe Victoria Coupe; 5-passenger; 6 wire wheels; trunk, etc.; looks new; sacrifice, $175; terms, $15 down, $16 month. Evans Palmer, 14th and L sts. nw.

CHEVROLET 1936 Master Coupe; in perfect condition; $495. Wallace Motor Co., 1520 14th st. nw., POt. 3900.

Sale—Automobiles 98

CHEVROLET—1932 Coach. A-1 condition; bargain; only $219; terms.
STANDARD MOTOR SALES.
1605 14th st. nw. NOrth 2298.

CHEVROLET $235
1933 Coach. Here's the ideal car for the family. Large, roomy and economical, too. Silent, powerful motor; clean interior; tires perfect.
ADDISON CHEVROLET
1437 Irving St. N.W. ADams 5411.

CHEVROLET $35 Down
1933 Convertible Coupe. Desirable black finish glistens like new; will conveniently keep out cold in winter and admit clean, fresh air in summer. An all-weather, all-season car. Match it if you can!
SMOOT MOTOR CO.
Rosslyn, Va., Used-Car Branch.
1908 N. Moore St. WEst 1845.

CHEVROLET $299
1933 Coach, with large trunk. A roomy, powerful and distinctive car; has been used little. Presents the finest possible value in low-cost transportation.
STOHLMAN CHEVROLET
3307 M St. N.W. WEst 1646

CHEVROLET—1936 Standard Coupe, $449. If you like dependable transportation in a smart-looking car, here it is. Barry-Pate, 1130 Conn. ave.

CHEVROLET $395
1935 Coupe. A fleet, yet economical auto, absolutely in new-car condition. Beautiful beige finish without a scratch. An ultra special value.
SMOOT MOTOR CO.
Used Car Branch.
4500 Wisconsin Ave. N.W. CLeve. 9709.

CHEVROLET $315
1934 Master Coach. Original black finish; 5 fine tires; clean inside; motor smooth and quiet. We invite your most careful inspection and comparison of our special low price.
POHANKA SERVICE
1126 20th St. N.W. Dist. 9141.

CHEVROLET $349
1934 Coach, with large built-in trunk. A swell-looking car in perfect running condition, and a real bargain at this price. An unsurpassable value.
ADDISON CHEVROLET
1437 Irving St. N.W. ADams 5411.

CHEVROLET $339
1934 4-door Sedan. Beautiful gunmetal gray finish without a scratch. Has every popular Chevrolet feature. Motor silent and full of power; tires very good; all-around condition the best.
SMOOT MOTOR CO.
Used Car Branch.
4500 Wisconsin Ave. N.W. CLeve. 9709.

CHRYSLER $100 Down
1936 "8" 4-door Touring Sedan, with large built-in trunk. A brand-new car; has been used practically not at all; distinctive in every detail; guaranteed new-car performance.
SMOOT MOTOR CO.
Used Car Branch.
4500 Wisconsin Ave. N.W. CLeve. 9709.

DE SOTO 1933 De Luxe Custom Sedan; this beautiful car with Silver Streak motor is like new; only $335; terms, $35 down or your old car as payment. Evans Palmer, New York & Fla. aves., ne.

DE SOTO 1935 Airflow Sedan; built-in compartments; latest "Aero-design" airliner like new; beautiful metallic silver finish; only $200 down or your old car in trade. 4432 Conn. ave. nw., Evans Palmer.

DODGE $575
1936 convertible Coupe with rumble seat; deluxe equip.; perfect motor; clean upholstery. Truly a new car throughout. Was $912; must sell $575 cash. Washington Post, Box M-637.

DODGE $389
1934 De Luxe 4-Door Sedan. Radio, motor, tires, interior and original gunmetal finish honestly like new. It's guaranteed. Truly a bargain. See it before you buy! Trade and terms to suit.
WADE MOTOR CO.
8431 Georgia Ave. SHepherd 4261.

DODGE $215
1932 Model D. K. 5 Sedan. Original black paint is in fair condition. The upholstery, while clean, shows some wear. It has excellent General tires all around and the motor is in splendid condition. You will get real value in this car. C. C. C. Guaranty. Open Sundays and evenings.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22d St. NW. NAtional 3300.

DODGE—1935 four-door Sedan; $525. Trew value used cars. TREW MOTOR CO., 1509 14th st. nw. DEcatur 1915.

ESSEX—1931 Sedan. Exceptionally low mileage, fast acceleration and priced below the market; $157. Lee D. Butler, Inc., 1137 18th st. nw. DI. 1218.

FORD 1934 De Luxe Coupe, rumble seat; almost new condition; original finish; only $265, cash or terms. 4432 Conn. ave. nw., Evans Palmer.

FORD $365
1935 4-door Sedan. Original gray finish is perfect. Excellent tires. This car priced low for quick sale. C. C. C. Guaranty. Open Sundays and evenings.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22d St. NW. NAtional 3300.

FORD—1934 coupe for sale; terms; good condition. 705 McNeil rd., Silver Spring, Md.

FORD—'35 De Luxe Coach, $345; honestly priced. Owens Motor Co., 6323 Ga. ave. GE. 0100.

FORD—1931, $5 cash, balance $2 per week. Parking Lot, 3d & C sts. nw.

FORD—1934 Tudor Sedan. Buy a thoroproofed and winterized car. Stewart Motors, 6th and N. Y. ave. nw. NAt. 3000.

FORD $479
1936 De Luxe 4-Door Touring Sedan. Practically a brand new car; motor, tires, original finish absolutely perfect in every detail. Save $150 if you buy today! It's fully guaranteed. Your car down and name your own terms.
WADE MOTOR CO.
8431 Georgia Ave. SHepherd 4261.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale—Automobiles 98

OLDSMOBILE $219
1932 "8" Coach. One of the best looking and smoothest running Olds ever built! Fully reconditioned. Has fender lights, twin chrome horns, and 5 tires just like new. Original black finish.
ADDISON CHEVROLET
1437 Irving St. N.W. ADams 5411.

OLDSMOBILE $515
1935 5-passenger Sedan. Excellent paint. Fine clean upholstery. All good tires and a splendid motor. You certainly will agree this car represents unusual value at $515. C. C. C. Guaranty. Open Sundays and evenings.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22d St. NW. NAtional 3300.

OLDSMOBILE $695
1936 5-pass. Touring Coupe. Attractive tan finish hasn't a scratch; large built-in trunk; 5 practically new tires; spotless inside, and it performs like new.
POHANKA SERVICE
1126 20th St. N.W. Dist. 9141.

OLDSMOBILE $375
1934 Sedan. Attractive brown metallic finish; practically new 6-ply tires; clean inside and it performs perfectly. See this car today and compare our reduced price of only $375.
POHANKA SERVICE
1126 20th St. N.W. Dist. 9141.

PACKARD $675
1934 5-passenger Sedan, Model 1100. Six wire wheels and trunk rack. Original dark maroon paint. Fine, clean upholstery. Excellent tires. You will find this car had splendid care. It certainly is priced low at $675. Open evenings and Sundays. C. C. C. guaranty.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22d St. N.W. National 3300.

PACKARD Club Sedan, little "8"; must be sold for storage; only $95; terms, $25 down. Evans Palmer, New York and Fla. aves. ne.

PACKARD—1933 Club Sedan; $647.11. A Carter Renewed car. Parkway Motor Co., 3040 M st. nw. WEst 0181.

PLYMOUTH—1934. $10 cash, balance $5 per week. Parking Lot, 3d & C sts. nw.

PLYMOUTH 1936 De Luxe Coupe; driven 2,000 miles; must sell at once; private owner. COl. 0312-M.

PLYMOUTH—1935, 6 to choose from; all priced to move at once. Terms made easy; $349 up. Coast-In, Inc., 6th & Fla. ave. ne.

PONTIAC $385
1934 4-door Sedan with trunk. Upholstery and beautiful dark blue finish is perfect. Motor and tires actually like new. This is truly an outstanding value at our low price.
HYATTSVILLE AUTO CO.
Hyattsville, Md. GReenwood 1810.

PONTIAC $245
1933 Bus. Coupe. Excellent green paint. All good tires and a real fine motor. You cannot find better transportation at this price. C. C. C. Guaranty. Open Sundays and evenings.
CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.
1222 22d St. NW. NAtional 3300.

PONTIAC $295
1934 V-8 Cabriolet. A low-mileage car in perfect condition. See it today at this low price.
ARCADE PONTIAC CO.,
1419 Irving St. N.W.

PONTIAC $395
1934 Trunk Sedan. Driven 19,000 miles by chauffeur for high Government official; $395; terms and trade. 4221 Conn. ave. CLeve. 8401.

STUDEBAKER—1934 Commander Brougham, $395. Studebaker sales and service. Alber & McNeil, Inc., 1418 F st. nw.

TERRAPLANE $375
1935 Coach, with built-in trunk. Hurry, grab this bargain and go places! A trial

NED BRANT—A Story of College Athletics — By Bob Zuppke, Famous Football Coach.

IS THIS THE SOCIETY DATING BUREAU?
YOU BET IT IS—THE PLACE THEY'RE ALL TALKING ABOUT!
IM BUD SHEKELS, THE MANAGER.—WHAT SORT OF DATE DO YOU PREFER?
HE MUST LOOK LIKE A MOVIE ACTOR AND DRESS LIKE ONE—
HE MUST HAVE MONEY, BEAUTIFUL MANNERS, INTELLIGENCE, WIT—
GO ON—
HE MUST BE ATTENTIVE, SYMPATHETIC, KIND—
TAKE CHARGE, NED—THIS GIRL WANTS THE OL' MANAGER HIMSELF!

APPLE MARY — By Martha Orr

DON'T LOOK SO FRIGHTENED, BILL. I'M ONLY GOING TO ASK YOU A QUESTION. JUST HOW DID YOU FIND OUT MY SECRET ABOUT SLIM?
OH, DIFFERENT THINGS YUH SAID AT DIFFERENT TIMES GOT ME SUSPICIOUS. SO I JEST PUT TWO AN' TWO TOGETHER.
YER NOT SORE AT ME FER FINDIN' OUT, ARE YUH?
NO-OO—, IN FACT, I'M RATHER GLAD. IT'LL BE NICE HAVING SOMEONE TO TALK THINGS OVER WITH.
GEE, 'AT'S SWELL. IT'S NICER FER ME, TOO. NOW WHEN YER PARTIAL TO SLIM, I'LL KNOW IT'S JEST 'CAUSE HE'S YER COUSIN—
COUSIN? HE'S NO COUSIN. HE'S—
MARTHA ORR

BIG CHIEF WAHOO — By Saunders and Woggon

HMM-♫ WITH WIDOW HIPPS TO FEAST THEIR EYES UPON, HER BOARDERS MUST FIND SCANT APPETITE FOR FOOD, HMM—SHE MUST BE WORTH HER WEIGHT IN GOLD TOO. I SIMPLY MUST TALK CHIEF WAHOO INTO TARRYING HERE A WHILE.
UMPH!
WELL♫ MAY I HELP? THOSE DAISY PETALED FINGERS SHOULD NEVER TOUCH SOAPY WATER!—ONCE I PRESIDED OVER THE KITCHEN OF A HINDU RAJAH. ALLOW ME PLEASE.
HEY! CHIEF WAHOO! MY TRUSTY SACHEM, I WOULD A WORD WITH YOU!
HUMPH! BIG WIND BAD NEWS!
YA-AA! HEAP SQUAW WORK!
Chief WAHOO'S INDIAN SLANGO
BANANA is "Long-Apple-in-Yellow-" Kid-Glove
STRAW HAT is "Hoss-Feed-On-Head"
Save for SLANGO SCRAP BOOK

LALA PALOOZA — Vincent Is Launched by Mistake — By Rube Goldberg

COUNTESS LALA, YOU HAVE HELPED ME ACHIEVE THE AMBITION OF MY LIFE - I WANT YOU TO CHRISTEN THE HYDROCAR "LALA PALOOZA THE FIRST"
OH, PROFESSOR
AND YOU, VINCENT, HAVE BEEN INDUBITABLY PRAGMATICAL AS A COOPERATIVE INSTRUMENTALITY
THANKS, PROF - I HOPE THAT MEANS SOMETHIN' GOOD
I FEEL JUST LIKE A QUEEN LAUNCHING A BATTLESHIP
ZOFFF
GLUB

MICKEY FINN — By Lank Leonard

A WEEK HAS PASSED WITHOUT ANOTHER ROBBERY ON MICKEY'S BEAT!
—AND WITH THE TENSION EASED, HE HAS FINALLY GONE OUT FOR THE COPS' BASKETBALL TEAM.
GEE, TOM—THAT WAS A SWELL WORKOUT!
KEEP MOVIN', PARDNER—YA GO ON DUTY IN AN HOUR!
NIFTY NOLAN MUST BE GONNA PLAY AFTER ALL—HE CAME INTO THE GYM JUST AS WE FINISHED!
YEAH—I SAW THE SOREHEAD!
COMIN', MICKEY?
YEP!
USSEN, SPIKE—I WAS SORE WHEN YOU PUT FINN IN MY PLACE AT FULLBACK—BUT I ADMIT I WAS WRONG—LET'S FORGET IT!
OKAY, NOLAN—BE SURE TO TURN OUT THE LIGHTS IN THE LOCKER ROOM. ALL THE FELLAS HAVE GONE!
I KNEW HE'D FALL FOR IT—THE MUSCLE-BOUND CHUMP!
HUH—ONE OF THE GUYS LOST HIS—WELL, NOW AIN'T THIS PERFECT!!

DIXIE DUGAN — Knock-Knock! — By J. P. McEvoy and J. H. Striebel

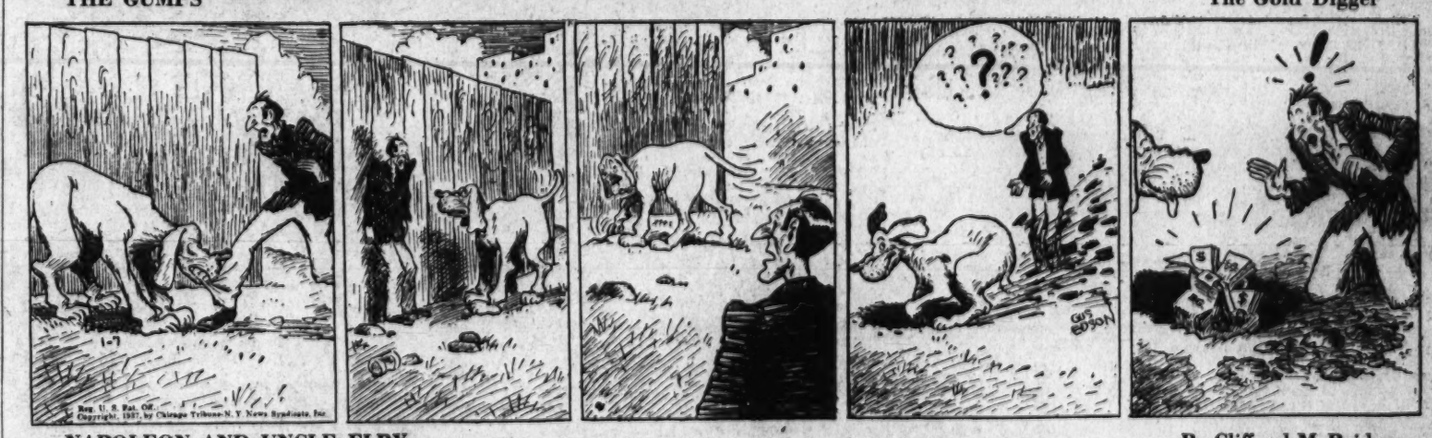
DIXIE ARRIVES AT NUMBER 12 LONDON STREET WONDERING WHAT SORT OF A JOB MAY BE IN STORE FOR HER
THIS IS THE PLACE ALL RIGHT—GOLLY, IT LOOKS KINDA COLD AND FORBIDDING!
THERE'S A CHANCE THAT I'M TOO LATE T'GET THIS JOB—GEE, I HOPE NOT!—UH—AT LEAST I THINK I HOPE NOT
WELL—HERE GOES!
KNOCK KNOCK

JOE PALOOKA — Eight-Nine-Ten — By Ham Fisher

$ 584-$ 585—AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS. AND BRRFSK * YOU HAVE FORFEITED YOUR TIP THROUGH INSOLENCE AND MISTRUST—
ARENA
LISSEN, YOU OLD G'RILLA, I'M SO HAPPY TO COLLECT THIS—I AIN'T EVEN GONNA GIVE YA TH' SOCK YA GOT COMIN'!
KNOBBY SAYS WEIDE BOTTOM SHOWED UP.
I BET KNOBBY GIVE HIM A AWFUL BAWLIN' OUT. I WONDER IF HE'LL BE UP HERE AT THE RING—
KNOBBY SAID JUST BOX 'IM. YOU WAS FINE LAST ROUND. DON'T TAKE NO CHANCES ON BUSTIN' A HAND.
I'M WORSIED. THEY MIGHT FIGHT. I BETTER GIT IT OVER WITH.
WELL—I'LL BE—?
AST KNOBBY T'WAIT? I'LL GIT A SHOWER AFTER.
EIGHT-NINE-TEN

THE GUMPS — The Gold Digger

NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY — By Clifford McBride


TH' PLUMBING'S BUSTED, NAPOLEON! QUICK, RUN AND FETCH TH' PLUMBER! I SAID TH' PLUMBER! DON'T LOOK SO STUPID! THE PLUMBER!
OH DEAR, OH DEAR! I DROPPED MY PURSE AND I CAN'T FIND IT - COULD YOU HELP ME?

BENNY — He Helped Out — By J. Carver Pusey

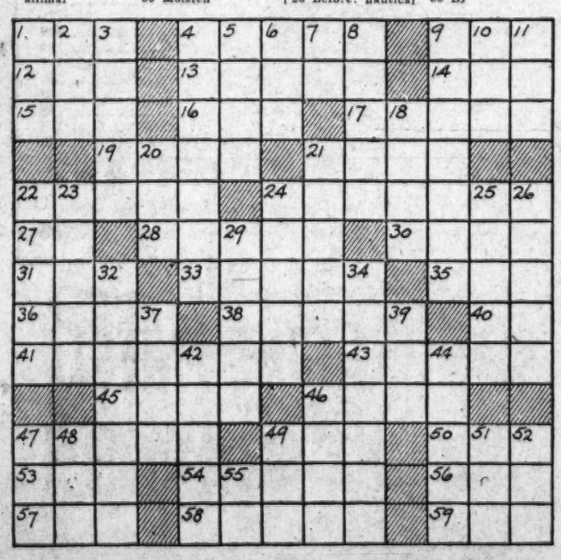
Daily Crossword Puzzle

ACROSS

1 Suitable
4 Markets
9 Finish
12 Supposedly perfect golf
13 All that could be desired
14 Sound of cattle
15 Collection of facts
16 The old golf master himself
17 Dwelling place
19 Stiffly proper and precise
21 Proofreader's mark
22 More ignoble
24 Western continent
27 Artificial language
28 Heraldic wreath supporting a crest
30 Outdoor game animal
31 Large marine animal
33 Jewish month
35 New: comb. form
36 American Indian
38 Deserve
40 Comparative ending
41 Fops
43 Device for reducing motion
45 Ureinins
46 Alack
47 Ahead as many holes as remain to be played in a golf match
49 Tropical bird
50 Kind of leather
53 Artificial language
54 Like lava
56 Age
57 Fish
58 Stem
59 Moisten

DOWN

1 South American river
2 God of flocks and pastures
3 Obstructions before a golf green
4 Golf club
5 First man
6 Color
7 Symbol for tantalum
8 Kind of rock
9 Feeling
10 Incline the head
11 Female deer
18 Large mass of floating ice
20 Sleep, as flax
21 Daub
22 Dwell upon continuously
23 Large artery
24 Donkeys
25 Golf club
26 Before: nautical
29 Agrees in final sound
32 This is necessary for a good golf shot
34 Golf club
37 Kind of cheese
39 Syllable used in musical refrains
42 Short poems dealing with rural life
44 Crooked
46 Indigo plant
47 Metal form used in stamping
48 Lyric poem
49 Topaz humming bird
51 Golf sometimes rouses this
52 Grammatical case: abbr.
55 By



YESTERDAY'S ANSWER.

E	L	S	E		A	S	P		G	R	I	D
K	I	T	S		C	H	A		R	A	L	E
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S	A	F	E	R		I	N	A	N	I	T	Y
			F	R	A	G	M	E	N	T		
A	W	E		M	O	D			E	V	I	L
H	O	N	E	S	T		S	P	E	E	D	Y
A	N	S	A			A	I	R		R	O	E
			R	H	O	M	B	O	I	D		
C	O	N	D	O	N	E		F	L	A	M	E
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T	I	R	O		O	C	A		A	C	E	S
S	T	O	P		N	E	T		D	Y	N	E

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Apple Picker Admits 'Theft' of Locomotive

Special Dispatch to The Post.

Berkeley Springs, W. Va., Jan. 6. Harold Boyd, of California, former railroad engineman, but more recently an apple picker in this section, faces four months in jail here for unauthorized operation of a locomotive on the branch line of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad here last November. He pleaded guilty yesterday to a grand jury indictment.

The engine was taken from the sheds after a day's work and the hostler, John Rankin, had banked the fire. Later he heard the engine on the branch near his home and found Boyd at the throttle. Several times Boyd ran the engine past Rankin and prevented the latter from boarding. Ultimately the steam pressure gave out and the engine stopped. State police arrested Boyd. They said he was intoxicated.

Festival Assistants Named.

Winchester, Va., Jan. 6.—Dr. L. M. Allen, chairman of the executive committee of the 1937 Apple Blossom Festival, today announced the appointment of H. F. Byrd, jr., Hugh Green and Henry H. Covington as assistants to Fred Read, jr., the director general.

FUNNY SIGNS by RAY BARNES

TWO MEN BY THESE NAMES - -
Brite & Witty Bakery
OWNED AND OPERATED A BAKERY IN LAMAR, MO. UNTIL MR. WITTY TOOK IT OVER - - -
AND NOW IT IS -
THE WITTY Bakery
REPORTED BY EARNEST HOOVER
1-7

Watch out for funny signs, send them to Ray Barnes, in care of this newspaper, and share your laughs.

AUNT HET

By Robert Quillen.

"Henry is past fifty, and he's been a bachelor too long to enjoy bein' married. His wife is sure to make him start takin' baths."

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LIKE FINDING MONEY WHEN YOU BUY OR SELL WITH POST WANT ADS

Gleaves' Death Recalls Record In World War

Admiral Directed Troop Ships in Submarine-Infested Waters.

Continued from Page 1.

the task of seeing that the cable between Havana and Key West was not tampered with. His craft lay alongside the ill-fated Maine the night before she was torpedoed in Havana harbor, and left with dispatches early the following morning.

Commanded Mayflower.

In 1901 he commanded the Dolphin, a yacht assigned to the Secretary of the Navy, and in 1903 he became commander of the yacht Mayflower, used by President Theodore Roosevelt part of the year and by the Geodetic Survey the remainder.

It was Admiral Gleaves, during one of these cruises, who charted the greatest known depth of the Atlantic, 27,984 feet, 90 miles northwest of Puerto Rico. He was an expert hydrographer.

In 1907, while in charge of the Torpedo Station at Newport, R. I., Admiral Gleaves was sent abroad to study the methods of foreign governments in regard to the building of their torpedoes.

Upon his return he directed the building of the first Government torpedo factory at the Torpedo Station. Until then, the Navy had depended on private manufacturers.

Admiral Gleaves served in Washington as aide to the Assistant Secretary of the Navy and member of the general board of which Admiral Dewey was president in 1909 and 1910.

His next appointment was as commander of the U. S. North Dakota. In 1911 he commanded the Naval District of Narragansett Bay, and from 1912 until 1914 he was commandant of the navy yard and station at New York, during which time the battleship New York was completed in record time at less than the estimated cost.

Made Rear Admiral.

As the second year of the war raged in Europe and on the high seas, he was promoted to rear admiral and given command of the Destroyer Squadron of the Atlantic Fleet.

In the winter of 1916-17, when the fleet was in Guantanamo, he sent his destroyers north in small groups to be overhauled and reconditioned.

As a result he was ready when the United States declared war on Germany and London cabled for destroyers to be used with British ships for troop convoys off the Irish coast. At this time he originated the idea of fueling ships at sea.

Admiral Gleaves was designated commander of United States convoy operations on May 29, 1917. He commanded in person the first convoy group which sailed on June 14 of that year and several days later this group was unsuccessfully attacked by German submarines.

On July 24, 1917, Admiral Gleaves returned to New York, and on July 28, 1917, he became commander of the Cruiser and Transport Force, Atlantic Fleet.

It was with the great success of the following two years that he became known to men and women everywhere in a world, war weary and grateful for peace, as "the man who took them over and brought them back."

In addition to his Distinguished Service Medal, awarded both for the Navy and Army, Admiral Gleaves was given the Victory Medal with Star, the Military Medal of Czechoslovakia, the Order of Sacred Treasure of Japan, Order of Weng Hu of China. He was made a commander of the Legion of Honor of France.

Well known as an author, Admiral Gleaves wrote "Capt. James Lawrence, U. S. N." in 1904; "History of the Cruiser and Transport Force," 1921; "Life of an American Sailor—William Hemsley Emory," 1923; "Life and Letters of Rear Admiral S. B. Luce, U. S. Navy," in 1925.

He was governor of the Naval History Society of New York.

Surviving Admiral Gleaves are his wife, Mrs. Evelina Heap Gleaves, and two daughters, Mrs. T. E. Van Metre, wife of Commander Van Metre, U. S. N., on duty at the Naval War College here, and Mrs. Alert M. Cohen, of Philadelphia.

Town Hall to Hear Morley Brothers

Christopher Morley and his brother, Felix Morley, the former a well known writer and the latter the editor of The Washington Post, will debate on the subject, "Do Newspapers Do More Harm Than Good," at Town Hall, in New York, today, at 11 a. m.

Christopher Morley will argue that newspapers do more harm than good, while Felix Morley will support the side of the newspaper. This is the first joint appearance of the two distinguished brothers.

The discussion is presented by the League for Political Education as part of its regular series at Town Hall. League events will continue with lectures by Frank Bohn, political commentator, on Friday morning; Capt. C. W. R. Knight, explorer, Saturday morning, and during the coming week, John Brown, Louis K. Anspacher, H. V. Kaltenborn, Dr. Henry Noble MacCracken, Janet Richards and Oswald Garrison Villard.

Barber Is Arrested On Gaming Charge

Vincent Norcera, 45, a barber, and his colored bootblack were charged with setting up a gaming table yesterday when police raided the shop in the 1400 block of Irving street northwest.

Police confiscated a quantity of alleged racing and "numbers" slips and recovered a marked bill. Taken before United States Commissioner Needham C. Turnage, the bootblack gave his name as James P. Steed, 19, of the 1300 lock of P street northwest. Both were released under $1,500 bond for a hearing January 22.

Norcera, police records show, was arrested March 31, 1935, and charged with a similar offense. He was held for the grand jury but the District attorney's office said yesterday no action has been taken in the case.

Floor Show for Starlings

Post Staff Photo.

Not with mirrors but with balloons. The idea is to make the starlings disappear.

Balloon Ballet Is New Offensive As Starling War Enters 2d Day

Hoot and Toot, the Wise Old Owls, Elevated to Fifth Floor in Field Marshal Lanham's Heroic Attempt to Rid Avenue of Pests.

Saill hopeful that it's true what they say about owls being anathema to starlings, Clifford R. Lanham, M. S. V. (Master of Sturnus Vulgaris), had Hoot and Toot on the job again last night—but he had also recalled his famous balloon ballet.

Heroically determined to rid the District Building and its Pennsylvania avenue environs of the pesky critters before Inauguration Day, the erstwhile District superintendent of trees and parkings opened the second night of his 1937 offensive with the statement:

"We're not licked yet. Just keep your eyes open."

Grown somewhat skeptical of stories that starlings are afraid of owls, following the failure Tuesday night of Hoot and Toot, the two wise birds borrowed from the zoo to prevent the District building from being used as a roosting place for thousands of the pests, Field Marshal Lanham's second night strategy was as follows:

First, he moved Hoot and Toot from the fourth floor to the fifth. "The higher the owls are, the better the chance of their being seen by the starlings," he explained, setting Toot on Commissioner Melvin C. Hazen's windowsill and Hoot on the pressroom ledge.

Second, he called in several workmen on his trees and parkings staff, gave them some toy balloons inflated with hydrogen and told them to go to it.

Going to it, in this instance, meant marching past the District Building and other nearby structures whose cornices, ledges and sills are patronized by starlings and working the "sphere play." The "sphere play" consists of letting the balloon which is attached to 80 or more feet of cord, rise into the birds' midst. This really works.

Thirdly, Commander-in-chief Lanham dispatched workmen into the neighboring trees with orders to alternate between clapping their hands and beating the branches with long sticks.

A number of visitors, unfamiliar with the Capital's perennial starling war, last night got the impression the cacaphonous, though rhythmic sounds that assailed their ears as they strolled by The Post Building, were part of a dress rehearsal for a civic "swing" party.

But, lonely and humiliated atop the District Building across the way, not a hoot came from Toot, or even Hoot.

Townsend Plans New Welfare Act

Chicago, Jan. 6 (AP).—Dr. Francis E. Townsend entrained for Washingto today after reaffirming his confidence in "ultimate success of the Townsend Old-Age Pension Plan."

Dr. Townsend, under bond for contempt of Congress, said at a press conference he planned to have introduced in Congress a "general welfare act of 1937."

By the Associated Press.

A half portion Townsend pension bill, providing maximum payments of $100 instead of $200 monthly to persons over 60 years old, was started on an uncertain course through Congress yesterday by Representative McGroarty (Democrat), California.

McGroarty introduced last session the original $200-a-month bill, backed by Dr. Townsend's organization.

Representative Dingell, Detroit Democrat, said he would introduce a bill to raise the Government's allowance for needy aged from $15 to $20 a month.

(Under the social security act, the Federal Government matches State allotments for the needy aged up to $15 a month.)

Duke, D.C. Lawyer, Released on Bond In Jury Tampering

Richmond, Jan. 6 (AP).—Jesse C. Duke, Washington attorney who is under indictment on a charge of harboring Representative J. H. Hoeppel, of California, and his son, Charles J. Hoeppel, while they were Federal fugitives, was released from the Federal Reformatory at Camp Lee today under bond of $1,000.

Duke was serving a four-month term for alleged tampering with the grand jury which recently indicted him on the harboring charge at Alexandria.

Judge Luther B. Way, of the Eastern Virginia District Court, ordered the release after Duke informed him he had perfected his appeal to the United States Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals from the jury-tampering sentence.

Duke was surrendered to a deputy United States marshal and brought before Deputy Clerk C. K. Moran here to arrange bond.

The court reserved the right to rescind its action admitting Duke to bail in the event "he shall fail to prosecute his appeal to a speedy conclusion, or for any other good cause shown."

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TRY THIS REMARKABLE "PHILLIPS" WAY THOUSANDS ARE ADOPTING

SIMPLY ALKALIZE YOUR STOMACH WITH PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA. THIS NEUTRALIZES THE EXCESS ACID ALMOST IMMEDIATELY. MAKES YOU FEEL LIKE A NEW PERSON.
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On every side today people are being urged to *alkalize* their stomach. And thus to ease the symptoms of "acid indigestion," nausea and stomach upsets.

To gain *quick* alkalization, just do this: Take two teaspoons of PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA 30 minutes after eating. OR—take two Phillips' Milk of Magnesia *Tablets*, which have the same antacid effect.

Relief comes almost at once—usually in a few minutes. Nausea, "gas"—fullness after eating and "acid indigestion" pains leave. You feel like a new person.

Try this way. You'll be surprised at results. Get either the liquid "Phillips" or the remarkable, *new* Phillips' Milk of Magnesia Tablets. The tablets are delightful to take and easy to carry with you, and only 25¢ at all drug stores.

ALSO IN TABLET FORM:
Each tiny tablet is the equivalent of a teaspoonful of genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

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Move to Limit Trolley Loads Begins in D. C.

Bill Combating One-Man Car Service to Include 'Capacity' Provision.

Proposed legislation to combat extension of the Capital Transit Co's one-man street car program will receive support from "every major citizens' group in the city," William A. Roberts, former Peoples' Counsel and sponsor of the legislative movement, predicted last night.

Roberts said he would not only seek legislation to end the use of one-man cars, but he would include provisions for limiting the number of passengers each street car and bus now in operation should carry. He did net reveal whom he would ask to introduce the proposed measure.

His action followed closely the Public Utilities Commission's recent approval of the transit company's application for authority to purchase 45 new one-man cars. Legal action against the commission is now pending in District Court. The Federation of Citizens Associations and Central Labor Union filed a joint appeal from the commission's order permitting operation of additional one-man cars in the District.

Roberts said his proposed legislative measure would provide a limit of 60 passengers—standing and seated—for all mass transportation vehicles.

John M. Hanna, president of the Capital Traction Co., said the 45 new streamline cars—designed to conform with the modern type—will be placed in operation here early in June.

Church Forum to Hear Libby Discuss Peace

Frederick J. Libby, executive secretary of the National Council for Prevention of War, will speak at a public dinner tonight in First Congregational Church on "Can We Stay Out of War?" This is the last of a series of forums on "Paths to Peace" arranged by the social action committee of the church.

Sale Tax Foes Crowd Capitol In Ala. Protest

Proposed Boost From 1½ to 2 Pct. Brings Marchers by Hundreds.

By the Associated Press.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 6 (AP).—Hundreds of sales tax opponents plodded through a drizzling rain to Alabama's Statehouse today in a second mass demonstration against money raising levies under legislative consideration.

Recruited by retail merchants, the marchers stormed into the house chamber and loudly booed advocates of a 2 per cent general sales tax. The proposal would supplant a 1½ per cent gross receipts tax which became effective January 1.

Many of today's demonstrators participated in a previous march on the Statehouse in opposition to the 1½ per cent tax which is under fire in the State courts.

After scores of shouted protests and few indorsements of the sales tax were heard, the House ways and means committee adjourned until tomorrow without taking action.

When the committee session ended, foes of both tax proposals had completed plans to introduce a bill tomorrow that would repeal the 1½ per cent gross receipts levy.

A forecast of the impending fight Friday in the Senate over prohibition repeal was seen today as a marcher appeared in the House gallery during the tax fight, carrying a banner depicting the figure of Christ and bearing the message: "When you vote for liquor you turn your back on the Prince of Peace. God is not mocked."

1,980,658 Coins a Day.

The Nation's mints stamped out shiny new coins at the rate of 1,980,658 a day during 1936.

Mrs. Nelle Tayloe Ross, mint directro, deported yesterday that 722,976,721 coin worth $46,393,101 were minted last year—the greatest coinage in history except for 1919.

Walter R. Bonsall Is Suicide in River

Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald issued a certificate of suicide yesterday in the death of Walter L. Bonsall, 41, of 106 Seventeenth street southeast, whose body was recovered from the Anacostia River by Harbor Police.

Police began dragging the river under the Pennsylvania Avenue Bridge shortly after 9:30 a. m. after Bonsall's automobile was found abandoned on the bridge during the rush hour. The body was taken to the District Morgue.

Bonsall was employed as a salesman and route agent for the Brigg's Wholesale Meat Packers. He is survived by his widow who told police she knew of no reason for her husband's act.

Double Slayer Reprieved.

Jackson, Miss., Jan. 6 (AP).—William Clark Mitchell, 54, sentenced to be hanged Monday for killing two colored men in a robbery and burning the bodies, was granted a 30-day reprieve today by Gov. Hugh White, who ordered a sanity test for Mitchell.

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